"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Showers to-day; partly cloudy Sunday; moderate variable winds.

VOL. LVIII...NO. 18,760. * * * NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1909.—SIXTEEN PAGES and Section Devoted to Review of Books. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

LOEB SHIFTS TWO MORE CUSTOMS HEADS

Deputy Surveyor Bishop to Go to Another Division — Deputy Cloyes Made Inspector.

MORE CHANGES TO FOLLOW

Praise for Col. Bishop, Who May Take Charge of the Fifth Division—Cloyes Moved at His Own Request.

The first of a series of changes of the heads of departments, which are to be made under Collector Loeb's plan for readjusting the customs service at this port, was made yesterday in an announcement that Col. John M. Bishop, Deputy Surveyor, in charge of the Third Division of the Surveyor's office, had been relieved of his office preparatory to a transfer to another division, and Deputy Surveyor William O. Cloyes, at the head of the Second Division, in charge of Inspectors discharging steamers, had been made a Customs Inspector. It was said both by the Collector and Surveyor Clarkson that in making the announcement there was no reflection on the work of either man. Mr. Cloyes, it was said, had been made an Inspector at his own request rather than take an assignment to another district.

Of the two men, Col. Bishop held the most important position. As head of the Third Division he had charge of the work of the Customs Inspectors examining the baggage of passengers on incoming transatlantic liners. It was Col. Bishop who facilitated the passing of the baggage of incoming travelers, and his courtesy and tact had made him a general favorite. In announcing that his office had been changed, Surveyor Clarkson spoke warmly in his praise. Col. Bishop, by his efficiency, he said, had made his branch of the service a model and had been largely instrumental in the uncovering of the smuggling plot at this port.

Surveyor Clarkson said that the order for the changes had come from Washington. Deputy Surveyor Bishop, he said, would be assigned to duty with the same rank in another branch of the Customs service. In neither case has a successor yet been appointed, but other shifts will soon be made in the local service.

One of the causes given for the present changes is that younger and more active men are desired. This is especially so, it was pointed out in the case of Mr. Cloyes, who is 72 years old.

Ever since Collector Loeb succeeded Col. Fowler in office it has been his intention entirely to reorganize the local service. He has forbidden peddlers to go on incoming steamships, has organized the searching of freight vessels for contraband, and done other things to prevent smuggling. His first change in the personnel of the staff was the dismissing of a number of United States weighers; now come the changes in the offices of the Deputy Surveyors.

In centralizing the power in the weigher's office in Deputy Surveyor James T. Vail, it was said that the object was to make one man the responsible head, and by so doing have the affairs of the department more closely under the supervision of the Collector. No reason was given by Collector Loeb yesterday for the later changes. He would not discuss them except to say that they were changes made in the Surveyor's office, and it was up to Mr. Clarkson to make them public. He did point out, however, that Mr. Cloyes was reduced to the rank of Inspector at his own request.

Surveyor Clarkson did not make the announcement of changes until it was called to his attention that they were already known. He then said that they were made because of the desire to put younger men on guard and generally for the good of the service.

"There is no reflection to be made on either the honesty or the work of either man," he said. "Both have done their duty. Mr. Bishop is a man of whom I cannot speak too highly. His administration has been an able one. It was he who was largely instrumental in uncovering baggage frauds at this port. There is nothing too high that can be said of Mr. Bishop personally and of his work. He will continue his duty as Deputy Surveyor in some other department. Mr. Bishop is at present on a month's leave. By the time he returns to duty his new position will have been fixed upon."

In the case of Mr. Cloyes it was said that he desired the Inspectorship rather than take new responsibilities as Inspector. He is President of the Inspectors' Benevolent Association. As Deputy Surveyor his pay was $2,500 a year. As Inspector he will not receive more than $1,825, with probably $300 or $400 a year for extra work.

Col. Bishop was appointed Inspector in the customs service on Nov. 19, 1901. He was appointed from the Post Office Service, and before coming to New York lived in Washington. He was appointed a Deputy Surveyor on Sept. 2, 1902, succeeding Col. Storey, who is now in charge of the Seizure Room at the Appraiser's Stores.

William O. Cloyes was appointed Inspector on Jan. 8, 1892. He was appointed Deputy Surveyor on Nov. 29, 1905. Cloyes as head of the Customs Benefit Association, and because of his prominence in Grand Army circles, was a power, and the notice of his reduction in rank was received by his associates with great surprise.

Neither Collector Loeb nor Col. Clarkson would speak of possible successors to Bishop and Cloyes. It was admitted that more changes were to be made, but who the Deputy Surveyors in charge of the Second and Third Division will be they would not say. The Third Division is the more important of the two, for the head of that branch comes in contact with arriving travelers. The place must be filled by a man of unfailing tact and courtesy. It is looked upon as one of the most desirable positions in the service at this port.

There are five divisions in the Custom House, headed by Deputy Surveyors. The First Division, connected with the Surveyor's office, is in charge of Deputy Surveyors George Smyth and Fred S. Cooke; the Second has to do with Inspectors on discharging duty, and was headed by William O. Cloyes; the Third, the examination of passenger baggage, was headed by John M. Bishop; the Fourth, James T. Vail, in charge of weighing and gauging, and the Fifth, Mathew M. Coneys, in charge of the night inspector force and the steamboat inspection.

There was much unofficial talk yesterday as to the changes to be made in these divisions. One report had it that Col. Bishop was to swap places with Mr. Coneys, becoming head of the Fifth Division. Another report was that Col. Bishop would succeed Cloyes. If this were the case there would be a vacancy for head of the baggage examination service. Two of the men mentioned in connection with the filling of this office are Acting Deputy Surveyors Alexander McKeon and Tierney. Just what will be done is, however, at present a matter of speculation, for there is promise of further surprises in the silence of Collector Loeb.

Col. Bishop has been spending a few days at Atlantic City. He returned recently. At the Hotel Knickerbocker last evening he did not care to make any comment on the changes.

MOSS JUMPED FROM STEAMER.

New York Lawyer, Victim of Melancholia, Escaped from Stateroom.

By Marconi Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

ABOARD STEAMSHIP PRINZESS ALICE, by Marconi Wireless, via Crookhaven, Ireland, June 4.—Isaac Moss of New York committed suicide by jumping overboard on Sunday night.

He was suffering from melancholia, and was traveling with Dr. Buswell to Bad Nauheim, Germany.

The two preceding nights the doctor had kept the door of Mr. Moss's stateroom locked. The third night he left it open and Mr. Moss escaped and sprang overboard.

Dr. Buswell did not speak to the ship's doctor or the Captain about Mr. Moss's illness.

The first report of Mr. Moss's death came in a dispatch to this city on Monday last, when the liner was still within the wireless zone of this side of the Atlantic. No details were given, but there was an intimation, as told in THE TIMES on Tuesday, that he had committed suicide.

Isaac Moss lived at 71 East Ninety-sixth Street, and was a partner in the law firm of Moss & Feiner. His wife is seriously ill at her home, and relatives have not dared break to her the news of her husband's suicide. A son was born to Mrs. Moss only two months ago.

Benjamin Feiner, who was Mr. Moss's partner, said last night at his home ,27 East Ninety-fifth Street, that he had not been informed of the details of Mr. Moss's suicide, other than the information conveyed in the wireless dispatches to THE TIMES.

"I received a wireless dispatch on Monday noon, telling me that something had happened to Mr. Moss," said Mr. Feiner.

"Mr. Moss had been suffering from mental strain, due to overwork. He had a great deal to attend to last year and in December there came a nervous breakdown. He was more or less despondent after that.

"I and others of Mr. Moss's friends urged him to retire from active work, as we feared that to keep at it would be fatal. Mr. Moss was reluctant to do it. He was finally prevailed upon to give up his work excepting to come to the office once a week. We made it as easy for him as we could, but he worried constantly.

"We told Mr. Moss that he ought to go away and take a long rest. He did not want to do it, but finally we got him to consent to take a trip abroad."

Mr. Moss was 36 years old. Two brothers, Hyman and Sol Moss, are in the wholesale clothing business at 736 Broadway. His father is Joseph Moss.

SENATOR OLIVER INDICTED.

Prominent Men Are Accused of Defrauding Nevada of Taxes.

Special to The New York Times.

GOLDFIELD, Nevada, June 4.—United States Senator George T. Oliver, William Flynn, Republican boss of Pittsburg, and Thomas Lockhart, one of the best-known mining men in the country, were among those indicted to-day by the Esmeralda County Grand Jury as officers of mining companies. They are accused of conspiring to defraud Nevada out of its bullion tax.

It is charged that the Pittsburg Silver Peak Company's annual statement to stockholders, made Feb. 17, shows a net profit of $348,482.34 from last year's operations, while its statement to the Bullion Tax Collector shows no net profits. Charges against the profits of $4 per ton for milling are made, and it is declared that the books of the company show that the cost of milling was only $1.10 per ton. The Directors and officers are charged with sanctioning this procedure.

These persons are indicted: William Flynn, President; George T. Oliver, Vice President; T. J. Crump, Secretary and Treasurer; John S. Weller, general counsel, all of Pittsburg; George O. Bradley, general manager, Blair, Nevada; Ralph E. Flynn and J. G. Splane of Pittsburg, Penn.; Charles Y. Fuller and M. A. Carton of Utica, N. Y.; Frank Knox of Salt Lake, and J. H. Brown of Wilmington, Del., Directors.

The Florence Mining Company is accused of charging against its profits the losses made by unproductive leases operated by others on Florence ground, and not crediting royalties in large amounts from productive leases. The Florence is a highly profitable mine. Its output from its mill is $55,000 per month, and it has broken ground to double the mill's capacity.

The officers of the Florence Company indicted are Thomas Lockhart, President; A. D. Parker, Vice President and Treasurer; A. M. Lockhart, wife of the President, Secretary, and E. B. Parker, wife of the Vice President, and E. S. Van Dyck, Directors. Mr. Parker is Vice President and General Manager of the Colorado Southern at Denver.

$5,000,000 ON DEATH DUTY.

Sum Paid Into British Exchequer on Account by Morrison Estate.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 4.—A million sterling was paid into the British Exchequer yesterday in a lump sum by the executors of the estate of the late Charles Morrison, the London merchant whose death recently revealed him as the possessor of a fortune estimated at from $50,000,000 to $75,000,000, though he had been previously almost unknown.

By Mr. Morrison's will, which was made public to-day, $275,000 was left to charities and about $50,000 to his employes. The residue went to relatives of the testator. A brother, a sister, and two nephews divide the bulk of the estate. Two nieces get $317,500 apiece, and thirty-nine other kinsfolk receive bequests of the average amount of $50,000.

Morrison's career was sketched in the cable dispatches to THE NEW YORK TIMES last Sunday, and those dispatches also foreshadowed the present windfall to the Exchequer. The Morrison estate, as was then stated, is the first big estate upon which death duties are assessed under Mr. Lloyd-George's new rates of 15 per cent. estate duty plus a 5 per cent. succession duty.

Yesterday's payment of $5,000,000 was made on account only, so as to facilitate the probate of the will, and it is expected that an even greater additional sum will eventually have to be paid. The drain caused by the transfer of so much cash to the Exchequer was one reason for the comparative scarcity of money yesterday.

FAVORED MIDDIES HASTEN TO MARRY

Three Got Permission from Department and Two Have Already Taken Brides.

BANNER FOR FIRST COUPLE

Other Members of Class Must Serve Two Years and Become Ensigns Before They May Wed.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 4.—Three midshipmen are the envy of the graduating class of the Naval Academy. By grace of the Navy Department the recently promulgated ban against the marriage of midshipmen was lifted from them, and one was married an hour after graduation, another this evening, and a third will take a bride on Wednesday next. No other middy is to be permitted to marry. He must wait until he has been promoted to be ensign, after two years' service in the navy.

A custom of the academy is to present a banner to the first member of a graduating class who weds, and by a quick marriage it was won by Midshipman George A. Trevor of White Water, Wis. An hour after receiving his diploma he became the husband of Miss Elizabeth McMillen of the same place. They had been sweethearts since childhood. The ceremony was performed at the home of friends in this city by the Rev. G. A. Trevor, the father of the bridegroom. The bride is a sister of F. E. McMillen, who was graduated from the Naval Academy in 1904.

Members of the class resent the suggestion that any midshipman would hasten so solemn a matter for the sake of a banner, but that the competition was rather keen was indicated by the second marriage, which took place this evening, the parties being Midshipman Arthur Barney of Kearney, Neb., and Miss Leta Haskell of Augusta, Me. It was performed by Dr. H. H. Clark, Chaplain of the Naval Academy, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Burns near Annapolis.

The wedding of Midshipman Hugh R. Van Deboe of Cleveland and Miss Mary Ellen Scott of Petersburg, Va., was expected to be the first of the weddings of the class of 1909. However, it will not take place until Wednesday.

Another member of the class who may escape the ban is William C. Koenig of Rusko, Texas, whose engagement to Miss Eugenia McCoy of Walbrook, Md., has been announced. Orders of the Secretary of the Navy do not trouble this couple, as Midshipman Koenig has been transferred from the naval service and commissioned a Second Lieutenant in the Coast Artillery of the Army, which has no order against marriage.

In an address to the graduates at the Academy to-day Congressman J. Van Vechten Olcott of New York told them that it was not fair that they should be forced to go on shipboard still midshipmen and do two years' service before becoming commissioned officers.

"To pass legislation that will do away with this injustice," he said, "four members of Congress who are on the Board of Visitors have pledged themselves to work in season and out for such laws as will insure the commissioning of midshipmen as Ensigns immediately upon graduation. And we'll make it retroactive."

Special to The New York Times.

PETERSBURG, Va., June 4.—The marriage of Miss Mary Ellen Scott, daughter of Mrs. Richard Clarke Scott, to Midshipman Hugh R. Van Deboe will take place next Wednesday as scheduled. It is pointed out that the object of the order, to prevent the marriage of the young officers until their salaries might be large enough to justify them in undertaking the support of a wife, would not have affected this case, as Miss Scott is wealthy in her own right.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—It was said at the Navy Department to-day that Midshipman Van Deboe was not defying the department in his plans to marry, as the department had given its permission for him to do so some time ago. It was added that this was one of three cases in which the department had acted similarly before it was decided to issue the order forbidding any further marriages of midshipmen.

If any of the midshipmen affected by the order to whom permission was not granted should now get married, that would be a different matter and the department could proceed to court-martial them on the very serious charge of flat disobedience of orders, the punishment for which might be dismissal from the service.

A student at the Naval Academy is a "Midshipman on probation." When he completes the academic course he goes to sea for two years before "final graduation." On completion of the academic course he receives a diploma, but not a commission. On completing his two years' cruise and passing "final graduation" he is commissioned Ensign. The middies who marry will have to go on the two years' cruise.

NEW BRANDENBURG CHARGE.

He May Be Prosecuted for Kidnapping St. Louis Child.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, June 4.—Broughton Brandenburg, who took James Sheppard Cabanne, 3d, aged 7 years, from his home here to San Francisco several weeks ago, will be prosecuted for kidnapping in this city if he should be cleared of the charges in New York.

Brandenburg is now confined in the Tombs in New York charged with larceny in the third degree on charges growing out of the alleged forged Cleveland letter, which he sold to THE NEW YORK TIMES. Brandenburg has said he married Mrs. Minnie Leonard Cabanne, mother of the child, in British Honduras in 1907, but later denied this.

Navy Yard Mess Opens Monday.

The restaurant for employes of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, in establishing which Miss Anne Morgan, daughter of J. P. Morgan, has taken an active part, is to be opened on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Addresses will be made by Capt. Murdock, the new Commandant of the yard, and Admiral Goodrich, his predecessor. The work will be conducted under the auspices of the Women's Department of the National Civic Federation.

In order to make sure of obtaining a copy of to-morrow's Times, notable features of which are advertised elsewhere, place your order with your newsdealer early to-day.

CREOLE'S TURBINES TO BE TAKEN OUT

Southern Pacific's Finest Vessel Out of Commission for Installation of Old-Type Power.

SPEED BELOW REQUIREMENT

Scout Cruiser Salem and Battleship North Dakota Are Equipped with Engines of the Same Type.

The turbines, the present motive power of the new Southern Pacific liner Creole of the New York-New Orleans service, are to be taken out and reciprocating engines installed in their place. The Creole has not come up to expectations. She has not made a trip between New York and New Orleans in months, and as it will take several months to effect the substitution of reciprocating engines for the turbines, it will be a long time before the citizens of the Crescent City have a chance to see again the fine liner whose arrival there last year caused everybody to make a hurry trip to the levees.

At the offices of the International Curtis Turbine Company, 2 Rector Street, yesterday Charles G. Curtis, the inventor of the turbine bearing his name, declined to discuss the action contemplated by the Southern Pacific in changing the type of engines on the Creole. Whatever information the public should have, he said, would probably emanate from Rear Admiral Bowles, U. S. N., retired, President of the Fore River Shipbuilding and Engine Company at Quincy, Mass. That concern controls the marine rights of the Curtis turbine, the type adopted in the Creole.

It was understood, however, that the Curtis people do not admit that the Southern Pacific Company's dissatisfaction with the Creole in any way tends to discredit their engine. The failure of that vessel to meet the company's expectations, it was said at the Curtis office, was due probably to a wrong combination of boilers and turbines.

Since January last the Creole has been laid up in the North River, and shipping interests have been wondering what the final decision as to her motive power would be. That move has at last been decided upon, and the Fore River Company has been informed that the Southern Pacific wants the vessel's turbines replaced. Whether the work of substitution will be done by the Fore River Company, the concern that built the Creole, is not known.

It is said to have taken as much as 2,000 tons of coal for the Creole to make the round trip between New York and New Orleans. Vessels of the Antilles and Momus types, the two other new liners of the Southern Pacific Company, both of which are equipped with reciprocating engines, make the round trip on a coal consumption of between 1,000 and 1,200 tons.

When the contract with the Fore River Shipbuilding and Engine Company for the building of the Creole was concluded, it is understood that the contract called for a speed of at least 16 knots an hour on a fixed maximum of coal consumption.

Many trials of the Creole have been made, both by the company that built her and the Southern Pacific, in an effort to find out if it were possible to operate her within the specifications named in the contract. The Southern Pacific is now convinced this is impossible and has so informed the builders. The Creole cost in the neighborhood of $1,000,000, and the expense of equipping her with reciprocating engines will be large.

The trouble with the Creole brings up the case of the much-talked-of scout cruiser Salem, built by the Fore River Company for the Government and turned over to the Navy Department several months ago. She is equipped with turbines similar to the Creole's, and her sister ship Chester has turbines of another type.

The Salem has not equaled the performances of the Chester, and in a recent endurance test was decisively beaten by the Chester. When the scout cruiser squadron was ordered to Liberia, immediately after that test, the Salem did not accompany the Chester and Birmingham. Instead she went back to the shipyards to have her turbines examined.

It was said at the Curtis offices yesterday that to-day the Salem will leave the shipyards, where the changes to her starboard turbine have been made, and will proceed to Norfolk to coal. She will then probably sail for some point in the Atlantic not far from Gibraltar, where she will join the homecoming Chester and Birmingham. It is not known whether the two turbine vessels in the squadron will take advantage of the return trip to make another test of the merits of their respective motive powers.

The North Dakota, one of the 20,000-ton all big-gun battleships of the Dreadnought type, is also to be equipped with Curtis turbines. She is being built at Fore River by the company that built the Creole and the Salem. It was said at the Curtis offices yesterday that the Curtis turbine is also being installed on several warships in Germany and England.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The Navy Department is deeply interested in the announcement that the turbines in the steamer Creole of the Southern Pacific Line are to be removed. The same type of turbines is installed in the scout cruiser Salem, now in the yard of a shipbuilding company at Quincy, Mass., for repairs. The same type of engines is also provided for the new battleship North Dakota, which is nearing completion.

The Navy Department declares that there will be no action on its part until the Salem is fixed up and has an opportunity to show what can be done with her present equipment. In her trial cruises it was found that the turbines were not working properly. An examination led to the discovery that a bolt from one of the shafts had dropped into the machinery, resulting in a loss of power in the starboard propeller. When this was discovered the warship was ordered at once to Quincy, where it has been since.

The turbines provided for the Southern Pacific steamer, according to an official of the department, were the first turned out by the company, and the vessel was the first to be so equipped. Since then many improvements are said to have been made, with the result that the department decided upon using the same machinery in equipping the battleship.

Superior to Lemonade—Horsford's Acid Phosphate added to a glass of cold water, with sugar, refreshes and invigorates. A wholesome tonic.—Adv.

CANADA TO BUILD A NAVY OF HER OWN

Has Plans Drawn for 8 Cruisers and 20 of Torpedo Class to Cost $25,000,000.

IMPERIAL SANCTION SOUGHT

For Coast Defense First, to Aid the British Navy When Needed—20,000 Sailormen to Recruit From.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, June 4.—The Dominion of Canada has finally decided to show her imperial spirit by an offer to build a navy of her own, to act, should the occasion arise, as an auxiliary force to Great Britain's fleet.

Her contribution to the forces of the empire will consist of eight first-class cruisers, ten torpedo-boat destroyers, and ten torpedo boats. The Government is prepared to pay one-fifth of the cost for laying down the whole fleet immediately, the other four-fifths to be guaranteed paid within the next five years.

All the contracts for building the vessels will be made with British firms, and arrangements have already been made for building several of the torpedo boats and destroyers with the well-known firm of Hawthorn, Leslie & Coote of Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Arthur Coote, one of the Directors of the firm, has been in Canada for the last few weeks, going over specifications for different classes of vessels with the Hon. L. P. Brodeur, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and the number, type, cost, speed, armament, draught, and other details have been decided upon.

The larger vessels will be built on the Tyne, but for the construction of the smaller craft a shipyard may be opened on the great lakes, probably at Collingwood, Ontario.

It is not stated positively how much the Government is prepared to spend, although Mr. Coote seems to think that between $3,000,000 and $5,000,000 a year for five years is a fair estimate.

When Mr. Brodeur leaves for England to represent the Dominion at the imperial defense conference to be held in London in July, he will be accompanied by Rear Admiral Kingsmill of the Royal Navy, who is at present in command of Canadian Government revenue, lighthouse, and buoy fleet, but who previously was one of Britain's foremost officers of the line. They will present arguments to show why Canada should have a navy of her own, and why she should not contribute a Dreadnought or the funds for building one, to Britain's Navy. Mr. Brodeur will also have the authority of his Government to promise that, with the consent of England, Canada will commence immediately to lay down a navy of her own along plans experts have already decided best agree with local conditions.

These plans, in a few words, are: Cruisers of a similar type to the Cornwall class, each cruiser to cost slightly over $3,000,000, have a draught of not more than 25 feet, so that they can navigate the St. Lawrence as far as Montreal without trouble, and a displacement of about 10,000 tons. They will be equipped with turbine engines and burn oil for fuel. They will act as a base of supplies for torpedo boats, which are acknowledged to be the best type of vessel for coast defense, the service for which the fleet is to be built.

The torpedo boats at first will be of the Scourge or Wolverine type of the British Navy.

The first vessels will be built entirely in England, manned and armed there, and brought to Canada. By that time it is intended that a Canadian naval reserve, drawn from the fishermen of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, will have been organized, who will go aboard these vessels and eventually receive sufficient training to man them with a nucleus crew of artisans and experts from the old country.

Experienced workmen from the old country will also be brought out to give the shipbuilding yard on the lakes a start, but these also will eventually be turned over to Canadians.

Mr. Brodeur expects to meet with considerable opposition to his plan when he arrives in the old country, but he is well prepared to show that what Canada requires is not a Dreadnought in the English Channel, contributed, as New Zealand has offered to contribute one, but a naval force devoted to coast defense, a fleet which will guard the mouth of the St. Lawrence so well that no enemy's cruiser would care to haunt those waters, and that ships sailing to and from Canada could come and go without molestation.

Mr. Coote, who is an experienced naval and shipbuilding man, has just returned from Ottawa, where he had a long conference with the Minister of Marine. He thus described his sentiments and intentions:

"If Canada is to have a navy it must be one of her own. The proposal that we pay a cash contribution to the Royal Navy, let our defense out to contract, hire Englishmen to do our maritime fighting for us, has been discussed. The sense of the nation has turned decisively against it. There are 20,000 trained sailors on our Atlantic Coast. Why should we not make use of some of them by raising a naval militia of several thousand? Let us start with the British nucleus, but let us eventually have an all-Canadian navy."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—If Canada builds torpedo boats at some port on the Great Lakes she will come into conflict with the treaty of 1817, which provides that the naval force to be maintained upon the American lakes by Great Britain and the United States shall be confined to the following vessels:

"On Lake Ontario, one vessel not exceeding 100 tons burden and armed with one 18-pound cannon.

"On the upper lakes, two vessels not exceeding like burden and armed with like force.

"On Lake Champlain, one vessel not exceeding like burden and armed with like force.

"All other armed vessels on these lakes shall be forthwith dismantled, and no other vessels of war shall be there built armed.

"The naval force so to be limited shall be restricted to such services as will, in no respect, interfere with the proper duties of the armed vessels of the other party."

NO HARRIMAN PARIS DEAL.

He Won't Try to List Railway Stocks There—Capital Enough Here.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 4.—It is reported here that E. H. Harriman intends to try to list his railroad stocks on the Paris Bourse, following the Morgan plan of listing United States Steel common stock.

E. H. Harriman was asked last Monday morning, on the eve of his departure, if he was going to use the opportunity while abroad to lay lines for listing his securities on the Bourse. He replied that he could raise all the capital he needed at home, and had not thought of opening the Paris markets to his bonds and shares.

HAS ANOTHER STRAUSS OPERA

Hammerstein Will Produce "Feuersnoth" in Double Bill with "Salome."

PARIS, June 4.—Oscar Hammerstein has secured the rights to Richard Strauss's "Feuersnoth," an opera written before "Salome," and he announces that during the coming season he will produce both works in a double bill.

"Feuersnoth" is Richard Strauss's second opera, the opus number of which is 50. Like his first opera, "Guntrum," it has been given only in Germany. It was announced for production at the Opéra Comique in Paris this Winter, but the director's promises were not carried out.

"Feuersnoth," or "Fire Famine," is an opera of mediaeval times. A city is put under a curse by a magician who exacts a certain penalty from a lady of the village as the price of lifting the curse.

The love scene in the opera is portrayed only in the music, which forms an interlude at that point, and the opera ends with all the lights and fires in the village burning forth again.

This interlude has often been played by symphony orchestras in America, but the rest of the music is not known here.

FARRAR TO WED SCOTTI.

Engagement of Singers Formally Announced—Marriage to be in Paris.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 4.—The parents of Geraldine Farrar to-day announced their daughter's engagement to Antonio Scotti.

The marriage will take place at the Madeleine in Paris.

The engagement of Miss Farrar to Antonio Scotti has been published several times both here and abroad within the last two years, but was always denied by both sides. The last report of this engagement was received while the two opera stars were appearing in Germany, but when they arrived together in this country last Winter they again denied the rumor.

Miss Farrar is a native of Melrose, Mass., where she was born about twenty-six years ago. She went abroad at the age of sixteen to follow up her musical studies, and made her first appearance in grand opera in Berlin.

MARGARET ILLINGTON IN RENO

Prepares to Stay Six Months to Sue Daniel Frohman for Divorce.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., June 4.—Margaret Illington, actress, wife of Daniel Frohman of New York, is in Reno preparing to stay six months that she may acquire a residence for the purpose of asking divorce from her husband.

The actress came quietly into town and dropped her stage name of Illington for her real name of Lighton. Mrs. Frohman, which is another name that she expects to drop, is staying at the cottage of her chum, Mrs. Senseney of Reno, who was a classmate during her Bloomington, Ill., school days. To-day the actress was riding about town in an automobile.

PHONE BY WIRELESS 68 MILES

Trial of French System from Warship to Shore Reported Successful.

TOULON, June 4.—Trials of the wireless telephone system invented by Naval Lieuts. Jeance and Colin were made to-day between the armored cruiser Conde, which was at sea, and stations on shore.

The results are said to have been extremely gratifying. The conversation was carried on perfectly at a distance of 110 kilometers, or somewhat over 68 miles.

WIRELESS FROM AIRSHIP.

Gross Balloon Tries Experiments During Evolutions Over Berlin.

BERLIN, June 4.—The Gross airship conducted a series of experiments to-day over Berlin with wireless telegraphy. The apparatus was recently installed on the airship, and the trials lasted for some hours while the craft manoeuvred over the roofs of the city. An attempt was made to put the instruments in tune with those at the wireless land stations. The army officers who controlled the airship, however, declined to make any statement as to the results obtained.

The Parseval airship also manoeuvred over the city at the same time the Gross balloon was in the air. It circled the Emperor's palace several times.

ASSAY OFFICE CAUTIONED.

Officials Must Be Careful Not to Buy Burglars' Gold for Coinage.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Believing that the United States Treasury was being made the accomplice of burglars, orders have been issued to the Assay Office in New York that hereafter no gold shall be bought without a full and complete explanation of where it was produced. Officials of the Treasury discovered that much gold in bulk was being purchased for transformation into United States gold coin. As a result of this, the orders were sent that in the future the officials of the Assay Office must use the greatest circumspection in making their purchases.

Under the former operation of the office in New York it was a comparatively easy matter for an industrious burglar to melt down gold watches, rings, and other articles of worth and sell the product to the Government. This is to be stopped.

"A delightful story." The teapot tells it when you use "Salada" Tea.—Adv.

MISS GARWOOD HAS FAITH IN HER COUNT

Elderly Heroine of Interrupted International Marriage Not Grateful to Her Country.

DI MOISE'S CAREER HERE

Said to Have Been Twice Tried—Seeking Proof of Annulment of Common-Law Bond to Brother's Widow.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 4.—Miss Isabella Garwood, the heroine of the interrupted international marriage, was astonished when informed that her matrimonial affairs had come to public knowledge through the activity in her behalf of the United States and Italian Governments, and the exchange of cipher messages between Washington and the embassies in London and Paris. When she was seen at the Continental Hotel this morning she at first denied her identity and all knowledge of the matter, but later, after spending some time at the American Embassy and receiving a call from a Diplomatic Secretary, told candidly the story of her acquaintance with Count Bettini di Moise.

Miss Garwood, who is an attractive woman no longer in the first flush of youth, and possessed of large means, met di Moise five months ago on the Continent.

"He was," she said, "one of the most fascinating men it is possible to imagine. They say he is a scoundrel. I never found him other than a gentleman of the highest instincts and interests. The introduction came through mutual friends who have known him for years. The story he has told me of his life is consistent and its truth is proved by many incidents."

Miss Garwood consented to marry di Moise and went to London, where the Count procured a Registrar's license on May 26, just before the required fifteen days' residence expired. He showed her, she says, a letter from his brother urging him to demand a settlement of $40,000 income, adding, "How about your common-law wife?"

The Count then explained that after the death of another brother, in whose family he had lived in Seventy-second Street, New York, he had continued living with the widow. He protested that he had no idea that the woman had any claim on him, and declared he had seen her only once in the last six years, when he went to Venice, made a settlement with her, and obtained a written release from his obligations.

The Count dramatically declared that if he had wronged Miss Garwood by marrying her under the circumstances, he would have killed himself. A lawyer was consulted, and when he said that the common-law union held good, the marriage was abandoned. Di Moise went to Venice to get the document received from the woman; Miss Garwood came to Paris.

Here she was surprised, she says, by having handed to her a cablegram received at the American Embassy from the State Department in Washington and containing a report of Di Moise's career. This was followed by several other official communications of like tenor. The last one was given to Miss Garwood at the embassy this afternoon.

The reason for the unusual interest shown by the Government is obscure, though that interest was originally inspired by the appeals of Miss Garwood's sister, Miss Frances A. Garwood of New York, acting through the Rev. John B. Quinn, curate of the Church of the Ascension in Washington. It is certain that the Italian Ambassador at Washington, Mayor des Planches, was induced to cable to his Government concerning the alleged nobleman, and that messages in diplomatic cipher are freely passing to the American embassies in Paris and elsewhere.

The last of these messages received here is, as translated by the officials, as follows:

"American Embassy, Paris.—The Italian Embassy furnishes information that the so-called Count Di Moise is not an Italian or an Austrian and is now a citizen of the United States; that he lived in New York for some years, where he professed to be a doctor and surgeon and was twice indicted, once for abusive selling of medicines and once for malpractice, but was acquitted on both occasions; that he left New York four years ago, with the intention of living in Egypt.

"Though the real reason for his departure is unknown, he is supposed to have contracted many debts in New York. A woman supposed to be his wife resides in Europe. In New York he introduced as Countess Di Moise a lady by whom he had a son. It is unknown if he was married to her.

"He is very intelligent and of distinguished manners, but unscrupulous and without any sense of morality."

The signature is carefully expunged from the copy of the telegram I saw, which, it is fair to say, did not come from the Ambassador. Mr. White's only part has been to deliver to Miss Garwood the messages sent, which he does probably with astonishment at the extraordinary police work on which the State Department has embarked.

The worst is that the lady is ungrateful, declares the marriage was broken off before Mr. Knox interested himself in it, and blames the official interference for bringing the affair into publicity.

ATLANTA BIRMINGHAM MEMPHIS. Quicker Schedule, through sleepers. Ins. Seaboard Air Line Ry., 1,123 B'way, N. Y.—Adv.

ALDRICH DEFENDS THE COTTON DUTIES

Made to Meet Schemes of Foreign Mills to Get Low Rates, He Says.

DOLLIVER READY TO REPLY

La Follette Bitterly Answers Penrose's Aspersion of His Veracity—German Report to be Submitted.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Attacks by Senator La Follette, Senator Dolliver, and others on the cotton schedule, with signs of weakening on the part of a few regulars like Senator William Alden Smith, drew a reply from Senator Aldrich tonight. Mr. La Follette this afternoon ended his three days' speech, in which the committee's figures on the cotton schedule had been used to show extraordinary increases in nearly every item. Vice President Sherman then put the question on the pending paragraph, but Mr. Aldrich postponed the vote until he could defend the schedule.

Senator Aldrich spoke for two hours. He read a statement signed by Marion De Vries, General Appraiser at New York; Gen. Sherritts, W. H. Parkhill, New York Cotton Examiner, and Otto Ficks, whom he described as the four men in the world who know most about the cotton schedules, in which they said that the proposed amendments effect no increases over the rates of the law passed in 1907 as first interpreted.

Increases Over Present Rates.

Mr. Aldrich specifically admitted, however, that the amendments made tremendous increases over the law as construed by the courts for the last four years. He did not reply to the statements made by Senators La Follette, Dolliver, and Beveridge that it was these rates as construed with which the American manufacturers expressed themselves as satisfied.

In spite of the insurgent speeches, he said, the Senate amendments effected only 10 per cent. of the cotton schedule. Fully 90 per cent. of the schedule remained as it was, except that certain yarns lowered by the House had been restored and certain other rates had been reduced below the House level. The changes, he said, were necessitated by the introduction of new grades of cloth by foreign mills with the design of taking advantage of oversights in the Dingley law.

He closed with an appeal to the Southern Senators. He reviewed the progress of the Southern States in the manufacture of cotton goods, declaring that South Carolina has become second only to Massachusetts, North Carolina third, and Georgia fourth. He declared that the stake of the South was greater than that of the North, and predicted that when another bill was drafted the South would have three-fourths of the cotton mills.

Mr. Aldrich ceased talking at 10:20, but said he would cover some additional points to-morrow. A vote on the cotton schedule may be delayed because, now that Mr. Aldrich has been brought to state his position, the insurgents are eager to hammer his arguments, particularly as some of the regulars show signs of wavering. Mr. Dolliver, who opened the assault on the textile schedule, is primed for a reply to-morrow, and he may provoke further debate.

The bitter assault from Senator Penrose on Senator La Follette while he was absent last night brought a studied and bitter reply from him to-day. He apologized to Mr. Gallinger, who had also criticised him, and said that in refusing to yield yesterday he had merited some criticism. Mr. Gallinger smilingly accepted the apology.

Mr. La Follette then explained that he was not ill last night, but needed rest after five hours of speaking. Turning toward Mr. Aldrich, he remarked that that Senator "stood upon this floor as any other Senator," paused a moment, and added: "He forgets it sometimes."

He then turned to Senator Penrose, who was in his seat and was listening intently. "I do not propose," said Mr. La Follette, speaking slowly, "to be turned aside from the important argument I am making to reply to the personalities the Senator from Pennsylvania delivered in my absence. The Senator intimated that my illness was a sham, but I will not reply to these petty and contemptible attacks. I will say, however, that if I undertook to account for the time of the Senator from Pennsylvania when he is off the floor I should find a frank statement barred by the rules of the Senate."

Mr. Penrose interrupted to say that Mr. La Follette had been guilty of enough personalities in a certain magazine described as "La Follette's." He called attention to an attack on Pennsylvania and himself. Mr. La Follette explained that the statements were taken from a newspaper, and when denied were promptly withdrawn by his magazine. He promised Mr. Penrose a copy of the issue containing the withdrawal.

Large Profits of Cotton Mills.

Mr. La Follette continued his discussion of the cotton schedule for the rest of the afternoon. He spoke of the alleged enormous profits of New England mills, attempting to refute the statements of Senator Lodge that small returns were the rule.

"Well, in South Carolina," interrupted Senator Tillman, "where we have spindles second in number only to Massachusetts, we are getting along fairly and need no more protection. In the forty years of the life of one mill it was able out of its profits to make and build three other factories, all to the benefit of the stockholders."

"In New Hampshire," said Mr. Gallinger, one of the stanchest regulars, "the cotton industry is doing well. We want no increases, but I think the Senator from Rhode Island, when he speaks this evening, will show that the Senate amendments are not increases."

With no opposition the Senate to-day adopted Mr. La Follette's resolution calling on the President to send to the Senate correspondence between the State Department and the German Government or its representatives relating to the German report on wages.

It is explained that the request made through American diplomatic and consular representatives in Germany for facts was sent abroad before the hearings on the Tariff bill were begun. Nevertheless, the desired information was not gathered by German Chambers of Commerce and manufacturers until after the hearings given by the committee had been published and replies were made directly to statements made by Americans to the committee. Names of the individuals who supplied this information were withheld by the German Government.

Accredited to the Chamber of Commerce at Nuremberg is the statement that the request of American manufacturers to raise the duty on bronze powder from 12 to 15 cents a pound is "unreasonable." The same statement admits that American wages are twice what they are in Germany, but asserts that the difference in cost of wages is not sufficient to warrant the increase of rate asked for by American manufacturers.

The statement of a Mr. Kurth regarding labor cost in the manufacture of clay pipes is characterized by the Chamber of Commerce at Limburg as "incorrect."

Similar criticisms are made in answer to statements to the House Committee by the Corset Manufacturers' Association of the United States, by ex-Congressman Littauer concerning the manufacture of gloves, by producers of hops, and by manufacturers of gold leaf, jewelry, knit goods, lithographs, musical instruments, optical instruments, all kinds of paper, pencils, pottery, and a large number of other articles. It is denied that the German exporters undervalue their goods.

Frenchmen Fear Ruin by Tariff.

PARIS, June 4.—A delegation of the curtain manufacturers of France to-day lodged a protest with Minister of Commerce Cruppi against the proposed American tariff, declaring that these rates would bring about their ruin.

RHEUMATISM

Liver, Kidney, Bladder Diseases, Constipation, Alcoholic Poisons. A medical journal states: "SAL-ELIMINANT—a happy blending of all the effective and non-irritating aids to eliminative action. It is an ideal combination—reliable—agreeable." Formula on bottle. "KNOW WHAT YOU'RE TAKING."

Druggists, 50c., $1, or by mail. Send for booklet. SUHL CHEMICAL CO., 34 E. 29th St., N. Y.

RAILROADS FINED $15,000.

Attorney General Finds They Were Not Morally Guilty of Rebating.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., June 4.—The Missouri Pacific Railroad and its subsidiary line, the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern, entered a plea of guilty in the Federal Court here to-day on the indictments for rebating, recently returned against them. Judge Trieber assessed a fine of $7,500 in each case.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Attorney General Wickersham stated to-day that before consenting to the imposition of the fine of only $15,000 against the Missouri Pacific and Iron Mountain railroads, he had caused to be made a careful examination of all the circumstances under which the rebates were given, and was fully convinced that the railway companies were not morally, but only technically, guilty of any offense against the Elkins law.

URIU AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

Pays a Visit to Mount Vernon and Then Comes to New York.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Vice Admiral Uriu of the Japanese Navy and Baroness Uriu left Washington this evening for Annapolis, where they will attend a ball at the Naval Academy. From there they go to New York in the private car of Col. R. M. Thompson, whose guests they will be for several days.

Admiral Uriu made a call at the White House this morning, and this afternoon, with Baroness Uriu, made a trip to Mount Vernon. They were the guests of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Beekman Winthrop on this occasion. The trip was made aboard the Government yacht Sylph. The guests included the Japanese Ambassador and Baroness Takahira, the Attorney General and Mrs. Wickersham, Postmaster General Hitchcock, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Cowles, Capt. H. B. Jelly of the British Navy and Miss Jelly, Col. and Mrs. Robert M. Thompson, Col. Haines, and Miss Colton.

On the conclusion of their visit to New York Baron and Baroness Uriu will go to New Haven to be the guests of old friends.

CONANT SUCCEEDS DURAND.

New Yorker Made Deputy Commissioner of Corporations by Taft.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—President Taft to-day sent to the Senate the nomination of Luther Conant, Jr., of New York to be Deputy Commissioner of Corporations in the Department of Commerce and Labor.

Mr. Conant succeeds E. Dana Durand, who recently was named as Director of the Census.

Mr. Conant, who is a graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, is 38 years old. He has been a Special Examiner in the Bureau of Corporations for five years, and has been especially active in the Standard Oil inquiry. He was formerly financial editor of The New York Journal of Commerce.

ROOT'S PORTRAIT IS HUNG.

In a Group with Blaine, Clay, and Foster in State Department.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—A portrait in oil of Senator Elihu Root, Secretary of State for the greater part of the last term of President Roosevelt's Administration, was hung in the big diplomatic room of the State Department to-day.

It occupies a place in a group at the further end of the room, and is immediately below that of James G. Blaine. The other members of the group of four are Secretaries Henry Clay and John W. Foster.

THOUGHT HORSE KICKED HIM.

That Was a Boy's Sensation After Throwing a Wire Over a Trolley Line.

"Wonder what would happen if I chucked this over that trolley wire," mused Walter Schutling of 2,132 Southern Boulevard, an inquisitive boy of 11 years, yesterday afternoon, as he picked a long, straggling piece of thin wire from the street. The more he thought about it the more he wondered, and he soon found himself utterly unable to resist the inclination to try it.

Young Schutling was standing at Webster Avenue and 174th Street and he had to wait a few minutes while some trolley cars went by before he could work out his experiment. When the tracks were clear he drew back and, with a tremendous jerk, sent the wire whirling up. He kept hold of one end and later wished he had not done it.

There was a splutter as the wire fell across the trolley lines and at the same instant Schutling was tossed fifteen feet, over to the sidewalk. They picked him up and sent him to Fordham Hospital, where it was found that beyond a burn of the hand and a little shaking up he was all right.

"Gee, I thought a horse kicked me," quoth Schutling, as he blinked at the nurses.

THE YALE RAMS A FERRYBOAT.

Backs on the Bremen as She Is Making Her Pier.

The Metropolitan Steamship Company's liner Yale, while making her pier at the foot of Christopher Street yesterday morning, collided with the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad's ferryboat Bremen. The latter was nearing her slip from Hoboken, with her cabins full of passengers, when the Yale struck her a glancing blow, smashing her heavy overhang and pushing in a considerable section of her superstructure.

The Yale, which had just arrived from Boston, was backing into her slip when the ferryboat tried to pass through the narrow space between the stern of the liner and the pier end. She was not able to make it, and when Capt. Grove saw that a collision was coming he ordered his engines full speed ahead. The vessel overcame her stern headway. The stern of the vessel struck the Bremen, and she brought up with a shock that sent her passengers from their seats. Immediately there was great confusion on board.

Deckhands reassured the passengers, and within a very few minutes after she was hit the ferryboat was made fast in her slip. It was found that the Bremen was damaged only above the water line.

Jones Suit Against Gould Dismissed.

The much litigated suit brought by John S. Jones against George J. Gould, Joseph Ramsey, Jr., and William E. Guy to recover $460,000 and interest in connection with the purchase of coal lands in Ohio was finally disposed of yesterday, when the Appellate Division affirmed the judgment of Justice Goff, who dismissed the complaint against Gould and the others when the case came up for trial. The case was first tried before Justice Guy, and a verdict for $546,301 was found in favor of Jones. The Appellate Division reversed this and ordered a new trial. When it came before Justice Goff that jurist dismissed the complaint.

Central Trust's Capital Increase.

The stockholders of the Central Trust Company approved at their special meeting yesterday the proposed increase in the company's capital from $1,000,000 to $3,000,000. This increase was recently decided on for the purpose of bringing the fixed capital of the trust company up to an amount more commensurate with the very large deposits held by the company. In connection with this increase in capital the Directors declared a cash dividend of 200 per cent., the payment of which will place all the stockholders in funds with which to subscribe to the new stock at par.

Killed His Wife with Acid.

Gasper Zitnick, a Hungarian baker, living at 550 East Sixteenth Street, who killed his wife in a fit of jealousy on Feb. 17 last by throwing sulphuric acid over her, pleaded guilty to manslaughter in the first degree yesterday and was sentenced to serve not less than ten nor more than twenty years in Sing Sing.

STRIKE CALLED OFF; TROLLEY MEN WIN

Will Return to Work in Philadelphia This Morning at an Increase of a Cent an Hour.

TEN HOURS A DAY'S WORK

Labor Leaders Jubilant Over Concessions—Senator Brings Peace—Elevated Men's Pay Raised.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—Normal street car traffic will be resumed to-morrow morning, the great trolley strike of 1909 having lasted within four hours of one week.

The agreement between the company and the strikers was signed to-night at 11:30 o'clock, after a day of intense anxiety on the part of the trolleymen, who were frequently disconcerted by many exaggerated rumors concerning the negotiations under way.

When the signers for the strikers explained to their fellow-workers at the barns the full intent and scope of the conditions under which they were to return to their cars the vote which followed indicated that they were satisfied.

They were told to be prepared to resume their duties in the morning and that so far as possible they should assist the company in inaugurating again the regular car schedules.

Thus at dawn, when the day's schedules begin, as many of the men who can do so will report to their chiefs and the city will begin to enjoy the transportation facilities which it has so sorely lacked for seven days.

The signing of the agreement took place in the Mayor's office. Strike Leader Pratt was not present, having always contended that his business was only to prepare the way for a settlement and that he was convinced that the men could do the rest.

A slight change was made in the agreement which had been drawn up. It was decided at the last moment that the increase in wages from 21 cents to 22 cents an hour should go into effect this morning, and not, as originally planned, July 1.

The basis upon which any further increase in wages is to be determined will be the company's annual report, supplemented by the City Controller's audit, as provided for in the contract between the corporation and the municipality. In this relation it was decided that the ability or inability of the company to pay its men higher wages should be based upon the next annual report. The plan as originally understood fixed next year as the time when the report and the audit should be the basis for a possible increase.

The old "swing system" has been abolished, ten hours will constitute a day's work; all employes will be permitted to purchase their uniforms in the open market; all future differances are to be adjusted between the company and a grievance committee chosen by the employes.

Mr. Pratt, after the negotiations were terminated, said: "It was a fair fight, fairly won." All the union leaders were enthusiastic over the results of their strenuous contest.

The employes of the company late to-night voted to accept the proposition made by the company which had been submitted to them earlier in the evening by the sub-committee appointed to confer with the traction officials. In the extreme northern and eastern sections of the city, the hotbeds of the rioting, the vote was almost unanimous against accepting the compromise, but as the barns in the less turbulent districts were heard from the heavy anti-compromise vote was overcome and assurance was given that the cars would again be placed in operation to-morrow morning.

Fourteen barns voted to accept the terms offered by the company and four against, with one to be heard from. The total vote is 3,256 for to 618 against.

The trolleyman's day began with a conference between the Car Barn Committee and Mr. Pratt. Before them lay the agreement formulated on Thursday. Mr. Pratt at once began to expound the document. It was evident as time passed that everything was not satisfactory. The point was debated for hours. Finally a sub-committee of seven was appointed to visit Mr. Parsons and the Directors of the company, including the Mayor.

Under the leadership of Frank Feeney, who had been since Wednesday the agent for the powerful influence which brought about the end of the strike, these men went to the offices of the company. The conference with the Directors and Senator McNichol lasted about an hour, and when it was over both the Senator and the Mayor said that everything was all right, and promised that the men would return to their work on schedule time to-day.

The elevated men, many of whom deserted their cars yesterday, it is stipulated in the agreement, are also to receive an increase of one cent an hour.

Notwithstanding that the strike, to all intents and purposes, was practically settled before 6 o'clock this evening, no effort was made to run cars after dusk. The saloons, too, were closed at 6 o'clock, to remain closed until 6 o'clock to-morrow morning.

There were several incipient riots in the northeastern section of the city early in the evening, but the crowds which congregated were driven to shelter by a steady rain without having inflicted much damage. Several strike breakers were forced to abandon their cars, and run the gantlet of strike sympathizers dodging bricks, clubs, umbrellas, and other weapons of offense.

There was a small riot at Twelfth and York Streets, where a mob of several hundred persons took up a position along the crossing tracks of the Reading Railroad and pelted a passing car with rocks, coal, and bricks. The crew and passengers dashed from the car and the mob, bent upon destroying the trolley, made a rush for it, but a score of policemen drew their revolvers and fired several shots into the air. The crack of the firearms had a quieting effect on the lawless crowd and they withdrew in double-quick time. There were half a dozen arrests, but no attempt was made to release the prisoners from the policemen.

The present strike has been the most complete tie-up ever experienced by local trolley companies, and the temper of the people was more violent than in the strike of 1895.

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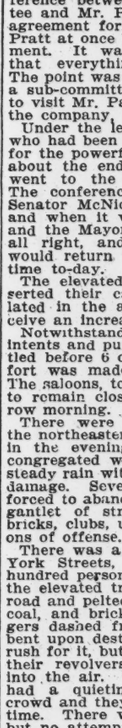

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PENNINGTON AIRSHIP BACK.

$50,000,000 Company Ready for Business as in the Days of Yore.

Edward J. Pennington, who was a person of considerable interest twenty years ago to confiding investors in the Middle West, has bobbed up again with one of his old schemes, which proved a money getter in the early nineties, revamped. Those whose memories go back to 1891 may remember the Mount Carmel Aeronautic Navigation Company, organized by him in the town of that name in Illinois, to build an airship of aluminium which was to annihilate time and space. It was capitalized at $250,000 and the stock was taken at high prices by small capitalists in the surrounding towns. An airship was built which eventually got as far as Chicago for exhibition purposes, buoyed up by a Chicago & Eastern Illinois freight train. Pennington's lectures on aeronautics attracted attention there and brought in capital until the airship was attacked as a fake by The Scientific American.

Now, after twenty years of retirement, Inventor Pennington is being exploited by Bergstrom & Co. of the Singer Building, who themselves attained some notoriety in 1906 through their connection with A. J. Halter and the La Chivia Copper Company, which had a brief but disastrous career on the Curb. The newspapers received data last night from "the press department of the Aerial Transit Company," telling of the organization of a $50,000,000 corporation under that name, to manufacture, sell, and operate airships and aeroplanes based on the Pennington patents. Lewis Nixon is named as a Director, along with Thurlow Weed Barnes and Oscar B. Bergstrom, and "it is stated," according to the press agent, "that certain officials of the Standard Oil Company may take up the entire first issue of the capital stock of the company."

Mr. Nixon denied last night that he was in any way interested in the company. He said he wished it made clear that he had no connection with the financial organization of the concern and knew of it only through having been asked to look at the plans for a dirigible ship similar to the Zeppelin airship. He said that a great mass of patents had been submitted to him, which appeared to cover broad basic claims, and that the dirigible as planned seemed to be very fine. He would be willing to build the ships if the money was forthcoming, he said.

Thurlow Weed Barnes was not accessible, but Oscar B. Bergstrom was willing to talk about the enterprise. He thought that there was some mistake in connecting Mr. Pennington, whom he described as the real inventor of the Wright aeroplanes and of the Zeppelin dirigible, with the stock jobbing enterprises which proved so costly to Middle Western investors. He admitted that Mr. Nixon was not a Director in the company yet, and was reluctant to get down to facts about the interest of Standard Oil in the concern. He said that the Chicago airship had been successful, and a new one along the same lines would be built before any of the $50,000,000 of stock was offered to the public, although he contended that there was no need of experimenting because the invention had already been proved practicable.

Among other statements in the official announcement of the company is one that the company had already received an offer from a foreign Government for a machine 1,250 feet long with a speed of forty miles an hour for 9,000 miles. This machine will be delivered in about nine months, according to the press agent, who is also responsible for the statement that contracts have been signed for several aeroplanes at $5,000 each, and that plans are ready for work on a "monster airship to operate between New York and St. Louis, carrying passengers, mail, and express."

Besides his activity in the airship line, Pennington in his palmy days floated a number of companies in Indiana, Ohio, and Illinois to exploit various patents of his from a wooden pulley company with $1,000,000 capitalization to an electric motor enterprise.

STOPPED BY HARRIMAN MAN.

Stockholders of California Development Company Enjoined from Acting.

An order was signed yesterday by Vice Chancellor Howell in Newark, restraining the California Development Company from holding a stockholders' meeting in Jersey City next Tuesday, or the stockholders voting on their stock, until permission is granted by the Court of Chancery. The action was taken at the request of Willard J. Doran, a Trustee of the Southern Pacific Company, the holding company which controls the Harriman lines. Mr. Doran asserted that the action to be taken at the proposed meeting of the California Development Company would be harmful to the interests which he represents.

The Southern Pacific Company has loaned the California Company $200,000, obtaining voting proxies as security for the loan. It is now asserted that the California Company intends to take advantage of the provision of the New Jersey law which limits the life of proxies to three years, and hold a meeting on Tuesday at which the actual holders of the stock will vote. Mr. Doran asserts that in all equity the proxies should be continued, and on this ground obtained the order.

RESUME PREFERRED DIVIDEND

Republic Iron and Steel Company Also Pays a Back Dividend.

Dividends on the preferred stock of the Republic Iron and Steel Company were resumed yesterday by the declaration of a quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. At the same time a beginning was made on the payment of the back dividends due on the shares by the declaration of one-quarter of 1 per cent. on deferred dividends. The stock, of which there is $20,416,900 outstanding, is 7 per cent. cumulative preferred, and after cleaning up during 1906 and 1907 the back dividends which had accumulated during the period of depression in 1904 and 1905 the company again passed its preferred dividends last year, beginning with the July quarter of 1908.

The dividends declared yesterday are payable July 1 to stockholders of record June 21.

PLANS FOR THE NEW RECTOR'S

Twelve-Story Hotel and Restaurant Is to Cost $1,000,000.

John Russell Pope, architect, filed plans yesterday for the new twelve-story hotel to be erected for Charles E. Rector on the site of his restaurant at Broadway and Forty-fourth Street.

It is to be of the Louis XV. Renaissance type, with limestone at the three lower stories, and faced with brick and terra cotta above, crowned by a large mansard. There will be a spacious Broadway entrance finished with Corinthian pilars. The building will have a Broadway frontage of 102.3 feet and a depth of 131.3 feet, and is to cost $1,000,000.

Soda Water Kills a 320-Pound Man.

Stephen Rice, Nassau County's heavyweight politician, died at his home in Manhasset, L. I., yesterday from drinking too much soda water, according to the statement of his physicians. Rice was about 40, and weighed 320 pounds. He had long been active in Republican politics in his district. He was strictly temperate, but drank from eight to ten bottles of soda every day. His physicians say this caused Bright's disease, which resulted in his death. Part of the partition of the room where Rice died had to be removed to get the body down stairs. Last Spring the Democrats nominated Rice's brother Brother for Constable, in North Hempstead. The nominee had only one eye, one arm, and one leg. Stephen Rice managed his brother's campaign and the latter was beaten by only twenty-five votes.

Trinity, Boston, Calls Orange Organist.

Ronald M. Grant, organist and choirmaster of Grace Church, Orange, N. J., has accepted a call to Trinity Church, Boston. He will enter upon his new duties on Sept. 1. Mr. Grant has become well known as a successful trainer of boys' voices, and his choir in Orange is noted for its musical services. He was a pupil of Alexandre Guilmant in Paris and G. E. Stubbs of St. Agnes's Chapel here.

CREDITORS SEEKING FLEISCHMAN BOOKS

All Particularly Anxious to Obtain the Missing Fleischman Baths Accounts.

FLEISCHMAN ON THE STAND

Some One, He Says, Had the Old Books Cleared Out of a Storeroom—Complicated Bankruptcy Under Scrutiny.

The larger creditors of the different enterprises managed by Joseph Fleischman prior to the bankruptcy of himself and his companies last Fall are pushing a fight which is being made before Referee in Bankruptcy William Allen to discover whether hundreds of thousands of assets belonging to the chain of Fleischman companies not many months prior to the filing of the petitions last November were made away with, so as to leave practically nothing for the creditors when the crash came.

The Fleischman concerns included the Fleischman Floral Company, with a number of stores scattered around the city; the Fleischman Baths, at Forty-second Street and Sixth Avenue; the Floral Market Company, the Heather Realty Company, and the National Centre Realty Company.

Representing all the creditors' interests is Trustee in Bankruptcy Charles L. Greenhall of 320 Broadway, who in turn is represented by Clarence R. Freeman of 20 Vesey Street as counsel. While neither Mr. Freeman nor the trustee would discuss the case yesterday, further than to confirm the fact that the examination of Mr. Fleischman has been going on for several weeks before the referee, it was learned that a curious situation has been disclosed by the investigation so far made into the bankruptcies of the various Fleischman concerns. Among other things, it appears that the books of the Fleischman Baths, which are considered essential in straightening out the tangled skein of transactions binding up the Fleischman companies, cannot be found.

The Fleischman Baths and Joseph Fleischman personally came into the bankruptcy courts about the same time last Fall. It was explained then that the failure of Mr. Fleischman to get quick action on the money he invested in the elaborate baths at Forty-second Street and Sixth Avenue resulted in the general embarrassment of his enterprises, and that therefore the interests of all creditors would be best protected by the administration of his affairs in the bankruptcy courts.

The usual formalities were gone through and the bankruptcy of the Fleishman Baths was ended not long ago by the sale of the business and the installation of Mr. Fleischman as manager of the reorganized plant. It so happened, however, that all the bankruptcies were related, because of the manner of financing employed by the promoter of all of them. When money was required or material or supplies it was the custom of Mr. Fleischman to contract the debts individually and then give the notes of the particular companies on whose behalf the obligations were incurred, indorsed by himself. From the creditors of the Fleischman companies became the creditors of Joseph Fleischman personally, and the quest for the assets was common to all the concerns.

The Accounts Interwoven.

The system of accounts employed was such that the books of practically all the companies had to be examined, each set in connection with all the others, to trace out what was done in the months before the bankruptcy petitions were filed. As the investigation proceeded further, the desire of the creditors to get at the books of the Fleischman Baths, to which it appeared from the books of the other companies large transfers of assets had been made grew stronger and stronger. These books could not be found.

In recent hearings before the referee Mr. Fleischman himself has been quizzed as to the disappearance of the books of the Fleischman Baths. He has testified that after the reorganization of the baths he was employed as manager, and in the installation of new books and a new accounting system he found a lot of old books and papers which were in the way. Accordingly he ordered a rubber in the baths to take the old records up to the storeroom, and saw nothing of them until the demand was made for their production at the hearings before the referee. Then, said Mr. Fleischman, it developed that some one had given orders to have the rubbish in the storeroom cleared out and the records had disappeared.

The creditors are not altogether satisfied with this explanation, and they purpose to have examined all the Directors of the Fleischman Baths, including Gustav Gude, an advertising agent; John B. Stanchfield, the lawyer; Charles T. Lark of Mr. Stanchfield's office, and Herman Warrendorf, who now controls the flower business formerly managed by Mr. Fleischman. Mr. Warrendorf is a half-brother of Mr. Fleischman, and is one of the individuals whose relation to the situation the creditors are anxious to have inquired into before the referee.

The manner in which Mr. Warrendorf obtained the use of the name of the Fleischman Floral Company is one of the particular matters that interests the creditors. There has been discovered a statement made by the Floral Company to a bank for the purpose of its regular business not long before the bankruptcy petitions were filed, showing good will valued at $258,000 on its own estimate. Some time afterward the right to use the name of the Fleischman Floral Company was sold to Mr. Warrendorf for an apparent consideration of $5,000, and this is one of the transfers which the allied creditors are anxious to have overhauled, to see if by chance it can be set aside as preferential, and the good will of the big flower business, which Mr. Fleischman organized, be recovered for his creditors.

Real Estate Equities Sought.

There are also real estate transactions that the creditors want to have reviewed. A good deal of valuable property and some substantial leaseholds and equities were represented to be controlled by the realty companies in which Mr. Fleischman was the dominant factor not long before the bankruptcies came along. The lease of the Hotel Marquis was one asset of worth, and in addition the National Centre Realty Company had holdings at Cedarhurst which the creditors are eager to have marshaled into court if possible. Shortly before the various bankruptcies Mr. Fleischman, his half brother, and the National Centre Realty Company made several transfers of real estate, leases, and equities.

But the disappearance of the books of the Fleischman Baths at this time appears to block the untangling of the snarl. Accounts have been discovered on the books of the other companies that run into those of the Fleischman Baths and the resultant situation is far from satisfactory to the creditors. That is the reason that creditors are proposing to pursue diligently the Directors of the old baths company. Among these creditors are A. B. Barr & Co. of Yonkers, with a large claim for construction materials; the Batavia Wood Working Company, the Hays Foundry and Iron Works, the Lincoln Trust Company, and the New York Cut Flower Company. The assets in sight of the estate of Mr. Fleischman himself do not total more than a few hundred dollars as against large liabilities, and a like situation is discovered by several of the companies through which he operated.

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CAN'T SELL YERKES ASSETS.

That Is Why Creditors Are Unpaid, the Executor Says.

Louis S. Owsley, executor of the estate of the late Charles T. Yerkes, filed in the United States Circuit Court yesterday his answer to the bill of complaint of the London Underground Railways, on which a receiver was appointed by the Federal court for the Yerkes estate in this jurisdiction. This followed a demurrer by Mrs. Adelaide Yerkes, the widow, which was filed on Thursday. Both seek to dismiss the complaint and vacate the receivership.

Mr. Owsley, in the receivership complaint, is charged with having failed properly to realize upon the Yerkes assets left in his care, so that the estate is depreciating in value. In his answer Mr. Owsley said that he had made a continuous effort to realize on the assets, but that many of them have no ready market and could not be turned into cash without a great sacrifice. Mr. Owsley says that he has, however, reduced the indebtedness of the estate by about $100,000, although he has not been able to take actual possession of the property in New York because of legal obstacles.

As a matter of law the Owsley answer questions whether the allowance by the Probate Court of Cook County, Ill., of the claim off $400,000 of the Underground Railways of London has the effect of a judgment against the estate and hence he questions the right of the petitioners for the receivership to assume the position of a judgment creditor. He goes on to say, by the way, of further answer to the allegation that he has delayed converting the assets into cash, that if he actually did convert them at once the proceeds would be insufficient to pay the creditors, and it would be necessary to sell the real estate and art collections to satisfy these obligations and the cost of the administration.

On the other hand, declares Mr. Owsley, if the executor is allowed to hold the assets until the time arrives when they can be disposed of to advantage, an amount can be realized sufficient to meet all the claims against the estate, give Mrs. Yerkes a substantial amount as her dower and leave something for distribution among the other beneficiaries of the will.

Mr. Owsley says also that he did not learn that Mrs. Yerkes claimed possession of the Fifth Avenue home of her late husband until a short time before he prepared his answer in the receivership case, and that he is not at present informed that the creditors, whose claims are secured by collateral, are preparing to force the sale of this collateral to satisfy such claims.

FIGHT FOR WHITLA REWARD.

Mercer County Claims $15,000 Offered by Pennsylvania—Other Claimants.

Special to The New York Times.

MERCER, Penn., June 4.—A new turn in the Whitla kidnapping case was made to-day, when it became known that the county had put in a claim for the $15,000 reward offered by the State of Pennsylvania for the arrest and conviction of the kidnappers of Willie Whitla. The stand is taken by the county authorities that it was Mercer County which apprehended the Boyles and convicted them and that the county should be reimbursed for its expenditures through the reward which the State has offered.

Back of the move lies an interesting bit of politics. For years Frank Buhl, rich uncle of the kidnapped Willie Whitla, and James P. Whitla, the child's father, have been political leaders of Mercer County. The county was plunged into heavy debt by the Boyle trials, at least $5,000 being paid out alone in witness fees, and the taxpayers, especially those of the country districts, have become very bitter. Unless the reward can be obtained and Mercer County reimbursed for the kidnapping outlay the Buhl-Whitla faction stands an excellent chance of losing its political prestige.

It comes out also that for a time James Whitla figured on applying for the reward for his son, asserting Willie had caused the arrest of the Boyles and was entitled to the reward, but there was so much objection raised at the mere mention of any such move that this was abandoned. The attempt of Mercer County to collect the reward will likely precipitate a bitter fight, in which much yet covered history in the Whitla kidnapping may be uncovered.

Patrick O'Reilly of Cleveland claims the reward on the ground that he gave the information that led to the capture of the kidnappers. But Chief of Police Koehler of Cleveland does not propose that anybody but his own men shall get the reward. He says that his officers had Boyle and his wife well under surveillance, and that he could have arrested them on Saturday night, March 20, had not the private detectives interfered and Mr. Whitla asked him to postpone acting. Therefore Chief Koehler on behalf of his men has lodged a claim with the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The conductor of the street car that carried Willie from his hiding place in the suburbs of Cleveland to the Hollenden Hotel will also put in a claim.

$7,500,000 FOR 3D AVE. LINE.

More Money Needed to Put the Road in Proper Condition.

The plan of reorganization for the Third Avenue Railroad has got far enough to make it fairly plain that $7,500,000 will have to be raised before the property can be put into independent running condition. The foreclosure sale of the Third Avenue road does not come until Fall, and may be postponed.

The raising of the new capital will naturally fall upon the bondholders, unless they decide when the reorganization plan is finally put together to leave the stockholders something to show for their investment on condition that the stock submits to an assessment. There are $5,000,000 first mortgage bonds on the Third Avenue road, $37,000,000 general mortgage bonds subject to the lien of the first mortgage so far as most of the road's property is concerned, and $16,000,000 of stock. The earnings of the road under the receivership have not yet produced enough to do more than take care of the bonded interest.

Of the $7,500,000 it is understood that $2,500,000 will be required to retire the receiver's certificates issued by Receiver Whitridge, $1,000,000 more will be used for laying new track, and the remaining $4,000,000 will be devoted to general betterment purposes.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 191 failures in the United States during the week, against 205 for the previous week, and 225, 155, 162, and 194 for the corresponding weeks of 1908 to 1906. The Middle States had 66, New England 19, Southern 48, Western 32, Northwestern 8, Far West 18, and Territories none. Canada had 19, against 22 for the preceding week. About 85 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less, and 11 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

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MOLASSES CREAMS, delicious centres of vanilla fondant, with a thin jacket of molasses candy; crisp, yet melting—

29c. the Pound.

CHOCOLATE MARCELLA, little lumps of lusciousness, whipped cream centres, with a covering of chocolate—

29c. the Box.

NUT TOP WAFERS, assorted cream fondant, capped with pecans and walnuts. A tasty combination—

29c. the Pound.

They will cost you 40c. another day, but you'll gladly pay it.

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SELL THE PARROT? NEVER!

Deported Frenchwoman Departs, Making Unfavorable Comparisons.

Denise Laine, arrested as an undesirable alien on a warrant signed by the Secretary of Commerce and Labor ordering her deportation, was accompanied on board the Ellis Island tender yesterday by a large green Mexican parrot.

The bird was most voluble in Spanish when an Inspector lifted the cage on to the boat. The woman was asked if she would like to sell it.

"Never in my life," she

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LANDAY BROS. 400 Fifth Av. (OPP. TIFFANY.)

PARIS STEEL MOVE INTERESTS BERLIN

Bankers There Predict Introduction of Other American Industrials on Bourse.

MOMENT CALLED AUSPICIOUS

Think Improved Conditions in America and European Confidence Are Both Indicated by Morgan Coup.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 4.—The announcement that 100,000 shares of the United States Steel Corporation's common stock were to be listed on the Paris Bourse through the formation of a syndicate by Morgan, Harjes & Co. was received with general interest in banking circles in Berlin, where the opinion is expressed that the venture is likely to forward markedly the introduction of still other American stocks on the Paris market.

While the local bankers and dealers on the Bourse here consider that they are only indirectly interested and decline to hazard any prediction as the final outcome of the undertaking, the view is generally expressed by those who are in closest touch with American conditions that the experiment is auspiciously timed. The success of the Morgan syndicate in putting through the negotiations is considered in itself as significant both of the improved conditions in the United States and of the corresponding very pronounced change which has taken place in the attitude of the European investing world since last year.

In some quarters undoubtedly it is felt that the sudden advance of Steel shares, after a preceding period of depression, is an unsafe indication of the real conditions of the steel industry. But the prevailing opinion is that a growing confidence, based on sound reasons, will favorably affect the syndicate's project.

As to the final result of the venture, in the opinion of the Berlin critics, judgment must be reserved. Success depends, in their view, on future market conditions, especially on the continuance of the present upward tendency. In the event of success, a way may be found for the introduction of many other important American stocks on the Paris Bourse. It is suggested that Paris, with its large colony of more or less permanent American residents, offers especial advantages in this respect apart from the fact that its Bourse is unhampered by the stringent legal restrictions which make the introduction of American industrials on the Berlin Exchange practically impossible.

EARTHQUAKE AT SINGAPORE.

Disturbances Registered at Manila, Tashkent, and Cheltenham.

SINGAPORE, June 4.—A double earthquake was felt here at 1:45 o'clock this morning. No damage was done.

MANILA, June 4.—Beginning at 2:46 and continuing until 5:02 o'clock this morning the seismograph at the observatory here registered an intense seismic disturbance. It is estimated that the earthquake was 1,400 to 2,000 miles distant. The records correspond closely to those obtained in February, 1903, during the earthquakes in Java and Sumatra.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 4.—The seismograph at Tashkent, Russian Turkestan, registered a heavy earthshock at 11:33 o'clock last night. The centre of the disturbance was estimated to have been 3,300 miles away.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The Cheltenham Magnetic Observatory of the Coast and Geodetic Survey reported to-day that a moderate earthquake shock of distant origin was recorded yesterday afternoon, beginning at 2:00:20 o'clock, seventy-fifth meridian time. The second phase of the tremors was too indistinct to identify. The maximum motion was recorded at 3:07:36, and the shock ended at 4 o'clock.

STOLYPIN OFFENDS JEWS.

Classes Them and Mohammedans with Heathen in Speech to Duma.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 4.—Premier Stolypin spoke in the Duma to-day in defense of the Government's draft of a law dealing with the matter of changing from one faith to another and against the modifications removing all restrictions introduced in committee. He said that the Czar, as head of the orthodox Church, should not suffer backsliding from the orthodox to non-Christian beliefs, and that if such amendments were incorporated the bill would be vetoed.

Continuing, he defined the relations between Church and State. He conceded that the Church enjoyed full independence in matters of creed and dogma, but insisted on State control. His speech was a brilliant effort, but it fell upon cold ears and brought out no applause. The Premier for the first time in the history of the third Duma found himself fighting for a lost cause before an adverse house.

The classing by the Premier of persons of the Jewish faith and Mohammedans with heathen excited indignation among the Centrists and Progressives, many of whom are Jews or Mohammedans.

NO MEREDITH BIOGRAPHY.

Novelist's Wishes in Matter to be Obeyed—To Publish Table Talk.

LONDON, June 5.—The Nation says it understands that in accordance with his own wishes no official biography of George Meredith will be written.

Edward Clodd, a well-known author, will, however, the paper says, publish a series of articles embodying his recollections of the table talk and characteristic sayings of Meredith.

COMMERCE BOARD ENJOINED.

Order to Roads to Change Freight Rules Rescinded by Judge Lacombe.

Upon the application of the Lackawanna, the Wabash, the New York, Chicago & St. Louis, and the Baltimore & Ohio Railroads, Judge Lacombe, in the United States Circuit Court, yesterday granted a permanent injunction restraining the Inter-State Commerce Commission from enforcing an order issued June 22, 1908, requiring the railroads named to change their rules issued to shipping agents to govern the shipment of freight from the West to the Atlantic seaboard.

The order resulted from a complaint made by the Export Shipping Company, now in bankruptcy. The Inter-State Commerce Commission directed, after hearing evidence upon the complaint, that the railroads must accept freight according to the physical carload, so as not to charge the small shipper a larger rate, or hold a partly loaded car until it might be filled with other consignments. Judge Lacombe granted a temporary injunction restraining the Export Shipping Company and Edward E. Boise, its trustee in bankruptcy, from enforcing the order some weeks ago. Yesterday's decree made the injunction permanent.

Want Help? Want Help quick? See Page 15.

FEAR OF MORE MASSACRES.

Turkish Soldiers Fire on Deurtyul—Exodus of Armenians—$150,000 for Arms.

ALEXANDRETTA, Asiatic Turkey, June 4.—There was some firing by Turkish soldiers last night on the village of Deurtyul. No information regarding the casualties has been received. It appears that the commander of the troops two days ago demanded that the villagers deliver all their arms to him.

The Turkish officers, who are greatly distrusted, have been acting in a most arbitrary manner with the villagers, and there has been dread of a repetition of the Adana tragedy.

BERLIN, June 4.—A special correspondent of the Berlin Tageblatt, after having visited Mersina, Adana, Alexandretta, and Antioch, telegraphed his paper from Aleppo to-day, saying that the country is extremely quiet, but that everywhere there is anxiety with reference to the near future. Armenians and Syrians are leaving by the hundreds, and all importers are canceling their orders. Martial law will be declared at Aleppo as soon as the Constantinople Government sends reliable troops, after which the leaders of the Reactionaries and Separatist movements will be tried before military courts.

The Syrian Army Corps, the correspondent continued, is being replaced gradually by Macedonians, but in spite of these measures the fears of an insurrection are general, and every man goes armed. The local branch of the Ottoman Bank has transmitted the sum of $150,000 to manufacturers for arms for this section alone.

STRIKE IS STARVING CORSICA.

Supplies Cut Off by Marseilles Sailors' Refusal to Work.

BASTIA, Corsica, June 4.—The populace of the Island of Corsica is in dire straits for the necessities of life by reason of the strike of Marseilles sailors, which has been the means of cutting off their main source of obtaining supplies from the outside world.

In addition the strike of the railroad men has now been going on for a month, and many of the villages in the island are lacking in everything.

CANAL FALLS INTO RIVER.

Arch Which Crosses Stream Gives Way and Valley Is Flooded.

BRUSSELS, June 4.—The arched roof of the Villebroeck Canal collapsed to-day at a point where the canal crosses the river Senne. The water in the canal poured through the rent into the river below and a neighboring valley was flooded. The canal boats all are stranded, and traffic is at a standstill.

PRINCE SLAYS PRINCE.

Struck by Bagration at Tiflis Dinner, Eristoff Replies with Dagger Thrust.

TIFLIS, June 4.—A fatal encounter between the representatives of two princely houses occurred at a formal dinner given at Tiflis last night.

Prince Bagration, a descendant of Prince Peter Bagration, the Russian General who served with distinction in the Napoleonic wars, considering himself insulted by a remark made by Prince Eristoff, struck the latter in the face. Prince Eristoff drew the long dagger always worn by the Caucasians and killed Prince Bagration on the spot.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

SHANGHAI, June 4.—For two days rain has fallen in the provinces of Kiangsu, Anhwei, Kiangsi, Hohan, and Shantung, where a severe drought had seriously threatened to ruin the crops. As a result of the relief there is great rejoicing among the natives.

LIMA, Peru, June 4.—The Peruvian Cabinet to-day tendered its resignation. It has been proved that the revolutionary outbreak of last week was engineered entirely by the followers of the Pieroia brothers. A committee of the Liberal Party to-day visited President Leguia, and declaring that neither Dr. Durand nor Jose Oliva had taken part in the movement, requested that these men be set at liberty. The country is quiet.

PEKING, June 4.—Recent statistics show that the customs revenues of the empire are increasing, principally on account of the extension of trade with Manchuria. The receipts at Dalny now exceed those at Kiao Chow, and the revenue from opium is decreasing. Russia and China have adopted an agreement to establish Chinese Custom Houses in Russian Manchuria.

SANTANDER, Spain, June 4.—Considerable damage was done here to-night by a cloudburst. In the lower part of the city the water reached to the first stories of buildings.

ROOSEVELT SHOOTS ASSORTED MONKEYS

Ex-President and Party Spend Morning Bagging Colobi and Green-Faced Simians.

THEN VISIT MISSIONARIES

Mr. Roosevelt Lunches at Mission and Makes Speech Urging Hearers to Build Up White Man's Country.

KIJABE, British East Africa, June 4.—The members of the Roosevelt party, who arrived here yesterday afternoon on a special train from Nairobi, and spent the night in camp near the railroad station, started out this morning to visit the local station of the Africa Inland Mission, an American organization.

This morning Mr. Roosevelt spent some time shooting monkeys, particularly colobi. Edmund Heller bagged three of the colobus species and a green-faced monkey, and Kermit Roosevelt killed two large specimens of the former. Major Mearns occupied his time in shooting birds.

At the mission Mr. Roosevelt made a thorough inspection of the institution, and afterward had luncheon with forty of the missionaries and their wives and the settlers of the country. The Rev. Mr. Hurlburt in a speech welcomed Mr. Roosevelt to the mission.

In replying the ex-President expressed his pleasure at being able to see the Africa Inland Mission, and recalled the fact that his visit of to-day was the fulfillment of a promise made to Mr. Hurlburt at Washington some time ago when the missionary was introducing to Mr. Roosevelt at the White House the delegates of a Christian organization.

"I am glad to have seen the work personally," Mr. Roosevelt continued. "I am pleased to see the settlers and to find you working together, as it would be no credit to the missionary, the settler, or the official to do otherwise. I have a peculiar feeling for the settlers working in this new country, as they remind me of my own people working in the Western States, where they know no difference between Easterner, Westerner, Northerner, or Southerner, and pay no heed to creed or birthplace.

"There is ample work to be done, and all had best work shoulder to shoulder. I believe with all my heart that large parts of East Africa will form the white man's country. Make every effort to build up a prosperous and numerous population. Hence I am asking the settlers to co-operate with the missionaries, to treat the native justly, and bring him to a higher level.

"I particularly appreciate the way your interdenominational industrial mission is striving to teach the African to help himself by industrial education, which is a prerequisite to his permanent elevation. It seems to me that you are doing your work in a spirit of disinterested devotion to an ideal."

R. J. Cuninghame, the manager of the expedition, and L. A. Tarlton of Nairobi remained at the camp to-day completing the preparations to start on the trip into the Sotik country. To reach this territory the party will have to travel two days without meeting water.

The colobus referred to in the dispatch from Kijabe is a species of fur monkey with round head and long tail found in great numbers in East and Central Africa. Mr. Roosevelt holds a sportsman's license for himself and one for Kermit, and is entitled to shoot six colobi, or other fur monkeys, on each license.

Kijabe, where the Roosevelt party was encamped yesterday, is forty-four miles west of Nairobi, and has an elevation of 6,790 feet above sea level. On one side of the railroad the hills run sheer above the track, and on the other the well-wooded valley rolls away for miles to the corresponding hills of the Mau Escarpment.

Half way between Nairobi and Kijabe the train stops for a few moments at Kikuyu station, a centre of agriculturists, 1,250 feet above Nairobi. The Kikuyu natives are never tired of looking at the trains and standing in groups at the stations to be snapshotted by travelers. They are considered to be one of the ugliest tribes in East Africa. The men distort the lobes of the ears by stretching them until they can tie them under the chin, while the women pull their aural appendages out from the head until they are big enough to flap like blinkers or serve to keep the flies off.

CHANGE IN NAME COSTLY.

Phileas Carrier Signed Marriage Contract Philip—May Lose Estate.

Hildegarde Carrier, an infant, 1 year old and heir to a fortune of several hundred thousand dollars on the death of her father, stands a strong chance of never coming into her property at all because the father, whose real name is Phileas William Carrier, yielded to a sudden impulse in signing his marriage contract and substituted in place of the letters "eas" of his first name these two—"ip." So now, legally, it is hard to prove that Hildegarde is daughter of Phileas.

Phileas Carrier is the son of a very rich grain merchant of Quebec, Canada. He came to New York some years ago, leaving his two brothers and his mother in Canada, took a place with the George A. Kessler Company of 20 Beaver Street, and in 1905 married Miss Nellie Fitzmorris, and signed his name as Philip.

About a year ago Hildegarde was born. Carrier's mother had died some years before, leaving to him the income of a third of her property, with the provision that the whole should, on their deaths, be divided among her grandchildren. Shortly after Hildegarde's birth the two brothers died childless. All the property was thus destined finally to fall to Hildegarde, and the executors of the estate wanted to know about her. Carrier sent on his marriage certificate. "But," they said, "this property can never go to the child of Philip, for the name in the will is Phileas."

Mr. Carrier thought it an easy matter to mend. He went to Clerk Scully. "Change my records!" cried Scully, holding up his hands. "Why, man, they are worth millions."

Then Mr. Carrier went to Lawyer J. S. Galland of 35 Broad Street. On Wednesday Mr. Galland brought a motion, with the opposition of the Corporation Counsel's office, before Justice Guy of the Supreme Court, asking that for every Philip in the marriage contract Phileas be inserted.

Justice Guy is thinking the matter over.

EARLY HOURS FOR HARVARD.

Freshmen Must Retire by 11 o'Clock, President Lowell Announces.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., June 4.—No more will Harvard freshmen hold all-night celebrations, no more will they indulge in early daylight automobile races from Boston to Cambridge.

Eleven o'clock was the hour announced by President Lowell at the students' council to-day when all must be within doors, and all who are found out later must have a good explanation. So far this only applies to the freshmen, but it is believed that the time is not far distant when all classes will be held to the same hour.

Resolutions upon the retirement of Dr. Charles W. Eliot from the Presidency of Harvard were adopted to-day by the Faculty of Arts and Sciences. The chief sentiments expressed were that "the changes he has wrought in the university will be remembered as long as it endures. He has been a leader, not through his official position, but through force of character and intellect. His dealings with the teaching staff have been open and equitable and liberal to the extent of every available resource. The members of the Faculty part with him with reluctance."

VON OSTEN RECALLS HOBOKEN

When Hypnotized, Mysterious Patient Describes Streets There.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 4.—Plans are being made at the Grace Hospital to take Charles Von Osten, the mysterious patient, to Hoboken to see whether F. A. Dostern and August Merkel of that city can identify him as a man they knew there several years ago. Von Osten, who has no memory except when in a hypnotic state, was hypnotized to-day by Dr. Diefendorf of the Yale Medical School, and was asked if he knew men in Hoboken named Dostern and Merkel. He replied that he did. He also described accurately the part of Washington Street, Hoboken, where Dostern and Merkel say that he lived in 1902.

He denied, however, that he worked on a steamship line, as asserted by the Hoboken residents. He also denied, under hypnotism, other things told about him by Merkel and Dostern.

The hospital authorities feel by no means sure that Von Osten is the man the Hoboken residents think, but they will allow the patient to be taken to that city for a possible identification early next week.

63 YEARS—

Of consistent substantial growth at home—In New York

HOW?

By Supplying Fresh Dependable Drugs and Medicines at Low Prices.

RIKER DRUG STORES

You are SAFE when you buy at Riker's

Ryerson W. Jennings, Philadelphia,

begs to announce that the new and beautiful Hawthorn Inn at Mt. Pocono, Penna., will be ready about the middle of June. Rooms can be engaged now. In connection with the Inn four furnished cottages will be ready at the same time. They are generously planned, handsomely furnished, with the latest modern improvements; no housekeeping worries to contend with, occupants will take their meals at the Inn. Prices of the cottages will be $360 to $400 for the season. Send for booklet or any desired information.

Ryerson W. Jennings, Mount Pocono.

MEN'S SUMMER COMFORTS.

MARK CROSS LONDON 89 Regent St.

WATCH GUARDS— From..... .50
BELTS — Tan, Black, Brass or Solid Nickel Harness Buckles— From.....$1.00
PIGSKIN GARTERS.....$1.00

MARK CROSS

World's Greatest Leather Stores.

210 Fifth Avenue. 233 Broadway.

Boston—20 Summer Street.

CLASS DAY AT BARNARD.

Seniors' Farewell Exercises in the University Gymnasium.

Some 3,000 persons crowded into the university gymnasium at Columbia yesterday afternoon to attend the class day exercises of the Barnard College seniors. The hall was decorated with a mass of blue and white bunting, the college colors. Among the graduating class were Yung Pih Rang, daughter of his Excellency Rang Yu Wei; Florence Wyeth, daughter of Dr. John Wyeth, and Julia Goldberg, who was named as the most popular girl of the class.

The seniors marched in academic procession from Millbank Hall to the gymnasium. When they were seated Miss Eva Von Baur delivered the President's address of welcome.

These announcements of the elections to the Phi Beth Kappa Society were made by Miss Marion Latham: Mathilda Abraham, Emma Barnard, Helene Boas, Alice Grant, Helen Philipps, Sara Roure, Edna Scales, Josephine Ray West, and Hilda Wood.

Florence Sims Wyeth delivered the valedictory.

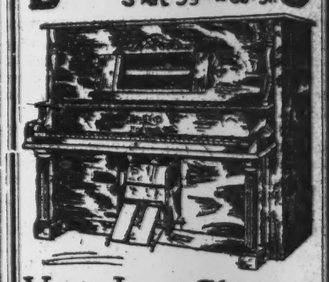
In the name of her class Miss Eleanor Gay, President of the Undergraduate Association, presented to the college an Italian stone bench to be put on the campus.

Last night the seniors ended their week of festivities with a class dinner in Brinckerhoff Theatre.

In spite of the rain the fair graduates held a torchlight parade on the campus last night, and after burning up "everything that had made them famous" the class of 1909 disappeared in Brooks Hall, where they kept up the good work until early this morning.

Bloomingdales

RELOCATED TEMPORARILY TO LEXINGTON AVE. 59TH to 60TH ST.



Your Last Chance to Buy a $1,000 Walters Mastertone Player Piano Outfit for $395

$10 Down and $2 a Week

By Request!

Having received many letters requesting us to inaugurate a sale of Walters Mastertone Pianos, we have made arrangements with the Walters Piano Co. to offer Walters Mastertone Player Pianos, including bench and 12 rolls of music of your own selection, for to-day only, at $395.

Walters Mastertones are conceded to be the finest player pianos manufactured.

The only perfect player piano from which one can get all the musical expression that an expert produces when playing a piano in the regular way.

TAKE NOTICE—This Sale is for to-day only, and we advise all those who are interested in becoming the owner of the finest player piano in the world to purchase one at once.

Good player pianos have been so expensive heretofore that it was possible for only wealthy people to purchase them.

Our Proposition Places Them Within the Reach of All.

Come early and make a selection.

BLOOMINGDALES', Lex. to 3d Av., 59th to 60th St.

ADVERTISEMENT.

WESTON, Ocean-to-Ocean Walker, said recently: "When you feel down and out, feel there is no use living, just take your bad thoughts with you and walk them off. Before you have walked a mile things will look rosier. Just try it." Have you noticed the increase in walking of late in every community? Many attribute it to the comfort which Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes, gives to the millions now using it. As Weston has said, "It has real merit."

STUDENTS IN RIOT DESTROY PROPERTY

Smash Theatre Front and Damage Many Other Buildings in Washington, Penn.

ONLY SEVEN ARE CAPTURED

Reward Offered for the Arrest of the Ringleaders—All Washington and Jefferson College Men.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Penn., June 4.—Seven students of Washington and Jefferson College paid fines in Police Court to-day on charges of disorderly conduct growing out of a riot participated in by 250 college boys early this morning. Damage to the amount of $1,000 was done by the students, who were rounded up only after they were charged by a squad of police with drawn revolvers.

The disturbance was started after midnight in connection with the annual senior serenade which marked the close of the college year for the graduating class. Their carnival of disorder started on West Chestnut Street in the business district.

The first place attacked was the Alvin Theatre, the front of which was wrecked. Electric Light wires were cut, plateglass windows smashed, the fronts of stores stripped of advertising devices and fixtures, and fences of private yards destroyed.

Two policemen, who first charged the mob, were roughly handled and their clubs taken away. Reinforcements were called, and squads of police rushed the college boys. The latter seeing the guns in the hands of the policemen fled.

The seven arrested gave the names of John Ryan, John Barnes, P. Comstock, J. Mack, L. Parks, J. Grogan, and F. Look. These names, the police say, are fictitious.

James F. Bickerstaff, manager of the wrecked theatre, to-day offered a reward of $250 for information that would lead to the apprehension of the guilty students. Detectives are working on the case, and a score or more of informations will be made. Efforts were made by a delegation of students to settle for the damage, but all offers were rejected.

The college authorities state they will lend the police every assistance in running down the ringleaders.

CHARLIE TAFT DOUSED.

Bucket of Water Spilled Over Him by His Schoolmates.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., June 4.—Charlie Taft, the President's son, was the victim of this year's water dousing at his uncle's school in Watertown.

The boys were assembled on the front steps of the school being photographed. A bucketful of water had been suspended from the porch at the second story and a rope was attached to it so that it could be spilled. The group was so formed that Charlie stood right under the bucket. As the photographer was about to snap the picture the rope was pulled and down came the water on Charlie's head. He was shocked, but soon was grinning.

WELCOME CHANCELLOR DAY.

Syracuse Greets University Head Back from Trip Around World.

SYRACUSE, June 4.—Syracuse gave Chancellor James R. Day of Syracuse University a hearty greeting upon his return to-day with his wife and daughter from a trip around the world. The Chancellor was met at the railway station by a committee representing the city, the Chamber of Commerce, the university, and the alumni.

The party, in automobiles, drove to the university, where former Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals Charles Andrews, in behalf of Syracuse, made an address of welcome. Dr. Day is in splendid health.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Summer Outings

FAR AND NEAR

ALASKA-YUKON-PACIFIC EXPOSITION, SEATTLE

JUNE 1 TO OCTOBER 16

Tickets sold May 20 to September 29, good returning until October 31, inclusive, 1909.

FARES

From New York.....$92.00 From Baltimore.....$86.75
From Philadelphia.... 89.40 From Washington..... 86.75

Tickets good going and returning via direct routes.

Tickets good going or returning via San Francisco will be sold at $15.25 higher than above fares from New York and Philadelphia, and at $15.00 higher from Baltimore and Washington.

DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS, OR PUEBLO

Tickets sold June 30, July 1, 2, and 3, good returning until September 1, inclusive, 1909.

RATES

From New York.....$60.00 From Baltimore.....$55.15
From Philadelphia.... 57.40 From Washington..... 55.15

SALT LAKE CITY

Tickets sold August 3 to 6, good returning to reach original starting point thirty days from date of sale.

RATES

From New York.....$67.40 From Baltimore.....$62.55
From Philadelphia.... 64.80 From Washington..... 62.55

Tickets sold and good going and returning via direct routes through Chicago or St. Louis, or going via Chicago and returning via St. Louis, or *vice versa*.

LOS ANGELES

Tickets sold June 23 to July 9, good returning until October 31, inclusive, 1909.

RATES

From New York.....$92.50 From Baltimore.....$85.40
From Philadelphia.... 89.90 From Washington..... 85.40

Tickets sold and good going and returning via direct routes.

Tickets good going or returning via Portland will be sold at $14.75 higher than above fares from New York and Philadelphia, and at $16.35 higher from Baltimore and Washington.

ST. PAUL

Tickets sold July 3 to 5, good returning until July 31, inclusive, 1909.

RATES

From New York.....$42.00 From Baltimore.....$37.50
From Philadelphia.... 39.40 From Washington.... 37.50

Tickets good going and returning via same direct routes.

Yellowstone Park ALASKA-YUKON-PACIFIC EXPOSITION Canadian Rockies

PERSONALLY-CONDUCTED TOUR

Twenty-two Days August 14 Special Pullman Train

$246 ROUND TRIP FROM NEW YORK. ALL EXPENSES. PROPORTIONATE RATES FROM OTHER POINTS

SUMMER EXCURSION TICKETS

To all the principal seashore and mountain resorts of the United States and Canada will be sold June 1 to September 30, at all Ticket Agencies. Liberal rates of fare, a great variety of routes, and accommodating stop-overs make these tickets indispensable to the Summer wanderer who wishes to season his outing with variety. These tickets supply the most convenient method of satisfying Summer travel.

Apply to any Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad for rates, routes, and tickets.

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager. GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

INDICT INSURANCE MEN FOR CONSPIRACY

Six Rochester Underwriters Are Held for Raising Rates Following the Big Fire.

BLAMED FOR ARSON WAVE

Grand Jury Criticises Policy of Over-Insurance—James Johnson, Political Leader, Among Accused.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 4.—The Grand Jury to-day returned sealed indictments against six of the most prominent insurance men in Rochester, charging them with conspiracy to raise the insurance rates. The penalty for this crime is imprisonment for not more than a year or $500 fine.

Bernard Grover also was indicted for insurance rebating. The name of James Johnson, former candidate for Mayor and independent political leader, heads the list of the six men indicted for conspiracy. The others are Alderman Roberts Pavior, H. M. Webb, Gilbert T. Amsden, Martin E. Wolff, and James C. Clements. All are prominent insurance agents and business men, and all belong to the local board of underwriters. Martin E. Wolff is manager of the Lyceum Theatre and Vice President of the Union Trust Company. The firm of Firman & Webb is known all over Western New York. Mr. Clements holds most of the insurance on Standard Oil property in this vicinity. The indicted men appeared at the office of the District Attorney this afternoon and gave bail in $500 each.

The six indictments are the result of the "pink slip" investigation before the Grand Jury, and are the sequel to the increase in insurance rates following the big fire of April 13.

On that same day the underwriters met at Syracuse and imposed the "pink slip" on Rochester, which meant that it was considered a poor fire risk, and that hereafter local policy holders would have to pay largely increased rates. A vigorous protest from the Mayor, Chamber of Commerce, and the public followed, but the insurance men practically told them to "go chase themselves"; that the "slip" was on and would stay on until they saw fit to take it off. Mr. Johnson went further. He said that the whole trouble was in the police force, and that until there had been a shake-up there the city could not expect anything from the insurance companies.

Many witnesses were sworn before the Grand Jury in the investigation, and one, Harry F. Miller, Secretary of the Rochester Board of Fire Underwriters, refused to testify. He was taken before Justice Sawyer and an attempt made to hold him in contempt of court. After some deliberation the court ruled that he could not be made to testify even if the District Attorney did guarantee him absolute immunity.

In their resolutions the Grand Jurors lay the recent wave of arson in Rochester at the door of the insurance men. They find that the policy of overinsurance carried on by so many of the companies has been the greatest incentive toward the numerous fires. They ask that some action be taken to compel the companies to stop this practice and see that property is not insured so greatly in excess of its value. Complaint is made of lack of inspection before a policy is issued.

The first step taken by the accused will be to demur to the indictments.

Most of the incendiary fires occurred in the Spring. With the exception of two or three, the losses were small. The most serious of these took place on April 13, when the Palmer Building on Maine Street, Berith Kodesh Temple, another church, and several score of residences were wiped out. Another serious fire in the heart of the retail business section was the burning of Reynolds Arcade on March 19. These fires of suspected incendiary origin, together with others proved to be incendiary, led to the rise in insurance rates.

POLICEMAN DEFEATS BINGHAM

Court Denies Commissioner's Plea to Review Ringelman's Case.

Herman L. Ringelman, a Brooklyn policeman, who was dismissed from the force in April, 1907, charged with intimidating witnesses in the case of Capt. Louis Wendel of the First Battery of the National Guard, won another legal victory over Commissioner Bingham yesterday afternoon when the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, in Brooklyn, denied a motion in behalf of the Commissioner to review and reargue the case. Ringelman was reinstated as a policeman by a recent order of the Appellate Division.

It was alleged by Commissioner Bingham that the records on which the decision reinstating Ringelman was based had been falsified, and at the instigation of the Commissioner, Ringelman's lawyer was arrested. The Appellate Division finds that there was no falsification of the records.

$500 CASH BAIL RETURNED.

Mrs. Donohue Gets the Money Found In Magistrate Higginbotham's Desk.

The $500 cash bail which Magistrate Higginbotham of the Bedford Avenue Court, Brooklyn, accepted from Mrs. Julia Donohue for the release of her son, William J. Donohue, and kept from her until the District Attorney's office started an investigation which brought to light a $500 bill in the Magistrate's desk in his private office, was returned to her yesterday.

Mrs. Donohue did not have to pay lawyer's fees to get her money back. She obtained a certificate from the District Attorney's office, which stated that her son, the prisoner for whom the money was given as bail, is in an insane asylum, and, therefore, not out on bail. With this certificate she went to the City Chamberlain's office and received her money.

CITY BREVITIES.

THE TIMES has received $20 from "A. Z." for the widow of Motorman John McElive, who was killed while saving a girl's life.

Through an error it was reported on Wednesday that James H. Young, who died on Tuesday, was President of the James H. Young Stone Company. James Hamilton Young, President of the James H. Young Stone Company is alive.

A new trial was denied yesterday to Francesco Yannicola, former President of the Lamplighters' Union, who was convicted in Special Sessions for conspiracy. He took an appeal on the ground that certain of the witnesses against him were also concerned in the conspiracy.

While crossing Broadway in front of the Astor House W. C. Thompson, a setamboat Captain, was hit by a northbound Broadway car last night and seriously injured. At the Hudson Street Hospital it was discovered that his skull was possibly fractured.

New York University won a point in the Appellate Division yesterday in the suit it is bringing against the American Book Company to recover $9,863 for water rents for eight floors in the University Building at Washington Square and University Place. The book company demurred to the complaint, but was overruled.

FIND BOGUS MONEY IN TWO LIVELY RAIDS

Detectives Beat Down Saloon Doors and Take Seven Prisoners After a Melee.

CLUBS ARE FREELY WIELDED

Second Raid Nets Seven More Captives —Pistol Drawn on Chief Flynn— Two Arrests Up State.

In the hope of capturing some members of a band of counterfeiters which has been flooding Eastern cities with bogus two-dollar bills recently Chief William J. Flynn and four Headquarters detectives made two raids last night. They succeeded in capturing fourteen prisoners and had plenty of excitement in doing it.

Chief Flynn learned three weeks ago that new counterfeit bills had made their appearance in Philadelphia and Newark and a little later in Brooklyn. Detective Corroa of the Central Office went to Brooklyn with Flynn and got the name of a business man in that borough who had given out one of the bogus bills.

This man, whose name the detectives refuse to reveal, told them he had no idea the bill was bad and that it had been given to him by a customer. Chief Flynn and Detective Corroa then went through the east side, where some of the bills in the meantime had been passed, and got information that led to the raids last night.

At 5 o'clock the detectives suddenly descended upon the saloon of Ignazio Provenzano at 157 Allen Street. Just as they reached the entrance there was a rush inside the place, and the doors were slammed and locked in their faces. The raiders broke down the doors, and inside were met by a dozen men armed with clubs and chairs.

A vigorous fight ensued, in which Chief Flynn's hat was battered in and Detective McGee was thrown and trampled on. The raiders drew their clubs and revolvers and compelled the belligerents to capitulate.

Provenzano was seized, and in his pockets, the detectives say, were found seventeen fresh counterfeit $2 bills. He and six others were taken to Police Headquarters, where Provenzano was charged with having counterfeit money in his possession, and the others were booked as suspicious persons.

Later the raiding party went to Provenzano's house. His wife, who opened the door, demanded:

"Why do you come here? There's nothing for you to find."

The detectives searched, however, and in Provenzano's bedroom found a rubber stamp which Flynn said might have been used in making counterfeit bills. It was taken along as evidence.

The raiders then hurried to 337 East Thirteenth Street, where Vincenzo Battaglia has an employment agency on the ground floor, with sleeping rooms above. Here they encountered a group of men armed with clubs. One of them pointed a revolver at Chief Flynn, who knocked it from his hand. Seven men, including Battaglia, were taken from this place. None of them had any counterfeit money. All were held on suspicion.

Chief Flynn believes that the counterfeit money is made abroad and sent here to be passed.

Later last night Secret Service Detectives Brewster and Klinke took to the Oak Street Police Station Vincenzo Muratto of 73 James Street and Michael Tocio of 37 Monroe Street, whom they charged with having passed counterfeit coins. The detectives had been searching for them for a week. They were traced to Albany, where Tocio was arrested. Muratto was caught at Kingston.

The detectives say they found upon the two prisoners $106 in bogus fifty-cent pieces and quarters, together with receipts for metal purchased in this city. Both the prisoners will be arraigned to-day before United States Commissioner Shields.

All Wool Rain Coats

Worth-while waterproofing must have a sound foundation.

Our Raincoats are all wool.

There may be others, but we know about these.

$15 to $25.

Cooper Square and Brooklyn stores open this evening till 9.

Browning, King & Company

Broadway at 32nd Street
Cooper Square at 5th Street
Fulton Street, Brooklyn

Briarcliff Cream and Milk

a necessity for Children and Invalids. A luxury for every one.
BRIARCLIFF FARMS.
5½ East 46th Street, New York
'Phone 3278—38th.

Frederick Loeser & Co.

In every detail the Leading Retail Establishment of Brooklyn.
The Subway to Hoyt Street Brings the Loeser Store Within 17 Minutes of Forty-second Street.

150 Imported Lace Coats, $15 to $25 Values, at $7.98 to $13.50.

THE SACRIFICE CAME because an importer overestimated what he could distribute. It brings a group of superb Lace Coats here for probably the least such Coats ever cost. Beautiful affairs of fine laces, that women will want to wear this summer with their loveliest frocks and gowns. They are in the very newest styles, in white only and in ten different models. Some have semi-long sleeves and others have the full length sleeves.

$3 Coque Feather Boas at 75c. Graceful, pretty kinds that every girl and woman are wanting now to give just the correct finishing touch to the new one-piece frocks; they are in a variety of the most wanted shades.

New Net Guimpes in an enormous assortment and just the styles most needed for the new dresses, at.....$1.25 and up

Dainty New Lingerie Jabots and Rabats in hundreds of different styles at.....25c. to $5

New Lingerie Dutch Collars in hosts of the season's most approved styles at.....25c. to $5

Main Floor.

The "Pantalon" Suit. A New Paris Notion in Apparel for Women.

IT HAS ITS FIRST BROOKLYN SHOWING here and women will be interested in seeing a style that Paris promises will be popular.

It is of handsome broadcloth, made with train and an especially graceful embroidered panel back. The "pantalon" feature shows only in front, the Suit being divided from the hem to a point slightly above the knees, and the divided parts draped back, somewhat like a riding skirt. The skirt is silk lined in trouser fashion to the knees and below the knees unlined.

Second Floor Front.

Girls' and Misses' Anniversary Day Millinery Is Abloom.

OF COURSE, EVERY ONE will want to look her daintiest and prettiest on that important occasion. Counters here are fairly overflowing with a wealth of summery beauty, ready to respond to every childish Millinery need.

And from the simplest Hats for the smallest frolickers to the most lovely flower wreathed and ribbon bedecked styles for the larger girls and misses, every Hat style tells its story of Parisian thought and Loeser modification more beautifully than ever before. They are of Milans, Leghorns, chips, the smart new rough, and Mexican straws, and many fancy fine straws, in dozens of the season's most favored shapes and in shades to harmonize perfectly with every Anniversary Day outfit. Prices start at 75c. and range up to $7.50

Second Floor.

Misses' $5 Summer Dresses at $2.98.

A SPECIAL PURCHASE brings us a hundred and twenty-five summer Dresses to sell at close to half price.

They are just completed—and in the smartest of new summer styles. The price advantage is possible because the fabrics cost the maker less than usual—and also because he is keen to get through with summer wear and plan his autumn work.

They are of French finished linens in new plain shades and in white grounds with neat stripes. One-piece style with Dutch necks; some finished with combination colored bands, and others with embroidery and buttons. Plaited over shoulders, band around waist and new gored skirts. One in a box.

Second Floor, Front. None C. O. D. or on Approval.

Never Were Better Summer Suits Than Loeser's Is Selling This Season.

IT MAKES NO DIFFERENCE from what standpoint you judge them—handsome fabrics, distinctive styles, good tailor work, low price. From EVERY standpoint these new Clothes are the sort we are glad to have go out as our idea of what good service in men's Clothing should be.

Working thin summer fabrics is the hardest test of a tailor's skill. So we have the BEST tailors work on these Suits for us—and they do the most careful work they know how.

It is worth something to us to have you look at a Suit you have worn all summer, in sunshine and rain AND BE MORE SATISFIED WITH IT THAN WHEN YOU FIRST BOUGHT IT. We are trying to provide that sort of satisfaction with every one of these new summer Suits.

The Two Garment Summer Suits Are $12.50 to $25.
The Three Garment Summer Suits Are $12.50 to $35.
The Blue Serge Suits Are $12.50 to $25.

Most critical men think you can't get much in a Suit of Clothes for $12.50. We would be glad to have them see what a LOESER Suit at $12.50 is like.

$15 to $28 Summer Suits at $12.50 and $16.50.

Exactly the same as our own regular stock at the full prices, except that these Suits were made for us out of short lengths of the summer fabrics, and so there is only a few of a pattern.

Main Floor, Elm Place.

Lisle Mousquetaire Gloves, 39c. and 49c., Regularly 75c. and $1.

TWO EXCEPTIONAL VALUES in summer lisle Gloves, each the best we have ever seen for the money.

The 75c. Lisle Gloves at 39c.
are in the twelve-button length and come in black, white, tan, brown, gray and navy.

The $1 Lisle Gloves at 49c.
are in the sixteen-button length and come in white, black, tan, gray and chamois colors.

Main Floor. None Sent C. O. D.

Children's Anniversary Stockings. 3 Pairs for 50c. : : Values 25c. to 50c. Pr.

TWELVE THOUSAND PAIRS of Stockings in this best of Anniversary Sales that the Hosiery Store ever had to announce. Three pairs for fifty cents—and many of these Stockings are standard fifty cent grades.

They are of fine black, tan and white cotton, ribbed and plain; of fine black, tan and white lisles, ribbed and plain; of black and tan silk lisles, ribbed and plain; of lace lisles, in black, white, tan, pink, sky blue, etc. There are flat cotton and lisles; some with unbleached feet.

It is one of the sound economy sales that every mother will appreciate if she has young people to outfit for Anniversary Day.

Main Floor, Bond Street.

79c. and $1 Printed Silks and Satin Foulards, 49c.

HARDLY A WOMAN who will fail to welcome the opportunity to secure Printed Silks and Satin Foulards of a quality which usually sells at 79c. and $1 a yard *and pay* 49c. *for them.*

There is a large assortment of colors and color combinations.

$1 All Silk 27-Inch Shantung Pongees at 69c.
In a variety of more than 40 colors, including aplenty of the natural.

Main Floor, Bond Street.

Italian Silk Undervests, $1.79 Instead of $2.90.

WOMEN TO-DAY are invited to share in one of the most remarkable offerings of handsome silk Undervests which has come this season.

The Vests are finished in a most perfect manner, with beautifully embroidered fronts. Colors are white, pink, and sky.

Regularly $2.90, at.....$1.79

Second Floor.

Remington

The Name That Means Typewriter Efficiency

The New Models **10** and **11** demonstrate the highest development of the writing machine.

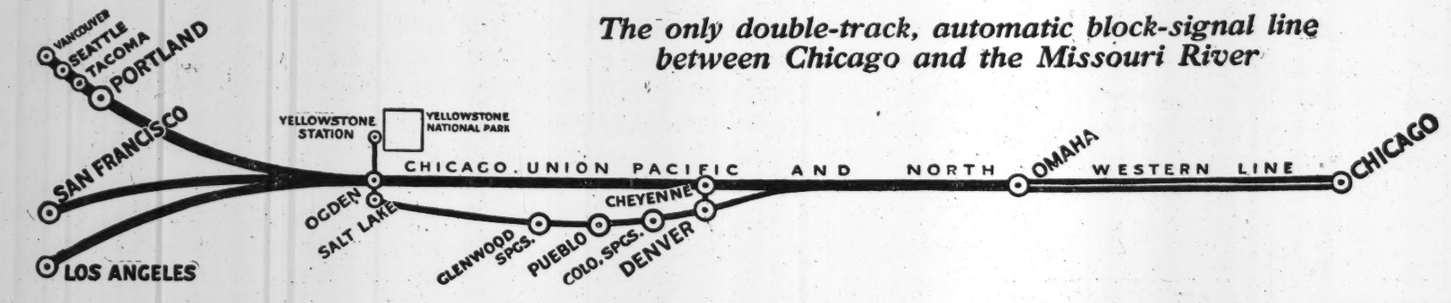
Remington Typewriter Company
(Incorporated)
New York and Everywhere

Colorado-Pacific Coast

The Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line

maintains through daily train service of recognized superiority.
The equipment embodies every device conducive to expeditious, safe and comfortable travel.
The route is over railways that represent the highest type of physical excellence.
The country traversed is marvelously rich in natural resources and represents the most rapid and substantial development of human effort.

The only double-track, automatic block-signal line between Chicago and the Missouri River



COLORADO

	Colorado Special	Overland Limited	Denver Express
Lv Chicago	10:00 A. M.	5:00 P. M.	10:45 P. M.
Ar Omaha	11:50 P. M.	7:15 A. M.	3:28 P. M.
Ar Denver	3:00 P. M.	9:30 P. M.	7:50 A. M.

The Colorado Special, electric-lighted, reaches Denver only one night from Chicago with connections at Denver for all Colorado points the same afternoon.

The Overland Limited, electric-lighted, enables patrons to reach Denver only one night en route, after a full business day in Chicago.

The Denver Express also has through Pullman service from Chicago to Denver daily.

$30 round trip, Chicago to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo daily beginning June 1st.

CALIFORNIA

The Overland Limited, electric-lighted, (for first-class sleeping car passengers only.) Leaves Wells Street Station 5.00 p. m., arriving San Francisco 7.28 p.m. the third day.

The Los Angeles Limited, electric-lighted, leaves Chicago 10.00 p. m. daily for Southern California. Only three days en route.

China & Japan Fast Mail leaves daily 10.45 p. m. Through Pullman service to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

$72.50 round trip daily and $62.50 round trip on certain dates to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego.

PACIFIC NORTHWEST

The Chicago-Portland Special, a new electric-lighted train, leaves Chicago daily at 10.00 p.m., arriving Portland 8.00 p. m. the third day. Only 72 hours en route.

Through Pullman private compartment, standard drawing room and tourist sleeping cars and free reclining chair cars, provide accommodations for all classes of travel. Dining cars and observation cars.

The China & Japan Fast Mail leaves 10.45 p. m. daily, with through service to Portland.

$62.00 round trip to Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Vancouver daily.

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING

Itineraries of Personally Escorted Tours to Yellowstone Park, Yosemite, Lake Tahoe, Colorado, Utah and the Pacific Coast, booklets descriptive of the West and Northwest, Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition folders, maps, time tables and full information, free to your address on application.

R. M. JOHNSON, Genl. Agt. C. & N. W. Ry.,
461 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE

UNION PACIFIC THE OVERLAND ROUTE

BROKAW BROTHERS

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

This is not a "jack-of-all-trades" store. We do one thing, and do it well. Clothes and Haberdashery for Men and Boys that capture your fancy on sight. Cool, comfortable garments in styles and fabrics that are decidedly distinctive.

Sack Suits . . . $18 to $42
Spring Overcoats . . $16 to $42

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

Send To-Day for "Scenic Colorado"

A new 72-page book delightfully written, beautifully printed and bound, and profusely illustrated. It contains the

Finest Tourist Map of Colorado

ever printed, 22½x24 inches, printed in four colors and showing every geographical point and topographical feature, with ready reference index thereto.

Ten cents in stamps will bring it.

Burlington Route

P. S. Eustis, Pass'r Traffic Manager, Burlington Route, Chicago, Ill.

5531

Harps
Guitars
Mandolins
Violins by Modern Masters
Victor Talking Machines
in Endless Variety and at
PRICES TO SUIT ALL PURSES

OUR STOCK INCLUDES:
MANDOLINS, GUITARS, BANJOS, CORNETS, CLARIONETS, BAND INSTRUMENTS, ACCORDIONS, CONCERTINAS, BUGLES, DOUBLE BASSES, 'CELLOS, VIOLAS, VIOLINS, DRUMS, HARPS, MUSIC BOXES, XYLOPHONES, AND MUSICAL NOVELTIES.

If unable to call, write for particulars. Old Instruments taken in Exchange.

CHAS. H. DITSON & CO.
NEW MUSICAL WAREROOMS,
8, 10 and 12 East 34th St.

Your Watch is your Time Table
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
Between NEW YORK and PHILADELPHIA
A two-hour train every hour on the hour from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M., in addition to other trains. Ten minutes before the hour from West 23d St. On the hour from Liberty St.
Parlor cars on all trains. Dining cars morning, noon and night. Sleepers on midnight train.
NEW YORK TO PHILADELPHIA
A TWO HOUR TRAIN
EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR

WALTHAM WATCHES

OUSTED FROM HOME, HE SUES HIS WIFE

Silberstein Charges That He Was Thrown Down Stairs When He Waited Up.

SAW A TRYST IN PARK, TOO

Then to Cap the Climax His House Was Dismantled in the Night—Enough for a Separation, He Thinks.

A hurried return from Atlantic City, a midnight trail in Central Park behind an unsuspecting couple, the experience of being thrown down one's own stairs and out the front door in the middle of the night, and a dash in an automobile down Fifth Avenue at 4 o'clock in the morning to find one's home swept clean of furniture and valuables, and one's wife and children gone, are a few of the incidents cited in the suit for separation begun by Emanuel I. Silberstein, 30 years old, a lawyer, with offices in the Pulitzer Building, against his wife, Fanny.

Silberstein, twice a prize student at New York University, and a warm friend of Judge Warren W. Foster of General Sessions, in whose office he was once a clerk, has been in rather poor health for a year or more. When only 9 years old he lost his right arm in a railroad accident, and, therefore, came to be pointed out as a rare instance of a man winning success in spite of his handicap.

As he did not improve in health very rapidly, his physician, Dr. Abraham Rosenberg of 605 Sixth Street, advised him to run down to Atlantic City for two weeks of rest. So he took a train on Friday of last week which landed him at the seaside resort at about 7 o'clock in the evening. He had hardly reached his hotel before he felt so much worse that he decided to call up Dr. Rosenberg on the 'phone for a prescription.

"If you are feeling so ill," said Dr. Rosenberg, when the lawyer had stated his symptoms, "you had better come back in the morning."

Silberstein reached New York about 11 o'clock the next morning, and went to his home, 419 East Houston Street. The three children and the servant were there, but not Mrs. Silberstein, nor could the housegirl throw any light on the whereabouts of his wife. She had gone out two hours before, the girl said.

Silberstein spent most of the day in bed, his physician and a few intimate friends being the only persons to call at the house. Shortly after 10 o'clock at night, his wife not yet having returned, he decided to put the lights out and go to bed. He was just dropping off to sleep an hour later, when the telephone bell rang.

"This is Sam Singer," said a voice at the other end of the wire. "Is Mrs. Silberstein at home?"

"No," replied the lawyer.

"Well," said the voice, "if you will meet me at 12 o'clock at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, in front of the Plaza Hotel, I'll show you where she is."

Silberstein dressed hurriedly, and was soon with Sam Singer, who conducted him into Central Park.

"There she is," whispered Sam, pointing to a couple seated on a park bench. "that's Dr. Brandeis with her," referring, so the affidavits in the suit for separation say, to Dr. Benjamin B. Brandeis, a dentist of 8 Avenue C.

Sam Singer and Silberstein had been in the shadows watching only a moment when the couple arose and led the way slowly to the entrance at Columbus Circle. When the light of the streets was reached, the enraged husband and his friend Sam revealed themselves, and Silberstein severely rebuked his wife for leaving her children all day when she supposed he was absent, but when he turned on Dr. Brandeis, to whom he referred as a man who had divorced his first wife and wasn't living with his second, that individual, who is described in the affidavit as of powerful build, turned on him with so threatening an aspect that the lawyer and Sam beat a retreat.

Silberstein and Singer went immediately to the East Houston Street home, and with other of the lawyer's friends decided to wait Mrs. Silberstein's return.

This happened, according to Silberstein's counsel, Lester W. Eisenberg of 263 Madison Street, at a little after 2 o'clock Sunday morning, when Mrs. Silberstein stopped at her doorstep on her way in to address a few remarks to her husband's friends waiting outside, while he sat within. Then she went in, and almost instantly out came Silberstein so hurriedly that those on the street felt convinced that Mrs. Silberstein was in undisputed possession of the premises. Silberstein bunked that night with Sam.

Thus it came about that on Tuesday of this week a summons and complaint in Silberstein's suit for a separation was filed in the Supreme Court by Lawyer Eisenberg. He had not dared to return to his house, but had been putting up with Singer and other friends.

On Wednesday Lawyer Eisenberg got a writ of habeas corpus from Supreme Court Justice Gildersleeve commanding Mrs. Silberstein to appear in court on Thursday to show cause why she should not surrender the custody of the three children. When she came to court on Thursday she pleaded through counsel for more time to answer, and this feature of the domestic tangle was postponed till next Tuesday.

Silberstein thought he had had action enough since his return from Atlantic City, but the climax was to come. About 3 o'clock yesterday morning Silberstein, who was sleeping with friends uptown, was awakened by a neighbor from the Bowery, who said:

"Things doing down Houston Street way; lights in the house all night; two big moving vans before the door; better watch out."

Silberstein called up Police Headquarters, and asked that detectives be sent to his house to follow the moving vans. Then, jumping into his clothes, he called a taxicab, and was whirled to 419 East Houston Street, only to find his house empty and deserted, and the moving wagons gone. On going to the Union Market Police Station, however, Silberstein was informed that the Central Office detectives had traced the furniture to Fourth Street and Avenue B, where the drivers had halted evidently for instructions.

The lawyer hurried to the house of Judge Hoffman, 27 East Seventh Street, bringing the Judge down in his dressing gown to issue an order of replevin. Armed with this document Marshal Herman seized the furniture, though not without having to arrest one of the drivers who seemed to be in charge of affairs. The Marshal had the vans driven to a nearby storage warehouse, where the household goods were unloaded and stored to await the issue of the case.

The value of the furniture loaded on the vans is estimated by Silberstein at $2,000. It includes a number of valuable souvenirs brought by Silberstein from abroad, and a picture which Judge Foster sent him from China. This he particularly valued. He says he bought with his own money everything in the house, and that his wife had bought nothing. Lawyer Eisenberg says also that on Wednesday Mrs. Silberstein removed $1,000 worth of silver from the house, and that she had taken $2,000 worth of jewelry from a safety deposit box to which both she and Silberstein had keys.

Mrs. Silberstein and the children are now with her mother, Mrs. Rachael Weinberg, 478 East Houston Street; the Silberstein home is bare and bleak, and Silberstein is still being entertained by Sam Singer and other friends.

The Silbersteins were married four years ago. Mrs. Silberstein was but 16 and looked younger. She seems scarcely 19 now.

A big slice of the east side is in distress over the domestic embroilment of the Silbersteins, for the lawyer has a host of friends, who remember some feasts given at his house and other more substantial things which filled them with pride. At these entertainments the guest of honor has nearly always been Judge Foster. Silberstein's friend and benefactor, who was always called upon for a speech, and that section of the Bowery was disconsolate yesterday when the news got out that the old days might come no more.

Greenhut and Company
Dry Goods

Special Sales To-day
Sale of Parasols at $1.95, values up to $3.50.
New Trimmed Hats at $15.
Summer Silk Waists.

To our Patrons and visitors: Iced or hot tea is served without charge in our Lounging Room. Third Floor.

Gloves!

Just arrived—a new purchase of the scarce fabric gloves for summer wear at very popular prices, including some tempting bargains. Ready to-day.

"Kayser's" Silk Gloves at 50c
New Chamoisette Gloves at 50c
$1.00 Long Silk Gloves at 65c

Kayser's Silk Gloves, 50c—"The Kayser" Glove is too well known to need introduction, but we want to say that this store is headquarters for them, and a large assortment always awaits you. The Kayser Pure Silk, two clasp, double tipped, guaranteed gloves. Black, white and wide range of colors..... *50c*

Chamoisette Gloves are new, dainty, stylish, serviceable, washable, economical and practical. Closely resembling French chamois in appearance, they combine all its merits with their own. A value treat for Saturday's customers..... *50c*

$1.00 Long Silk Gloves, 65c—As the summer advances they will begin to get scarce, then up go the prices; 16-button length Mousquetaire, double tipped, Milanese quality, superb finished and pure dye silk, $1.00 value, at..... *65c*

Main Floor—Greenhut and Company—For Saturday's selling

6th Avenue, 18th to 19th Street Store formerly occupied by B. Altman & Co.

The NORTH SHORE RESORT REGION of NEW ENGLAND

Think of the genuine pleasure, fun-filled days and cool, restful nights you can have on your vacation, along the North Shore—at Bar Harbor, Magnolia, Swampscott, Marblehead, Salem, Cape Ann or Newcastle and the scores of other quaint summer spots. Think of the surf bathing, yachting, golfing, and the idle hours when the bracing sea breeze fans your lagging energies back to par.

It's a good thought to act on.

The Famous Bar Harbor Express will depart from Grand Central Station, New York City, 8.00 p. m. daily, except Sunday, offering excellent through train service between New York and Bar Harbor, Maine, and all intermediate points. Illustrated booklet "All Along Shore" sent for 2c. in stamps. For full information, tickets, literature, call or send to

Boston & Maine R.R. Ticket Office,
171 Broadway, New York City

PUT UP THE BARS ON IMMIGRANTS

Commissioner Williams Orders That the Standard of Inspection Be Raised at Once.

75 DEPORTED YESTERDAY

Object of the Order Is to Warn Foreign Governments That a Low Grade of Immigrants Has Been Pouring In.

William Williams, United States Commissioner of Immigration at Ellis Island, issued an official notice yesterday to his Immigration Inspectors at this port regarding the future examination of aliens entering the country at Ellis Island.

The announcement reads:

To Immigrant Inspectors at Ellis Island:

It is necessary that the standard of inspection at Ellis Island be raised.

Notice hereof is given publicity in order that intending immigrants may be advised before embarkation that our immigration law will be strictly enforced, and that those who are unable to measure up to its requirements may not waste their time or money in coming here, only to encounter the hardships of deportation.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS,
Commissioner.

When asked yesterday why he had considered it necessary to issue the note to the Inspectors Commissioner Williams said: "I am of the opinion that we are receiving too many low-grade immigrants, who in addition insist on settling in the congested portions of our cities. I shall do what I can within the law to reduce their number, and it is hoped by giving publicity to the policy to be pursued at Ellis Island that even the embarkation of such immigrants may be prevented."

The action of the Commissioner is understood to have been caused by the number of deportations that occur daily from Ellis Island to Europe. Seventy-five men, women, and children, among them Lizzie and Winifred McDaid, were marched away yesterday afternoon to the different steamships on which they were ordered to be returned to their native land. Many of the women were weeping and asking their men folks why they were to go away. One of the oldest Inspectors on the island said that the deportation was a great hardship to the aliens, as the majority of them had no home to go to on their return to their native land. What furniture they once possessed had been sold for a few dollars to help pay the passage across.

The Commissioner expects that rigid enforcement of the immigration laws will increase the number of deportations during the next few months, but that ultimately it will act in a beneficial manner when intending immigrants learn through publicity that unless they can feel confident of passing the inspection they had better remain at home.

It is understood that the rigid enforcement of the immigration laws and putting the screws on this class of aliens was considered the best way to improve the foreign labor supply.

Big Mill for Pawtucket.

Special to The New York Times.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., June 4.—The Lorraine Manufacturing Company, makers of cotton and worsted dress goods, is to build a large addition to its present plant in Pawtucket which is to cost $1,500,000 and give employment to 2,000 additional operatives. The Lorraine Company now employs more than 1,300 hands.

SOROSIS

The Best Shoe.

Women's Low Cut Shoes in the latest fashionable model.

Made of Tan Russia Calf, Dull Kid, Patent Leather, Bronze Kid, White Canvas and Suede.

3.50, 4.00 and 5.00

Men's and Boys' Sorosis Shoes and Oxfords. All leathers.

Men's Sorosis .....4.00 and 5.00
Boys' " .....3.00 " 3.50

Sorosis Shoes for Misses and Children, —well made and constructed on correct Orthopedic lasts.

2.50 to 3.50.

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street *34th Street*

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE
SIEGEL COOPER CO.
6TH AVE. 18TH TO 19TH STS. NEW YORK

Any Suit for $20.

To-day you can take your choice of our finest $30 and $35 suits for men at $20. This is the annual event that so many pursewise men wait for. Not one garment held in reserve.

Here's a brief summary:

$35 Fancy Worsted Suits
$30 Silk-Lined Worsted Suits
$35 Black and Blue Unfinished Worsted Suits
$35 Finest Blue Serge Suits
$35 Black-and-White Striped English Worsted Suits
$30 Silk-Lined Full Dress Coats and Vests
$30 Silk-Lined Tuxedo Coats and Vests
$30 Silk-Lined Prince Albert Frock Coats and Vests

All go at $20.

We will also sell 300 of our $15 and $18 Suits for men and youths at **$10**

Double "S. & H." Green Trading Stamps with Purchases Till 12 o'Clock. Single after that hour. Ask for them.

DISALLOWS RECEIVER'S CLAIM

The Referee's Report on Building Loan Company Receivership Is Confirmed.

Supreme Court Justice Dowling, in a long decision yesterday, confirmed the report of Thomas F. Conway as referee in the fourth accounting of the receiver of the New York Building Loan Company. The period covered is from September, 1906, to September, 1907. The court also confirmed the report on the final accounting from September, 1907, to April 23, 1908, and also the allowances to be made to the receiver and his counsel.

The company became insolvent in September, 1903, and Charles M. Preston was appointed temporary receiver. The confirmation of the referee's report was asked for by Charles W. Dayton, Jr., counsel to the receiver, who succeded his father on the latter's elevation to the bench. The chief feature of the report was that the referee disallowed a claim by the receiver for $59,722, that being 2½ per cent. of the total disbursements of $2,032,801, the percentage allowed by the statute as extra compensation for a receiver's services, should the court see fit to allow it.

Mr. Preston received $12,000 a year, from September, 1903, until April 23, 1908, when he resigned. The referee suggested an extra allowance of $7,500. The report showed that dividends of 22½ per cent. had been paid to depositors.

GOOD PRICES AT CUSTOM SALE

Most of the Seized Dresses Go to Buyers for the Trade.

The second sale of the articles of women's wear seized by the customs officials in a trunk smuggled from the American liner New York took place at the Custom House yesterday. As at the first sale the room was thronged and the bidding spirited. Better prices were obtained than on the first day, and when the last article was auctioned off soon after 2 o'clock $8,777 had been taken in. Most of the articles offered by Charles Shongood, the auctioneer, went to buyers for the trade at comparatively high prices.

There were amusing incidents aplenty, and more than once the sale was stopped until the laughter subsided. "Order, please. Order, ladies," the Marshal had to keep repeating time and again when the conversation became too loud or the chorus of delight swelled as some costly and artistic garment was held up to view.

Some of the gems of the collection and the prices they brought included a Bedford cord suit at $80, a Princess jet trimmed black chiffon suit at $280, a Princess gown, white tucked, and trimmed with costly lace and embroidered, at $160; a Princess of white organdie with lace embroidery, $105; a white lingerie Princess, $140, and many other costly gowns, on which the prices ranged from $300 to $50. The highest price realized was on a Princess gown, black chiffon, embroidered over white, which brought $300.

STOWAWAYS MUST GO BACK

Unless Washington Authorities Relent by 2 o'Clock To-day.

Unless the Secretary of Commerce and Labor sends a message from Washington to Ellis Island, before 2 o'clock this afternoon, the four Russian stowaways now on board the Russian-American liner Russia will be deported to Libau to-day.

Commissioner Williams said yesterday that so far as he was concerned they would remain aboard the ship. Friends tried to obtain the release of two of the men, Konstantin Grueff and Fedor Kasimiroff, by asserting that since their arrival $100 had been paid for their passage to the steamship company's agents in this city. The evidence was conflicting, the Commissioner said, as to whether this was an unconditional payment or whether the money was to be returned in the event of deportation.

In view of this doubt Commissioner Williams decided not to interfere, but to allow Washington to settle the matter.

POLICE JOB GONE FOR GOOD.

The Appellate Division Refuses to Reinstate T. J. O'Neill.

By a vote of 4 to 1 the Appellate Division yesterday refused to reinstate Thomas J. O'Neill, who was dismissed from the police force after trial before Deputy Police Commissioner Hanson for unlawfully arresting two men. O'Neill was attached to the West Thirtieth Street Station, and on Jan. 17, 1907, he arrested Joseph Gaynor and John Collins. At the station he failed to make a charge against them, and they were discharged by the Desk Sergeant.

O'Neill contended that he was not properly represented by counsel at the trial, which was forced on in the absence of his attorney. The prevailing opinion says this was no fault of the Commissioner's.

Justice Scott wrote a dissenting opinion in which he said that O'Neill was deprived of an opportunity to be represented by counsel. He also refers to "instances of extremely injudicial deportment on the part of the Deputy Police Commissioner."

Josef Hofman Fined $25 for Speeding.

MINEOLA, L. I., June 4.—Josef Hofman, the pianist, appeared before Justice Weeks here to-day and paid a fine of $25 for auto speeding. Mr. Hofman was arrested on Decoration Day on the Jericho Turnpike by Motor Cycle Policeman Seaman. He was going thirty-five miles an hour. He told Justice Weeks that he let his car out because his friends poked fun at him for his habitually slow driving.

Philadelphia Merchant's Son a Suicide.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—William Simons, the son of William J. Simons, a wealthy hosiery manufacturer of this city, was found dead to-day with a revolver clinched in his hand. The dead man was 24 years old, and was a sailor on bord the United States battleship Kentucky, now at the Philadelphia Navy Yard.

Japanese Sailors at Seattle Fair.

SEATTLE, Wash., June 4.—This was Japanese Naval Day at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition and many of the men from the cruisers Aso and Soya visited the grounds.

Subject: Arrow.

The primal function of the arrow was a weapon of war—its present—a sign manual of high-class men's clothes.

The primal function of the raincoat was merely to shed showers. Our "Slip-On" model does that and reaches the ultimate of good style.

In shades of tan and gray, loose, roomy, right length, with a turn-down military collar.

WM. VOGEL & SON,
Two Broadway Stores { at Houston Street / at 44th Street

B. Altman & Co.

FURS AND FUR GARMENTS RECEIVED FOR STORAGE DURING THE SUMMER MONTHS,

IMPROVED FACILITIES BEING PROVIDED FOR THEIR PROPER PRESERVATION AND SAFE-KEEPING.

WHEN ARRANGING FOR STORAGE, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT ORDERS BE PLACED FOR CONTEMPLATED REPAIRS AND REMODELING.

34th Street, 35th Street and 5th Avenue, New York.

B. Altman & Co.

A SALE OF BOYS' CLOTHING

AS DESCRIBED BELOW, WILL BE HELD THIS DAY (SATURDAY):

BOYS' WASHABLE RUSSIAN SUITS,
SIZES 2½ TO 7 YEARS . . . AT $2.00
WASHABLE BLOOMERS, SIZES 4 TO 8 YEARS . 60c.
WASHABLE KNICKERBOCKERS, SIZES 8 TO 16 YEARS 90c.

IN ADDITION THERETO, VARIOUS STYLES IN WOOL NORFOLK SUITS, REEFERS AND RUSSIAN SUITS, AND BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S STRAW HATS HAVE BEEN MARKED AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

B. Altman & Co.

SUMMER SHAWLS FOR VERANDA, MOTOR OR TRAVELING USE.

INDIA CHUDDAH, CHINA SILK EMBROIDERED, ALGERIAN AND SHETLAND SHAWLS, SHETLAND KIMONOS.

HIMALAYAN, SCOTCH PLAID AND DOUBLE-FACED CASHMERE SHAWLS.

MOTOR HATS, CAPS, DUST HOODS AND SCARFS.

34th Street, 35th Street and 5th Avenue, New York.

TRANSFERS— Good as 5c. in cash on a $1 purchase, or 10c. on a $2 or greater purchase, will be handed you by our agents on 59th St. at Lex. Ave., Madison Ave., Columbus Circle, or 9th Ave. That makes it the same as though

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
Bloomingdale's
LEX. TO 3rd 59th TO 60th ST.

Extra Special for Saturday

GIRLS' CHAMBRAY DRESSES, dainty jumper styles with fancy border on sleeves and at the bottom of the skirt. Other styles trimmed with piping and buttons. All have pleated gored skirts. Sizes 12, 14 and 16 years, at the extra special Saturday price of..... $4.98

WOMEN'S $4 LOW SHOES, including bronze Oxfords and pumps, suede Oxfords and pumps, Russia calf Oxfords and pumps, patent calf Oxfords and pumps, at the extra special Saturday price of $2.88

BOYS' WASH SUITS, sailor and Russian blouse effects, made of a fine washable material in all colors and designs. Sizes 2½ to 10 years, at the extra special Saturday price of..... $1.88

MEN'S STRAW HATS—this is the best opportunity of the season. Every new style in split, Mackinaw and Sennit straw; all sizes; $2.50 will not buy a better grade anywhere; our extra special Saturday price..... $1.44

MEN'S LEATHER BELTS, black, tan and brown harness leather with black, gilt or nickel buckles. Values range up to $1.00; the extra special Saturday price..... 55c

All Cars Transfer to Bloomingdales', Lex. to 3d Av., 59th to 60th St.

SOCIETY DEFIES RAIN TO ATTEND DOG SHOW

Out in Large Numbers to Witness the Closing Day's Judging at Mineola Fair Grounds.

A TEXAS DOG THE CHAMPION

Sabine Rarebit Carries Off First Honors—Winthrop Rutherfurd's Fox Terrier Warren Remedy Also a Winner.

Despite the rain yesterday attendance at the seventh annual bench show of the Ladies' Kennel Association at the fair grounds, Mineola, L. I., was as large as on the opening day. The rain made it necessary to finish the judging in one of the agricultural buildings, but this did not interfere seriously with the work of the officials.

Local dogs were overwhelmingly defeated in the important classes, the stellar honors going West. The Sabine Kennels of Orange, Texas, made practically a clean sweep. Sabine Rarebit continued his successful career, winning the championship for dogs and beating the pick of the exhibition. In addition to the championship the Sabine Kennels was second in the class for championship bitches and won special prizes for stud dogs, American-bred braces, American-bred teams, breeders' class, and brood bitch class. Winthrop Rutherfurd's old warrior, champion Warren Remedy, proved his right to the title by carrying off the premier award for the best bitch in the show.

Society again set its seal of approval on the show and turned out in large numbers to witness the judging. Among those present were:

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert M. Harriman, Miss Lucille Alger, Miss Katherine Elkins, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Butler Duncan, Mrs. Adolph Ladenburg, Mrs. Farquhar, Mr. and Mrs. John G. Bates, Mr. and Mrs. James Eustis, Miss Catherine Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. George Quintard, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Morgan, Miss Frances Smith Hadden, Mrs. E. S. Clark of Providence, R. I.; Mrs. Joseph Stevens, R. W. Storey, J. R. Thorndyke, Mrs. Sidney Harris, Mrs. Charles Steele, Miss Louise Grace, Murray Bohlen of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden, August Belmont, Jr., A. B. Maclay, S. B. Foster, F. G. McIntosh, Mrs. James A. Renwick, Mrs. Charles B. Curtis, Mrs. Hamilton Fish Webster, James Appleton, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Busch, Miss Janet P. Dana, Miss Vernona Jarbeau, Miss Gertrude de Coppett, Miss Beatrice de Coppett, Robert Maclay, Mrs. George H. Pell, Mrs. Orren Root, Miss Marion Kennedy, Miss M. Bourne, Miss Marie McCalla, Harry T. Peters, J. R. Taylor, Miss A. W. Thayer, Miss L. R. Patton, Mrs. C. Waterman, Mrs. Albert Zabriskie Grey, Mrs. J. Scarle Barclay, Mr. and Mrs. F. Ambrose Clark, the Misses Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. William Sturz, Robert Goelet, Mrs. John Slade, John Wenton, Jr., Mrs. Charles Addison, Miss M. C. Whitney, Mrs. W. R. Winters, Mrs. Edward. Willetts, Mrs. Lindsay Toppin, Miss Claire Bird, Miss E. Hillyer, George D. Kenyon, Mrs. Thomas Buchanan, Rear Admiral Thomas Perry U. S. N., Mrs. M. E. Hardy, Mrs. G. L. Heywood, the Misses Steele, Mrs. E. W. Roy, Mrs. A. R. Conklin, Mrs. Robr. Mrs. E. C. Parsons, Miss Anna Sands, Walter Fox, Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Proctor, Miss Maud Turner, W. Alston Twitty, Mrs. J. R. Taylor, Philip Stevenson, M. L. Schaff, Mrs. Philip Hone, Mrs. A. H. Alker, Mrs. Auguste Vatable, Mrs. C. Halstead Yates, Mrs. M. Thorpe, Miss Helen McLean, Mrs. Richard Harding Davis, T. A. Morgan, Mrs. Milton L'Cluse, Adolph Lewisohn, Harvey C. Craft, Mrs. M. H. Dreicer, Miss Alice M. Bacon, Mrs. Robert Bacon, Miss E. N. Blake, H. W. Drury, J. W. Everett, Miss Kate Faulkner, Mrs. George H. Keyes, Mrs. J. B. Moulton, Mrs. George H. Pell, Mrs. Arnold S. Furst, H. J. Goudeau, George Offerman, Mrs. George Rousse, Mrs. H. Strebeigh, and Miss Aisa Wood.

The class in which the keenest competition took place was for the championships. The Sabine Kennels exhibited a splendid specimen of a fox terrier in Sabine Rarebit, which sustained his reputation. Theodore Offerman's York the Haymaker was not in good shape and somewhat off in color, but good enough to win the second prize.

Winthrop Rutherfurd's old champion Warren Remedy defeated Sabine Ternie, which beat her at the Boston show in the same class, and Mrs. C. M. Hamilton's Dundee Newsgirl, a good headed bulldog.

Mrs. A. Butler Duncan was reserve winner in the Irish terrier class with Pincher III. to the Madison Square Garden champion Thorncroft Sportsman. In the stud dog class the Sabine Kennels held its own with Sabine Ruler, but was hard pressed by champion Orchard Whitefrock, which showed rare quality. Winthrop Rutherfurd's brace of fox terriers were lucky to win in the brace class, as George W. Quintard's pair looked to be the best of the lot, with Newry Kennels brace next. Mr. Quintard also met with hard luck in the open team class, which also went to the Rutherfurd Kennels' entry. The winners of the important classes and championships follow:

Great Danes, Dogs.—Won by Vulcan Kennels' champion Vohl's Vulcan; Mrs. M. B. Yeatman's Falscroft Gomersal, reserve. Bitches—Holdfast Kennels' Holdfast Dora; Fred Hill's Diana's Beauty, reserve.

American Foxhounds, Dogs.—Won by Thomas White's Rush; Thomas White's Hawk, reserve.

Beagles, Dogs.—Won by Windholme Kennels' Windholme's Paleface; Windholme Kennels' Windholme's Governor, reserve. Bitches—Won by A. S. Burden's Bonnylass; Windholme Kennels' Windholme's Dusty, reserve.

Dalmatians, Dogs.—Won by Peter Thomas and Brace's champion Windholme Forever; Rockcliffe Kennels' champion Rockcliffe Dashaway, reserve. Bitches—Won by Rockcliffe Kennels' champion Rockcliffe Duchess; Theodore Crane's Daldale Dena, reserve.

Bulldogs, Dogs.—Won by Killearn Kennels' Croker; Mrs. C. M. Hamilton's champion Lord Chancellor, reserve. Bitches—Won by Mrs. C. M. Hamilton's champion Dundee Newsgirl; Mrs. C. M. Hamilton's Black Maria, reserve.

Airedale Terriers, Dogs.—Won by Theodore Offerman's champion York the Haymaker; F. H. McConnell's Peter Piper, reserve. Bitches—Won by Mrs. W. H. Mulford's Hedgeley Flicker.

Bull Terriers, Dogs.—Won by Alan Northridge's champion Noross Patrician; T. S. Bellin's Lamplighter, reserve. Bitches—Won by Robert Goelet's Glenmere Ivory Queen; James Doherty's Bromford Beauty, reserve.

Fox Terriers, Dogs.—Won by Winthrop Rutherfurd's Warren Distinct; E. H. Ingwersen's Neola Flash, reserve. Bitches—Won by Winthrop Rutherfurd's Warren Blue Bell; Winthrop Rutherfurd's Warren Laurel, reserve.

Wire Haired, Dogs.—Won by George W. Quintard's Endcliffe Corn Cob; Mrs. Warren Rutherfurd's Warren Brittle, reserve. Bitches—Won by George W. Quintard's Ridgeway Print; Mrs. J. L. Frothingham's champion Endcliffe Perfection, reserve.

Welsh Terriers, Dogs.—Won by Franklin B. Lord, Jr.'s, Landore Boy; B. and G. de Coppett's champion Aroon King, reserve. Bitches—Won by Franklin B. Lord, Jr.'s, Rose of Anglesea; B. and G. de Coppett's Windmere Miss, reserve.

Roseneath Terriers.—Dogs and Bitches—Won by George Lauder, Jr.'s, Tighnabruaich Glenallort; Humphreys and Boyer's Cream of the Skies.

Dandie Dinmont Terriers.—Dogs—Won by Killearn Kennels' Giffnock Gorse; Killearn Kennels' Giffnock Gorse, reserve. Bitches—Won by Killearn Kennels' champion Killearn Duchess; Potford Kennels' Potford Ice Maiden, reserve.

Black and Tan Terriers.—Dogs and Bitches—Won by Oceanus Kennels' Oceanus River Boy; Oceanus Kennels' Oceanus Gipsey, reserve.

Pomeranians.—Dogs—Won by Miss M. F. Sturges's Pomfield Offley Sunny Atom; Mrs. Reginald F. Mayhew's Dashing Billy, reserve. Bitches—Won by Mrs. Champion's The Tiny Tad; Mrs. L. H. Green's Victoria Flora, reserve.

English Toy Spaniels.—Dogs—Won by Miss H. G. Parlett's Baltimore Best Girl; Mrs. L. C. Bixby's Nda's Lady, reserve. Bitches—Won by Mrs. Auguste S. Vatable's Champion Mamzelle Fifi; Miss Stewart's Dubarry Dancer, reserve.

Japanese Spaniels.—Dogs—Won by Mrs. R. T. A. Sorg's Champion Kensuki. Bitches—Won by Mrs. R. T. Harrison's Nami Jane, reserve.

Pekinese Spaniels.—Dogs—Won by Mrs. Paul A. Sorg's Champion Tai Fan; Mrs. Alfred Goodson's Chummie of Winkfield, reserve. Bitches—Won by Mrs. Morris Mandy's Ki of Downshire; Mrs. Paul A. Sorg's Broadoak Fatina, reserve.

Pugs.—Dogs and Bitches—Won by J. J. Radell's Lord Lonsdale.

Toy Black and Tan Terriers.—Dogs and Bitches—Won by J. Harrington's Fanny; Mrs. R. T. Harrison's Tiny Boy, reserve.

Variety Classes.—Sporting Dogs and Bitches—Won by George R. Preston's Countess of Ormonde.

Non-Sporting Dogs and Bitches.—Won by Red Brook Kennels' Orchard Jack in the Box.

Terriers.—Dogs and Bitches—Won by Newry Kennels' Newry Kathleen.

Toy Dogs and Bitches.—Won by Miss M. F. Sturges's Pomfield Offley Sunny Atom.

Breeders' Class.—Any Breed—Won by Sabine Kennels' Sabine Reserve.

Sporting Brace.—Won by Miss Elise Ladew's brace.

Non-Sporting Brace.—Won by Mrs. C. M. Hamilton's brace.

Open Team Class.—Won by Winthrop Rutherfurd's team.

Terrier Brace Class.—Won by Winthrop Rutherfurd's brace.

Stud Dog Class.—Won by Sabine Kennels' Sabine Ruler.

Champion Class.—Dogs—Won by Sabine Kennels' Champion Sabine Rarebit; Theodore Offerman's Champion York the Haymaker, second.

Champion Bitches.—Won by Winthrop Rutherfurd's Champion Warren Remedy; Sabine Kennels' Champion Sabine Fernie, second.

Yesterday marked the closing day of the show.

REFUSES TO FREE THAW.

Appellate Division Holds His Detention in Matteawan Is Legal.

Harry K. Thaw, the slayer of Stanford White, has failed again in his efforts to obtain his release from the Matteawan Asylum for the Criminal Insane. The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn yesterday afternoon denied his appeal for a writ of habeas corpus. The court, with Justice William J. Gaynor dissenting, held that his commitment to the asylum was legal.

The minority opinion was that the commitment to Matteawan was illegal, that there should have been a further proceeding under the insanity law, and that "the relator should be discharged unless he be committed in five days under this law." The majority unheld the commitment under Section 454 of the Penal Code. The majority opinion was that the commitment was not final and that it gave the prisoner opportunity to have his sanity inquired into at any time by bringing habeas corpus proceedings. The matter before the court had to do merely with the question of the constitutionality of the commitment. The way is left clear for Thaw to seek release by having the question of his sanity determined.

Justice Jenks, writing the prevailing opinion, said in part:

"When the defense is insanity of the defendant the jury must be instructed if they acquit him on that ground to state the fact with the verdict. The court must thereupon, if the defendant be in custody, and they deem his discharge dangerous to the peace and safety of the public, order him to be committed to the State Lunatic Asylum until he becomes sane. The practical effect is that the Legislature has prescribed that a successful defense of insanity shall not as a matter of course be followed by an absolute discharge of the defendant, but it may be followed by his commitment until he becomes sane."

AUTO HITS GIRL AND MOTHER.

Mrs. Zimmerman and Her Daughter Badly Injured.

An automobile going at high speed knocked down Mrs. Jacob A. Zimmerman, wife of a contractor living at 1 West Seventieth Street, and her daughter, Frances II., last evening, about 5 o'clock, as they were crossing 169th Street, at Broadway and St. Nicholas Avenue. Both were severely hurt.

Mrs. Zimmerman, with her daughter, had been visiting the family of Henry H. Dreyer, a relative, at 601 West 169th Street, and were on their way to the Subway when the accident happened. The automobile was owned by Mrs. Florence M. Pope of 57 West Fifty-seventh Street, whose chauffeur, Joseph Payret, of 3 Pacific Place, Manhattan, was on the way home after having taken her to her Summer home, near Bridgeport, Conn.

Mrs. Zimmerman started across the street ahead of her daughter, not seeing the approaching auto. Her daughter had stepped to the middle of the street, when she saw the automobile ten feet away. Neither Mrs. Zimmerman nor her daughter heard the chauffeur sound a warning. The frightened girl seized her mother's arm and tried to drag her from the path of the automobile, but it was too late.

The automobile struck them both, throwing them to the side of the street. Mrs. Zimmerman was stunned. Her daughter screamed and ex-Coroner Gustav A. Scholer, who was entering the Subway station, heard the cry. With the assistance of others, the ex-Coroner carried Mrs. Zimmerman and her daughter to a cigar store and an ambulance was summoned from the Washington Heights Hospital. It was found that Mrs. Zimmerman had suffered a fractured rib, while her daughter's left arm was cut and her head severely bruised.

The chauffeur of the automobile, who had stopped the machine a block away from the accident, was arrested and locked up at the West 152d Street Police Station. He blamed the slippery street for the accident, saying he was unable to stop.

LEAVES MUCH TO CHARITY.

Ex-Deputy Sheriff Walgering Gives Away $91,000 Estate.

The will of Frank J. Walgering of 235 West Fifty-second Street, a Deputy Sheriff for eighteen years, was filed for probate yesterday. While the value of the estate is not announced, specific bequests of $91,500 are made, of which $81,000 goes to charity.

Mr. Walgering's wife, Regina, and their two daughters, Regina and Angelina, were accidentally asphyxiated in their home four years ago, and he leaves no direct heirs.

The will gives $5,000 each to the Society of St. Vincent de Paul, the Little Sisters of the Poor, the Church of the Assumption, of which he was a Trustee; St. Francis's Hospital, St. Francis's Home, St. Joseph's Hospital for Consumptives, St. Vincent's Hospital, the Presbyterian Hospital, the German Hospital Dispensary, the Isabella Home for the Aged, Redemptionist College at Esopus, N. Y.; the Leo Home for German Emigrants, St. Gabriel's Sanitarium for Convalescents, St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, and St. Catherine's Hospital, Brooklyn. St. Andrew's Church, Ellenville, N. Y., and St. Mark's Chapel, Rahway, N. J., get $500 each.

To his brother, Henry Walgering, and a cousin, Joseph Funke, is left $5,000 each, and to other cousins, Frederick Wilkinson, Teresa Wiener, Frank Funke, and Joseph Messing $1,000 each. A like amount is given to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sievering, Julia Meyerhan, Theodore and Minnie Aubke, Bernardine Marks, and Carola Pauka, a former servant. Mary de Kimp, another servant, gets $500.

BEATTIE BACK IN ASYLUM.

Former Surveyor of the Port Escaped from the State Hospital.

Hans Stevenson Beattie, ex-Surveyor of the Port and Street Cleaning Commissioner, who disappeared on Tuesday from the State Hospital, at King's Park, L. I., where he was an inmate, was found yesterday by his son, George M. Beattie, at the home of friends in this city. Orderlies from the hospital had been searching for him on Long Island.

Beattie had no money when he left the hospital, and the officials did not think he could get far away. His wife, who is Superintendent of the International Sunshine Society's home at Bath Beach, had him sent to the asylum five years ago, after he had been acting queerly. He has improved since being at the asylum, and the keepers have allowed him the freedom of the grounds.

Beattie was one of the organizers of the County Democracy. He was at one time Treasurer of the Metropolitan Traction Company, and was highly regarded by William C. Whitney. He was injured in a trolley accident at Mount Vernon in 1903, and his injury affected his mind.

E. D. Shepard & Co. Failure Decision.

Judge Holt handed down a decision yesterday in the matter of E. D. Shepard & Co., bankers and brokers, 31 Nassau Street, on an application made by Thomas A. Healey and Henry J. Steinberger, intervening creditors, to strike out the answer of Messrs. Shepard and Ensign, the two partners, as frivolous and a sham, and for an adjudication in bankruptcy. Judge Holt said: "I do not think the answer so frivolous that an adjudication can be ordered upon it. An adjudication against Shepard individually may be entered upon his stipulation if desired."

Grape-Nuts
FOR THOSE WHO LIVE BY BRAIN WORK

Looking for Competent Help?—See Page 15.

DARRAGH TO PRISON FOR 7 TO 20 YEARS

"You Bore a Message of Death for Those in Your Path," Declares Judge to Chauffeur.

WARNS OTHER SPEEDERS

Next One Charged with Killing, Says Mulqueen, May Pay the Penalty with His Life.

William Darragh, the chauffeur who was found guilty last week of manslaughter in the first degree for running down and killing 13-year-old Ingevaard Trimble, in Morningside Avenue, near 118th Street, on March 27, was sentenced yesterday by Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions to serve not less than seven years nor more than twenty years in Sing Sing. He was the first automobilist to be indicted for murder in the first degree for reckless driving, which resulted in the death of an individual.

Darragh was employed by Charles E. Force, the broker, several days before the accident. According to his testimony he was driving the car at a moderate rate of speed up Morningside Avenue when the Trimble boy, who was playing with a number of companions, ran directly in his course. Darragh said he made every effort to avoid striking the boy, even to running up on the sidewalk, but was unable to do so, as the child was so absorbed in his game that he paid no heed to the approaching machine.

Assistant District Attorney Smyth, who conducted the prosecution, said that the evidence of all the witnesses showed that the car was going at a high rate of speed, and that it was clear that if the car had been brought to a stop as soon as possible, the boy, whose body was wedged between the lamp and mudguard, might have been saved.

When the prisoner was arraigned yesterday Judge Mulqueen remarked that the public interest aroused by the case and the fact that Darragh was the first to suffer severe punishment for an accidental killing of a person through reckless speeding would justify his explaining the principles that guided him in imposing sentence. Continuing he said:

"When you took your seat in that car you were free to drive carefully or recklessly. You chose to go at a most reckless pace. And you know that you bore a message of death for the unfortunate in youth path. You cared more for your own pleasure than for the life of any other person. You had the power to choose and you elected to do that which destroyed an innocent life and brought the deepest sorrow to a happy home. It has been said that you have been convicted for the crimes of others, and that the popular clamor produced this verdict. Nothing is further from the truth.

"If any motive swayed the jury, other than a sense of duty, it was not a desire for revenge, but rather a spirit of mercy. Indeed, I am convinced that if you had been a rich man, or a dissolute man, the verdict would have been murder."

Judge Mulqueen told Darragh that warnings against reckless driving had been numerous and frequent and that his sentence ought to drive the lesson home to all. He expressed the belief that the next man arraigned on a similar charge might pay the penalty with his life.

Darragh was calm throughout the trial and continued so yesterday when sentence was imposed.

COURT CRITICISES MULQUEEN.

"Harsh and Oppressive," Says Appellate Division, at Prisoner's Trial.

Judge Mulqueen of General Sessions was severely criticised by the Appellate Division in a decision handed down yesterday. The court orders a new trial in the case of Albert Mayer, 61 years old, who was sentenced last October by the Judge to not less than sixteen years nor more than twenty years in Sing Sing, after conviction for an attack on 14-year-old Charles Hausmans.

Mayer is a German, who said he had been educated as a pharmacist and physician. He is also well known as a chess player. At the trial he denied the charge.

The decision, written by Justice Ingraham, holds it to be the unanimous opinion of the Appellate Division that the defendant was not permitted fairly to present his case to the jury, and that an "atmosphere was created by the comments of the Judge during the trial upon the conduct of the defendant's counsel and the evidence in the case, as well as by the court's statement of the evidence to the jury, which makes it our duty to set aside the verdict and direct a new trial."

The decision goes on to say: "In submitting the case to the jury I think the court was unfair to the defendant in the comments upon the defendant's testimony." The jury trying the case had been out for some time, and returned, saying that it was impossible for them to agree. Judge Mulqueen, addressing them, said in part: "There is no reason within my view, except through sympathy or an improper motive of some kind, irrespective of the evidence, why the jurors cannot agree." Justice Ingraham says this was "an extreme statement to make to the jury."

Judge Mulqueen's name did not appear in the decision, he being referred to as the "trial Judge."

John D. Crimmins Loses Mortgage Suit

John D. Crimmins, who sued the Carlyle Realty Company to recover $1,179 as interest on a mortgage in a $480,000 land deal, lost his suit yesterday when the Appellate Division decided that he had no grounds on which to base an action. The realty company, in the lower court, asked for judgment on the pleadings, which was denied. It appealed, and the judgment was reversed.

PATRICK'S PLEA DENIED.

Court Decides That He Is Legally in Sing Sing—He'll Fight On.

The latest of the many attempts of Albert T. Patrick, the lawyer who is in Sing Sing for the murder of William Marsh Rice, to regain his freedom through the courts has failed, the Appellate Division in Brooklyn deciding unanimously yesterday that the judgment of death pronounced upon Patrick and the subsequent commutation of the sentence to life imprisonment were both legal. The charge that there was a conspiracy against Patrick is dismissed.

This is Patrick's twenty-third defeat. He began the action in March last by habeas corpus proceedings. He was brought down from Sing Sing and made his own plea. One of his contentions was that Gov. Higgins had acted illegally in commuting the death penalty to life imprisonment.

Patrick argued that to him life imprisonment was a harsher punishment than death in the chair. He demanded that he be given his freedom or that the death sentence be carried out.

Justice Almet F. Jenks, writing the opinion for the court, says in part:

I have no doubt that the Governor had the power of commutation in this case. I find no force in the contention that there cannot be a commutation of the punishment of death to that of life imprisonment, because commutation implies a less punishment, but life imprisoament is a greater punishment than death. The degree of a punishment is not determined by the individual preference of a convict. It is the common judgment of man that to deprive the criminal of his life is the greatest punishment known to modern times.

The relator argued that he had never accepted the commutation; but he concedes in his printed points that commutation does not require his acceptance. Such I think is the law.

Following the decision William L. McDonald, Patrick's counsel, said:

"We shall promptly take all the legal steps to bring Patrick's case into the higher courts. We have not an appeal by right from the Appellate Division, but that court can grant us an appeal if so disposed. If this is not done, we will get a writ of error, and carry the case to the United States Supreme Court."

SPENT $13,710 AT ALBANY.

Interborough Rapid Transit Company's Expenses in Opposing Legislation.

ALBANY, June 4.—The Interborough Rapid Transit Railroad Company of New York filed a statement with the Secretary of State to-day showing it spent $6,855 for opposing legislation at the last session of the Legislature. Breed, Abbott & Morgan of New York received $5,646 for professional services and $1,103 for expenses. Alfred A. Gardner received $106.22 for professional sevices.

The Lehigh Valley Railroad Company certified it paid Frank Platt and John B. Stanchfield each $1,000 for professional services for opposing legislation.

The Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, through John P. Ogden, its legislative agent, certified it spent $418.80 during the session of the last Legislature.

Albert Friedlander's Funeral.

Temple Emanu-El was thronged at the funeral services of Albert Friedlander yesterday morning. Dr. J. L. Magnes, in his eulogy, spoke of the work of Mr. Friedlander as a Director of the Educational Alliance and of his many other activities in behalf of the poor. The pall bearers were Isidor Straus, Frederick Spiegelberg, W. L. Spiegelberg, Sol. Wallerstein, W. S. Spiegelberg, Abraham Marks, Daniel Richter, Louis Wiley, Charles S. Spiegelberg, Edmund E. Wise, and Dr. Henry Herman.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Capt. C. W. Castle, Paymaster, upon his arrival at San Francisco, will proceed to St. Paul for duty.

Major W. C. Wren, Twelfth Infantry, is detailed to enter the next class at the Army War College.

Capt. E. J. Wallace, Coast Artillery, to Fort Totten for temporary duty during the period of the proposed militia encampment.

First Lieut. W. R. Standiford, Signal Corps, to Fort Leavenworth for temporary duty.

Capt. E. J. Williams, Fifth Infantry, is detailed to duty at the encampment of the District of Columbia National Guard, Aug. 12-27.

Major W. N. Bispham, Medical Corps, upon arrival at San Francisco, will proceed to Fort Leavenworth for duty.

First Lieut. F. J. Conzelmann, Medical Reserve Corps, to Fort Caswell for duty.

First Lieut. S. B. McPheeters, Medical Reserve Corps, is honorably discharged from the service.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Colorado, at Seattle; Chester, at Dakar; Prairie, at Boston.

Sailed—Paducah, from Porto Cortez for Celba; Lebanon, from Norfolk for Iona Island; Dolphin, from Washington for Annapolis; Sampar, from Hongkong for Canton; Nanshan, from Hongkong for Shanghai.

POLITICAL DRAMA FOR NEXT CAMPAIGN

It May Be an Anti-Tammany Play with the Tax Rate Spoiling the Heroine's Bliss.

PARTY BOSS THE VILLAIN

Hero Will Be Dispossessed at the Yuletide Without Any Turkey from the District Leader.

If certain plans which will be placed before the Committee of One Hundred by a man who is certain to have a place in it are looked upon with favor by his fellow-members, New York will see this Fall a campaign drama free of money and free of price. The plan is looked upon by some men who have been prominent in the preliminary conferences leading to the formation of the Committee of One Hundred as only a natural development in the evolution of campaign methods.

The Hearst Gubernatorial campaign developed the "canned" speech and moving picture as adjuncts in political propaganda. The "canned" speech was tried even on Tammany Hall, and the organization survived. The Independence League leader did not consider it compatible with his attitude toward Tammany Hall to attend its ratification meeting in person, even though he was its candidate for Governor, so he sent a graphophone into which he had spoken some of his thoughts in his stead. There are some Tammany leaders to-day who declare that Mr. Hearst himself could not possibly have made more of a hit in Tammany than did his inanimate substitute.

During the preliminary confabs of the men who now are at work selecting men for places on the Committee of One Hundred the difficulty in getting the general run of voters stirred up over the increase in the tax rate, which of necessity will be one of the leading issues in the next municipal campaign led to the suggestion of the campaign drama. Thus, it was suggested, the political boss could be shown at his worst, and the rise in the tax rate be made a blight to the bliss of lovers whom the whole world must love, if the proverb holds true.

If the suggestions are acted upon, a playwright of some prominence will be engaged to write the campaign play, and arrangements will be made with a competent manager to stage it with a good company. The plan is to have it run at some theatre in each borough as long as it makes a hit and to distribute tickets free to registered voters, just a sufficient number each night to fill the house, first come first served. It has been calculated that it would cost some $35,000 to carry the project into effect.

Some of the men now engaged in the anti-Tammany movement feel that in view of the success of some purely political plays with a love story woven in, and in view of the stir caused by the presentation in England of "An Englishman's Home," the time has come for using the drama here as a vehicle of political education.

There may be one play, or several, but the idea is to have the tax rate the central theme in the principal campaign drama. The hero has prepared a home for the heroine in some New York suburb, the rising tax rate makes it impossible for him to pay the interest on the mortgage, in which it is shown that the political boss is interested. It is foreclosed, and they are driven from their home.

In order that it has been suggested, may be the germ for a plot. Recently, when some members of the Committee of Nineteen had the plan under discussion it was suggested that as an illustration of present-day political methods the hero and heroine should be dispossessed on Christmas Day, and just as they are about to leave their home a Christmas turkey should arrive with "the compliments of the boss."

"No, that won't do at all," said one of the men at the conference who knows a thing or two about politics. "You will send 75 per cent. of the audience away cheering the boss for sending the turkey and the remaining 25 per cent. will forget that he has been instrumental in having the pair dispossessed."

VOGEL BROTHERS, 42d St. at 8th Ave.

Serge Suits Spell Summer Comfort

SERGE is King of Summer fabrics—its texture, light weight and delightfully cool appearance all make for comfort. But no suit is more apt to go astray than a serge—for it is the most difficult fabric to tailor properly.

Considering this, 'tis no wonder that our $15 Blue Serge Suits are conceded to be the best value at this price. Honest tailoring, pure wool and fast color fabric, give them long life. The styling is most advanced—correct to a T.

VOGEL BROTHERS
42 St. at 8 Ave.

$13.50 for Summer Suits That Are Best $18 and $20 Values

Included are pure worsted suits, high grade velour suits and B. B. Special Blue Serge suits of a serge known as one of the very best domestic serges woven.

The range of colorings and designs in the fancy suits is surely diverse enough to suit all tastes.

Black shades in 3-stripe effects and silk mixtures.
Blue shades in 4-stripe effects and plain weaves.
Stone shades in 6-stripe effects and plain weaves.
Smoke shades in 2-stripe effects and silk mixtures.
Olive shades in 3-stripe effects and shadow effects.
Green shades in 3-stripe effects and silk mixtures.
Tan shades in 2-stripe effects and plain weaves.
Gray shades in single, double and triple pencil stripes.
Tan shades in distinct contrasting and shadow stripes.
Olive tan in shadow and contrasting stripes.
Smoke olive in shadow and contrasting stripes.
Deep blue fast color B. B. Special Serges.

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UNION SQUARE, 14th St., n. B'way. OPEN TO-NIGHT UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK.
125th STREET, cor. 3d Avenue. OPEN TO-NIGHT UNTIL 11 O'CLOCK.
47 CORTLANDT, n. Greenwich. OPEN TO-NIGHT UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK.

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Outing Shoes
White or Tan Rubber Soles
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BEHR AND SMITH IN FINAL GOLF MATCH

Two Morris County Members Will Decide New Jersey Championship To-day.

GOOD GOLF ON WET LINKS

Many Close Games in Match Play Rounds on Montclair Club Course—Barnes Loses on Odd Hole.

The golf championship of New Jersey for the coming year lies between Max Behr and M. K. Smith, both members of the Morris County Golf Club. The final round at 36 holes will be decided to-day on the links of the Montclair Club, where two rounds at match play for the various trophies were concluded yesterday in as wretched a golfing day as tournament contestants are ever called upon to compete for honors and silver trophies. A heavy, dense fog hung over the course in the afternoon, and every player was thoroughly drenched long before the afternoon round was concluded. The miserable weather caused several to default their matches in the morning.

E. M. Barnes, one of Englewood's best golfers, forced Behr to play a nineteen-hole game in the morning to win. Behr led by two holes at the turn, but Barnes played a strong game coming in, and tied the match on the seventeenth green, winning three holes in succession. As the rivals passed the clubhouse to the first tee a small gallery braved the rain to watch the play to the green. Barnes drove into the rough, while Behr holed out easily in 4 to 5.

In the afternoon Behr had O'Connor, the medal-play winner of the first day, as his opponent, and another hot match was the result. O'Connor held the lead for the greater part of the first nine holes, finishing one up at the turn. Behr got his first lead at the thirteenth hole, but O'Connor persistently tied the game until the home hole, being halved in 3, Behr won his place toward the championship by the narrow margin of one up.

For the second cup the finalists are G. B. Martin of Yountakah, and T. T. Reid of the home club. The match play results in the chief cup events were:

Championship.—Second Round—M. K. Smith, Morris County, beat Oscar Woodward, Montclair, 4 up and 3 play; Paul Harrison, Montclair, beat C. B. Storrs, Essex County, by default; Max Behr, Morris County, beat E. M. Barnes, Englewood, 1 up, (19 holes;) Charles W. O'Connor, Essex County, beat A. H. Lockett, Englewood, 2 up and 1 to play.

Semi-Final Round—Smith beat Harrison, 5 up and 4 to play; Behr beat O'Connor, 1 up.

Second Cup.—Second Round—G. B. Martin, Yountakah, beat Oswald Kirkby, Englewood, 2 up and 1 to play; H. G. Giles, Yountakah, beat H. Alsopp, Forest Hill, 2 up and 1 to play; T. T. Reid, Montclair, beat C. S. Van Vleck, Montclair, 5 up and 4 to play; F. R. Upton, Jr., Baltusrol, beat C. F. Watson, Essex County, 2 up and 1 to play.

Semi-Final Round—Martin beat Giles, 2 up; Reid beat Upton, 1 up.

Third Cup.—Second Round—J. F. Taylor, Essex County, beat Hayden Dudley, Montclair, 1 up, (20 holes;) Eads Johnson, Montclair, beat Fred Snare, Englewood, 7 up and 6 to play; J. K. Adams, Essex County, beat A. F. Stone, Montclair, 4 up and 3 to play; C. H. Tuke, Montclair, beat J. S. Woodward, Baltusrol, 1 up, (19 holes;)

Semi-Final Round—Taylor beat Johnson, 3 up and 2 to play; Adams beat Tuke, 2 up and 1 to play.

Beaten Eight Cup, Championship Set.—First Round—A. Morrell, Hackensack, beat W. B. Brenner, Montclair, 1 up, (22 holes;) C. B. Brown, Montclair, beat F. A. Marsellus, Yountakah, 1 up, (19 holes;) Dr. L. W. Colton, Englewood, beat H. O. Christ, Forest Hill, 4 up and 3 to play; F. M. Olyphant, Englewood, beat F. A. Wright, Canoe Brook, 5 up and 4 to play.

Semi-Final Round—Olyphant beat Morrell, 3 up and 2 to play; Colton beat Brown, 5 up and 4 to play.

Beaten Eight, Second Set.—First Round—Jason Rogers, Montclair, beat James A. Tyng by default; C. S. Kellogg, Englewood, beat George Ryall, Jr., Yountakah, 3 up and 2 to play; A. Wright, Upper Montclair, beat W. Watson, Baltusrol, 5 up and 4 to play; D. W. Granberry, Baltusrol, beat J. J. Radel, Forest Hill, 2 up and 1 to play.

Semi-Final Round—Kellogg beat Rogers, 5 up and 3 to play; Granberry beat Wright, 1 up.

Dartmouth's New Track Captain.

HANOVER, N. H., June 4.—Earl Russell Palmer, '10, of Paducah, Ky., to-day was elected Captain of the Dartmouth track team for next year. He holds both the Dartmouth and the New England intercollegiate records in the high jump.

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BASEBALL SUMMARY.

SCORES OF YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit	5	Other games post-	
Boston	0	poned—Rain.	

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

All games postponed on account of rain.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Toronto	3	Buffalo	1
Rochester	0	Montreal	0

Other games postponed—Rain.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Indianapolis	4	Minneapolis	6
Kansas City	1	Louisville	4
Columbus	4	Milwaukee vs. To-	
St. Paul	2	ledo—Rain.	

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.	1908.
Detroit	27	13	.672	.512
Philadelphia	23	16	.590	.537
New York	21	15	.583	.513
Boston	21	19	.525	.432
St. Louis	17	21	.448	.524
Cleveland	16	22	.427	.548
Chicago	16	22	.427	.487
Washington	12	25	.324	.450

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.	1908.
Pittsburg	27	12	.693	.553
Chicago	26	16	.619	.605
New York	18	17	.518	.513
Philadelphia	17	18	.486	.514
Cincinnati	20	21	.488	.553
Brooklyn	16	20	.444	.385
St. Louis	17	23	.425	.409
Boston	12	23	.315	.487

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	21	10	.677	Newark	15	16	.484
Toronto	20	13	.617	Baltimore	14	19	.424
Montreal	16	16	.500	Jersey City	13	19	.407
Buffalo	17	18	.486	Providence	12	17	.414

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Milwaukee	29	17	.630	Columbus	24	24	.500
Louisville	25	23	.521	Toledo	21	25	.457
Minneapolis	24	21	.533	Kansas City	18	26	.409
Indianapolis	26	23	.531	St. Paul	17	25	.405

GAMES FOR TO-DAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis at New York—3:30 P. M.
Cleveland at Washington.
Chicago at Philadelphia.
Detroit at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Boston at Pittsburg.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Newark.
Providence at Baltimore—Two games.
Toronto at Montreal—Two games.
Buffalo at Rochester—Two games.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Minneapolis at Indianapolis.
St. Paul at Toledo.
Kansas City at Louisville.
Milwaukee at Columbus.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Mullin's Tenth Straight Victory.

BOSTON, June 4.—Detroit won from Boston to-day (5 to 0) by bunching hits and taking advantage of the locals' misplays. Mullin pitched an excellent game, and scored his tenth straight victory of the season. Schaefer and Wagner were forced out of the game by being slightly injured, and Lord was spiked, but not badly. Score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
McIn't're,lf.	4	1	1	0	0	Niles,2b,ss.	4	0	1	2	5
Bush, ss.	5	0	1	2	2	Lord, 3b.	4	0	1	2	3
Crawf'd,cf.	4	0	2	2	0	Speaker,cf.	4	0	0	2	1
Cobb, rf.	3	1	0	0	0	Hooper, lf.	4	0	1	2	1
Moriarty, 3b.	3	1	1	2	2	Stahl, 1b.	4	0	1	11	0
O'Leary,3b.	2	1	0	2	2	Wolter, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
Sch'fer, 2b.	0	0	0	0	0	Wagner, ss.	2	0	2	2	0
Killifer, 2b.	4	0	1	2	4	French, 2b.	2	0	1	0	1
Schmidt,c.	4	1	2	7	1	Donahue, c.	3	0	0	4	3
Mullin, p.	3	0	1	0	5	Morgan, p.	1	0	0	0	0
						*Thoney	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	5	9	27	16	Burchell, p.	1	0	0	0	2
						Total	34	0	9	27	17

*Batted for Morgan in the fourth inning.

Errors—Bush, O'Leary, Niles, Stahl, Wagner, Burchell.

Detroit	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	—5
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Wagner, Crawford, Niles, Bush. Home run—Schmidt. Hits—Off Morgan, 1 in four innings; off Burchell, 8 in five innings. Sacrifice hits—Donahue, O'Leary. Stolen bases—Lord, Stahl, (2,) Moriarty. Double plays—Niles, Stahl and Donahue; Mullin, Killifer, and Moriarty. Left on bases—Detroit, 6; Boston, 8. First base on balls—Off Morgan, 4. First base on errors—Boston, 1; Detroit 3. Hit by pitcher—By Morgan, 1. Struck out—By Morgan, 1; by Mullin, 7; by Burchell, 1. Wild pitches—Morgan, (2.) Mullin. Time of game—Two hours and eleven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Kerin.

New England League.

Fall River, 8; Worcester, 2.
Haverhill, 4; Brockton, 2.
New Bedford, 8; Lawrence, 4.
Lynn, 9; Lowell, 0.

Connecticut League.

Springfield, 4; Hartford, 3.
Northampton, 8; New Haven, 4.
Holyoke, 13; New Britain, 3.

Tri-State League.

Harrisburg, 7; York, 1.
Other games postponed—Rain.

New York State League.

All games postponed—Rain.

Southern League.

Nashville, 3; New Orleans, 2.
Nashville, 5; New Orleans, 0.
Little Rock, 1; Montgomery, 0.
Birmingham, 3; Mobile, 2.
Mobile, 10; Birmingham, 1.
Atlanta, 4; Memphis, 3.
Atlanta, 8; Memphis, 4.

COLLEGE BASEBALL.

Columbia Trounces Wesleyan.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., June 4.—Columbia won from Wesleyan this afternoon in this city in easy fashion, 6 to 1. Connolly was a little off in his pitching in the first inning and the first four men up for Columbia connected safely with his delivery, and as a result scored four runs. He steadied down after that until the ninth inning, when Columbia scored two more runs. Wright scored the locals' only run in the eighth, when Fouking let his line drive go past him. O'Neale was Columbia's star at the bat, getting three hits and two runs. Wright excelled for Wesleyan. Both teams fielded loosely. The score:

COLUMBIA.	R	H	PO	A	E	WESLEYAN.	R	H	PO	A	E
Schmidt,cf.	1	1	4	0	0	Altman, lf.	0	0	1	0	0
O'Con'l, 3b.	1	2	0	3	1	Wright, ss.	1	3	3	4	0
Fouking,lf.	1	2	0	1	2	Beaton, 3b.	0	0	1	1	2
M'b'g'r, 1b.	0	0	10	0	0	Arinan, c.	0	1	8	3	1
Lommell,c.	0	1	9	0	1	Baker, 1b.	0	0	12	0	2
Benslow,2b.	0	0	1	5	0	Connolly, p.	0	0	0	4	0
Osterh't,rf.	1	1	1	0	0	Wilcox, 2b.	0	1	1	1	0
O'Neale, p.	2	3	0	1	0	Scofield, rf.	0	0	1	0	0
Saund's, ss.	0	1	1	1	3	Mayn'd, cf.	0	0	0	0	0
Lee, cf.	0	0	1	0	0						
Total	6	11	27	11	7	Total	1	4	27	13	5

Columbia	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—6
Wesleyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Three-base hit—Marrinan. Sacrifice hits—Fouking, O'Neale. Stolen bases—Lee, (2,) Saunders, Wright, (2.) Struck out—By O'Neale, 8; by Connolly, 7. Double play—Marrinan and Wright. Hit by pitched ball—Osterhout. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Lawton.

Boston College, 6; Manhattan, 5.

BOSTON, June 4.—By a batting rally in the sixth inning Boston College scored enough runs to win from Manhattan College here to-day. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	0 0 1 0 0 5 0 0 —6	7	7
Manhattan	2 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0—5	4	3

Batteries—Lavin, Maloney, and Crisa; Archer and Connolly.

At Worcester—Holy Cross, 3; Massachusetts Agricultural College, 0.

Four Maine Colleges in Baseball Tie.

BRUNSWICK, Me., June 4.—The four Maine colleges, among whom athletic competition is very keen, by a victory won by Bowdoin from Bates to-day tied for the State intercollegiate baseball championship. Each college has won three games and lost three. As commencements already have begun, the tie will not be played off.

Buffalo Gets New Outfielder.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 4.—Orth Collins, centrefielder of the Terre Haute Club, was sold to-day to the Buffalo Club.

BASEBALL, To-day, 3:30 P. M.—American League Park, N. Y. American vs. St. Louis.—Adv.

FIVE YACHTS READY FOR BERMUDA RACE

First Long-Distance Event of the Season Starts To-day from Atlantic Yacht Club.

OCEAN RUN OF 670 MILES

Power Boat Race to the Same Place Will Start in the Afternoon with Four Competitors.

Five yachts were in shipshape condition last night in Gravesend Bay, all ready for the first long-distance ocean race of the season, which will start this morning at 10 o'clock from the Atlantic Yacht Club, off Sea Gate. The destination will be Bermuda, and the skippers have a run of 670 miles before them.

This will be the fourth year that a yacht race to Bermuda has been held by Atlantic Coast yachtsmen. Last year the event started from Marblehead with six boats getting under way, Commodore Bliss's schooner Venona winning.

This year the race is held under the joint auspices of the Atlantic Yacht Club and the Royal Bermuda Yacht Club, and besides the chief trophy several other cups have been offered. It had been expected that the 98-foot schooner Iroquois would start, as her entry had been received, but the boat has not been in sight and no news has reached the committee regarding her. The five boats, therefore, that are ready to start, with their lengths and time allowances, are:

Racing No.	Yacht.	Length Over All, feet.	Allowance, H-M-S.
1	Amorita, schooner	99	Allows
3	Crusader II., schooner	97	1:30
4	Margaret, schooner	93	4:30
5	Marchioness, sloop	67	24:00
6	Restless, schooner	38	45:45

A number of prominent yachtsmen who are lovers of deep-sea voyages will be on board the various boats. One of the conditions stipulates that the person in direct charge of the navigation of the yacht must be an amateur, but otherwise there is no restriction regarding the crew. Capt. Charley Barr, the successful skipper of many a cup defender, will sail Edwin Palmer's Crusader II. George S. Runk will navigate his boat the Margaret, and Dr. Leedom Sharp will be in charge of his schooner, the Restless, the smallest boat in the race, while Capt. John Wilson will be skipper, the Restless receiving the greatest time allowance, over 45 hours. Dr. William L. Baum of Chicago will carry a party of amateurs on his Amorita, including Frank Bowne Jones of the Indian Harbor Yacht Club and H. C. McLeod of Toronto, who will be the navigator. The Philadelphia yacht Marchioness, owned by J. P. Crozier, took part in the race last year, and she will be navigated by the Philadelphia yachtsman and artist Warren Shepard. In 1907, when the Bermuda race started from Gravesend Bay, the Boston schooner Corvish won, her time being 3 days 19 hours 20 minutes. The Venona covered the distance last year from Marblehead to Bermuda in 4 days 3 hours 32 minutes.

The Bermuda motor boat race under the auspices of the Motor Boat Club of America will start at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, and the big windjammers will be well on their way when the power craft start after them. Four boats are ready for this race, J. G. N. Whitaker's Ilys, from Philadelphia; the Nereides II., owned by F. C. Rogers of Camden, N. J.; the Heather, owned by Theodore W. Brigham, and the Insep, owned by Richmond Levering. They are all new boats, but have been carefully prepared for the long run.

YACHTING AT NEWPORT.

W. G. Roelker, Jr., Starts Effort to Bring Out Thirty-Footers for Racing.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 4.—For three seasons the Newport fleet of thirty-footers has been resting in the Newport shipyard. To-night William G. Roelker, Jr., appealed to the owners to bring the boats out this Summer and resume the sport, in which a number of the women of the Summer colony have taken active part, including Mrs. Royal Phelps Carroll, Mrs. Elsie French Vanderbilt, who owns the Caprice, and Mrs. John R. Drexel, whose husband owns the Raccoon.

Col. C. L. F. Robinson is ready to bring out the Wawa, owned by Reginald Brooks. Pemboroke Jones, owner of the Carolina, the largest winner of the fleet, and the Breeze, owned by Mr. Roelker, will be brought out if the others are put in commission. Mrs. Vanderbilt will be home from Europe in July, and may order her boat to be fitted out. H. Havemeyer, Jr., is soon to arrive, and his Esperanza would be a welcome addition to the fleet.

There are at the Newport shipyard Vaquera III., owned by Payne Whitney; Barbara, owned by Winthrop Rutherfurd; Puck, belonging to E. T. Morgan; and Elenor, owned by Joseph E. Widener. As matters stand now, there will be a concerted attempt to revive thirty-foot racing in Newport waters this season.

NEW YORK SHOW HORSES WIN

Harriman Takes Two Blues—Sorg Four-in-Hand Victorious.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—E. T. Stotesbury, who is abroad with many of his best horses, won the event for trotters at the Philadelphia Horse Show to-day with his bay mare Nettie Freeman. R. P. McGrann of Lancaster, Penn., won the hackney event with Gentleman John. McGann won the blue in three other events, Tinker Belle scoring in another hackney event; Tinker Belle and Peter Pan winning the tandem class, and Dilham Prime Minister winning the prize for the best hackney stallion accompanied by three of his get. J. W. Harriman won two more blues with Lady Dilham and Nala, the latter winning the Bellevue-Stratford Challenge Cup.

Warren Downs, aged 10 years, and his sister, Sarah Atlee Downs, aged 7, were the star performers on their ponies, Chloe and Sweetheart. The boy won the blue, and his sister received the red. Julian Morris's entry, Rock Crest, won the thoroughbred hunter competition. John G. Fell's Highbridge received the blue in the class for horses suitable to become hunters. G. R. Cook of Trenton won the blue for the best-appointed turn-out and pair of roadsters. England's Pride, shown by Mrs. Harry F. Bowen of New York City, won two blues with his saddle horses Irish Rose and David Gray.

P. A. Sorg of New York City won the four-in-hand and the novice pair classes. George Watson was the only exhibitor in the dealers' class. He had five entries, and won the blue with Snapshot and Rifle. William Simpson of Cuba, N. Y., won a blue with his pony Vanity, and the Waddington Farm entry, Waddington Goldfinder, was unopposed in the class for hackney stallions under 15 hands 1 inch.

Olympic Athlete to Lead Cornell.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 4.—Eddie Cook of Ohio has been elected Captain of the Cornell University track team to succeed C. M. French, who graduates from the university this June. Cook's election was not opposed. It disposes of the report current in Boston at the time of the intercollegiate games that he intended to leave college this year. Since he came to Cornell he has been successful in the pole vault and broad jump, having twice won first place in the broad jump in the Olympic games. He also tied with Gilbert of Yale for first place in the pole vault at the Olympic games, clearing 12 feet 2 inches. He is a junior in the College of Civil Engineering.

Little to Captain Harvard Athletes.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 4.—The Captain of the Harvard track team for next year will be Clarence C. Little, '10, of Brookline, who was elected to-day. He prepared for Harvard at Noble and Greenough's School. This year he won the shot put in the dual meet with Yale and in the intercollegiate games, and won second place in the broad jump in the meet with Yale.

Woman Beats Men at Trap Shooting.

CHICAGO, June 4.—Mrs. Ad. Topperwein, a woman trap shooter, was a member of the squad which shot at the Chicago Gun Club yesterday, and easily beat the male members of the organization. Shooting from the nineteen-yard mark, she broke 48 out of 50 clay pigeons. Shooting from the sixteen-yard mark, she broke 50 straight, a total of 98 out of 100 she fired at.

If it's a desirable Furnished Room you're looking for, see Page 13.

YOUNG CORBETT DEFEATED.

Sammy Smith Outpoints Former Champion at Fairmont A. C.

Sammy Smith, after an absence of two years from the prize ring, made an auspicious return last night at the Fairmont Athletic Club, when he defeated Young Corbett in a ten-round bout. The former champion fought a disappointing fight and failed to show his usual cleverness and aggressiveness.

The former Philadelphian, on the other hand, was seen at his best. He kept well within himself throughout the bout. He used a left jab effectively and got home several hard jolts on the jaw. Young Corbett's most effective punch was about the kidneys, but they did not appear to affect his opponent to any extent.

The former champion made his best fight in the early round, but lack of condition told, and he tired perceptibly as the contest progressed. His blows lacked force, and many of them were ill-timed and wild. The oxygen tank was in Corbett's corner, but was not brought into use.

Corbett started operations with a couple of short jolts, but Smith met the rushes with straight lefts which brought blood from Corbett's mouth. The former Quaker used his left jabs effectively in the second round and appeared to better advantage. Corbett caught Smith unawares in the third round and staggered him, but slowed up after Sammy had got home several times.

The fourth round was all Smith's. He staggered the former champion with right smashes in the face and sent Corbett to his corner badly winded. The fifth round was somewhat tame, as each man seemingly holding himself in. Corbett's fighting then was disappointing.

Straight left jabs sent Corbett's head back in the sixth round, while Corbett was wild. Little damage was done in the seventh, Corbett missing several vicious swings, while Smith kept up his jabbing. Corbett made a better showing in the eighth and landed several stiff punches on Smith's jaw, while the latter opened up a big gash over Corbett's right eye with a left swing. Smith recovered his lost ground in the ninth and smashed the former champion all over the ring. The latter was tired when he went to his corner.

Smith uppercut Corbett in the last round, while Corbett was wild with his swings. It was a fast rally and mix-up that ended the bout.

Jack Ladbury of Australia and "Sonny" Smith of New York fought in the first ten-round bout. From the start the Australian put up a clean, aggressive fight. He was at his opponent all the time, using his left and right in an effective manner. Smith lacked his opponent's science, but had a wicked right swing, which Ladbury avoided. In the sixth and seventh rounds Smith landed several stiff punches, which shook up Ladbury and brought the blood from his mouth. Smith opened the eighth round in a clever manner, landing three hard smashes on the jaw, but Ladbury evened up matters before the round ended. Smith made a plucky effort to turn the tide in the last two rounds, but Ladbury's lead was too pronounced to be overcome.

Three four-round bouts filled the preliminary bill. Terry Brooks shaded Jimmy Dunn in the first set-to. The referee stopped the second bout at the end of the first round, after Young Ghetto had outclassed Willie Smith. Chick Murray and Harry Factor boxed a good draw.

Green and Creeley Draw.

A tame six-round bout was witnessed by the members of the Brooklyn Athletic Club, 274 Bedford Avenue last night. It was between William Green and "Young" Jack Creeley. The men had previously been warned by Inspector Miles O'Reilly that he would stop the bout if any evidence of brutal fighting were seen, and only in the last round did they attempt to do any lively work. The bout was easily a draw. Previous to the bout Inspector O'Reilly read a lesson in patriotism to the club officers and members by remarking that the American flag was degraded by being wrapped around the ringside, and he suggested that it would be far better to have the stars and stripes hung over the heads of the fighters rather than be unceremoniously displayed practically at the feet of the contestants. The flag, as a result of the Inspector's speech, was removed from its degrading position, but it was not raised over the fighters.

French Idolized Negro Fighter.

Joe Jeanette, the negro heavyweight, and Willie Lewis, the New York middleweight, fresh from their many victories in Paris, reached here yesterday from Europe on board the steamship Lusitania. Jeanette was made an idol by the Parisians, who regarded him as a wonderful boxer. Jeanette said that his treatment in the French capital was in every way fair. Jeanette's last battle abroad was with Sandy Ferguson of Massachusetts, whom he defeated. Ferguson returned a few days ago to Boston.

Willie Lewis scored repeated successes in the prize ring, defeating half a dozen of the best English middleweights, and winning an interesting bout from "Honey" Mellody of Boston.

PULLIAM STILL TO LEAD.

National League Directors Hold Secret Session at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, June 4.—The National League baseball magnates met at the Sinton Hotel here this afternoon to consider the question of recalling President Harry Pulliam into active duty as President of the National League.

One faction favors the immediate course of deposing Pulliam, while President Herrmann of the Cincinnati team and President Dovey of the Boston Club are said to be standing by Pulliam and will fight to the last to keep him in his position. Another element is in favor of putting the matter to a test at once by recalling Pulliam to the chair, and if his health is such that he is not yet able to perform the duties of the office, then to replace him with another man.

Pulliam's friends say he has been in Oshkosh, Wis., some time, visiting a brother, and that he is in good health, having fully recovered from his nervous breakdown of several months ago.

Augustus Herrmann of Cincinnati said at 10:30 o'clock P. M. that, while the Pulliam matter has only been discussed, it is conceded by those opposed to Pulliam that he will be returned to the active duties of the Presidency.

It was also said that final disposition of President Pulliam's status would go over to another meeting.

The appeal from President Heydler's decision in the Pittsburg-Cincinnati game was sustained and the game will be played off in Pittsburg September 10.

Those at the meeting, which continued late to-night, are John T. Brush and Ashley Lloyd of the New York Club, Charles W. Murphy of Chicago, William Shettsline of Philadelphia, T. H. Ebbetts of Brooklyn, August H. Herrmann of Cincinnati, George Dovey of Boston, Barney Dreyfuss of Pittsburg, and Acting President Heydler.

Hurlingham Polo Ists Get Ponies.

LONDON, June 4.—Frank J. Mackey of Chicago has sold his entire stud of twenty-three polo ponies to Capt. Miller, the Hurlingham player. It was at first thought, when this news came out, that the Englishmen, who are in a desperate plight for want of good ponies to meet the Meadow Brook polo team in the matches for the American Polo Cup that begin here June 23, had adopted this heroic means of filling their stable. But Mr. Mackey, before selling, took care to protect his fellow-countrymen, and it is expressly stipulated in the sale contract that none of the ponies is to be used in International matches. Mr. Mackey first offered his entire string to the Meadow Brook team, but they were not wanted. Mr. Mackey is giving up polo, at least temporarily.

Merritt to Pitch Against Tigers.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 4.—Several changes were made in both the Yale fielding and batting order to-day by Coach Lush, in anticipation of the baseball game here to-morrow, which opens the series with Princeton. Merritt, it was announced, will pitch against the Tigers. Philbin, who was injured, will be able to take his place behind the bat again. Pitcher Van Vleck has been stationed in right field. The batting order decided upon follows: Philbin, c.; Fels, ss.; Murphy, cf.; Logan, 3b.; Van Vleck, rf.; Badger, 2b.; Jefferson, 1b.; Mallory, lf., and Merritt, p.

Weston Reaches Lookout, Wyoming.

LARAMIE, Wyo., June 4.—Edward Payson Weston, the pedestrian, in apparent good health, reached Lookout, twenty-seven miles west of Laramie, at 8:40 o'clock this morning.

THE TURF.

RACING TO-DAY
BROOKLYN JOCKEY CLUB

Special train leaves E. 34th St. at 1:20 P. M. Trains from N. Y. side of Brooklyn Bridge via 5th Av. Culver "L" Road. Subway passengers trains for at Atlantic Av. station for "L" road. Trolley from Park Row and Williamsburg Bridge.

SIXTH CAR STARTS IN SEATTLE RUN

Stearns Entry, Withdrawn at Post Time, to Leave This Morning.

OTHER CARS HAVE BIG LEAD

Arrived in Toledo Last Night After Hard Journey Through Downpour of Rain.

There will be a sixth starter in the New York to Seattle contest this morning. It was announced last night that Harry Stoip, who entered a Stearns car, but was compelled to withdraw at post time because of a mishap to his racer, will start from City Hall at 6:30 o'clock this morning and endeavor to overhaul the other five cars, which started Tuesday afternoon, before they reach St. Louis.

It would not be possible for Stoip to overtake the other cars were it not for the fact that the referee of the contest has suspended the twelve-hour controls for the Stearns car. There are six twelve-hour controls between here and St. Louis. Stoip has agreed not to exceed the speed limits of the various States through which he will have to pass. He will drive night and day, he says. The other cars have two controls still before them.

The Stearns car will stop at the Automobile Club of America about 7 o'clock this morning to be stamped, and will then proceed on. Stoip will have several witnesses at the City Hall when he makes his start, so that the run will be official.

It was not until after the officials having the contest in charge had made an investigation and decided that Stoip had made a conscientious effort to have his car in readiness the day the other contestants started that he was given permission to make the run. Stoip has his car in Flushing. He will come from Brooklyn early this morning, crossing to Manhattan by way of the Brooklyn Bridge.

Special to The New York Times.

TOLEDO, Ohio, June 4.—After struggling for hours through deep mud and in a rainstorm along the shore road between Cleveland and Fremont, the cars in the New York to Seattle contest arrived here to-night from Buffalo, none the worse for their experience.

The distance traveled was 217 miles on a fifteen-hour schedule, including stops at Erie and Cleveland. Tire troubles were numerous and during the storm the Acme and Shawmut cars skidded into ditches, the former being hauled out by a trolley car. The Ford cars lost the pacemaker and came in by a route of their own in advance of the others.

At Erie, Penn., Fay R. Sheets, who was driving the Acme car, was arrested for speeding. He deposited $25 to assure his appearance in court and continued on with the contest.

St. Yves Beats Marsh Easily.

Special to The New York Times.

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, June 4.—In a fifteen-mile race here to-night, Henry St. Yves completely outclassed J. D. Marsh, the Winnipeg man who won the Toronto Marathon recently. The track was not conducive to good time, being dusty, but St. Yves covered the fifteen miles in 1:23:32, finishing fully three-quarters of a mile ahead of Marsh. The Frenchman led from the start, and covered the first mile in 5:00 2-5, then being 100 yards in front, gradually increasing his lead, and gaining his first lap on Marsh in the ninth mile. At the fourteenth mile he was two laps to the good, and then started to spurt, keeping up a hot pace to the end.

Star Athletes in Acorn's Meet.

With prominent Olympic athletes, including Martin Sheridan, George Bonhag, Harry Porter, Harry Hillman, Paul Pilgrim, "Yank" Robbins, Lawson Robertson, Charley Bacon, Frank Riley, Harvey Cohn, Mike Ryan, and John Biller in the various events, the athletic meet of the Acorn A. A. at Hawthorne Field, Brooklyn, to-day, should be well worth seeing.

In the intercity relay race Harry Hillman, Jim Rosenberger, "Yank" Robbins, and Lawson Robertson will carry the hopes of Brooklyn, while Manhattan will be represented by Paul Pilgrim, Jim McEntee, Bob Edwards, and George Ford.

Among the other cracks who will battle for the honors are Jim Lee, Mike Driscoll, Gus Ekman, Jack Eller, Billy Keating, Jim Archer, Win Bailey, Tom Collins, Roy Dorland, Smye Northridge, "Skeeter" Erickson, and Bill Kramer. The games will be started at 2:30 P. M.

Another Track at Jacksonville.

CINCINNATI, June 4.—Notwithstanding the Florida Legislature has just passed the Sloan Race Track Gambling bill, announcement was made at the Latonia track to-day of plans for an additional race track near Jacksonville, the understanding among turfmen being that it will have nearly two years to run before the Sloan law becomes operative. The announcement was made by William Fizer, who has twenty horses at Latonia and who leaves for Jacksonville to close options on a site for the track, which is to be across the St. John's River from Jacksonville. Fizer states that an agreement has been entered into between himself and Curley Brown of Cincinnati, owner of the other track at Jacksonville, regarding dates.

Chess Masters Draw Again.

After an intermission of a week, Jose R. Capablanca, the Cuban chess champion, and Frank J. Marshall of New York resumed play in Brooklyn yesterday in their match of eight games up. The game, the twentieth of the series, resulted in a draw. The score to date: Capablanca, 7; Marshall, 1; drawn, 12.

The series of four games in Paris between Dr. Emanuel Lasker, the chess champion, and D. Janowski, the leading French expert, resulted in each winning two games, and in the division of the purse of 2,500 francs provided by M. Leo Nardus.

FISHING AND FISHERMEN.

HIGH TIDE FOR SATURDAY, JUNE 5.

New Lon.	San. Hook.	Gov. Isl'd.	Will. Pt.
A.M. P.M.	A.M. P.M.	A.M. P.M.	A.M. P.M.
2:18 3:16	11:52 11:57	12:22	3:00 3:30

Fishing off Norton's Point early yesterday morning, Morgan Russell of the Early Dawn Fishing Club of South Brooklyn caught eight weakfish and six blackfish, the best individual record made in Gravesend Bay this season.

Great South Bay fishermen still continue to round up the blackfish that abound at the various fishing points in that bay. At Sayville, on Thursday, John Lamley and Henry Turpin of Long Island City caught twenty-two between them, several weighing as much as three pounds each. At other places seabass have been biting vigorously, and a few weakfish, although small, have been taken.

Purser Weston's record on the Taurus yesterday off Seabright, showed that seabass made up the greatest part of the catches, although quite a number of blackfish were taken

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Publication Office.....Times Square
Downtown.....8 Spruce Street
Wall Street.....80 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Washington Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
LONDON.....67 Fleet St., E. C.
PARIS.....36 Rue du Sentier
BERLIN.....60 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere, Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates—By Mail, Postage Paid.
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week.....$0.17
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month..... 0.75
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year..... 8.50
DAILY, per Week..... 0.12
DAILY, per Month..... 0.50
DAILY, per Year..... 6.00
SUNDAY, with Pictorial Section, per Year.. 2.50
THE NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW, per Year (to Canada $1.50)..... 1.00
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Add $1.10 per month for postage foreign countries daily and Sunday. 80 cents daily only.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1909.

Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to any part of the Country at rate of 75c. per month, Daily Edition 50c. per month. Order through newsdealers or directly to the Publication Office.

THE INGRATITUDE OF BRYAN.

Mr. BRYAN turns upon his preservers. There are Democratic members of Congress, he says in The Commoner, who have proved false to the tariff principles of the platform:

> Let those Democrats who believe in pure and undefiled Democracy get together in each district and pick out a Democrat who cannot be bought or frightened. The Trusts have stealthily secured control of some of the Congressmen who were elected as Democrats, and they will have the influence of the trusts in securing a renomination.
>
> No time is to be lost; now is the time to organize the real Democrats to secure Congressmen whose Democracy is real.

The members of the Democratic flock whom with furtive paw the Trusts have abstracted from the orthodox fold come largely from the South. For some reason they have been led to take the view that the tariff is a "local interest," and they are standing by the industries of their own States. To the amazement of all Democrats who are steadfast in the faith, and, evidently, to the amazement of Mr. BRYAN himself, who is not a Democrat of any particular faith, these men have talked and voted against the revision of the tariff promised by both parties. They have come out as protectionists. Their course gladdens the heart of Senator ALDRICH and strengthens his hands in his bold and successful efforts to prevent the lowering of tariff duties.

But some of these men by their advocacy of Mr. BRYAN's renomination, by clinging to him, by voting for him in Convention, made him the candidate of the Democracy in 1900 and 1908. That kept Mr. BRYAN alive politically. It was a bad thing for the party and for the country that he should be kept alive politically, but it was a mighty good thing for him, since thereby he has been enabled to augment his fortune by writing, publication, and profitable lecture tours. Mr. BRYAN owes a great deal to the gentlemen he now condemns. It is most ungrateful for him to urge the defeat in their own districts and the retirement to private life of Democrats of the South whose support has kept him in semi-public life.

OUR NEW EXPORTS OF STEEL.

Part of that invisible volume of exports which baffles all observers of the balance of trade has been brought into plain view. Steel certificates representing 100,000 shares are going in a lump, following smaller quantities of rubber and copper shares. The conspicuousness of the company, and the fact that it adds to the lengthening list of Americans with a French quotation, make the incident significant, rather than the amount of capital involved. Perhaps more important than all is the color placed upon the occurrence by our dispatch from Paris, quoting Prince PONIATOWSKI: "French stocks are lifeless. If they move ten francs up or down it makes a sensation. Steel is the best possible American stock to introduce." It is, if correction of lifelessness is what is wanted. Its life and movement are the admiration of all beholders. Frenchmen, we opine, are aware that such amusements are expensive sometimes, and that movement cannot always be in the same direction. It is an interesting guess whether and when Steel will go to par. Perhaps it will go there before it returns to 10. This is the American substitute for Monaco, and Frenchmen are welcome at the table.

It is interesting to remark that the stock is introduced to Paris through a "holding company." Just as this device is thus utilized abroad it is adopted also in Massachusetts to enable the New York & New Haven Company to retain its Boston & Maine control. A year or two ago Massachusetts was prosecuting the promoters of this scheme for doing good to New England, and now it is advanced upon the direct proposal of the Governor. The New Haven Company was already a defendant as a combination in restraint of trade, and certainly cannot be less guilty now, since it has further strengthened itself to act as the champion of New England trade, which was being sacrificed to the interests of "through" traffic. Having the power to do good, it also has power to do ill, and therefore is obnoxious as a conspirator against the interests of New England, although the exponents of New England sentiment, both official and commercial, are now urging what they before opposed. This is a curious reversal of opinion, almost as marked as the practical cancellation of the Northern Securities decision by the "commodities clause" decision. The device which was condemned by a Supreme Court tie, decided by the vote of a Judge who argued in favor of the company, and decided against it, was recommended to the coal carriers by a united court.

It is true that the resort to a holding company to defeat the French law has a different motive than that which impelled the formation of the American holding companies. That only signifies that a company should be judged by its acts and not by the form of its organization. When the Northern Securities decision was rendered the Stock Exchange greeted the result as favorable, in that it altered nothing regarding the policy or the future of the companies concerned. Later experience disclosed that the principle involved was more important than even the great railways in question, and disturbance followed each succeeding step along the same line. On the other hand, confidence and renewal of prosperity have followed each backward step, putting our practice on a plane with that now adopted in marketing Steel shares in France. This freedom of discretion in matters of investment and proprietorship was referred to by Judge BREWER in his decision as "an inalienable right." Is it so in France and not so in America? The final word has not been said upon this point, but all progress under the present Administration has been in the right direction.

BEER AND PROHIBITION.

It is good news that the brewers of the East and West have resolved to withhold their support from bad saloons. But the temper of the Brewers' Convention in Atlantic City is not quite what it should be. One delegate challenged hostile criticism by declaring that whisky dealers favored prohibition because they could sell more liquor where it existed than under general license laws. This is obviously untrue. Prohibition, while it lasts, greatly decreases drunkenness. The trade of the whisky dealers has suffered through the spread of prohibition in the South and West. It may be perfectly true that the sale of intoxicants is never entirely stopped, but it is reduced.

Good beer is assuredly less harmful than whisky, but the brewers have no reason to quarrel with the distillers. There is plenty of bad beer, and some of it is very bad. The abuse of good beer is as harmful as the abuse of whisky. The brewers are on fair ground when they enter into a compact to crowd the low dive out of existence. They will have plenty of support from the most intelligent element in the community in their effort to improve the quality of their trade and dissociate beer drinking, as far as possible, from lawlessness and debauchery. But they cannot make anybody believe that prohibition favors whisky at the expense of beer.

IS FRANCE DECADENT?

It is not surprising that the Professor of French at Bryn Mawr should have resented the statement of the President of Leland Stanford University that "France, by her own confession, is a weak and decadent nation." Those are not pleasant adjectives to have applied to one's native country, and the French from time immemorial have been very sensitive as to the fame of their land and every phase of it.

There is some basis for the judgment pronounced by President JORDAN in the form in which he put it. The waste of human life in the struggle with Germany was doubtless very great, and inevitably the class that suffered included the physically strongest and those best adapted for active life and for the raising of a healthy and energetic population. Since the close of the war, with the bloody after-act of the Paris Commune, there has been very slight increase in numbers in France, and, with these later years, with the exception of 1908, there has come an almost complete stagnation. There is a disagreeable prospect of a shrinking in the native population, an excess of deaths over births, and for such a process decadence is the only word. It is evident, moreover, that this unfortunate tendency is not due in any great part to the losses of war, but to a deep-seated custom of the French to shun the multiplication of children because it involves the division of property. This custom prevails among the masses of the people, while the wealthy, as in other lands, have small families from motives peculiar to themselves.

But look at the rest of the picture. Consider what this people, stationary in numbers, have, against immense obstacles, and in conflict with great difficulties, accomplished. In the first place they have attained what their best friends hesitated to think that they could attain, a relatively stable Government. How stable it has been does not appear until we compare it with the past. Since the opening of the last century France has had a half dozen different Governments, each founded on the overthrow of its predecessor—the First Empire, the Restoration, the Orleanist Monarchy, a Republic, the Second Empire, and the present Republic. The longest lived of these previous to 1870 was the Second Empire, the term of which was eighteen years. The actual Republic was established thirty-nine years ago. It was born in disastrous foreign war, and its first domestic task was the suppression of the most sanguinary insurrection since the days of the Terror. For more than two-thirds of its career it has had to contend with reactionary forces seeking its overthrow in the interest of the Bonapartists or the Monarchists, so that every election was a struggle for life, and even yet it has that danger to consider, though happily it is now remote.

In the meanwhile France has had in Germany a powerful, suspicious, and sometimes threatening, neighbor, and has been compelled, on the one hand, to expend great sums for military preparedness, and on the other has had to work out a policy in foreign relations of the greatest difficulty and delicacy. In this latter field the statesmen of France have achieved a success of which they may well feel proud. The position of the country is far more secure, recognized, respected, than under the Empire. And it must be remembered that this was precisely where the enemies of the Republic predicted that it must fail because of the inherent lack of continuity in the Government. The task has been tedious and often perplexing and painful, but it has been accomplished with remarkable dignity, self-control, intelligence, and skill.

Stability of government, in a nation habituated to constant revolutions, with peace and respect abroad, cannot be called a proof of decadence and weakness. Nor can the steady progress made by the French in wealth. The latest census in this regard shows an uninterrupted advance, not only in accumulation but in production and exchange. The laborious and thrifty people whose savings, after financing the Russian Empire, are seeking investment in the industrial securities of our own country, and this amid the intense competition of modern times, are not essentially weak. Undoubtedly they have their perils at home, their perturbations and excitements, which the centralization of their political system makes particularly conspicuous, but measured by any test that can reasonably be applied to a nation as a whole, with the one qualification of failure to increase in numbers, we think they must be rated as stable and strong.

PHILADELPHIA'S STRIKE.

From the very beginning of the street car strike in Philadelphia it has been obvious that the one hope of success for the men lay in the amount of loss they could safely inflict on the company and of inconvenience on the public. As always when strikers are unskilled, or so little skilled that almost anybody can with a little instruction fill their places fairly well, and with a little experience satisfactorily, a mere abandonment of work would have been nothing more than an invitation for the unemployed to come in and take it up. That there was immediate resort to violence, the destruction of property, and the mobbing of strikebreakers, need cause no surprise, since in the situation any other course would have been hopeless.

And that course is a desperate one in more than a single sense, for it tends inevitably to alienate public sympathy and cannot be pursued far before the ordinary necessities of city life compel the use of repressive measures against which the strikers and their friends are helpless. The task of the leader of the Philadelphia strike has been to let his followers do just enough rioting to create a general impatience with the company's obstinacy, while preventing them from going so far as to create an utterly intolerable state of affairs and bring the militia into action. This delicate balancing his been achieved once or twice, but usually it is missed, and as a rule the strike that depends for success upon violence is a failure.

The situation in Philadelphia, otherwise a very simple one, is complicated by politics and the near approach of a municipal election. "The ring" is worried over the prospect of losing the labor vote, and this anxiety may lead either to leniency or to severity with the strikers. Apparently the city authorities and the police have been doing their best to preserve, or rather to restore, order, but the fact that they have not accomplished either shows that there is something wrong with their efforts. If they had done less clubbing and more arresting perhaps they would have been more effective. When he fears only a broken head, the average strike sympathizer will joyfully take a sporting chance, but fines and imprisonments are not so readily faced.

THE FATE OF THAT HOLBEIN.

HOLBEIN'S portrait of the Duchess of MILAN is doomed to remain in England. The army of marauding American millionaires, hungry for art when it is sufficiently expensive, has been routed. All the craft and gold of the covetous Western invaders have been unavailing. England has saved its Holbein. An unnamed woman has "put up" $200,000, and the Government, with some help from the National Arts Collections Fund, will make up the required sum. Now the portrait will return to the National Gallery, where it has long hung, and will be known to the end of the chapter as the Arundel Holbein.

No doubt there is a serious feeling among amateurs of art in Great Britain against the removal of famous pictures and statues to other countries. That is both natural and commendable. We have felt from the first, however, that British anxiety in regard to this particular picture was rather overwrought. American men of large wealth are learning not to put enormous sums of money in single pictures. A fine collection of art works can be made by the expenditure of $350,000. Therefore, we have felt confident that the Holbein portrait would be saved to Great Britain.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Fighting for a Reward. Having in a moment of excitement been injudicious enough to offer a reward of $15,000 for the arrest and conviction of WILLIE WHITLA'S kidnappers, the State of Pennsylvania finds itself confronted with a small army of claimants for the money and in an embarrassing uncertainty as to its proper disposition.

First there is the Cleveland saloon keeper, O'REILLY, who thinks he should have it because he first called the attention of the local police to the man and woman who stole the child. The Cleveland Chief of Police, ignoring the source of information on which he acted, sets up the plea that he had the criminals under surveillance and would have arrested them had not Mr. WHITLA and his private detectives asked delay until the boy had been recovered. The manager of the hotel to which WILLIE was returned insists that he should be rewarded because he found the boy wandering around in the lobby and took him to his father, while the conductor of the street car on which the boy rode to the hotel has also entered a demand, apparently because everybody else is doing it and he might just as well be in style.

Last of all is the County of Mercer, with the claim that, whatever may be the facts as to the arrests, it did the convicting, at an expense of $6,000, and it wants to be repaid that amount on the ground that the reward was offered for "arrest and conviction." Of all the claims made this seems to be about the most impudent, for the county only did its natural and inevitable duty, and of course no reward was ever offered, or understood to be offered, with a view to paying for the actual formalities of arrest and conviction. Taking the county's own view, the money it asks belongs to the jurors who found the prisoners guilty or to the Judge who turned the verdict into a sentence.

As a matter of fact, the whole system of money rewards for the apprehension of criminals is dangerous and wrong, sometimes justified by the end attained, perhaps, but always as hard to excuse, logically, as was the toleration of Mr. WHITLA'S own open compounding of felony, and his subordination of public to private interests. Policemen, very properly, are not allowed to take rewards for doing their duty, but are forced to turn them into a general fund. Even this is not quite right in strictest morals, but it at least lessens the likelihood of bringing punishment upon the innocent, the result which every offer of a big reward has a tendency to have.

Patrick Again Beaten. One is strongly tempted to exclaim, "Poor PATRICK!" on reading that the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court has decided against his curious plea that the commutation of a death sentence to life imprisonment is an increase, not a decrease, of punishment, and therefore an illegal exercise of executive power.

There are no good reasons for doubting, and many for believing, that the man was guilty as charged of a particularly sordid, cold-blooded, and cowardly murder. If so, of course, he deserves no sympathy. But the fact remains that he gets a good deal of something very much like it because of the energy, the ingenuity, and the determination with which he has fought, first for life and then for liberty. So great is the contrast between his crime—the contrivance of his benefactor's death—and his subsequent conduct that it is almost impossible to escape the feeling that the real PATRICK is not the man who deprived old RICE of his few remaining days, but the man who has since then tried device after device for recovering the position which he insists he never forfeited.

Always his demand has been for justice, not mercy, and, though his guilt is questioned only by those who have not carefully considered the evidence against him, his behavior has been exactly that which would be expected had he been innocent. The result is that we are all more or less under the influence of a long-continued and powerful "suggestion." Even the courts have felt it more than once, and the fact that he did not go to the electric chair long ago can hardly be otherwise explained.

As for PATRICK'S latest contention, now brushed rather impatiently aside by the opinion of Justice JENKS, it is one not altogether absurd. That to the vast majority of men life imprisonment would be preferable to sudden and shameful death is probably true. Many would doubt or deny it while the actual choice was not confronting them, but if it were, few, indeed, would not heave a sigh of relief and then breathe more freely on escaping the utter hopelessness of the one penalty and turning to the small but innumerable chances of the other. For the life prisoner there is the possibility of evasion and something like the probability of ultimate pardon.

Nevertheless, there have been men who made the choice which PATRICK says would be his, and it may be that he is sincere in declaring that the Governor increased his punishment instead of lightening it. If so, why is his argument not sound? The matter is one in which, at least theoretically, personal preferences are or ought to be, decisive.

New Theory of State Responsibility. Displaying an originality of thought truly startling, the lower house of the Florida Legislature has passed a bill which, if it went through the Senate and was signed by the Governor, would make the State responsible for all stolen property and obliged to pay its value to the persons robbed.

There is a certain attractiveness and plausibility about this plan, for the State does assume the duty of protecting its citizens in their lives and goods, and when it fails to do so they apparently have a claim to redress when redress is possible. And in not a few analogous instances the justice of the claim is admitted—when riots are not suppressed, for instance. But as a rule such damages are pretty hard to collect.

It is pointed out that the proposed law, if enacted, would lead to strange situations. The man with unsalable wares would only have to persuade a friend to steal them and he would get their money's worth. Again, thieves would not have to think—if they ever do—of the injury to individuals which their stealing would cause.

The weakness of the new plan lies in its fallacious assumption that the State promises to do more than its best to keep men honest and property safe.

The Tenderloin.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Police Commissioner Bingham might better give his attention to the Tenderloin district than to Chinatown. OLD READER.

New York, June 4, 1909.

TRADE CENSUS IS PRIVATE.

Government Has No Responsibility for Enterprise—Consuls Will Aid.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of June 3 a special dispatch from Washington under the title "Plan for Consuls to Push Commerce," stated that manufacturers desiring to take advantage of the plan should communicate with the chief of the Bureau of Manufactures as to the workings of the system and how cards for the proposed index should be prepared and printed. This is misleading.

The Bureau of Manufactures has nothing whatever to do with the matter. It is entirely a private enterprise, and all communications in regard to it should be addressed to the Commercial Bureau Company at New Bloomfield, Penn. No agreement has been made by the Government with this company, but a promise has been given that it may introduce its card index system in American Consulates throughout the world with the understanding that no charge shall be made to merchants who avail themselves of the facilities offered, and that no responsibility whatever attaches to the United States.

The publication in THE TIMES has brought to the Bureau of Manufactures a large number of letters of inquiry, many of them having been written under the belief that the Government and not the Commercial Bureau Company is directing the enterprise. JOHN M. CARSON,
Chief of the Bureau.

Washington, June 4, 1909.

SUFFRAGIST WOMEN.

Human Nature, Not Their Beliefs, Makes Some of Them Good Mothers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"Not that they loved Suffrage less, but that they loved Home more," doubtless. I also have known suffragists who were good mothers. But, that, if any, one took the trouble to read my letter, was not the point. I still ask: What would the next generation become if they were really reared on the platform set forth by most suffragist "literature"? One suffragist who labels herself an "intellectual woman," wrote in The American Magazine this Winter:

> To marry is to leave behind her all that the scientific men who have educated her have told her are the noblest aims in life.

There is something fundamentally wrong about the suffragist's understanding of science as well as of "the noblest aims in life." And the fact that in spite of their avowed views many of them are good mothers is a credit to human nature. That among the leaders of the woman suffrage movement, now and in the past, many have been not only not good mothers, but ardent Socialists, advocates of the communal upbringing of children, free love, &c., is equally true. These are not the women to lift the race.

MARGARET DOANE GARDINER.

Albany, June 3, 1909.

FEMININE QUALITIES.

They Have Not Deteriorated in the Suffrage States.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Elizabeth Carmichael argues in your columns that women have developed their intuitional qualities and other differences from men "because of ages of not bothering with such external, temporary things as government." Up to very recent times the great majority of men were not allowed to bother themselves with government any more than the women. So far as the suffrage was concerned, women and most men stood on exactly the same footing—i. e., they both were excluded from it. If the mass of men did not develop feminine qualities or the women masculine qualities during the ages when they were politically equal it is not likely that the essential differences between the sexes will be wiped out when they become politically equal again, and on a higher plane.

The daily occupations of men and women have probably modified their characteristics more than the form of government under which they happen to live. But the daily occupations of the mass of women are the same in the equal suffrage States that they are elsewhere.

Elizabeth Carmichael says that the fine feminine qualities "will inevitably deteriorate and coarsen if women are called upon to develop the masculine virtues of fairness in a fight, impartiality in judgment, impersonality in decision." Every woman needs these virtues if she is to do her best work in any church or missionary or charitable society, or as a member of any of those State boards to which the Anti-Suffrage Association has been urging Gov. Hughes to appoint more women. She needs them if she is to do her best work in the home, for where is there more need of fairness and impartiality than in dealing with children and with servants?

These virtues are rarer than they should be, but we have all known women who possessed them. And we know, too, that the woman who is fair and impartial does not thereby coarsen or cheapen any of her other good qualities, but rather adds to their value. One might as well say that the man who is as kind as a woman—like the late Samuel J. Barrows, for instance—lessens his manhood thereby. On the contrary, it is proverbial that

> "The bravest are the tenderest,
> The loving are the daring."

ALICE STONE BLACKWELL.

Dorchester, Mass., June 3, 1909.

Mr. Taft and the Freemasons.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The information which you print to-day concerning the establishment of another lodge of Freemasons in London for American citizens is gratifying, indeed. The cordial expressions of good-will cabled by the President of the United States to the Pro. Grand Master, Lord Ampthill, fills me with delight.

This action is characteristic of the President, and deserves acknowledgment from such as I, an English Mason, resident in this city.

Should Mr. Taft at any time visit the Grand Lodge of England he will be gratified to find that his great predecessor, Gen. George Washington, occupies a place in our hearts. A life-sized portrait of that distinguished soldier, statesman, and Mason hangs in a most conspicuous place on the walls of the Grand Lodge Building. ALEXANDER C. A. HIGERTY,
Past Grand Standard Bearer, Grand Lodge of England.

New York, June 4, 1909.

The Strength of France.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The statement made by President Jordan at Bryn Mawr College, that France is a weak and decadent nation, shows his utter ignorance of the state of that country. France is now stronger as a military power than she ever was at any time; she is one of the foremost nations of the world; her commerce is increasing; the people in general are more prosperous, and live better than those of any other country. She has vastly enlarged her colonial possessions. She is a leader in scientific discoveries, in the arts, sciences, professions, &c.

Where did President Jordan get that idea, anyway? It would benefit this gentleman to travel in Europe, and see and compare the different people, or else to study the subject more carefully before making such a silly statement. E. F. P.

New York, June 4, 1909.

Dr. Barth.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Of all lovable men I have known I fail to recall one who has combined with the courageous defense of his convictions a more amiable spirit than Dr. Barth displayed in his intercourse.

It is true he has often found fault, but so have Carl Schurz and innumerable reformers, whether they were successful or not, who have preceded him.

Germany loses in Dr. Barth one of its bravest champions of civic virtue.

LOUIS WINDMUELLER.

New York, June 4, 1909.

NO NICHOLLS RECEIVERSHIP.

Justice Guy Gives Victory to the Wife in Fight for Tubing Business.

Supreme Court Justice Guy denied the application made yesterday by Mark Nicholls of 353 West 103d Street, former President of the Nicholls Tubing Company of 477 Tenth Avenue, for a receiver for the company. The decision says:

> The defendant, having parted with possession of the property involved herein, cannot assert his right as llenor on this motion, and his affidavit in bankruptcy proceedings that plaintiff was not the owner of the business negatives his present claim of ownership therein.

Nicholls, who is 60 years old, asserts that his wife has cheated him out of control of the company. In his application for the receiver he stated that in 1904 he was taken ill and was told by a physician called by his wife that he had but a few days to live. He also alleged that his wife told him that his two sons were anxious for his death, in order that they might control the business, and suggested that he give her a power of attorney, bonds worth $25,000, and a bill of sale of the business. Nicholls, believing that he was about to die, made out the papers.

Mrs. Nicholls denies all her husband's allegations and says that he gave her the papers in Cleveland, but, as his mind was failing, the circumstance was forgotten.

LEFT $500,000 FOR HOSPITAL.

Sebastian D. Lawrence's Will Also Bequeathes $50,000 to New London.

NEW LONDON, Conn., June 4.—It was announced to-day by the executors of the will of Sebastian D. Lawrence that the millionaire had provided in his will $100,000 for the erection of a free hospital in this city and an endowment fund of $400,000 for its support.

His mansion here is to be used as an emergency hospital, and he also bequeaths $50,000 to the city for the erection of a new alms house and makes gifts to St. James's Episcopal and St. Mary's Catholic Churches of this city, to the Jibboom Club, and to the Grand Army.

A YOUNG WOMAN OF 83.

Labors Still and Faces the World Unflinchingly.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Can age be a mere matter of opinion? I think so. A woman of 83, never robust, unable from adverse circumstances to coddle herself, and compelled to be versatile in her own field, as well as, alas! in the field of the so-called stronger sex, might well have reached the acme of physical and mental decay. I am just what I have described, and I have lost neither courage, hope, nor activity. I have just written a short story for a prominent magazine, which my friends say, for dramatic power, pathos, originality, and humor, has never been excelled by the writer. I sent, May 10, 1909, an original novel containing an unusual plot and much charcaterization to a London publisher, who has recently offered a prize of 250 guineas for the desired article. I write frequent letters and paragraphs to the press, in which the vigor displayed has been alluded to as masculine. (I scorn that!) In religion, politics, art, literature, and science my enthusiasm is unabated. I read all the great new books, and the only sign of decadence I perceive in myself is an abhorrance for the monstrous fashions of the modern woman. (I call this wisdom, however.) I want to live to see what the world will do next after it has produced Marconi, Zeppelin, and the Mauretania. I mean to die on my feet fighting, with my back to the wall and thanking God that He made me a worthy representative of His power.

EIGHTY-THREE, (WITH EXPECTATIONS.)

New York, June 3, 1909.

STARTING SUBWAY TRAINS.

Platform Men Order Signals While Doorways Remain Open.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If there is a law against giving the signals to go ahead on the Subway trains before the doors are closed it should be strictly enforced.

I to-day saw a woman violently thrown from a moving car to the crowded platform of the Grand Central Station. She was endeavoring to effect an entrance in the crowded and open doorway when the train started. While the door remained open the starter from the platform had given the signal to the guard on the car to go, the starter evidently thinking that all those trying to get aboard could do so before the signal should reach the motorman.

This method of starting the express trains during the rush hours can be daily seen at any of the crowded stations.

CORNELIUS BRUREY.

New York, June 3, 1909.

DR. BUTLER'S FITNESS.

He Would Be an Unassuming and Dignified Ambassador.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Could any one be found so fitted to represent this great country at the Court of St. James's as Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia? It has been urged on many occasions that Mr. Whitelaw Reid's sumptuous entertainment has rendered the acceptance of this position by a humble citizen of the United States an impossibility.

I venture to think that in President Butler these objections would carry no weight. His personality is such, and his disregard for mere pomp and ceremony so well known, that no better man could be selected to succeed Mr. Whitelaw Reid. A man of culture and letters could carry the dignity of this position in such a way that the United States would be proud of its representative. The people of Great Britain would be delighted with the many-sidedness of President Butler and with his essential fitness to represent our country in every phase of life. X.

New York, June 4, 1909.

The Street Cleaners' Parade.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I would like to learn through your paper what the object of the street cleaners' parade was. To a lay mind it seems a most senseless thing to have these poor workingmen parade the streets for the inspection of the general public. M. L. M.

New York, June 3, 1909.

A SOCIAL SUCCESS.

They say my station is not high!
What nonsense! How absurd!
Perhaps 'tis true I do not fly
As high up as a bird.
But when it comes to "station," well,
I've got 'em pretty pat!
Mine is the last one on the "L"—
What's higher up than that?

They say I have no "family"—
That statement makes me smile.
If you'll investigate, you'll see
I've got 'em skinned a mile.
Ten little girls, eight little boys,
Six sisters and an Aunt,
The partner also of my joys—
Canst beat it? No, you can't!

"Ah, yes," you say. "We don't mean such.
First families we meant.
You have not the ancestral touch
Deep in your nature blent."
First families, indeed! Well, mine
Is 'mongst the first in town—
We're just below the Yonkers line,
The third one coming down!

No swell connections? Well, I think
I've got the best there are.
There's Mrs. Williboy de Blink,
And Tanker Tralala,
And Varick Hansen Jones Jenness,
And Col. Jarley Hone—
We're all connected, more or less—
That is—by Telephone!

CARLYLE SMITH.

MR. SCHIFF HOME WITH A WARNING

Banker Fears a Future Financial Crisis If We Do Not Settle Our Currency Problem.

MUCH UNREST ABROAD

Wireless Talk with Mr. Harriman at Sea—Dr. Seaman Says Roosevelt's Hunt is Tame Work.

After two months spent abroad Jacob H. Schiff returned to America yesterday on the Cunard Line steamship Lusitania from Liverpool. Mrs. Schiff accompanied him. While Mr. Schiff was on the water the Lusitania was in wireless communication with the North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm II., which is taking E. H. Harriman to Europe. Both financiers exchanged greetings by wireless.

"Conditions in Europe are far from satisfactory. Germany has a considerable task on hand in the reorganization of its finances," said Mr. Schiff. "It finds much difficulty in originating new taxes needed to support its huge military and ever-growing naval establishment.

"A similar situation prevails in England, where the Liberal Party appears to be losing ground, especially among the middle classes, because of its socialistic tendencies, which finds graphic expression in the budget now before Parliament, through which, it is claimed, almost confiscatory new taxes, especially on land, are sought to be levied.

"In France the unrest of labor chiefly agitates the public mind at this time, but the Government has, though almost radical in composition, taken a firm stand and appears to be gaining the upper hand.

"Final settlement of tariff legislation in the United States is awaited everywhere in Europe with the keenest interest, for it is felt that the revival of commercial and industrial activities, fondly expected to follow the enactment of the Tariff bill, will have a far-reaching beneficial influence upon European commerce and industries.

"Much confidence is being expressed everywhere in Taft's Administration. It is particularly hoped that, with the tariff out of the way, the solution of the currency problem will be sought with energy, for it is already now feared that unless this question is being promptly dealt with, we shall only be again heaping up new fuel which in times to come will bring on another conflagration.

"As the first step toward this, the immobilizing of capital through the enormous absorption of new securities in the United States and the simultaneous heavy gold export is being pointed to. While, with a sound system we should be in a position to reduce the volume of the currency to the decreased needs of commerce and industry as it is, the large surplus of paper currency not now needed can only be employed in securities purchased, or it must displace our gold by driving it to other countries; in fact, both are being done, and after a while we start to pay the penalty. The report of the Monetary Commission is, part of it, eagerly looked for."

Samuel Rea, Third Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, was another passenger on the Lusitania. He said he returned from his tour in excellent condition and anxious to get again in the business saddle. Mr. Rea is confident that the big Pennsylvania terminal in this city will be ready for operation by the middle of next year. Pliny Fisk, the banker, returned after six months spent in a motoring tour in Continental Europe. He said that from what little observation he had made abroad he was optimistic.

Another prominent arrival was Charles M. Jacobs, the engineer, who has been connected with the construction of the Hudson tunnels. He was much pleased to hear the news that the Hudson Subway extension to Forty-second Street had been favorably acted upon.

After a hunting trip through that part of Africa where Col. Roosevelt is now seeking big game, Dr. Louis L. Seaman returned on the Lusitania. Dr. Seaman brings back many trophies of the hunt. Some will decorate his den and others are for Cornell.

He attended a dinner given to Col. Roosevelt at the Mombasa Club on April 21.

"Col. Roosevelt will face his gravest dangers when he reaches the lowlands," said Dr. Seaman. "One of these perils will be the tse-tse fly. I have been all over the ground, though I was not able to push as far as he, for rains forced us to retrace our steps. In many ways there is as much excitement and danger there as is to be found hunting in an English preserve. The man behind the gun has little to fear. Take the lion. He has small chance for he is winded after a long chase into the open, where he stands at bay. Then the hunter's gun ends his career. The most dangerous animal to hunt is the rhinoceros."

There is great abundance of game there, according to Dr. Seaman, who relates that he met about 2,000 specimens of big game within a space of a few minutes.

While in Africa Dr. Seaman investigated the tse-tse fly and the sleeping sickness. He reached no conclusions, and saw nothing to prove the efficacy of any cure. There are 30,000 cases under treatment in British and German East Africa.

Sam Sothern, younger brother of E. H. Sothern, and Miss Lillias Waldegrave, who are to support Sir Charles Wyndham in "The Mollusc," were also passengers.

CITY MUST PAY TELEGRAPH.

Court Upholds Its Action for Election Advertising.

The Appellate Division decided yesterday that the city must pay The Morning Telegraph for publishing election notices in 1906, the year when W. R. Hearst ran against Charles E. Hughes for Governor.

The Board of Elections named four papers to publish the notices representing the Democratic Party, but omitted The Morning Telegraph. The latter sued out a writ of mandamus to compel the board to change the designations, with the result that the Board of Elections reconvened and renamed the papers, including The Morning Telegraph.

The city took an appeal from the writ and won, but in the meantime The Morning Telegraph had published the notices and demanded payment for them. Controller Metz refused to pay, and an action was begun.

The trial resulted in favor of the paper, but the city appealed. Yesterday the verdict was unanimously affirmed.

BROOKLYN WHITE WINGS WIN.

They Get Silver Cup for Best Showing in Street Cleaning Parade.

The committee appointed by Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards to award the silver cup offered by him to the division of the department presenting the best appearance in the parade held on Thursday announced yesterday that the Brooklyn "White Wings" would receive the cup. In making the award the committee congratulated the Commissioner on the showing made by the entire department, saying:

"The appearance of the several boroughs was so nearly uniform that it was with difficulty that we finally decided that the first honors should go to Brooklyn. For their excellence in marching we would commend in the highest terms the Tenth District of Manhattan, the Second District of the Bronx, and the Seventh District of Brooklyn."

The Mayor also sent a letter to the Commissioner yesterday asking him to convey his congratulations to the members of the department. "It was an exhibition worthy of one greatest department of its kind in the world," said the letter.

SOCIETY DEBTORS IN DANGER OF JAIL

Officers at Newport, Armed with Writs, Seek Two Members of the Summer Colony.

OTHERS' CREDIT IS CUT OFF

Last Summer's Accounts Still Unpaid in Some Cases—Tradespeople Will Adopt More Stringent Rules.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, June 4.—Unpaid bills are likely to cause a great deal of trouble to members of the Newport society colony this season. At least two of them are now in peril of arrest at present, for Deputy Sheriffs armed with writs are watching incoming boats for them, and will take them into custody if they come here. Tradespeople who have vainly sought payment of their accounts are threatening recourse to the courts unless money is paid to them.

Both of the men who are being sought have prominent connections in the society and financial world. The writ for one is issued on a New York claim and the other on a Providence claim. A debtor can be put in jail in this State if the person who swears out the writ will pay his board of 30 cents a day at the jail.

Tradesmen say that if the books of Newport shops were shown they would cause a sensation. Some bills have not been paid for years, and the society debtors have gone on ordering all sorts of goods without the slightest hint of any intention of paying up. One prominent society man for two seasons forgot to settle for a telephone. A short time ago he ordered a telephone put in his cottage. He was told it would be put in when unpaid accounts were settled, and a check then arrived.

F. P. Garrettson, a tradesman, last Fall caused a lot of talk by telling of Summer residents who had returned to their Winter homes, and forgot to pay their Newport bills. The consequent publicity resulted in some of the outstanding claims being paid. Others since then have settled through the aid of lawyers and collection agencies.

Some have not been paid yet. These people, when they sent fresh orders for supplies for their cottages on their arrival for the Summer, received the blunt reply that when they had paid their bills for last season, and, in one case, for two seasons, their new orders would be filled. It is declared that credit matters will be watched sharply this Summer by the merchants, who are now possessed of the names of every slow payer. At the close of the season unpaid bills will be collected through lawyers and Sheriffs.

It is said by the merchants that most of the society people settle month by month, but the delinquents are numerous enough to take away practically all their profits. They tell peculiar tales of the methods of these people. A woman in the cottage colony last Summer when about ready to go took her bills to the various tradespeople and complained of not having received certain items. These were taken from the bills, the merchants being satisfied to get what they could.

A prominent merchant, recently needed money badly. Among his unpaid claims for last Summer was one amounting to $2,000, but he feared to do anything, but sent the regular monthly statement, as he would lose the family trade. When demands were made for payment from some of the cottagers last season they became angry and stopped trading here, having their provisions sent from New York.

AMERICANS AT OLYMPIA.

Judge Moore's Show Horses Get Places of Honor in London.

LONDON, June 4.—The greatest attraction at Olympia, where the International Horse Show opens to-morrow, undoubtedly is the exhibit of American horses, and the interest in these competitors surpasses even that shown in the jumping competitions, in which European, Canadian, and Aregentine army officers are entered.

The greater part of the stabling accommodations are given over to the Americans.

The string of 48 harness horses brought over by Judge William H. Moore of New York have the places of honor in the long alley. The box stalls are painted white and prettily decorated with flowers. The other American entries are hardly less conspicuous. C. W. Watson of Baltimore has 24 harness horses and E. H. Wetherbee of New York has 18 saddle horses. Julian Morris of Virginia has 8 hacks. E. H. Stotesbury of Philadelphia 6 trotters, A. G. Vanderbilt coaching teams, and Walter Winans jumpers and harness horses.

Great care is being bestowed on the decorations of the arena. Profuse use is being made of flowers, and the tracks have been laid with turf, which will be changed nightly.

DOUBLE WEDDING PLANS.

Attendants Chosen for the Jones-Ripley and Pumpelly-Ripley Ceremonies.

The best men and ushers have been chosen for the weddings of A. De Trefinoff Ogden Jones and Raphael W. Pumpelly to the Misses Alice Van D. Ripley and Amelie Sybil Huntington Ripley, which take place at Grace Church on Tuesday, June 8.

Mr. Jones will have Stephen Clark for his best man, and his ushers will be John Egmont Schermerhorn, Gustav Schwab, and Bayard Boyesen of New York; Waldo Corey Johnston of Cooperstown, and Dr. George Jean, late of the United States Army. Mr. Pumpelly's best man will be Langdon Warner of Boston, and his ushers will be W. Davis Conrad, Guerdon S. Parker, Gardner B. Perry, Ralph Page, and Arthur W. Page of New York.

The Rev. Dr. William H. Vibbert, assisted by the Rev. Dr. W. R. Huntington, will officiate at the ceremony of Miss Ripley and Mr. Jones and Dr. Huntington, assisted by Dr. Vibbert, will officiate at the ceremony of the younger daughter and Mr. Pumpelly.

MISS FLORENCE VERNON TO WED

Her Engagement to William Griffin of Kansas City Announced.

The approaching marriage has been announced of Miss Florence Vernon to William Griffin, formerly of Kansas City. Miss Vernon is the youngest daughter of the late Thomas Vernon, a wealthy paper manufacturer, whose home on Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, was well known a decade ago. The ceremony will take place on June 25 at St. Bartholomew's Church.

Among the pictures left by the late Mr. Vernon to his children is the famous portrait of Richard Vernon by Sir Joshua Reynolds. The family has kept up its English connections, and Miss Vernon has spent the last two years in England.

Mrs. Thomas Vernon was Miss Ianthe Steele, a cousin of Seth Low. Her nieces were the Misses Muriel and Beatrice Steele of San Francisco, one of whom married Thomas Williams, President of the San Francisco Jockey Club.

Mr. Griffth is a writer, and has been managing editor of Hampton's Magazine for two years.

Miss Rita Maas Engaged.

The engagement is announced of Miss Rita Maas, daughter of Mrs. Sarah Maas of the Hotel Endicott, to S. Heilmar Calvert of Asbury Park, N. J. Mrs. Maas and Miss Maas are spending the Summer at 409 First Avenue, Asbury Park.

Miss Wharton to Wed Roger Knox.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTON, Md., June 4.—Mr. and Mrs. Clifton Wharton of Wheatland-on-the-Miles, Easton, Md., formerly of Pittsburg, have announced the engagement of their youngest daughter, Miss Mary Ormsby Wharton, to Roger Knox, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Page Knox of Brownsville, Penn. Mr. Knox is a graduate of the Pennsylvania Law School and is now practicing law in Pittsburg. The engagement was announced at a luncheon at Wheatland-on-the-Miles. No date has been set for the wedding. Miss Wharton is a sister of Clifford Wharton, Jr., of Plainfield, N. J.

The Rev. H. R. Bates's Bachelor Dinner

The Rev. Herbert Roswell Bates, whose marriage to Miss Edith Talcott, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Talcott, takes place next Tuesday in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, gave his bachelor dinner last night in the Spring Street Neighborhood Settlement House. His guests included the Rev. Murray Shipley Howland, who is to be his best man, and William Sloane Coffin, James Lawrence Houghtaling, Norman M. Thomas, Warner M. Van Norden, Thomas Carter, Gano S. Dunn, G. Beekman Hoppin, and Theodore Savage. Mr. and Mrs. Talcott will give a dinner to the entire bridal party on Monday night at the Metropolitan Club.

Social Notes.

Count Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, returned to Washington yesterday after spending several days with Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer at their country place, at Scarborough-on-Hudson. Mr. and Mrs. Speyer, who are sailing June 23, will be abroad until late in September.

Mrs. F. G. Saltonstall and the Misses Saltonstall, who have been spending the Winter in Englewood, N. J., will sail on the Finland June 5, for Naples, to be abroad all Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. John G. Milburn have gone to Buffalo to be away for almost a month.

Mr. and Mrs. Warner M. Leeds left New York a few days ago for their country place, Balance Rock, in Bar Harbor, Me., where they will remain until September.

The wedding of Miss Lois Mackay, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Devereaux Mackay, and Roland Franklin Elliman will take place at noon to-day at the country place of the bride's parents, at Chappaqua, N. Y.

Miss Helen F. Harris, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Hamilton Harris of 141 Madison Avenue and Norman L. Snow will be married this afternoon at 3 o'clock, in St. Thomas's Church, New Windsor, N. Y.

John Godfrey Saxe, whose marriage to Miss Mary Sands, daughter of Mrs. Ferdinand Sands, takes place at the St. Regis on June 10, will give his bachelor dinner to-night at the Manhattan Club.

Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont, who sailed early in May to visit her daughter, the Duchess of Marlborough, and also to attend the Woman Suffrage Congress in London, is booked to sail on her return trip to-day, as is also Mrs. Sela Husted Harper.

The marriage of Miss Florence Bryant, daughter of Dr. Joseph D. Bryant and Mrs. Bryant of 32 West Forty-eighth Street, and Frederic de Feyster will be held at 4 o'clock this afternoon at the home of the bride's parents.

The wedding of Miss Phoebe Lee Prout, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Henry Goslee Prout of Nutley, N. J., to Pierpont Van Derveer Davis, will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock at Grace Church.

Mr. and Mrs. Gardner Williams of Washington, who are sailing for Europe to-day for the season, entertained at dinner last night at the Wolcott.

CHUTE TO DANCE IN OPERA.

Society Entertainer Recently Championed Knickerbockers for Men's Wear

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 4.—Paul Jones Chute the dancer, who declared a month ago that trousers were "a detestable invention of a prosaic age," and that knickerbockers were the only suitable nether garments for men, has been engaged by Miss Loie Fuller as the premier male dancer of the Boston Opera House for three years.

Miss Fuller says that Mr. Chute is one of the most graceful dancers she ever saw. He is noted in Boston, Newport, and New York for his dancing at social functions. He has appeared often at smart society entertainments in this city. In his interview about trousers he said:

"I most certainly believe in knickerbockers as the coming garment for men. Knickerbockers are a logical form of dress. They are comfortable, and always neat. They are more easily donned, and they permit a greater freedom of movement."

MISS ADAMS TRAINS HER STAGE MOUNT

Actress Is Coaching Her Steed for His Part in "Joan of Arc" in a Ring Here.

HE'S A PURE WHITE ARABIAN

Grooms Wave Banners Before Him and Blow Trumpets to Accustom Him to the "Eroica" Symphony.

Any morning these days if you happened to drop into the Central Park Riding Academy between the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock in the morning—which, however, without credentials you would not be allowed to do—you might see Miss Maude Adams in the strangest sort of a costume mounted on a beautiful white horse which she rides around the ring. To the horse are fastened all sorts of metal objects which jangle as he canters and grooms throw colored banners and flags into his face until the performance takes on the aspect of a bull fight. Noises are also playing a part in this horse's education, and he is being treated to all sorts of strange sounds from various instruments.

The reason for all this is that the horse is the steed which Miss Adams is to use in her performance of Schiller's "Joan of Arc" in the Harvard Stadium on June 22. When the horse, a beautiful white Arabian animal, was selected, Miss Adams decided to undertake his training all herself. She wanted him to become accustomed to her and to know her.

In the Schiller drama the horse plays an important part. In fact Miss Adams will be on his back or dismounting or mounting throughout four acts. In the battle scene she gallops at full speed across the stadium. Consequently it is necessary that the horse should know how to behave, even in the face of Beethoven's "Eroica" Symphony, which is to be played piecemeal through the performance.

Now Miss Adams knows that you may ride a horse for several weeks and imagine you have trained him not to be afraid of anything when he will discover a bit of paper in the road which will throw him into spasms of terror. And she doesn't want anything of that sort to happen on the evening of the play.

So every morning she goes to the riding academy. A mediaeval saddle, several inches higher than the modern one, is put on the horse, which she then mounts. Miss Adams's costume is not the one she will use in Cambridge. It consists of divided skirts, to which pieces of metal are fastened, and which will serve to accustom the horse to the real suit of armor she will don later. The banners of various colors are waved in the horse's face so that he may not suddenly become frightened in the battle scene.

After all this has been gone through with for an hour or so Miss Adams takes the horse to the park, having garbed herself more conventionally, and rides him for an hour, occasionally feeding him lumps of sugar. Miss Adams is an expert horse woman, and already the horse is becoming extremely tractable under her training.

There will be more than 200 horses used in the performance at Harvard, but as these horses are ridden for the most part by supernumeraries trained horses which are accustomed to the footlights will be used.

Miss Adams will continue her rehearsals with her horse until June 16, when she leaves for Boston to begin general rehearsals of the Schiller play.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Eleanor Robson engaged passage yesterday for Europe on the St. Paul, sailing on June 12. She will spend most of her time in Paris, and will return to New York in September.

Margaret Anglin left town last night for Ottawa to visit her brother, Supreme Court Justice Frank Anglin.

The auction sale of seats for the first performance of the "Follies of 1909," held yesterday afternoon in the New York Theatre, was said last night to have netted $7,700.

Miss Nannette Comstock has signed a contract with Frederic Thompson to appear in her present role in "A Fool There Was" next season.

The Shuberts' new production, "The Motor Girl," will be seen at the Lyric Theatre next Tuesday night, June 15. The cast includes Georgia Caine.

LA SALLE THEATRE CLOSED.

Chicago Demands More Rear Exits for Playhouse.

CHICAGO, June 4.—Because of an insufficiency of rear exits the La Salle Theatre was closed by order of the Building Department here to-day. A light opera which had been running at the theatre has been transferred to another house pending the changes ordered by the city.

The local law governing theatre exits has been stringent since the Iroquois Theatre disaster, in which 600 lives were lost.

PITTSBURG THEATRE SOLD.

Klaw & Erlanger Get the Bijou—Shuberts to Build.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., June 4.—The Bijou Theatre, the largest in the city, was sold to-day to Klaw & Erlanger for $850,000, part of the purchase price being paid over. It is stated that the theatre, which is situated in Sixth Street, will be turned into a hippodrome. The sale was made by the McNulty heirs who, with R. M. Gulick acquired control after the death of Henry M. Bennett.

Bennett is the man whose estate was claimed by Laura Bigg[illegible], who asserted she had been marri[illegible] him. The heirs, it is understood, settled with Miss Biggar and took complete control.

The Shuberts, Nixon & Zimmerman, and other theatrical men recently made efforts to acquire the Bijou, but failed.

The Shuberts, it is stated to-night, have prepared for the erection of a large playhouse within a block of the Bijou. The site already has been acquired and the plans are being made. This house was decided on after it was found impossible to obtain the Duquesne.

The Bijou has been one of the best-paying theatres Pittsburg has ever had.

Indianapolis Theatre for Shuberts.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 4.—J. J. Shubert of New York yesterday signed a lease on the new theatre to be built in the Shriners' Temple here.

ON THE ATLANTIC HIGHWAY.

Eight Liners Sail with Many Tourists —Recent Arrivals.

The transatlantic steamships sailing today and some of those booked to depart on them are:

DEUTSCHLAND, (Hamburg)—Mrs. Chandler P. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Blum, Dr. George Barney, Mr. and Mrs. Gabriel D. Clarke, Mrs. Wright Prescott Edgerton, Mr. and Mrs. Lendal M. Gray, Prof. Christian Hulsen, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Hunter, Mrs. D. M. Harris, Prof. W. T. Hewett, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Moberly, Charles H. Parmly, Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Parrish, Mr. and Mrs. Fred T. Steinway, Mr. and Mrs. F. Hopkinson Smith, Prof. and Mrs. C. J. Sherman, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Louis Sicard, Mr. and Mrs. Emilio Terry, and Mrs. F. S. Winston.

CELTIC, (Liverpool)—Capt. and Mrs. Amos, Col. J. H. Benton, Miss Florence E. Biddlecombe, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Blair, Lloyd Campbell, W. C. Crowther, Miss Virginia Dalgren, Mr. Edward C. Dixon, John Kirkpatrick Earp, Capt. F. A. Flint, Mr. and Mrs. Morris Glyn, Sir Graham and Lady Hammond-Graeme, Miss Cadwaladar Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Ludlow, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Ogden, Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Selden, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Skidmore, Mr. and Mrs. James E. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Varcoe, and Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Walcott.

CARONIA, (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. George Arents, Mrs. Edgar S. Auchincloss, Mr. and Mrs. James H. Burroughs, Mrs. Paul Crompton, Mrs. John B. Drayton, the Rev. and Mrs. Sydney Goodman, Justice O. W. Holmes, Prof. and Mrs. Robert H. Hatch, Dr. J. A. Bayard Kane, Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Platt, Dr. and Mrs. Marmaduke Rose, Charles Cornell Reid, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick R. Smalls, Mrs. John D. Templeton, and Mrs. Gustaf R. Westfeldt.

PHILADELPHIA, (Southampton.)—Fred W. Beetson, Jr., Mrs. Beetson, Read Benedict, George W. Blanchard, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Bogert, Frank Colfax, Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Frost, Reginald A. Eyres, Cuyler Hastings, Gen. Rush C. Hawkins, Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Lewis, C. C. Mailoux, Col. and Mrs. Medbury, Mrs. H. H. Porter, Mrs. Archibald E. Roberts, William B. Seekind, Miss Helen Ten Broeck, and Mr. and Mrs. Perry A. Weinberg.

MINNETONKA, (London.)—A. A. Andrews, Mr. and Mrs. Mark J. Baldwin, Mrs. John Berryman, R. W. Boardman, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Damon, Major and Mrs. L. H. French, Mrs. George J. Gardner, Mrs. George V. Harper, Miss C. A. Boyer-Lane, R. H. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Patterson, Dr. P. F. Rutherford, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Charles G. Sawtelle, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Townsend, and Mr. and Mrs. John Widdicomb.

ZEELAND, (Antwerp.)—Mr. and Mrs. Peter Ayen, Paul A. Chaunt, George de Brakeleer, Thomas C. Else, Mr. and Mrs. Harrison D. Kerr, Miss Frances Nightengale, Ralph Patterson, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis L. Richards, Prof. J. R. S. Sterrett, Mrs. H. P. Ward, and Mrs. Pope Yeatman.

PRINZESS IRENE, (Naples.)—Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Albrecht, Emil Christ, Mr. and Mrs. Lester W. Clark, Miss Ellen Du Pont, Mrs. Charles London, T. C. Marshall, Prof. Angelo del Nero, Spencer Van B. Nichols, Prof. and Mrs. M. Perkins, Mrs. Fred Prime, Mrs. Robert P. Tucker, C. G. L. Wolf, and Miss L. C. Yost.

CHAUCHARD OF PARIS DEAD.

Department Store Proprietor Had Arranged Elaborately for His Funeral.

PARIS, June 4.—H. A. Chauchard, proprietor of the Magasins du Louvre, the big department store between the Palais Royal and the Louvre Palace, is dead. He had been ill for several months.

To Americans visiting Paris the big department store of M. Chauchard was one of the points of interest. M. Chauchard was a bachelor and lived in a princely residence, where he kept many valuable paintings and other works of art. Among his canvases were Millet's "Angelus," for which he paid $200,000, and Meissonier's "1815." These paintings and all his art treasures, it is understood, he intended to bequeath to his business associates for exhibition in a gallery to be built adjoining his store.

In his declining years M. Chauchard had been rather eccentric, his chief occupation having been the arrangement of the details for his funeral. In the Père la Chaise Cemetery he built a sarcophagus costing $16,000, purchased a casket for $4,000, and set aside $40,000 for the funeral. The body will lie in state in his residence for two days, and will then be conveyed to the Church of the Madeleine for the funeral services. The music will be rendered by the choristers of the Opera.

From the church the funeral cortège will move to the cemetery through the boulevards, preceded by grooms with lances, 200 messenger boys from the store attired in livery, and the entire 4,000 employes of the concern. Following the hearse the friends of M. Chauchard will ride in old-fashioned state mourning carriages, with coachmen in cockades and silver galons.

Irving Loveridge.

Word has been received here of the death in Berlin yesterday of Irving Loveridge, General Superintendent of the Western Electric Company's Berlin branch. Mr. Loveridge was in his forty-ninth year and had been appointed to the company's Berlin superintendency only recently. He leaves a widow, who accompanied him to Berlin. He had been ill for several weeks.

Obituary Notes.

GEORGE PHILLIPS of Battle Creek, State Factory Inspector of Michigan, died at the railway station in Des Moines yesterday while waiting for a train. Heart disease was the cause.

CLAYTON N. SWEET, head of the corporation of Sweet, Orr & Co., with factories at Newburg, Wappinger's Falls, Joliet, New Orleans, New York City, and Fort Jervis, died at his home in Newburg yesterday of pneumonia. He was born in Wappinger's Falls in 1834.

Dr. DANIEL S. CHASE, a dentist, said to have been the discoverer of the process of making goldfoil, died at his home in Boston yesterday of pneumonia. He was 90 years of age.

ELISHA SCHENCK WHITLOCK died in Cleveland, Ohio, on Wednesday, in his eighty-first year. He spent his early years in New York and Brooklyn, and had an extensive shipbuilding business in the Greenpoint district. He was associated with Ericsson in building the Monitor, to which he contributed the wood parts. In the last few years he had made his home in Cleveland with his son, Elliott H. Whitlock.

ALFRED S. MALCOMSON, for forty years a manufacturer of chemicals, died yesterday at his home, 200 West Fifty-six Street, of pneumonia. He was 66 years old. For many years Mr. Malcomson imported a large part of the brimstone that came to this country. He retired a year ago. He was a member of the New York Yacht Club, the Church Club, and the Downtown Association. He was unmarried. The funeral will be held on Monday morning at 10 o'clock at the Church of Zion and St. Timothy in West Fifty-seventh Street.

THOMAS ERIC BROWN, a tea merchant in South Brooklyn, died at his home, 684 Degraw Street, on Wednesday at the age of 35 years. He leaves a widow and three children.

WILHELM C. F. H. VOSS, well known in Masonic circles in Brooklyn, died at his home, 180 Berkeley Place, on Thursday of apoplexy. He was a member of the Lexington Lodge, F. and A. M.

JOHN W. WHITEHEAD, formerly employed in the Government Printing Office at Washington, D. C., and of late years connected with the American Baptist Home Missionary Society, died suddenly of heart disease on Wednesday at his home, 987 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn. He was born in New York City in 1840 and leaves a widow, two sons, and a daughter.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

BAKER—SMITH.—On Tuesday, June 1, 1909, at the residence of the bride's parents, 1,218 Dean St., Brooklyn, by the Rev. Frank M. Townley, D. D., Delia Crosby, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert C. Smith to Elwood Wilson Baker of Brooklyn.

BUSH—DUNN.—On Friday, June 4, at Fairlawn, Morris Heights, by the Rev. De Witt Felton, Daisy Frail, daughter of the late William Stuart Dunn, to Francis Drake Bush.

HAMILTON—ROGERS.—On June 3d at the Church of the Transfiguration, by the Rev. Dr. Houghton, assisted by the Rev. Howard Chandler Robbins of Englewood, N. J., Cecile Gladys, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Rogers of Yokohama, Japan, to Dr. H. F. Hamilton of Flushing, N. Y.

PARMLEE—DAX.—At Albany, N. Y., on Aug. 1, 1907, by the Rev. John D. Leek of Chicago, Mary E., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Dax of New York City, to Burton Parmlee of Chicago, Ill.

By the author of "Three Weeks"

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Married.

RIGGS—KIDDER.—On Wednesday, June 2, at the Church of the Holy Communion, South Orange, N. J., by the Venerable Lewis Cameron, Dorothy Laura, daughter of the late Dr. Jerome H. Kidder, to Lawrason Riggs, Jr.

WALDSTEIN—SELIGMAN.—On May 17, in the strictest intimacy, Charles Waldstein, Litt. D. Ph. D., &c., Fellow Kings College, Cambridge, England, Slade Professor of Fine Arts, Cambridge, to Florence, eldest daughter of the late D. L. Einstein of New York and widow of Theodore Seligman of New York. No announcements will be sent.

DARRELL—GRAY.—June 2, Rockville Centre, L. I., Edith M. Gray to Robert G. Darrell.

DONNELLY—GIBSON.—June 2, Gertrude Gibson to C. G. Donnelly.

FORD—REYNOLDS.—June 1, Jersey City, Aimee Reynolds to Lester W. Ford.

HAUSER—GILROY.—June 3, Catherine J. Gilroy to Ernest Hauser.

LEUTHAUSSER—BURGER.—June 3, Ella Burger to Arthur Leuthausser.

McVEY—BUSH.—June 2, May Bush to James F. McVey.

MILLER—KOEHLER.—June 1, Jersey City, Sara Koehler to Harry R. Miller.

MURRAY—COONEY.—June 2, Maybelle Cooney to John R. Murray, Jr.

O'BLENIS—FULLERTON.—June 4, Paterson, N. J., Sarah Fullerton to Lloyd O'Blenis.

PARSHALL—POWELL.—June 3, Esther Powell to Ernest V. Parshall.

PHILRAD—FLUHR.—June 1, Dorothy Fluhr to Harry O. Philrad.

ROMMEL—LANG.—June 3, Bloomfield, N. J., Frances Lang to Henry Rommel.

TURNER—DAUMONT.—June 1, Jersey City, Elsie Daumont to Robert P. Turner.

VINCENT—VINCENT.—June 3, Harriet S. Vincent to Frank Vincent.

Died.

ASHTON.—On June 3, 1909, Samuel Ashton, aged 85. Services at The Funeral Church, 241 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building,) Saturday evening, 8 o'clock. Chicago, Ill., papers please copy.

BLACK.—On May 30, 1909, after a brief illness, Elmer Ellsworth Black, aged 46. Funeral service at his late residence, 48 East 78th St., at 2 P. M., Sunday, June 6. Interment later.

CLERK.—At Williamstown, Mass., June 3, after a long illness, Elanor Doubleday, wife of William T. Clerk, and daughter of Col. and Mrs. Charles W. Doubleday. Funeral Saturday afternoon, June 5.

CUNNINGHAM.—On June 3 after a brief illness at his residence, Kingston, Mass., Theodore Bliss Cunningham, son of the late Theodore Bliss and Hannah Thomas Cunningham. Funeral at Kingston, Mass., on Saturday, June 5, on arrival of 12:43 train from South Station, Boston. New York papers please copy.

EHRMANN.—At his late residence, 16 East 49th St., on Thursday, June 3, 1909, Ernst Ehrmann, beloved husband of Flora Ehrmann. Funeral services at his late residence, 16 East 49th St., on Sunday morning, June 6, at 10 o'clock. London and Paris papers please copy.

FREEMAN.—At Lakewood, N. J., Friday, June 4, Louisa Sheafe, widow of Mark J. Freeman and daughter of the late Alfred W. and Louisa Sheafe Haven of Portsmouth, N. H.

FUNSTON.—On June 3, 1909, at her late residence, 1,303 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, Anna D., beloved wife of Hugh M. Funston. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HETFIELD.—In Brooklyn, Friday, June 4, 1909, at his late residence, St. George Hotel, Carmon R. Hetfield. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HURLBUT.—At St. Vincent's Hospital, on June 4, Elsa, daughter of Frank M. and the late Martha Sampson Hurlbut. Funeral notice hereafter.

McCANN.—Margaret E. McCann, beloved wife of James J. McCann, Lieutenant of Police, Thirty-ninth Precinct. Funeral from her late residence, 606 West 148th St., Monday, June 7, at 10 A. M. Thence to the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, 142d St., between Amsterdam and Convent Avs. Interment in Calvary.

McCOMB.—On June 3, 1909, James McComb. Funeral services at his residence, 105 West 84th St., on Sunday, June 6, at 2 P. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

MALCOMSON.—On Friday, June 4, at his residence, 200 West 56th St., from pneumonia, Alfred S. Malcomson, aged 68 years. Funeral services will be held at the Church of Zion and St. Timothy, 334 West 57th St., at 10 o'clock Monday morning, June 7.

MOFFETT.—Helen Wilmot, wife of George M. Moffett, in Chicago, June 2. Notice of funeral later.

MOORE.—At Huntington, West Va., Thursday, June 3, 1909, Harriet, only daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Thomas Waterman Moore and granddaughter of the late Joseph Hallock of Catskill, N. Y., aged eight months and sixteen days. Funeral private on Saturday. Interment at Ashland, Ky.

MORGAN.—On June 4, 1909, Margaret, widow of John J. Morgan and daughter of the late John and Hannah Chappelle. Funeral services at the residence of her son-in-law, Clinton H. Leggett, 73 East 92d St., Holland Court, at 4:30 o'clock, June 6. California papers please copy.

PENNIMAN.—At the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Robert C. Lewis, Pompton, N. J., Tuesday, June 1, 1909, George Henry Penniman, in his 80th year. Funeral at Boston at convenience of family. Boston papers please copy.

SILVERMAN.—On June 3, after a brief illness, Edith Roberta, beloved daughter of Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Joseph Silverman, aged her 16th year, at her late residence, 45 East 75th St. Funeral private.

SOLOMAN.—John A. Soloman, aged 30. Body lying at the Funeral Church, 241-243 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building.)

SPITZ.—At San Francisco, Wednesday, June 2, 1909, Heiman P. Spitz, aged 94 years, beloved father of Mrs. Adolph A. Son, Mrs. Henry Lyons, Hannah, Abraham, Theodore P., Jacob, and Isidore D.

STORMS.—On June 4, 1909, Frances J., widow of Alfred Storms, in her 66th year, at her late residence, Ansonia Hotel. Interment Woodlawn. Funeral private.

SWEET.—At Newburg, N. Y., on June 4, 1909, Clayton E. Sweet, in the 75th year of his age. Funeral services will be held from his late residence, 230 Montgomery St., Monday, June 7, at 2 P. M. Interment at Wappinger's Falls, N. Y.

TOMPKINS.—On Thursday morning, June 3, Mary G., wife of the late Noah S. Tompkins, formerly of Scarsdale, N. Y. Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral services from her residence, 722 Home St., Bronx, Saturday, June 5, at 2 P. M. Interment at White Plains, N. Y., on arrival of train leaving Grand Central Station at 3:39. Carriages in waiting at White Plains Station. Poughkeepsie papers please copy.

TOMPKINS.—At Hempstead, N. Y., June 3, Joseph E. Tompkins. Funeral services at his late residence, Hempstead, N. Y., Saturday, June 5th, 1909, at 2 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited without further notice. Please omit flowers.

900 Miles in the Air

Last Saturday Count Ferdinand von Zeppelin set out on what proved to be the greatest aerial flight ever achieved by man.

Almost at the same time **Putnam's Magazine** for June was published, with a leading article by the Count himself, entitled "The Conquest of the Air." The great aerial navigator is modest, but he tells the story of his ships and flights with a straightforward, clear and convincing manner that makes extremely interesting reading.

Lieut. Lahm, who won the great James Gordon Bennett Cup in the international balloon race at Paris in 1906, and who was in the Baldwin airship when it was wrecked last Monday, also contributes a most interesting paper on "The Air—Our True Highway." Lahm is one of the foremost authorities on aeronautics in America.

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The right kind of influence always works to a man's advantage. Just so when a man advertises for a position in The New York Times. The very fact that his advertisement appeared in the "Want" columns of The Times influences business men to seriously consider his appeal. Page 15.—Adv.

Died.

BADE.—Sophie, 300 East 75th St., June 3, aged 55. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BOWMAN.—Horace N., New Haven, Conn., June 2.

BRYANT.—Rella, Waterbury, Conn., June 3, aged 35. Funeral to-day.

BROWN.—Catherine, 523 East 81st St., June 3, aged 63. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

BURGER.—Maria C., Ruby, N. Y., June 3, aged 83.

CAPEK.—John V., 421 1st St., Astoria, June 3. Funeral to-day.

CISNEROS.—Lorenzo, 1,934 3d Av., June 3. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

CORNWELL.—Jane, Waterbury, Conn., June 3, aged 60.

DELANEY.—Mary, 1,003 2d Av., June 3. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

ELMENDORF.—Peter B., Brown's Station, N. Y., June 2, aged 90.

FALCON.—Alfred E., 1,514 Madison Av., June 3, aged 25. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

FINCH.—William H., Norston, Conn., June 3, aged 59. Funeral to-day.

HANNEGAN.—John A., Waterbury, Conn., June 3, aged 52. Funeral to-day.

JOYCE.—James J., New York Hospital, June 3, aged 54.

KILMARTIN.—Daniel F., 909 Summit Av., Bronx, June 3, aged 29.

KUNTZE.—Robert C., June 2, aged 60. Funeral 610 East 141st St.

McCAFFREY.—John A., 117 Edgecombe Av., June 3. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

McGRATH.—Catherine, 718 Westchester Av., June 2, aged 33. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MEYER.—Theresa, Westchester Av., June 3, aged 4.

MORAN.—Mary, 713 2d Av., June 3. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

NITSCHKE.—Emil, 173 Meserole Av., Greenpoint, June 3. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

PURDY.—Eliza, Garnerville, N. Y., June 3. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

REARDON.—Dennis, 677 2d Av., June 3.

RICHERT.—Margaret, 312 West 109th St., June 3. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

SMITH.—Terrence, New Haven, Conn., June 2, aged 48.

SNYDER.—Rufus, Rosendale, N. Y., June 2, aged 64.

SPENCER.—Walter A., June 3, aged 39. Funeral 171 8th Av.

SCULLY.—Joseph A., Saranac Lake, June 3. Funeral to-day.

STRONG.—Jane, 205 West 94th St., June 3, aged 86. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

TOMPKINS.—Catherine B., 404 East 17th St., June 2. Funeral to-day.

WIECHELS.—Anna M., 47 Carmine St., June 3, aged 4. Funeral to-day.

WILKERSON.—Frederick F., Tarrytown, N. Y., June 3, aged 47.

Brooklyn.

BEATTY.—Catherine S., 403 Westminster Road, June 3. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BERGEN.—George S., 1,548 71st St., June 3. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CAMPBELL.—Hugh, 745 Classon Av., June 3, aged 87. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

CARROLL.—Mary, 88 Stockton St., June 3. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

FRANKLIN.—Virginia, 117 Utica Av., June 3. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

LINDQUIST.—Anna, 137 Bay Ridge Av., June 3, aged 37.

McCARTHY.—Daniel D., 59 Columbia St., June 3, aged 20. Funeral to-day.

McMAHON.—Frank, 1,071 Lafayette Av., June 3.

MALONE.—Andrew, 171 Tillary St., June 3, aged 29. Funeral to-day.

MARTIN.—Thomas O., 25 Webster Place, June 3. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

MONTGOMERY.—Mary J., 1,045 Bedford Av., June 4. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

NELSON.—Rachel, Jewish Hospital, June 3, aged 48. Funeral to-morrow.

RUMPF.—John C., 1,158 Fulton St., June 3.

WHITTEN.—Robert, 168 Bayard St., June 3. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SNELL.—William H., 263 Carroll St., June 3. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

TABER.—Elizabeth, 402 Washington Av., June 3.

VOSS.—Wilhelm C., 180 Berkeley Place, June 3, aged 79.

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THURSDAY'S TRADING BEAT

Government Cotton Report Notes Improvement—Currency Movements Indicate Small Cash Gain by Banks.

There were lacking in yesterday's stock market the sensational uprushes in one or two stocks provided in Thursday's session by the Southern Pacific and United States Steel preferred, but on the other hand there were to be found a larger number of substantial gains in a varied list of securities, and this, together with the breadth of the day's business, made the market as a whole much more impressive as a demonstration of real strength than was its predecessor. A volume of transactions running beyond 1,600,000 shares, coming on top of the 1,500,000 shares of Thursday, indicates, of course, a very general distribution of speculatively held stocks, and the singling out of issues unresponsive on Thursday to lead yesterday's advance, was plainly meant to facilitate selling elsewhere. United States Steel shares, both common and preferred, were heavy at all times and closed with losses, whereas Atchison, Baltimore & Ohio, St. Paul, and Reading, neglected on Thursday, rose sharply, and thus sustained interest in the advance. Industrial shares as a whole were less prominent, although the news of the day was as favorable to this department of business as to the railroads. The blowing in of additional blast furnaces to care for enlarging orders was reported by steelmakers from many points; inquiries for equipment were forthcoming in liberal volume, and on the Metal Exchange and with the leading selling agencies there were registered further advances in the price of copper metal. Directors of the Republic Iron and Steel Company, meeting late in the day, restored the dividend on the preferred stock and arranged for installment payments of the accumulated dividends unpaid.

Of unusual interest and wide significance was the Government report on the condition of cotton as of May 25. Where the speculative cotton markets had been accepting and disseminating reports of great damage to cotton the Government's investigators find actual improvement. The condition figure of 81.1 is with one exception the highest at this time in five years, but the area under cultivation is reported some 1,400,000 acres under that of last year. In Texas, where most of the damage was alleged to have occurred, conditions are excellent. It is worth noting that in the cotton States where the weather has been so propitious for the growth of the plant for a month or more there was raised in 1908 only a little less than one-eighth of the entire Winter wheat crop, and it is a fair presumption, therefore, that wheat has improved along with cotton. The Modern Miller, a journal of high reputation in the grain trade, predicted yesterday a crop of at least 400,000,000 bushels of Winter wheat as a result of the steady improvement since the seed went into the ground.

When it is recalled how important a part in the foreign exchange market our cotton shipments play, satisfaction over the present condition of the crop must be general. Exchange rates were a trifle lower, and no further gold engagements were reported during the day, while preliminary estimates of the interior movements of money foreshadowed a small gain in cash by the local banks. The loan account, following the active stock market of the week, should prove, however, the controlling factor in to-day's weekly return of the Clearing House institutions.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Borden's Condensed Milk Co. preferred.
Boston Woven Hose and Rubber Co.
British Guiana Gold Concession Co. preferred.
E. I. Du Pont de Nemours Powder Co. common.
Union Pacific Railroad.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

Norfolk Railway and Light.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Manhattan Hardware and Bicycle Co.

SPECIAL MEETING.

Keller Farmer Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 1½@2 per cent., with the last loan at 1¾ per cent. Most of the day's laons were made at 2 per cent.

Time money rates, 2¼@2½ per cent. for sixty and ninety days, 2¾@3 per cent. for four and five months, and 3@3¼ per cent. for six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 3¼@3¾ per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 3¼@4 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 4¼@5 per cent. for others.

Private discount rates at foreign centres: London, 1⅝ per cent., up 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 1¼ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 2¾ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $342,231,385; balances, $11,856,321; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,280,963.

Sterling exchange was firm, with demand quoted at $4.8790@$4.8795, sixty days at $4.8630@$4.8640, and cables at $4.8810@$4.8815.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.15⅝ less 1-16@5.15⅝ less 1-64 for cables; 5.15⅝ less 7-64@5.15⅝ less 5-64 for sight, and 5.17½ less 3-64@5.17½ plus 1-32 for sixty days; 95¼@95 9-16 for cables, 95 7-16 plus 1-64@95⅝ for sight, and 95 less 1-16@95 1-16 for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was 5c discount; Chicago, 25c premium; St. Louis, 40c premium; New Orleans, commercial, 20c discount; bank, $1 premium; San Francisco, 20c premium; St. Paul, 10c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted in London at 24⅝d per ounce and in New York at 53c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@50c.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar A 4s, March 15, 1911	98⅞	99½
Am. Cigar B 4s, March 15, 1912	98⅛	
Am. Tel. & Tel. 5s, Jan., 1910	100⅛	101
Atlantic Coast Line 5s, March, 1910	100⅝	101¼
Chesapeake & Ohio 6s, July, 1910	102	
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	101⅝	101¾
Interborough 5s, March, 1910	100⅞	100⅞
Interborough 5s, May, 1911	100⅞	100⅞
Kan. City Ry. & Lt. 6s., Sept., 1912	103⅝	103¾
Kan. City Southern 5s, April, 1912	100	100⅛
Lack. Steel Co. 5s, March, 1910	100	
Lake Shore 5s, Feb., 1910	99	99¼
Louis. & Nash. 5s, March, 1910	100⅞	101⅛
Michigan Central 5s, Feb., 1910	101¼	101⅜
Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1910	100⅞	101⅛
New York Central 5s, Feb., 1910	99¾	100
Norfolk & Western 5s, May, 1910	100⅞	101¼
Pennsylvania 5s, March 15, 1910	101⅜	101⅝
Southern 5s, Feb., 1910	101⅛	101⅜
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	100⅝	100⅞
West. Elec. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1910	100⅞	101¼

Interest to be added.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s, May, '57, f'chg	111½	111⅞	111½	111⅞
4½s, Nov., '57, f'chg	111½	111⅞	111½	111⅞
4½s, May, '17, f'chg	111½	111⅞	111½	111⅞
4s, Nov., '58, f'chg	101¼	101⅜	101¼	101⅜
4s, May, '57, f'chg	101⅛	101¼	101¼	101⅜
4s, Nov., '54, reg	101⅛	101¼	101¼	101⅜
4s, Nov., '36, reg	100⅞	101⅛	100⅞	101⅛
3½s, Nov., '55, f'chg	100¼	100⅜	100¼	100⅜
3½s, May, '54, coup	91⅛	91⅜	91	91⅛
3½s, May, '54, reg	90⅝	91⅛	90⅝	91⅛
3½s, Nov., '60, rev	101⅞	102⅛	90⅜	91⅛
3½s, Nov., '10, rev	104⅛	104½	102	102½
*Coupon or registered.			104	104½

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday.

Total sales June 4, 1909.....1,616,704
From Jan. 1, 1909.....55,909,601
Corresponding period last year.....75,844,507

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
15¼	16	600	Allis-Chalmers	16	16¼	16	16¼	+ ⅛
51⅞	51⅞	800	Allis-Chalmers pf	52	52¼	51¼	52¼	+ ⅜
86⅞	87	28,000	*Amalgamated Cop	87⅜	87⅝	86½	86⅞	— ⅛
44⅝	44⅞	1,300	Am. Agricul. Chem	44¼	44½	43⅞	43⅞	— ⅝
38⅝	39	1,900	Am. Beet Sugar	38⅞	39	38½	38⅝	— ⅛
95	96	105	Am. Beet Sugar pf	95	95	95	95	...
13¼	13½	5,800	Am. Can	13⅜	13⅝	13¼	13½	...
84⅝	84⅞	1,400	Am. Can pf	84½	86	83¾	84⅝	+ ¼
57⅜	57¾	5,100	Am. Car & Foundry	58	58¾	57⅝	57⅝	+ ⅛
116	117	100	Am. Car & Found. pf	116½	116½	116½	116½	+ ½
69¾	70	13,000	Am. Cotton Oil	69¾	70¼	69¼	69½	+ ⅛
8	8¼	100	Am. Hide & Leather	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	...
42⅜	43	500	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	43	43⅜	43	43⅜	...
37⅛	37¼	920	Am. Ice Securities	37½	37⅞	37¼	37⅝	+ ⅛
18	18¼	500	*Am. Linseed	18⅝	18⅞	18¼	18⅜	— ⅛
43	43¾	1,400	*Am. Linseed pf	43½	44	43	43	— ½
60⅜	61	5,900	Am. Locomotive	61	61¼	59⅜	60⅝	+ ½
116½	117	200	Am. Locomotive pf	116⅜	116⅞	116⅜	116⅞	+ ⅝
11	11¼	900	Am. Malt	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	...
57¼	57⅝	2,300	Am. Malt pf	57⅜	58	57	57¼	— ⅛
96⅜	96½	28,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref	96¾	97⅜	95⅞	96⅜	+ ⅞
113½	113⅝	1,180	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	114½	114½	113⅝	114⅜	+ ⅞
49	51	918	Am. Steel Foundries	51	51	49½	49⅞	— 1⅛
132⅝	133	700	Am. Sugar Ref	132⅝	133	132⅝	132⅝	+ ½
139½	140	1,900	Am. Tel. & Tel	140⅝	140⅝	139⅞	140	...
102⅝	102¾	1,200	Am. Tobacco pf	102½	102⅝	102⅜	102⅝	+ ¼
106½	107	300	*Am. Woolen pf	106½	106⅝	106½	106⅝	+ ¼
51⅝	51¾	3,700	*Anaconda Cop. Min	52	52	51¼	51⅝	+ ⅜
100½	101	400	Asso. Merch'ts 1st pf	108¾	109	108	109	+ 1
114⅝	115	122,600	Atch., Top. & S. F	112	115¼	112	114⅝	+ 1½
105	105¼	1,200	Atch., Top. & S. F pf	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	+ ⅛
129	129½	20,200	Atlantic Coast Line	128⅞	129¾	128¼	129	+ ⅞
119¼	119¼	46,100	Baltimore & Ohio	119½	119¾	118⅝	119¼	+ ⅜
31½	32	4,600	Bethlehem Steel	32½	32¾	31	32	— ⅜
60	62⅝	400	Bethlehem Steel pf	64	64	63½	63½	— ½
82¼	82¼	44,100	Brook. Rapid Transit	79⅝	82¼	79¼	82⅛	+ 2¾
139½	140	700	Brooklyn Union Gas	139	139⅝	139	139¾	+ 2½
18	18½	1,200	Brunswick, City	18¼	18½	18¼	18⅜	— ¼
34	34½	35	Butterick Co	33¼	33½	33¼	33¼	...
184⅞	185	3,650	Canadian Pacific	184⅜	184⅝	184	184⅜	+ ⅜
29⅞	30	900	Central Leather Co	30	30	29⅝	29⅞	+ ⅛
104⅞	106	150	Cent. Leather Co. pf	104½	104½	104½	104½	+ ¼
292	295	100	Central R. R. of N. J	294	294	294	294	...
78⅞	79	11,800	Chesapeake & Ohio	79¼	79¾	78¾	79	...
70⅞	71	500	Chicago & Alton	71½	71¼	70¾	71	— ⅝
73½	76	100	Chicago & Alton pf	75⅞	75⅞	75⅞	75⅞	— ⅛
4½	4⅝	900	Chicago Gt. Western	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4½	...
6¾	7⅛	50	Chi. St. West. pf., B	7	7	7	7	...
156⅛	157	58,700	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	156⅝	157	154⅜	157	+ 3
169	170	7,390	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	168½	170¾	166½	170	+ 4
182½	182¾	1,700	Chi. & Northw.	182½	182½	182	182¾	...
6	8	100	*Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. sta	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	...
15	16	300	*Chi. Un. Tr. pf. t. r. sta	15	16	15	16	+ ⅛
74	74½	1,200	Clev., C., C. & St. L	73	74½	73	74½	+ ⅝
43¼	43½	10,150	Colorado Fuel & Iron	42⅞	43⅝	42¼	43⅝	+ ⅝
64	64½	1,400	Colorado & Southern	63⅝	64	63	64	+ ⅝
81¾	82¼	400	Col. & South. 1st pf	81⅝	82	81⅝	82	...
63⅛	63½	500	Col. & Hock. C. & I	63⅜	63⅝	63⅜	63⅝	...
144	144⅜	10,300	Consolidated Gas	144	145¾	144	144½	+ ½
25¼	25⅝	7,900	Corn Products Ref	26	26	25½	25⅝	+ ⅛
91⅞	91⅞	600	Corn Products Ref. pf	92½	92½	91⅞	91⅞	— ⅛
193¼	193¾	1,800	Delaware & Hudson	193	194½	192½	193½	— 1
50½	50⅞	4,700	Denver & Rio Grande	51	51½	50½	50⅝	— ⅛
88¾	89	2,600	Den. & Rio Grande pf	88¾	89¼	88⅝	88⅝	— ⅛
58	58½	100	Detroit United Ry	58	58	58	58	...
40¼	40⅝	1,700	*Distillers' Securities	40⅜	40⅞	39¾	40	+ ⅛
17½	17⅝	200	Duluth, S. S. & A	18	18	17⅝	17⅝	— ½
32½	32½	100	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	...
36⅝	36⅝	30,550	Erie	36½	36¾	35¾	36⅜	+ ⅝
53	53	8,700	Erie 1st pf	53⅜	53⅝	52⅝	53⅝	+ ⅞
45	45	3,100	Erie 2d pf	43	43¼	42¾	42¾	— ⅛
90¼	90¾	100	Federal M. & S	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	— ⅛
91¾	91¾	1,100	Federal M. & S. pf	90	91⅝	90	90⅞	— ⅝
149¼	149¾	1,200	General Electric	149	149¼	148⅜	148⅝	— ⅝
75⅝	76	20,000	Great Northern pf	76	76½	75½	75⅝	— ⅝
90	90¼	5,380	*G. N. certs. ore prop	89¾	90½	89¾	90¼	+ ⅝
148⅝	149¼	200	Hocking Valley pf	149	149¼	148⅜	149¼	+ ⅝
16⅞	17	9,350	Illinois Central	148¾	149½	148¼	148⅝	— ⅛
46	46⅛	7,200	Interborough-Met	16⅞	17	16	17	+ ⅛
85¼	85½	7,400	Interborough-Met. pf	45¾	46⅝	44⅜	44⅜	— 1½
121⅝	122	500	Intern'l Harvester	85¼	85½	85	85	— ⅛
15	15¼	200	Intern'l Harvester pf	122¼	122¼	122¼	122¼	...
62¼	62⅝	1,800	Intern'l Paper	15	15	14⅝	15	— ⅛
41¼	41½	1,100	Intern'l Paper pf	63	63¼	62½	62⅝	— ⅛
87⅝	87⅞	200	Intern'l Steam Pump	41	41¼	41	41¼	+ ¼
58¼	58½	2,400	Int. Steam Pump pf	86⅞	87⅞	86⅞	87⅛	+ ½
78½	79½	775	Iowa Central	31½	31⅞	31½	31⅞	+ ⅛
47	47⅞	630	Iowa Central pf	58	58½	57⅝	57⅝	— ⅛
73⅜	73½	10	Kan. C., Ft. S.& M.pf	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	— ⅛
24½	25	6,150	Kansas City South	47	47¼	46½	47⅛	+ ⅛
55	55	300	Kan. City South. pf	73¼	73½	73¼	73¼	+ ⅛
140¼	140⅝	100	Lake Erie & Western	24½	24½	24½	24½	+ ⅛
82	82⅛	50	Lake Erie & West. pf	53⅝	53⅝	53⅝	53⅝	— ⅛
74	75	1,200	Louisville & Nash	140¾	140¾	140¼	140¼	— ⅝
146½	148	1,200	Mackay Cos	82¼	82¼	81⅞	82	+ ⅛
8	8¼	200	Mackay Cos. pf	75	75	75	75	...
24¾	25	400	Manhattan Elevated	147	147	146½	146½	— ½
23	23	200	Mercantile Marine	8	8½	8	8⅛	— ⅛
56½	58	200	Mercantile Marine pf	25	25	24¾	24¾	— ⅛
140¼	141	100	*Met. Street Railway	25	25	25	25	...
43¼	43¼	1,700	Minn. & St. Louis	58	58	58	58	...
72⅞	73½	15,500	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M	140¼	141	140¼	140¼	— ⅛
76⅞	76⅞	8,500	Mo., Kansas & Texas	43	43¼	42¼	43	+ ⅛
130	140		Mo. Kan. & Tex. pf	73	73	72¾	72¾	— ⅛
106	106⅝	300	Missouri Pacific	130	130	130	130	+ ¼
15¼	15⅞	800	Nash., Chat. & St. L	106	106	106	106	...
88	88¼	4,200	*National Biscuit Co	77⅝	77¼	76	76	— ⅝
109	109¼	930	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	130	130	130	130	+ ¼
53	53¾	100	Nat. Lead Co	157⅝	157⅝	156⅝	156⅝	— ⅝
25¾	25¾	7,970	Nat. Lead Co. pf	88⅞	88⅞	87¼	88⅛	+ ⅛
2⅞	2¾	2,000	N. Rys.of Mex. 1st pf	109¼	109¾	109	109	— ¼
134	134¼	55,800	N. Rys.of Mex. 2d pf	53⅜	53⅝	53⅜	53⅝	+ ⅛
56	56¾	1,200	*Newhouse M. & S	25	25¼	24½	25¼	+ ⅝
171⅜	172½	800	N. Y. Central	2¼	2¼	2¼	2⅜	+ ⅛
122	124	300	N. Y. Chi. & St. L	135	135	132¼	134	+ 2
51⅞	52	21,200	N. Y. N. H. & Hart	56	56⅜	56	56⅜	+ ⅛
91	91¼	11,500	N. Y. & N. J. Tel	171	172½	171	172½	+ 1½
82	82½	1,300	N. Y., Ont. & West	123⅞	123⅞	123⅞	123⅞	+ ⅛
149¼	149¾	53,300	Norfolk & Western	50⅞	52	50½	52	+ 1½
29¼	29¾	200	Northern Pacific	89⅝	91¼	89⅝	91¼	+ 1½
137⅞	138	49,700	Pacific Mail	82	82½	81⅝	82¼	+ ⅝
114⅜	115	1,900	Pennsylvania R. R	149	150⅝	149	149¾	+ ¾
92½	92⅞	700	People's Gas Chi	30	30	29⅞	29⅞	— ⅛
44½	45	1,260	P. C. C. & St. Louis	137¼	138½	136⅞	138	+ 1½
104	105	460	Pressed Steel Car	114⅞	115¼	114⅜	115	+ ⅛
187½	190	100	Pressed Steel Car pf	92⅝	93	92¼	92⅝	+ ⅛
6	8	300	Pullman Company	45¼	45½	44½	44½	+ ⅛
45¼	46	1,000	Quicksilver	104	104½	104	104¼	+ ¼
107	109	300	*R'way Steel Spring	189	189	189	189	...
156⅝	156¾	158,800	*R'way Steel Sp. pf	7	7⅛	7	7⅛	...
90½	91	400	Reading	46¾	46¾	46	46	— ⅝
32½	32⅝	11,300	Reading 1st pf	107	108	107	108	+ 1
103⅜	104	5,720	Rep. Iron & Steel	155½	157½	155½	156½	+ 1½
33⅛	33¼	37,200	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	91⅜	91⅝	91	91	...
71¼	71½	5,900	Rock Island Co	32½	32½	31½	32⅜	+ ⅛
35	...	200	Rock Island Co. pf	100	104½	100	103⅞	+ ⅝
45⅜	46	500	Rock Island pf	33¼	33⅝	32¾	33¼	+ ⅛
27⅜	28	1,400	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	71⅞	71⅞	70¾	71¼	— ⅛
70⅞	71	5,100	St. Louis Southwest'n	36½	37⅜	36½	37⅜	+ ⅝
84	84¼	1,000	St. L. Southwest'n pf	45¾	45¾	45¼	45¼	— ⅛
131¼	131⅜	145,500	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	27⅞	28	27⅞	27⅞	— ⅛
132⅝	133½	4,300	Southern Pacific	69⅞	70⅞	69¾	70⅜	+ ⅝
31⅝	31⅞	7,600	Southern Pacific pf	84	84⅝	83½	83½	— ⅝
70½	70⅝	900	Southern R'way ext	131⅝	133½	130¾	131⅜	+ ⅝
41½	42¼	700	South. R'way pf., ext	132	134⅝	132	133½	+ 1½
36½	36⅝	33,400	*Tennessee Copper	32	32½	31⅝	31⅝	— ⅛
30	30⅜	4,150	Texas & Pacific	70⅝	70⅞	70½	70⅞	+ ⅛
9⅜	10	471	Third Avenue	42¼	42½	42	42	...
51⅝	52½	600	Tol. R'way & Light	34½	36⅝	33⅞	36⅝	+ 2⅝
69½	70	500	Tol., St. L. & W	29½	30	28½	30	+ ⅝
106	106⅜	800	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	10	10	10	10	...
14¼	14½	100	Twin City R. Transit	52	52⅝	52	52⅝	+ ⅛
76	77	200	Union Bag & Paper	69⅝	70	69⅝	70	+ ⅝
191¾	192	126,100	Union B. & Paper pf	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	+ ⅛
97¼	97½	2,800	Union Pacific, ex div	14½	14½	14½	14½	...
107	110	400	Union Pacific pf	76	76	76	76	...
110⅜	111⅛	200	United Cigar Mfrs. pf	191¾	192⅜	191	192	+ ⅞
54	57	100	*United Dry Goods pf	97¼	98¼	97¼	97½	+ ⅝
34⅜	35	2,250	United Rys. Inv. pf	107	107	106¾	106¾	+ ⅛
80	80½	1,300	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	111	111	111	111	...
82⅜	83¼	1,800	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf	55¾	55¾	55¾	55¾	...
31	33	300	U. S. Realty & Imp	34½	35	34½	35	+ ½
41	42	5,400	U. S. Red. & Ref. pf	79	80¼	79	80½	+ ⅝
116¼	116½	5,340	U. S. Rubber	83	83½	82¼	83	+ ⅝
82½	83	3,700	U. S. Rubebr -st pf	33	33	33	33	...
67⅝	67⅝	153,075	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	41¼	42¼	41	41¼	+ ⅛
126½	126⅝	28,900	U. S. Steel	116½	117¼	116½	116⅝	+ ⅛
52	52½	4,700	U. S. Steel pf	85	86	85	85	— ⅛
52½	52⅞	5,150	Utah Copper	67⅝	68	67⅝	67⅞	+ ⅛
121	122	20	Va.-Caro. Chemical	127⅞	128⅝	125¾	126⅜	+ ⅝
21⅜	21¾	2,925	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf	53	53⅛	52	52½	+ ⅛
53⅜	53¾	9,900	Wabash	122	122	122	122	...
21¼	21⅝	6,100	Wabash pf	21½	21⅝	21⅜	21⅝	+ ⅛
74½	75	700	Western Maryland	54	54½	53⅞	53⅞	+ ⅛
83⅞	84¼	1,300	Western Union Tel	21¾	22	21	21¾	+ ⅛
11	11⅛	300	Westinghouse E. & M	74	74½	74	74½	+ ⅝
58¼	59¼	800	Wheel. & Lake Erie	84	84¼	84	84¼	+ ⅛
90⅜	91⅛	300	Wisconsin Central	11	11⅝	11	11⅝	+ ⅛
			*Wis. Central pf., t. r.	59½	59¼	59	59¼	+ ⅛
			*Unlisted.	91⅛	91¼	91	91	+ ⅛

MINING STOCKS.

...	...	1,200	Comstock ...	0.28	0.29	0.28	0.29	...

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

BOSTON, June 4.—Massachusetts Mining was again the feature in the Boston market, the stock declining to 8½, then rallying a point, and closing at 9½, over 4,000 shares changing hands during the day.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Conservatives Growing Cautious.

Many conservative operators professed to see danger signals in the manner in which some stocks floundered around in yesterday's market, when the transactions totaled more than 1,600,000 shares, or about 150,000 more than Thursday's, when the violent rise began. The spectacle of such standard shares as St. Paul dropping half a point between sales, such as was seen, was regarded by some as indicating that the market was approaching a very unhealthy state. But if St. Paul, in the morning session, skipped a few intermediate fractions on the way down, it likewise did not take the trouble to touch all the eighths on the way up later, and scored a net gain of 3 points. Such violent jumps between sales, however, in standard railroad stocks enjoying a wide market, are ordinarily taken by most traders to mean the presence of bold manipulation, and it rests with the trader's individual temperament whether he cares to follow the lead or not. Some incentive for the sharp rise in St. Paul may have been found in the traffic alliance under negotiation with the Northern Pacific, which also shared in the upward movement, though to a less extent.

A Matter of Precedent.

In reply to those who asserted that two days of such enormous transactions with violent advances scored in different sections of the list must mark the culmination of the rise and be followed by a big slump, the stand-pat bulls declared that there were some radical differences between the action of the market recently and on other occasions when a great bull demonstration of a few days concluded the rise. Until Thursday, with few exceptions, the market had stood almost stationary for a fortnight. There were moderate ups and downs in a limited number of stocks, but the so-called leaders refused to move to any great extent. During that period, likewise, the market was extremely dull. In this respect, they said, the present market differed from previous ones in that the latter were usually worked up with gradually increasing activity and higher prices daily, culminating in a session of wild speculation, with dealings running close to 2,000,000 shares.

Southern Pacifics on a Parity.

The apparent discrepancy between the price of Southern Pacific preferred and common stocks, amounting to about 2 points, proved a puzzle to many traders, who could not understand why the preferred should sell so much above the common in view of its prospective retirement on or before July 1, 1910. That the company would exercise its option to call in the preferred at 115 before that time has been generally understood, and the chief reason for the advance in the shares has been the fact of their convertibility into the common. The question naturally arises, therefore, why they should sell above the common. The reason simply resolves itself into an adjustment of the dividends accrued on both stocks. A semi-annual dividend of 3½ per cent. is payable on the preferred on July 15. The common receives 6 per cent. in quarterly installments, and brokers who took the trouble to calculate the accrued dividends on both stocks down to a fine point discovered that, taking these dividends into consideration, both stocks were selling almost exactly at the same figure. Some tried to arbitrage between the two, but found that, all things considered, it was hardly worth while.

Atchison Dividend Prospects.

Some bankers of very good standing have an idea that a tacit agreement was made by which the Atchison management should increase the dividend to a 6 per cent. basis during the present calendar year, prior to the announcement of the recent $27,000,000 convertible bond issue. Whether or not that may be true, the violent advance in Atchison yesterday, extending to more than 4 points, at least suggested its plausibility. Coincident with the rise in the stock there was a sharp bulge in the price of the new convertible bonds, and the value of the rights also increased. Under the circumstances it seems hardly likely that the syndicate which has underwritten the Atchison issue will be called upon to take any part of it. The rise in the stock naturally lends additional attractions to the new convertibles.

Realizing in Steels.

Heavy realizing was apparent in the United States Steel stocks, the common losing nearly 2 points, following its previous sensational rise. The recession, however, could hardly be accounted for, because of the absence of bull "points" on the stock. The latest guess is that the next move in the dividend line will be a jump in the rate from 2 to 5 per cent., and some of the enthusiasts are going so far as to predict that the rate will be raised to 6 per cent. next year. If one were sure that this was to be the case, he could well afford to buy it, but of course prospects of this sort are hedged about with so many "ifs" that most people want to learn something more about them before taking too much on hearsay and faith.

$3,500,000 Interborough Loan.

An issue of $3,500,000 of one-year 4½ per cent. receivers' certificates, issued by the Metropolitan Street Railway to refund a like amount of certificates issued last year at 5 per cent., has been sold to the Central Trust Company, William A. Read & Co. sharing in the purchase to the extent of half the issue. The bankers were yesterday offering their portion of the issue at 100¼, showing a return of 4¼ per cent. to the investor.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

A further upward tendency in the markets was shown at the Metal Exchange yesterday, although business continued quiet. All grades of copper were advanced ⅛c in both the bid and asked prices. Tin improved ¼c, spelter was up 10 points, and lead was unchanged.

In London yesterday on the Metal Exchange spot copper scored a gain of 7s 6d from Thursday's final price; futures likewise improved over the closing quotation of Thursday, showing a gain of 8s 9d from the last price. The market finished steady, last prices ruling at: Spot, £61 5s; futures, £62 2s 6d.

Pig tin closed strong at an improvement of 10s for spot and 12s 6d for futures, at £133 and £134 7s 6d respectively. Lead was unchanged at £13 3s 9d and spelter at £22 2s 6d. Cleveland warrants were slightly higher at 49s.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot delivery on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Thursday:

	Friday.		Thursday.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked
Lake	13.50	13.75	13.37½	13.62½
Electrolytic	13.25	13.50	13.12½	13.37½
Castings	13.12½	13.37½	13.00	13.25
Spelter	5.30	5.35	5.20	5.25
Lead	4.35	4.45	4.35	4.45
Tin	29.12½	29.37½	29.00	29.25

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Burton S. Castles has been elected to membership in the Cotton Exchange.

Samuel Sloan Auchincloss of the firm of Taylor, Auchincloss & Joost sails on the Caronia to-day for a trip abroad.

Tailer & Co. of 27 Pine Street announce that the Equipment Trust certificates they recently purchased from the Iowa Central Railway Company have all been sold.

Coupon 10 of the first mortgage and collateral trust bonds of the Lake Superior Corporation, due June 1 last, will be paid upon presentation to the agency of the Bank of Montreal, 31 Pine Street.

The Central Trust Company and William A. Read & Co. have purchased $3,500,000 Metropolitan Street Railway Company receivers' certificates, dated June 15, to run 1 year at 4½ per cent. These certificates are issued to the same amount of certificates maturing June 15 next.

Unfavorable Purchased Bonds see Page 12.

ACREAGE OF COTTON FALLS 4.4 PER CENT.

Government Figures Show a Decrease of More Than 1,450,000 Acres Under 1908.

CONDITION OF CROP GOOD

Average Is 81.1, Almost Up to the Ten-Year Figures and Above the Average of 1908.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The Crop Reporting Board of the Department of Agriculture estimates from the reports of the correspondents and agents of the department that the area planted to cotton this year in the United States, including that already planted and expected to be planted, is about 95.6 per cent. of the area planted to cotton last year, equivalent to about 31,918,000 acres, as compared with 33,370,000 acres indicated by the department's revised estimate of last year's planted area.

The condition of the growing crop on May 25 was 81.1 per cent. of a normal condition, as compared with 79.7 per cent. the corresponding date in 1908, and 81.4, the average condition for the past ten years on May 25. Details by States follow:

CONDITION MAY 25.

States.	1909.	1908.	10-Year Av'ge.
Virginia	85	88	85
North Carolina	83	87	84
South Carolina	83	81	82
Georgia	84	80	83
Florida	91	82	87
Alabama	83	78	80
Mississippi	78	80	80
Louisiana	74	80	81
Texas	78	77	80
Arkansas	84	85	82
Tennessee	85	84	83
Missouri	93	86	85
Oklahoma	84	80	84
Total, United States	81.1	79.7	81.4

The revised figures indicating acres planted in 1908, as against acres planted in 1909, follow:

States.	1908.	1909.
Virginia	20,000	28,000
North Carolina	1,480,000	1,438,000
South Carolina	2,575,000	2,498,000
Georgia	4,910,000	4,763,000
Florida	269,000	286,000
Alabama	3,625,000	3,552,000
Mississippi	3,415,000	3,244,000
Louisiana	1,650,000	1,155,000
Texas	9,525,000	9,716,000
Arkansas	2,400,000	2,304,000
Tennessee	762,000	754,000
Missouri	90,000	90,000
Oklahoma	2,640,000	2,112,000

This shows a decrease of about 1,452,000 acres or 4.4 per cent.

This year's Government estimate of 31,918,000 acres, which is a decrease of 4.4 per cent. from last year's official figures of the area planted, is considerably smaller than the estimates made earlier in the week by the leading trade authorities. The Government figures have in the past been more inclined to err on the side of an understatement than otherwise. Last year the Government estimated 32,081,000 acres, and later corrected it to 33,370,000 acres, which was practically identical with the figures of a leading trade authority. The estimate of cotton acreage to be issued to-day by The Financial Chronicle puts the area under cultivation at 38,862,406, which is an increase of 1.05 per cent. over last year.

The estimate of The Journal of Commerce last Thursday put the acreage at 32,206,000, a decrease of 3.5 per cent. The Government estimate was better than had been the general expectation in the trade, and had the effect of checking speculative buying. From the Government report, statisticians estimate a crop of 13,000,000 bales, which compares with last year's harvest of 13,408,821 bales. The crop in 1907 was 11,581,829 bales. The largest crop on record was that of 1904, when 13,556,841 bales were produced.

Spinners all over the world are carrying larger stocks of cotton than a year ago, and a crop of 13,000,000 bales is generally considered in the trade as ample provision for the year's requirement.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Seesaws on Government Report—Closes Firm 1 to 4 Points Down.

Cotton developed weakness after the Government report yesterday, but last prices were steady at a net loss of 1 to 4 points. The market had opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 4 points, and, before the report, worked up to a net advance of about 7 points on further rains in the Eastern belt.

Weekly total crop movement figures of the New York Cotton Exchange follow: Port receipts, 9,643,515 bales, (575 bales deducted from receipts for season,) against 8,041,039 bales last year; overland to mills and Canada, 1,208,662 bales, against 724,174 bales last year; Southern mill takings, 2,045,000 bales, against 1,920,000 bales last year; stock at interior towns in excess of Sept. 1, 140,212 bales, against 152,068 bales last year; brought into sight thus far for season, 13,037,389 bales, against 10,837,291 bales last year; brought into sight for the month of May, 465,853 bales, against 319,293 bales last year.

Total crop movement is for 277 days this season, against 270 days last season. The range of contract prices follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs. Close.
June	10.98	10.98	10.88@10.90	10.90
July	11.05	10.89	10.95@10.96	10.97
August	10.98	10.82	10.88@10.90	10.91
September	10.90	10.80	10.84@10.86	10.87
October	10.90	10.77	10.81@10.82	10.84
November	10.83	10.82	10.83@10.85	10.84
December	10.92	10.78	10.83@10.84	10.84
January	10.88	10.73	10.78@10.79	10.80
March	10.90	10.78	10.78@10.79	10.82

Spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 11.50 for middling upland and 11.75 for middling Gulf. Sales nil.

Southern spot markets were telegraphed as follows: Galveston steady, unchanged, at 10¾c; sales, 868 bales. Savannah quiet, unchanged, at 10⅞c; sales, 843 bales. Norfolk quiet, unchanged, at 10¾c; sales, 80 bales. Augusta quiet, 1-16c higher, at 10 15-16c; sales, 446 bales. Little Rock steady, unchanged, at 10¾c. New Orleans quiet and steady, unchanged, at 10⅞c; sales, 350 bales. Houston quiet, unchanged, at 10¾c; sales, 470 bales. Memphis firm, unchanged, at 11c; sales, 550 bales.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 4.—American Can preferred sold at 86, a rise of 4 points, before it reacted at midday. Chicago Telephone, Commonwealth Edison, Carbon, and Title and Trust all made good advances in the early trading. The local trades for a time seemed to catch the better feeling so conspicuous in the Eastern market. American Can preferred closed at 84, but the common touched 15. Swift closed at 110, Street's 40¾, Tool 1½ above the opening, at 25. The Fisheries common sold at 11½ and the preferred at 55¾, both new high prices, before the close.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,100	American Can	14¾	13¼	14¾
101	American Can pf	86	83	84
2,351	Booth Fisheries	11	11	11½
445	Booth Fisheries pf	55¼	54½	55¼
237	Chi. Pneu. Tool	24	23½	24
119	Chi. Rys., Series 1	107½	107	107½
72	Chi. Rys., Series 2	38½	38½	38½
260	Chicago Subway	25	24½	24½
21	Chicago Telephone	133¾	133¼	133¼
40	Chicago Title & Trust	127	127	127
95	Com. Edison	119½	119¾	119½
225	Diamond Match	125½	124½	125
50	Illinois Brick	40	40	40
125	Kansas City Light	51	50½	50½
100	National Biscuit	106	106	106
50	National Carbon	93	92	93
495	People's Gas	115¼	114⅝	115
246	Quaker Oats	131	130	131
12	Quaker Oats receipts	128	128	128
250	Sears-Roebuck	94½	94	94
10	Sears-Roebuck pf	114½	114½	114½
425	Street's	50¼	49¾	49¾
1,000	Swift & Co	110	109¾	109¾
1,025	United Boxboard	15	14	15

THE TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The condition of the Treasury at the beginning of business today was as follows:

RESERVE FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$150,000,000

TRUST FUNDS TO REDEEM OUTSTANDING CERTIFICATES.

Gold coin	$841,639,869
Silver dollars	485,679,000
Silver dollars of 1890	4,207,000
Total	$1,331,785,869
General fund	152,860,502
Deposits in National banks	78,644,481
In Philippine Treasury	4,722,691
Awaiting reimbursement	50
Current liabilities	111,067,331

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Americans Buoyant in London—Prices in Paris and Berlin Firm.

LONDON, June 4.—Money was easier on the market to-day owing to Government disbursements, and discounts were firmer.

On the Stock Exchange the markets generally, with the exception of the buoyancy of Americans, presented a tired appearance the greater part of the day. Gilt-edged securities and home rails suffered from selling pressure, and foreigners and Kaffirs, after early strength, drooped for lack of Paris support. Kaffirs, however, recovered and closed strong. Copper shares were firmer with the metal.

American securities opened firm and a shade over parity. Vigorous buying for American and local account advanced Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé, Missouri Pacific, Missouri, Kansas & Texas, and the Harriman issues, and at noon these stocks were 1 to 1½ points above parity, while the rest of the list remained ¼ above yesterday's New York closing. United States Steel, though active, sold in the morning a fraction below parity. The improvement was maintained in the afternoon, and with Wall Street buying prices made further advances. Southern Pacific and Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé leading. The market finished strong, a fraction below the best. Union Pacific crossed the 200 mark in the afternoon.

Bar silver steady at 24⅝d per ounce.

Money, 1@1½ per cent. Rate of discount in the open market, for short bills, 1⅝@1 13-16 per cent.; for three months' bills, 1¾@1 13-16 per cent.

PARIS, June 4.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were firm. At closing 3 per cent. rentes were 98f 12½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 18½c for checks.

BERLIN, June 4.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were firm. American securities and Canadian Pacific were strong.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	84⅛	..	..	+ ⅛
Consols, account	84⅜	..	..	+ ⅛
Anaconda	50⅜	51⅞	51⅜	+ ⅜
Atchison	118¼	113⅝	110¼	+ 2⅞
Canadian Pacific	189¼	184⅝	184	+ ⅝
St. Paul	159	155¼	154	+ 1¼
Erie	37¼	36⅛	35½	+ ⅝
Erie 1st pf	53⅜	52½	52½	..
Illinois Central	151½	147¾	..	— ⅛
Louisv. & Nashv	143¾	140	140¾	— ⅛
N. Y. Central	135½	132	131⅜	+ ¼
Pennsylvania	70	136⅜	136⅞	— ⅛
Reading	80	156¾	155	+ 1¼
Southern Pac.	166¼	132⅞	130¼	+ 2⅝
Union Pacific	199⅞	195¼	193⅜	+ 1½
U. S. Steel	70¼	68⅛	69¼	— ⅛
U. S. Steel pf	130¼	127	127⅜	— ⅜

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
German Consols 3½s	93½	93⅝
German Consols 3s	86⅛	87⅛
Prussian Government 4s	102⅜	103⅜
Bavarian Government 4s	101½	102½
Hessian Government 3½s	94½	95½
Saxony Government 3s	85½	86½
Hamburg Government 3s	85	86
City of Berlin 4s	101½	102½
City of Cologne 4s	101	102
City of Augsburg 4s	100½	101½
City of Munich 4s	100¾	101½
City of Frankfort-on-Main 3½s	93	98
City of Vienna 4s	97	98
Mexican Government gold 5s	101¼	102¼
Russian Government gold 4s	88	89
French Government rente 3s	97¼	98¼
British Consols 2½s	84	85

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	4	9	Esperanza	2	18	9
Tomboy	1	1	6	Dolores	1	5	0
El Oro	1	6	3	Stratton's Ind.	0	8	1½

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Friday.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
160	Allis-Chalmers	16	16	16	16
10	Allis-Chalm. pf	52¼	52¼	52¼	52¼
10,690	Amal. Copper	87⅝	87½	86¼	87¼
290	Am. Beet Sug.	38⅜	38⅜	38¼	38¼
510	Am. Can	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
950	Am. Car & F.	58½	58½	57½	57⅝
530	Am. Cot. Oil	70½	70½	69½	70¼
260	Am. Ice	37⅝	37⅝	37¼	37¼
320	Am. Locomo.	61	61¼	59⅜	60½
10,770	Am. Smelting	97	97¼	95⅞	96⅝
240	Am. Sugar	132⅞	133¼	132¾	132⅞
480	Anaconda Cop.	52	52	51¼	51½
5,980	A., T. & S. F.	112⅜	115¼	112⅜	114⅞
2,000	Balt. & Ohio	116⅜	119⅜	116⅜	119¼
6,840	Brook. R. T.	79⅜	82½	79¼	82
100	Canadian Pac.	184½	184⅞	184½	184⅞
20	Cent. Leather	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼
910	Ches. & Ohio	70½	70⅝	70	70
3,090	C., M. & St. P.	155	157	154½	157
3,480	Col. Fuel & I.	42⅞	43¼	42½	42⅞
20	Col. & So.	63½	63½	63¾	63⅜
500	Consol. Gas	144¼	145½	144¼	144½
670	Corn Products	25⅞	26	25½	25¾
240	Den. & R. G.	51⅜	51⅝	50¾	50¾
230	Dist. Securities	41	41	40	40
4,500	Erie	36	36½	35¾	36⅛
110	Erie 1st pf	52½	53	52½	52¾
20	Erie 2d pf	43	43	43	43
940	Gt. Nor. pf	149	149½	148¾	149¼
20	G. N. Ore ctfs.	76½	76½	76½	76½
500	Ill. Central	149⅝	149½	149	149
490	Inter.-Met.	16½	16⅞	16	16⅞
120	Inter.-Met. pf.	45⅝	45⅝	45	45⅝
70	Int. Paper	15½	15⅝	15	15
210	Kan. City So.	47	47¼	47	47
90	Louis. & Nash.	140½	141	140⅜	140⅝
1,120	M., K. & T.	42⅜	43¼	42½	43¼
30	M., K. & T. pf.	73½	73½	73¼	73¼
1,180	Mo. Pacific	76⅜	77	76	76⅞
850	Nat. Lead	88⅝	88⅝	87⅜	88¼
70	N. Mex. 2d pf.	25	25¼	25	25
6,880	N. Y. Central	132¼	135	132¼	134⅞
2,740	N. Y., O. & W.	50⅜	52	50½	51⅝
80	North'n & West.	90½	91	90¼	91
5,390	Nor. Pacific	149¼	150⅜	149¼	149⅝
3,540	Pennsylvania	137⅞	138	136⅞	138
60	People's Gas	115	115⅛	114⅜	115
210	Pressed S. Car.	45½	45⅝	44¾	44¾
50	Ry. Steel Spg.	46½	46¾	45⅞	46¼
56,180	Reading	155⅝	157½	155½	156⅝
800	Rep. Steel	31⅝	32¼	31½	32
160	Rep. Steel pf.	100	103¾	100	103½
2,380	Rock Island	33½	33⅝	33	33
350	Rock Isl. pf.	71¾	72	71	71¾
40	St. L. S. W.	27½	28	27½	28
30	St. L. S. W. pf	70⅝	70⅝	69¾	70¼
23,480	Southern Pac.	131½	133	131½	131½
590	Southern Ry.	32	32½	31⅝	32
100	Tenn. Copper	42⅝	42⅝	41⅝	42¼
1,210	Texas Pacific	34⅝	36¼	34⅝	35⅞
380	Third Ave.	29½	30⅝	28½	30⅜
21,320	Union Pac.	192⅜	193⅜	191¼	193⅜
300	U. S. Rubber	41¾	42½	41½	42¼
33,910	U. S. Steel	69	69	67⅜	67⅝
2,150	U. S. Steel pf.	128½	128½	125¾	126⅞
140	Utah Copper	52⅜	53	52⅜	53
420	Va.-Car. Chem.	53½	53½	52½	52½
370	Wabash	21½	21⅝	21¼	21¼
320	Wabash pf.	54	54½	53½	53⅝
730	West. Md.	21¾	21¾	21¼	21¾
234,020					

MINING STOCKS.

300	Best & Belch'r	.37	.37	.37	.37
800	Blue Bell	.04	.04	.04	.04
500	Comstock	.28	.28	.28	.28
1,000	Chollar	.08	.08	.08	.08
400	Caledonia	.16	.16	.16	.16
500	C. C. & Va.	62½	62½	62½	62½
420	Gold'd Con.	$7.60	$7.60	$7.50	$7.50
1,400	Goldf Daisy	.34	.34	.33	.33
1,000	Jumbo Ext.	.14	.14	.14	.14
300	Mexican	.79	.79	.79	.79
2,000	Montgom. Mt.	.05	.05	.05	.05
1,000	Navarre	.24	.24	.24	.24
100	Newhouse	2.12½	2.12½	2.12½	2.12½
100	Ontario	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25
300	Ophir	1.30	1.30	1.29	1.29
600	Overman	.17	.18	.17	.18
200	Potosi	.18	.18	.18	.18
400	Portland	.90	.90	.90	.90
300	Sandstorm	.11	.11	.11	.11
100	Tonopah	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25
700	Tonopah Ext.	.54	.54	.52½	.52½
500	Union Con.	.29	.29	.29	.29
12,920					

WHEAT.

225,000	July option	1.19	1.19	1.18	1.18¾

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—Rapid Transit opened 1¼ points above yesterday's closing sale, and advanced further to 33¾. Considerable realizing at these figures forced a reaction later, but the stock held well above last night's quotation. Over 13,000 shares were dealt in during the five hours. Steel stocks continued to attract the great bulk of the trading in this city. Many selling orders were hurled into the market in United States Steel following yesterday's rise, and in some instances stock which had been carried for over a year was unloaded. The market closed with prices at nearly the highest of the day in most cases.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
140	Amal. Copper	87¾	87⅜	87⅜
15	American Cement	39½	39½	39½
70	Baltimore & Ohio	117¾	116¾	117¾
50	Bell Telephone	108½	108½	108½
280	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	81¾	80	81¾
61	Cambria Iron	46	46	46
7,334	Cambria Steel	42¼	42¼	42¼
10	Catawaissa 2d pf	56½	56½	56½
100	Corn Products	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛
50	Delaware Insurance	25	25	25
100	Elec. Co. of America	12½	12½	12½
1,930	Electric Storage	52½	50	52½
800	Erie	36¼	36	36⅛
500	General Asphalt	23	22¾	23
113	General Asphalt pf	64¾	64¾	64¾
121	Lake Superior Corp.	28⅝	28½	28⅝
15	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
2,185	Lehigh Valley	80½	80	80
200	Norfolk & Ports. t. r.	21¾	21¾	21¾
100	New York Central	135	135	135
872	Pennsylvania R.R.	68 15-16	68¾	68 15-16
219	Philadelphia Co.	42	41½	41¾
510	Philadelphia Electric	11¾	11¾	11¾
12,747	Phila. Rapid Transit	33½	32¾	33¼
5	Philadelphia Traction	92	92	92
10,150	Reading	78 11-16	77 13-16	78¼
6	Reading 1st pf	45	45	45
630	Southern Pacific	132½	131¼	132¼
400	Southern Ry.	32	32	32
200	Tonopah Mining	7 3-16	7 3-16	7 3-16
3,400	Union Traction	57	56	56¾
2,514	United Gas	88¾	87½	88¾
517	United Gas warrants	37½	36½	37½
11,742	U. S. Steel	68¾	67⅛	67⅝
100	U. S. Steel pf	127½	127	127¼
1,400	Warwick I. & S.	9	9	9

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The Daily Consular and Trade Report for to-morrow notes the following trade opportunities. Further information regarding these can be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C.:

AMERICAN MACHINERY AND GOODS.—Writing in reference to the possibility of creating a market for or increasing the sale of steel windmills, machinery, and towers with accessories in Latin America, an American Consular officer states that a good field is presented in the country in which he is located for the sale of this class of goods. Further particulars from the report can be obtained upon application to the Bureau of Manufactures.

MOTOR BOATS AND ENGINES.—A report has been received from an American Consul in Canada relative to the introduction and sale of gas engines, motor boats, and equipment in his district. He states that a good durable engine with simple action, to be used for fishing purposes, would be the proper kind to introduce in that region. The name of a local business man who has intimated to the Consul that he would be willing to accept an agency for marine gas engines and motor boats, provided satisfactory arrangements can be made, is given in the report.

REPRESENTATION IN ITALY.—A member of a firm in the United States engaged in the import and export trade with Italy writes to the Bureau of Manufactures that he is perfecting a plan by which he will be able to represent some American industries in Italy effectively. He states that his acquaintance with the business methods of both countries and the fact that he has been connected with large American enterprises in the fourteen years he has spent in the United States should enable him to act intelligently and successfully, and he would be glad to hear from firms interested in this project.

ABATTOIR EQUIPMENT.—The municipal authorities of a South American city are considering the construction of a new slaughtering establishment, and it is desired to equip the new abattoir with the most modern installation of labor-saving appliances and to provide especially for thorough cleanliness. Bids for furnishing this equipment are desired from American firms, and the Consul reporting on the same suggests that bidders would do well to submit several plans of equipment and furnish all possible information in order that the municipal board may be assisted in selecting the most desirable plant.

CONSTRUCTION OF PIER AND LIGHT-HOUSE.—An American Consul in Latin America reports that the Minister of Public Works of the country where he is stationed has signed a contract with a local firm for the construction of a pier and lighthouse at one of the principal ports of the country. The pier will be 70 meters long and 6 meters in width, is to be of solid timber, and must be roofed with zinc or corrugated iron for the protection of the cargo landed, &c. The work must be completed within one year from April 10, 1909.

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, June 4.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	Cable Consolidated	7c	7c	7c
70	Consolidated Ice	11	11	11
20	Consolidated Ice pf	43¾	43¾	43¾
500	Crucible Steel	9¾	9½	9¾
468	Crucible Steel pf	69¾	69½	69¾
680	Fireproofing pf	24	23¼	24
4	Independent Brewing	5	5	5
500	Interior Mining	10c	10c	10c
170	Mfrs. Light & Heat	14¾	14¼	14¾
25	Ohio Fuel	38½	38½	38½
50	Pittsburg Brewing	24¼	24¼	24¼
75	Pittsburg Brewing pf	43¼	43¼	43¼
25	Pittsburg Coal pf	48	48	48
101	Pittsburg Plate Glass	116	114½	115¼
90	River Coal	5	5	5
4,000	Ross Mining	18c	17c	18c
250	Sewer Pipe	16	15¾	15¾
3,100	Tonopah Extension	51c	45c	45c
100	U. S. Steel	68¼	67¾	67¾
22	U. S. Steel pf	126½	125½	126¼
27	Westing. Airbrake	110½	110	110
1	Westing. Electric 2d	42	42	42
20	West. Penn.	40	40	40
60	West. Penn. pf	74¼	74	74¼

BANKS.

146	Exchange Nat. Bank	75	75	75
5	Real Estate Trust	165	165	165

BONDS.

$1,000	Citizens' Traction 5s	106¾	106¾	106¾
5,000	Con. Gas 5s	98	98	98
2,000	Independent Brew. 6s	83½	83½	83½
1,000	Pitts., McK. & C. 5s	103½	103½	103½
1,000	Jones & Laughlin 5s	100½	100½	100½

UNLISTED.

410	Kansas Gas	51½	50	50
45	Labelle Iron	145½	145	145
1,100	Mount Elliott	18c	15c	15c
12,600	San Toy	42c	40c	40c
200	Silver Peak	51c	51c	51c
50	Union Gas	103	103	103

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, June 4.—Maryland Casualty stock again reached a new high record by advancing a full point, to 98. Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power 4½s moved up ⅝ and were in good demand. Northern Central lost ½, to 106. Shares, 780; bonds, $135,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Anacostia & Posto. 5s	106	106	106
5,000	B'klyn Rapid T. 5s	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝
7,000	Chas. & W. Caro. 5s	109½	109½	109½
10,000	Con. Gas 4½s	97½	97¼	97½
45,000	C. G., E. L. & P. 4½s	88⅞	88½	89⅛

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Forty-third Street Deal, Near Times Square—Buyer for Claremont Avenue Apartment House—Sales by Brokers.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has sold for Charles H. Jones to a client 113 to 123 West Forty-third Street, six dwellings, on plot 125 by 100. The property has been held at $450,000. This plot, which is directly opposite the site of the new Elks clubhouse, is one of the largest under single ownership in the area between Times Square and Sixth Avenue, just north of Forty-second Street. Negotiations are said to be pending for a resale.

Claremont Avenue Purchase.

Arnold, Eyrne & Baumann have sold for Frank Jaeger to John Dillon the six-story apartment house known as the Malverr, at 47 Claremont Avenue near 113th Street, on plot 62.8 by 100.

The Germania Life Insurance Company has made a building loan of $240,000 to the Joseph H. Davis Building Company on the property, 101.10 by 138.4, at the northwest corner of Morningside Avenue West and 120th Street.

Buyer for East 80th St, House.

Bryan L. Kennelly has sold 155 East Eightieth Street, a three-story brownstone dwelling, 16.8 by 100, for Mrs. N. F. Butler. The buyer will occupy the house.

West 87th St. Dwelling Sold.

Pease & Elliman have sold for Henrietta J. Erneman the three-story brownstone dwelling 312 West Eighty-seventh Street, 18.9 by 100.8.

Porter & Co. have resold the three-story brownstone dwelling 17 West 132d Street, 17 by 100, for Leonard M. Croft to Parker K. Deane.

Operators Buy 9th Avenue Corner.

J. Levy & Co. have sold for William Ketl, Jr., to Mandelbaum & Lewine 793 and 795 Ninth Avenue, two five-story flats, with stores, on plot 50.5 by 70, and the adjoining property, 402 and 404 West Fifty-third Street, two four-story single flats, each on lot 15 by 50.5. The entire property has frontages of 50.5 feet on Ninth Avenue and 100 feet on Fifty-third Street, forming the southwest corner of those thoroughfares.

Gustave Britt has sold for the estate of W. Washington Smith the property 428 and 430 West Nineteenth Street.

Porrino & Ragaglia have sold for Harry U. Rosenthal 168 and 170 West Fourth Street, a six-story tenement, with stores, on lot 44 by 78 and irregular.

Warehouse for Hegeman & Co.

Barnett & Co. have leased for the Freehold Construction Company to Hegeman & Co., the druggists, for twenty-one years, 66 and 68 West 132d Street, a plot 37.6 by 100. The property is to be improved with a six-story warehouse.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased for the estate of Henry Cary two floors in 207 Greenwich Street to the Nassau Chemical Company; also, the store 131 William Street to I. N. King.

Riverdale Auction Sale To-day.

At 1 P. M. to-day, Bryan L. Kennelly will begin the auction sale of 200 lots, comprising what is known as the Hutchins property, at Riverdale. The lots, within five minutes' walk of the 242d Street Subway station, are on Riverdale, Greystone, and Waldo Avenues, 238th and 238th Streets, Spuyten Duyvil Road, Fieldstone Road, and Dash's Lane. The sale will be held on the premises under the "mammoth tent."

Leases in Fifth Avenue Section.

The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company reports the following leases: For Henry Hollister Pease, 446 Park Avenue, to Henry A. Foote; for Mrs. A. Archer, 150 East Sixty-first Street, to Dr. Simon Flexner; for Mrs. H. H. Jenkins and Marcellus H. Dodge, 17 East Thirty-seventh Street, to Mrs. Emily H. Myers; for Mary L. Barbey, space in the building 15 and 17 West Thirty-eighth Street, to Benjamin A. Hawes, and for Mrs. Charles H. Wesson, the parlor floor in 1 West Thirty-seventh Street, to the Detroit Publishing Company.

Resale of 117th St. Dwelling.

Williams, Grodgensky & Haft have sold to a Mr. Delinsky 138 East 117th Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 16.2 by 100.11. The sellers bought the parcel at auction this week for $6,550. Stern & Simon were the brokers.

Bronx Properties Find Buyers.

The Henry Morgenthau Company has sold to Peter Herlich the four-story apartment house 916 Kelly Street, south of 163d Street, on plot 37.6 by 105. This is the fifth house sold out of a row of nine recently completed.

Isidor Kaplan has sold for a Mrs. Victor 1,163 Hoe Avenue, a five-story double flat, on lot 25 by 100; also, for a Mr. Ashman 1,285 Washington Avenue, a two-story frame building, on lot 25 by 90, to Rothenberg & Siegel.

Ernst & Cahn and J. J. Pittman have sold to William D. Lenihan, Jr., 1,435 Minford Place, a two-story frame dwelling, on lot 16.8 by 100.

William Peters & Co. have sold for Permelia Eustis to Frank Knoepfel the two-family dwelling 707 Van Nest Avenue; also, for H. F. N. Truelsen the plot, 153 by 170, on the west side of Vyse Avenue, 125 feet south of 180th Street, to a Mr. Krabo, for improvement with four-story apartment houses.

John Schroeder has sold 2,912 Third Avenue, a three-story business building, on lot 25 by 87.

Morris Avenue House Sold.

Fitzgerald & Broderick have sold for August Jacob & Son the two-family house 1,975 Morris Avenue to a client, for occupancy.

John H. Behrman has sold for Emil Lesker the last of a row of two-family houses on East 226th Street, east of White Plains Road; also, for Daniel Hardin, a new two-family house on Olinville Avenue, south of Elizabeth Street; also, sixteen lots on Myrtle, Hazel, and Watson Avenues, near the Westchester & Boston Railroad, for the Arden estate; also, two lots on 226th Street, between White Plains Road and Barnes Avenue.

Schano & Co. have sold for E. B. Levy Lots 91 and 92 in Bronxview Park; for Miss Rose Finn Lots 67 to 70 in Block 21 in the Edenwald estate; for Reuben Levy the dwelling 1,872 Cruger Avenue, Van Nest, for Mrs. Kate Stephenson the dwelling 31 Cedar Street, Chester Hill, Mount Vernon, on plot 75 by 134.

Moran, Hahn & Moran have sold for Walter Taylor a lot on Forest Street, Westchester; also, for Nicholas Fitzsimmons, a plot on East Chester Road, and a lot on Tacoma Street, in the Mapes estate property.

Brooklyn Properties Change Hands.

Friday & Lehmann have just sold the following Brooklyn properties: One hundred and thirty-one Moffat Street, a two-story brick two-family dwelling, for M. L. Haborle; also, 1,419 Jefferson Avenue, a three-story brick single flat, for L. Feldmann; also, 628 Sterling Place, a three-story brick double flat, for Maria Erick; also, 1,141 Hancock Street, a two-story two-family frame dwelling, for a client, to W. Schoenborn, and 133 Moffat Street, a two-story brick dwelling, for a client, to Maria Erick.

New Jersey Deal Involves 100 Acres.

Edward P. Hamilton & Co. have sold 100 acres known as the Drake farm on Mendham Road, at Mendham, N. J. The property adjoins Oliver Hall, recently acquired by ex-Gov. Franklin Murphy of New Jersey.

Burke Stone has sold for J. J. Lannin his farm of twenty-five acres on Inwood Avenue, Greenburg, Westchester County, to Thomas D. Wadelton of Bronxville. This property adjoins the Century Golf Club grounds and the estate of C. W. Leavitt.

Corner Sold at Far Rockaway.

The S. & L. Construction Company has bought from W. J. Buckley, through A. C. Haynes, the corner of Hollywood and Carleton Avenues, Far Rockaway, a plot of six lots.

H. W. Sternburgh and George B. Ellis have sold for B. Franke his Summer residence, known as Highwood, at Huntington, L. I.

Pease & Elliman have rented for Mrs. Clara A. M. Greer her place at Rye, N. Y., to Nathan H. Lord; also, for Samuel L. Pearsall, his new house at Woodmere, L. I., to Russell S. Carter, and for Mary Rutherfurd, her house near the Rockaway Hunt Club at Cedarhurst, L. I., to Emma B. Richardson.

Selling Quarter-Acre Farms.

The F. C. Becker Realty Company, which is selling quarter-acre farms at River Edge, N. J., will run another excursion to the property to-morrow. Out of the original tract of fifty acres, over twenty-five acres have already been sold.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Herbert A. Sherman.

102d St, 318 and 315, n s, 212.6 ft e of 2d Av, 87.6x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Joseph L. Buttenwieser, $38,650.

By Joseph P. Day.

St. Nicholas Av, n e corner of 190th St, 100x100, one-story frame building and vacant; foreclosure sale, to Frederick Johnson, $37,800.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

110th St, s s, 75 ft e of Manhattan Av, for a one-story building for moving picture show, 35x90; M. G. Ferguson of 25 Broad St, owner; Harrison & Sackheim, architects; cost, $8,000.

178th St, n s, 100 ft w of Broadway, for two five-story brick flats, 56.4x80; Dayton Realty Co. of 6 East 108th St, owner; S. Sass, architect; cost, $110,000.

Morningside Av, n w corner of 114th St, for a one-story brick church, 34.2x80.7; Novitiates of the Fathers of Mercy, owner; Danis & Otto, architects; cost, $50,000.

Delancey St, s s, 60.2 ft e of Attorney St, for a two-story brick lofts, 36.1x25.4; R. M. Morasco of 37 East Houston St, owner; Sommerfeld & Steckler, architects; cost, $3,000.

140th St, s s, 60 ft e of Willis Av, for a one-story brick store, 40x16.8; Maurice J. O'Gorman, 140th St and Willis Av, owner; Oscar Schmidt, architect; cost, $2,000.

Morris Park Av, s s, 97.59 ft w of Bronxdale Av, for a brick dwelling and stable, 24.10x52 and 24.10x30; J. H. Niebuhr, Morris Park Av, owner; B. Ebeling, architect; cost, $12,000.

Loring Place, w s, 137.55 ft w of 183d St, for a two-story frame dwelling, 20x45.6; Theodore Walpuski, Grand Av and North St, owner; F. B. Huntington, architect; cost, $2,500.

Trinity Av, w s, 100 ft s of 163d St, for a five-story brick tenement, 50x110; James Higgins & Co. of 918 Trinity Av, owner; Harry T. Howell, architect; cost, $55,000.

Simpson St, n e corner of Home St, for two five-story brick tenements, 50.8x88.5 and 25x80; Henry Schmidt of 442 East 136th St, owner; Harry T. Howell, architect; cost, $80,000.

Marmion Av, s e corner of Fairmount Av, for three four-story brick tenements; Fairmont Construction Co., (David Horowitz of 1,053 Boston Road, President,) owner; Edwin J. Byrne, architect; cost, $90,000.

Gilbert Place, n s, 25 ft w of Faile St, for six two-story brick dwellings, 20x55; John Randall of 879 East 162d St, owner; Daube & Kreymberg, architects; cost, $45,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

54th St, 122 and 124 West, to a five-story brick garage; T. G. Conovan of 343 West 55th St, owner; G. W. Spitzer, architect; cost, $12,000.

75th St, 33 West, to a five-story brick dwelling; H. G. Simon, premises, owner; Mann & MacNeille, architects; cost, $6,000.

21st St, 23 and 25 East, to a ten-story brick lofts building; E. A. Darling, premises, owner; Jardine, Kent & Jardine, architects; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, JUNE 4.

AMSTERDAM AV, e s, 78.1 ft n of Washington Bridge Park, 38x—; Albert V. Donellan to Albert V. Donellan Construction Co., $100.

BLEECKER ST, 297 and 299, 39x25x26x—; George E. Weller, referee, to Sophie Shapiro, ½ part, $100.

BROADWAY, w s, from 164th to 165th St, 250x100; Joseph Hamershlag to George Carlson and another, (mtg $153,500,) $100.

BROADWAY, w s, from 164th to 165th St, 250x100; Falcon Realty Co. to Joseph Hamershlag, (mtg $153,500,) $100.

BROADWAY, s w corner of 127th St, 40x100; Terrace Holding Co. to Berry B. Simons, $100.

BROADWAY, s w corner of 127th St, 40x100; Berry B. Simons to Terrace Holding Co., $100.

CENTRAL AV, e s, 139.11 ft s w of Mount Hope Place, 41.2x110.8; Frederick W. Brooker to Hugh C. Murday, quitclaim, $1.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, s w corner of 65th St, 100.5x125; Haines Realty Corporation to Fannie S. Rockwood of Saratoga Springs, N. Y., (mtg $828,951,) $100.

COLUMBUS AV, s s, 50 ft e of Madison St, 25x100; Adolph Kolbert and another to Robert Werk, (mtg $3,300,) $100.

ELM ST, w s, 150 ft n of Locust Av, 25x100; Bronxwood Realty Co. to Joseph A. Mascia, (mtg $800,) $1.

FULTON ST, n w s, Lot 170, map of Washingtonville, 50x100; Charles J. Brouse to Lawrence Ryan, (mtg $1,500,) $100.

HESTER ST, 95, 21.10x75; Isaac E. Smith to Annie Shlachetzki, ½ part, (mtg $52,750,) $1.

JEROME AV, e s, 50 ft n of 175th St, 90x100; Charles W. Hillman to Isaac Brown, (mtg $18,000,) $100.

JONES AV, w s, 300 ft s of Jefferson Av, 100x100, Edenwald; Rosie Finn to Herrman Wurth, (mtg $600,) $100.

KELLY ST, w s, 125.5 ft s of 165th St, 25x100; Charles Dettner to Josephine Fritz, (mtg $1,500,) $100.

LEXINGTON AV, 1,085, 17x70; Adolf Leichter to Julia B. Byrne, (mtg $14,000,) $100.

LOT 17, map of 369 lots, Hunt's Point Realty Co.; Michael Meehan to Kellwood Realty Co., (mtg $1,750,) $1.

LOT 101, map of Van Nest Park; Louis Chiappa to Louis Mezza, (mtg $4,800,) $100.

LOTS 49 and 50, Parcel 20, map of William B Ogden; Sterling St. John to John F. Kaiser of Mount Vernon, N. Y., $1.

LOTS 8, 9, 17, 44, 61, 62, and 1,117, map of Tremont Heights; Lamport Realty Co. to Sarah Lamport, $100.

LOTS 35 and 36, map of Cebrie Park; Karolina Zoll to George Dietrichsen, $100.

LOT 232, map of part of Schieffelin estate; David Grossmann to Melrose Realty Co., (mtg $61,250,) $100.

LOTS 35 and 36, map of Cebrie Park; Jacob Conde to George Dietrichsen, $100.

MADISON AV, n e corner of 128th St, 50x72.6; Martha W. Weill to Thal Realty Co., (mtg $83,000,) $1.

MADISON ST, 286, 18x75; Herman Hoffman, referee, to Barnett Fishman, $3,000.

MONTGOMERY ST, 40 and 42, n w corner of Monroe St, 75x48; Isidor Leipzig to Harris Bernstein, (mtg $87,900,) $100.

MORNINGSIDE AV, n w corner of 120th St, 101.10x124.3x100.11x138; Falcon Realty Co. to Joseph H. Davis Building Co., (mtg $100,000,) $100.

PARK AV, n e corner of 110th St, 100.11x35.11; David Nevins to Union Exchange National Bank, quitclaim, $100.

SHEIL ST, s s, Lots 864 and 865, map of Laconia Park; Arthur J. Mace and another to Samuel Klug, (mtg $450,) $967.

SHEIL ST, n s, Lot 750, map of Laconia Park; Arthur J. Mace and another to Barnett Silliman, (mtg $205,) $471.

SULLIVAN ST, 142, 25x125; Daniel W. Harnett to John J. Jennings, (mtg $40,000,) $100.

TERRACE PLACE, n w corner of Park Drive, 250x110.11; Pelham Bay Park Land Co. to Munroe Crane, $1.

VYSE AV, 1,151, 20x100; Henry P. Keith, referee, to Ellis T. Amdur, (mtg $8,000,) $8,500.

WESTCHESTER AV, n w corner of Castle Hill Av, 108x200; John P. Kirch to Peter Handibode, Jr., $100.

WESTCHESTER AV, n w corner of Castle Hill Av, 108x200; Lawrence R. Boyd to John P. Kirch, $16,500.

WILLETT ST, 71, 18.6x50; Samuel Blak to Abraham Neuman, (mtg $13,250,) $100.

1ST AV, e s, 25 ft n of 61st St, 25x95; George E. Weller, referee, to Sophie Shapiro, $50.

3D AV, 514, 25.2x63.2; George E. Weller, referee, to Joseph G. Engel of Brooklyn, $5,000.

3D AV, 3,820, 25x100; 3d Av, 3,818, 25x100; John Bussereau to Antonia Bussereau, B. & S. ½ part, (mtg $45,250,) $100.

4TH AV, n e corner of 18th St, 53x irregular x 200; Peter T. Barlow and others to Hamilton S. Foster of Boston, Mass., $1.

4TH ST, 168 and 170 West, w s, 44.6x73; Samuel B. Rosenthal to Harry U. Rosenthal, (mtg $35,000,) $100.

4TH AV, n e corner of 18th St, 53x irregular x 200; Hamilton S. Foster to Pocono Building Co., $1.

4TH ST, 168 and 170 West, w s, 44.6x73; Harry U. Rosenthal to Frank I. Ughetta, $100.

5TH AV, 12, w s, 26.3x100; Edward Wagner to Nash Rockwood, (mtg $144,000,) $1.

5TH AV, 12, w s, 26.3x100; Edward Wagner to Haines Realty Corporation, (mtg $169,000,) $1.

8TH AV, n e corner of 153d St, 40x100; Harris Bernstein to Isaac Goldberg, (mtg $50,000,) $100.

14TH ST, 540 East, 25x103.3; Charles H. Person to Emblem Realty Co., (mtg $15,000,) $100.

27TH ST, 31 to 37 West, n s, 100x98.9; 37th St, 148 to 152 West, 66.11x95; Max Cohen to M. Cohen & Brothers Realty Co., (mtg $219,000,) $100.

57TH ST, 426 and 428 West, s s, 50x98.9; Elizabeth Grossmann to Max Heller, (mtg $40,000,) $100.

48TH ST, 62 West, 20.10x100.5; trustees of Columbia College to Mattie A. McElroy of Jersey City, N. J., $46,750.

48TH ST, 62 West, 20.10x100.5; Mattie A. McElroy to Jessie Mitchell, (mtg $36,750,) $100.

56TH ST, 13 West, 25x100.5; William R. Barr to Rosalie G. F. Barr, (mtg $30,000,) $1.

75TH ST, 311 East, n s, 25x102.2; Alex. A. Tausky to Charles Gronich, (mtg $12,500,) $1.

75TH ST, 311 East, n s, 25x102.2; Charles Gronich to Alex. A. Tausky, (mtg $12,000,) $1.

85TH ST, 430 East, s s, 25x102.2; Bertha Rimpler to Philip Gerlich, (mtg $20,800,) $100.

85TH ST, 21, 29, 45, and 47 West, n s, 4 lots, each 20x102.2; James Carlew and others to Emma C. Linson, $1.

92D ST, n s, 235.4 ft w of 3d Av, 42.8x100.8; Josephine White to Rosie Yudkoff, Hackensack, N. J., (mtg $61,500,) $100.

95TH ST, s s, 250 ft w of 1st Av, 50x100.8; Blanche A. Danciger to Henry R. Kunhardt and others, (mtg $10,000,) $100.

95TH ST, s s, 250 ft w of 1st Av, 50x100.8; David Kidansky and others to Blanche A. Danciger, (mtg $10,000,) $1.

97TH ST, n s, 100 East, 62.6x100.10; Blanche A. Danciger to Henry R. Kunhardt and others, (mtg $65,000,) $100.

100TH ST, 210 East, s s, 25x100.11; Sadie Cohen to Joseph Cohen, Pittsburg, Penn., (mtg $27,350,) $1.

101ST ST, 331 to 345 East, n s, 160x100.11; Minnie Rose to Louis Dubinsky and others, (mtg $177,000,) $1.

101ST ST, 331 to 345 East, n s, 160x100.11; Louis Dubinsky and others to Minnie Rose, (mtg $177,000,) $1.

111TH ST, 241 and 243 West, 50x100.11; Simon Lieberman and another to Sarah A. Sandford of Brooklyn, (mtg $74,000,) $100.

110TH ST, 224 and 226 West, 50x100.11; Isaac Goldberg to Harris Bernstein, ½ part, (mtg $48,000,) $100.

159TH ST, 417 and 419 East, 50x —; Julius H. Haas to Fannie M. Haas, (mtg $16,000,) $100.

164TH ST, 442 and 444 West, 50x112.4; Henry Rosenthal to Jacob H. Friedlander, (mtg $50,000,) $100.

172D ST, s s, 70 ft w of Minford Place, 30x98.6; George Senk to Elizabeth Danz, ½ part, (mtg $16,500,) $1.

177TH ST, n s, 90.2 ft e of Marmion Av, 75x115; Adolph D. Kerker and others to Herman Scheideberg of Summit, N. J., $100.

179TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of Bronx Park Av, 50x100; Hugo H. Ritterbusch to City and County Contract Co., $100.

231ST ST, s w s, 105 ft s e of 6th St, 50x114.5; Leonardo La Porta to Gustav Danitz, (mtg $700,) $100.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

A. J. SCHWARZLER CO. to Augusta M. de Peyster; Clay Av, s w corner of 168th St, 554.8x—, 5 years.....$42,500

ALTMAYER, Sanders S., to Babette Erdman; 50th St, 206 and 208 East, 5 years, 4½%.....$17,500

AMDUR, Ellis L., to Public Bank; Vyse Av, w s, 300 ft n of 167th St, 20x100, prior mtg $8,000, installments, 6%.....$2,000

A. V. DONELLAN CONSTRUCTION CO. to Albert Forsch; Amsterdam Av, e s, 78.1 ft n of Washington Bridge Park, 5 years.....$40,000

BEDRICK, Abraham, to F. Koppelmann; Lot 1, map of land of Augustus P. Woodruff, due, &c., as per bond.....$12,000

BIRCH, Frederick H., to Frederic R. Coudert, guardian; 114th St, 612 West, due as per bond.....$10,000

BROUSE, Charles J., to Mary J. Archer; Fulton St, n w s, Lot 170, map of Washingtonville, 50x100, 3 years, 6%.....$1,500

CARUCCI, Cheechma, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 183d St, 639 and 641 East, due, &c., as per bond.....$6,500

COHN, Hulda, to Charlotte A. Williams; Lexington Av, 1,697, prior mtg $20,000, demand, 6%.....$300

COHN, Hulda, to Paul Blum; Lexington Av, 1,697, prior mtg $20,300, 3 years, 6%...$1,000

COLLINS, Anne, to Protective Realty Co.; 119th St, 353 West, prior mtg $12,000, 1 year, 6%.....$4,000

COLONY CLUB to Union Trust Co., trustee; Madison Av, w s, 24.9 ft n of 30th St, 73.11x95, prior mtg $300,000, due Jan. 1, 1959, 4%.....$200,000

CONNELLY, Mary, to B. A. Burnett; 148th St, n s, 70.3 ft e of Morris Av, 50x106.6, 3 years.....$2,500

CONWAY, Bridget, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 169th St, n s, 150 ft w of Audubon Av, 25x81.7, 3 years, 4½%.....$6,000

DE KRAFT, Bertha, to Louise Withey; 70th St, 148 West, due Oct. 1, 1909, 6%.....$400

DELANEY, Alice, to Harriet T. Righter; Bathgate Av, n e corner of 181st St, 26x100, due Nov. 1, 1914.....$9,000

DIAMOND, Charles, and another to Emma Davidson; 134th St, 19 East, 3 years...$16,500

DIETRICHSEN, George, to Jacob Conde; Lots 35 and 36, map of Cebrie Park, prior mtg $6,000, 3 years, 6%.....$2,500

DIETRICHSEN, George, to Jacob Conde; Lots 35 and 36, map of Cebrie Park, 3 years, 5½%.....$6,000

ECONOMY REAL PROPERTY CO. to Herman Younker; Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, Parcel 2, and 18 other lots, map of subdivision of estate of William B. Ogden, due June 7, 1912, 5½%.....$55,000

EGAN, Mary E., to Mary E. Hailey; 186th St, s s, 183.6 ft w of Southern Boulevard, 25x180.1, 3 years.....$1,200

ENGLERT, William, to Moses Seelig; Concord Av, w s, 325 ft s of Lexington St, 25x100, 1 year, 6%.....$1,000

FERGUSON BROTHERS & FORSHAY to City Mortgage Co.; 180th St, s s, 254.1 ft w of Broadway, 175x100, demand, 6%...$105,000

FISELLA, Salvatore, to Ralph Hickox; Bartholdi St, s s, Lot 24, map of Williamsbridge Station, 1 year, 6%.....$540

FISHMAN, Barnet, to Alice M. Snedeker; Madison Av, 286, due Feb. 1, 1912, 6%.$2,250

FULLER, Elam H., to Beatrice A. Haight and another; Houston St, s s, 22 ft e of Congress St, 22x77.6, 5 years.....$10,000

GOLDMAN, Harris B., to Jennie G. Buckley; 3d Av, 3,083, due June 1, 1914.....$11,000

GRONICH, Charles, to Alfred M. Heinsheimer and others, trustees; 75th St, 311 East, due, &c., as per bond.....$10,000

GROSSMANN, Elizabeth, to Lawyers Title Insurance Co.; 37th St, s s, 350 ft w of 9th Av, 2 lots, each 25x98.9, 2 mtgs, each $20,000, 5 years.....$40,000

HAINES REALTY CORPORATION to Jeanne G. Mathot; 5th Av, w s, 28.6 ft n of Clinton Place, 26x100, 3 years, 6%.....$25,000

HARDING, Hugo A., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 39th St, 249 West, due, &c, as per bond.....$13,500

HELLER, Max, to Elizabeth Grossmann; 37th St, 428 and 428 West, 2 mtgs, each $5,000, 5 years, 6%.....$10,000

HICKS, Rosanna T., to Mutual Life Insurance Co.; Convent Av, n w corner of 133d St, due, &c., as per bond.....$35,000

HILLMAN, Charles W., to Isaac Brown; 167th St, n s, 180 ft w of Prospect Av, 40x125, prior mtg $32,500, due Dec. 4, 1911, 6%.....$3,300

ISAAC WESTERVELT CO. to Stewart Distilling Co.; Whitehall St, 15 to 25, installments, 6%.....$1,200

JOHNSON, Mary E., to Susan A. Berrian; Villa Av, w s, 134.3 ft n of Southern Boulevard, 25x100, due July 27, 1914, 6%.....$500

JOSEPH H. DAVIS BUILDING CO. to Germania Life Insurance Co.; Morningside Park West, n w corner of 120th St, 101.10x124.3, due, &c., as per bond.....$240,000

JOSEPH H. DAVIS BUILDING CO. to Joseph Hamershlag; Morningside Av, n w corner of 120th St, 107.10x124.3, prior mtg $240,000, due, &c., as per bond.....$30,000

KAISER, John F., to Margaretha Zeiller; Lots 49 and 50, Parcel 20, map of subdivision estate of William B. Ogden, 3 years.....$4,000

KAPLAN, Julius, to Fannie Weinberg; Catharine St, 86, prior mtg $30,000, 3 years, 6%.....$5,000

KELLWOOD REALTY CO. to Michael Meehan; Seneca Av, n e corner of Irvine St, 25x100, prior mtg $15,000, demand, 6%...$3,250

KELLWOOD REALTY CO. to City Mortgage Co.; Seneca Av, n e corner of Irvine St, 25x100, due, &c., as per bond.....$18,000

KEMP-JONES REALTY CO. to Harlem Savings Bank; Anderson Av, e s, 558 ft n of Jerome Av, 81x154.4, 3 years.....$21,000

KEMP-JONES REALTY CO. to Harlem Savings Bank; Anderson Av, e s, 620 ft n of Jerome Av, 31x150.8, 3 years.....$21,000

KEMP-JONES REALTY CO. to Harlem Savings Bank; Anderson Av, e s, 527 ft n of Jerome Av, 31x150.8, 3 years.....$21,000

KEMP-JONES REALTY CO. to Harlem Savings Bank; Anderson Av, e s, 589 ft n of Jerome Av, 31x157, 3 years.....$21,000

KLUG, Samuel, to Arthur J. Mace and another, executors; Lots 864 and 865, map of Laconia Park, 3 years, 6%.....$450

KOHN, Sarah, to James Suydam; 13th St, n s, 220.10 ft e of Avenue A, 24.10x103.3, 5 years.....$26,000

LEON REALTY CO. to Charles Klingenstein and another; Water St, n w corner of Broad St, 92.6x—, prior mtg $84,000, due Sept. 3, 1912, 6%.....$12,000

LERNER, Barnet, to Katy Krau; 8th St, 99 and 99½ East, 3 years, 6%.....$2,500

LOWENSTEIN, Max, to Anna M. E. Watkins and another; East End Av, w s, 26 ft s of 84th St, 25.4x80, 5 years, 6%.....$20,000

MAMDA CO. to Hahnemann Hospital of City of New York; Mamda St, 868, 3 years, 6%.....$7,500

MANIDA CO. to Jessie E. Sampter; Manida St, 880, 3 years.....$7,500

MARCUSE, Minnie, to Harlem Savings Bank; Main St, n e s, 72.8 ft s e of Grant St, 550, 3 years.....$5,000

MARTIN TULLY CONSTRUCTION CO. to Charles H. Phelps, executor; Hughes Av, e s, 166.9 ft n of 179th St, 50.2x80, due, &c., as per bond.....$18,000

MARTIN TULLY CONSTRUCTION CO. to Walter S. Cameron, guardian; Hughes Av, e s, 216.11 ft n of 179th St, due, &c., as per bond.....$18,000

MASCIA, Joseph A., to Bronxwood Realty Co.; Elm St, w s, 150 ft n of Locust Av, 25x100, installments, 6%.....$575

McGARRY, Frank, to Eloise Archer; Lot 1,223, map of Wakefield, 3 years, 6%.....$1,500

McILROY, Mattie A., to Trustees of Columbia College; 48th St, 62 West, due, &c., as per bond.....$36,750

M. COHEN & BROTHERS' REALTY CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 27th St, 31 to 37 West, 4 years, 6%.....$450,000

METZLER, Harry, to Martin Norz; Gifford Av, s s, 478.10 ft e of Balcom Av, 25x100, 2 years, 6%.....$2,000

MILLER, Edna A., to Union Trust Co.; Park Av, n e corner of 64th St, 100.5x20.10, 5 years, 4½%.....$60,000

MUNDAY, Hugh C., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Jerome Av, 1,854, due, &c., as per bond.....$5,500

MUNDAY, Hugh C., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Jerome Av, 1,852, due, &c., as per bond.....$5,500

PANNIELLO, Salvadore, to Carrie Stonebridge; Belmont Av, e s, 70 ft s of 187th St, 30x100, prior mtg $8,750, installments, 6%.....$1,250

PANNIELLO, Salvadore, to Carrie Stonebridge; Belmont Av, e s, 70 ft s of 187th St, prior mtg $7,500, 3 years, 6%.....$1,250

PANNIELLO, Salvadore, and another to Dollar Savings Bank of the City of New York; Belmont Av, e s, 70 ft s of 187th St, 30x100, 1 year.....$7,500

PATERNO BROTHERS to E. M. Ziegler and others, executors; 118th St, 511 West, due July, 1914.....$175,000

PENFIELD, William W., to Maud T. Gaylor; Lot 98, map of South Washingtonville, 3 years, 6%.....$1,000

PHELAN BROTHERS' CONSTRUCTION CO. to Manhattan Mortgage Co.; College Av, w s, 380 ft s of 169th St, 40x85, due, &c., as per bond.....$8,000

PICKEN, James C., to James S. Alexander, guardian; Plimpton Av, w s, 97.7 ft s of 170th St, due, &c, as per bond.....$7,000

PICKEN, James C., to James S. Alexander, guardian; Plimpton Av, w s, 75 ft s of 170th St, 22.7x100, due, &c, as per bond.....$7,000

QUINLAN, Ellen M., to Augusta A. Jeffries; Whitlock Av, s e s, 128.10 ft n e of Leggett Av, 3 years.....$1,200

ROCKWOOD, Nash, to Edward Wagner; 12 5th Av, 3 years.....$25,000

ROSE, Minnie, to Solomon Frankel and another; 101st St, n s, 40 ft w of 1st Av, 160x100.11, prior mtg $161,000, 3 years, 6%.....$5,000

ROSE, Morris, and another to Catherine E. Wills; Delancey St, 78½ to 84, due Dec. 6, 1913, 4½%.....$20,000

SAUVAN, Robert M., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Trinity Av, 919, due as per bond.....$9,000

SCHEIDEBERG, Herman, to Adolph L. Kerker and others; 177th St, n s, 90.2 ft e of Marmion Av, 75x115, 3 years.....$14,000

SHIPWAY, John H., to Mutual Life Insurance Co.; Walnut Av, n w corner of 141st St, 316.8x—, due, &c, as per bond.....$70,000

SILLMAN, Barnett, to Arthur J. Mace and another; Sheil St, n s, Lot 750, map of Laconia Park, 3 years, 6%.....$205

SOLTMANN, Edward G., to Cornelia Hoyt; Valentine Av, e s, 93.4 ft s of 200th St, 20x100, 5 years, 6%.....$8,000

SQUIRE, Sarah E., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; 52d St, n s, 250 ft w of 5th Av, 25x100.5, prior mtg $15,000, 3 years, 4½%.....$15,000

SWARTZ, Julia, to Bernhard Blum; 103th St, n s, 415 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 33.5x134.10, due Dec. 31, 1969, 6%.....$500

SWARTZ, Julia, to Pumie Land and another; 105th St, n s, 415 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 33.5x134.10, prior mtg $24,500, 3 years, 6%.....$4,000

TERRACE HOLDING CO. to Esther Ede P. Hosmer; Broadway, s w corner of 127th St, 40x100, due, &c., as per bond.....$70,000

THAL REALTY CO. to Martha W. Weill; Madison Av, n e corner of 128th St, 50x72.6, due Oct. 21, 1911, 6%.....$3,500

ULRICH, John, to Lydia Lange; St. Ann's Av, 165, 5 years.....$19,000

VANDERBILT TILE CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 160th St, s s, 125 ft e of Broadway, 50x99.11, prior mtg $35,000, due, &c, as per bond.....$15,000

WAINWRIGHT, Elizabeth, to John Bussing, Jr.; Rockfield St, n s, 875 ft e of Marion Av, 50x—, due Oct. 26, 1912, 6%.....$500

WERK, Robert, to Adolph Kolbert and another; Columbus Av, s s, 50 ft e of Madison St, 25x100, prior mtg $3,500, installments, 6%.....$800

Mechanics' Liens.

DAWSON ST, 673; Meyer Stein against Goldberg & Goldman, owners and contractors, $375.

30TH ST, 104 West; Michael J. Callahan against Frank R. Brown, owner and contractor, $385.

RIVINGTON ST, 156; Benjamin Barzansky against Adolph D. Linderman, owner; Frank Wechsler, contractor, $42.

BOSTON ROAD, e s, 150.10 ft n of 168th St, 197.2x181.4x184x261.11; Henry Ahr Iron Works against John M. Linck, owner and contractor, $1,345.

77TH ST, 44 to 50 West; M. E. More & Co. against Forty-four West Seventy-seventh Street, owner and contractor; Hedden Construction Co., subcontractor, $16,289.

42D ST, 118 and 120 East; William Regon against Adrian H. Joline and Douglas Robinson, receivers, owners; Frank Heitzner & Co., contractor, $498.

LEXINGTON AV, 461; William Garber against Mrs. Thomas F. Egan, owner and contractor, $50.

EAST HOUSTON ST, 93 and 95; Bowery, 279; Joseph Becker et al. against John Jacob Astor, owner; Ira B. Kaplan, agent, contractor, $100.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

TINTON AV, w s, 150 ft n of 150th St; Jacob Sanders et al. against Tinton Avenue Construction Co. et al., May 28, 1909, (by deposit,) $250.

ESSEX ST, 153 to 157; Aaron Silverman against Margaret Folsom et al., March 22, 1909, (by deposit,) $358.

BROADWAY, n w corner of 52d St; Mark Siegel against Ludin Brothers et al., June 1, 1909, $198.

8TH ST, 502 East; Jacob Seidman against Charles Wunderlich et al., April 26, 1909, $154.

FORT WASHINGTON AV, s e corner of 170th St; Michael J. Fitzgerald against H. Dongan et al., May 22, 1909, (by bond,) $250.

Lis Pendens.

LUDLOW ST, n w s, 87.6 ft n e of Grand St, 25.5x87.6; Samuel Lipman et al against Abraham Scheinberg et al, (specific performance;) attorneys, Lachman & Goldsmith.

5TH AV, n w corner 119th St, 20x55.6x42.7x53.7; Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis against Elizabeth Tyrrell et al, (action to establish lien;) attorney, H. C. De Witt.

61ST ST, n s, 275 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.5; State Bank against Morris Haber et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. T. Kohn.

97TH ST, s s, 310 ft e of 5th Av, 28.7x81.5x irregular; Mary A. Cohnfeld against Seth M. Milliken et al, (action to recover dower, &c.;) att

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Old orchard home; seven rooms; shower bath; 200 foot veranda; fireplaces; beautiful views; lawns, hedges; near station; photo. Harry Layton, Hackensack.

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Elegant house, fine neighborhood; steam heat; all improvements; $6,500. $1,000 cash. Falkinburg, 1,133 Broadway.

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FARM AND FISH NEAR THE SOUND.

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In the Heart of the Wheatley Hills; almost overcharged with beauty.

UNUSUAL home sites, in highly restricted residence park, adjoining the town; electric light, central water system, &c.

Plots 1-4 to 3 acres, (5½ to 65 city lots equivalent,) $1,500 up.

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Buildings on this nice little farm are in good repair; include recently remodeled 10-room house and 34-ft. stable; charming view of lake; only a short distance from the house; cuts 10 tons of hay; lots of apples, plums, cherries, currants, and berries; great place for Summer boarders; only $900, easy terms. Page 80 Strout's May-June Bulletin, copy free. E. A. Strout Co., Dept. 1093, 47 West 34th St., cor. Broadway, N. Y.

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Productive 80-acre farm in excellent state of cultivation; must be sold at once; cuts 50 tons hay, produces big crop of corn, oats, potatoes; pasture for 20 head, 300 cords hardwood, lots of fruit; two-story eight-room house, piazza, big barn, outbuildings; on splendid State road; only $4,400, half cash. See Page 64 Strout's May-June Bulletin, just out, copy free. E. A. Strout Co., Dept. 1093, 47 W. 34th St., cor. Broadway, N. Y.

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Irving Place & 16th Street,

twelve stories, 12,000 square feet on a floor.

Five elevators, fireproof construction, plenty of sunlight and fresh air, and perfect sprinkler and ventilating systems are a few of the advantages claimed for this desirable loft building.

FOR PLANS, RENTS AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO

KIPS BAY REALTY CO.,

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ROOM 1010, 10TH FLOOR,

or your own broker.

FOR LEASE

At Once

Attractive Street Floor and Basement

3,212 square feet on ground floor—1,864 square feet in basement, which is light and dry, with high ceilings. In addition, there are commodious toilet rooms and closets. Street floor is undivided, with two large front windows. Newly decorated and equipped with prism lights in back and front, thus being unusually light. First block from Broadway, suitable for Furniture, Woolens, High Class Plumbing Supplies, etc. Lease will be given to July 30th, 1913. Apply to your agent or on the premises.

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Entire 5th Floor

MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION BUILDING,

54-60 Lafayette St., Bet. Leonard and Franklin.

7,000 sq. ft.

Apply on premises or your own broker.

LIPPMANN & EISMAN,

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Factory at Harrison, N. J.; 20,000 feet of floor space; fully equipped; adjacent to Lackawanna and Pennsylvania R. R.; rent, $2,500. Donnelly, 39 Nassau St., New York.

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Basement, three rooms, suitable for any business, $15. 38 West 65th St., near Broadway.

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ST. JOHN COURT

Amsterdam Ave., cor. 111th St.

Opposite the Cathedral.

Positively the Finest Elevator Apartments on the West Side At $720.00 to $1100.00.

4, 5, 6 and 7 rooms and bath. Convenient to Central, Riverside and Morningside Parks; Surface cars, Subway and L stations. Favorable terms to October 1st.

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5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.

Elevator, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. Apply to janitor.

Beautiful, light apartments in new two-family houses opposite Van Cortlandt Park; rent, $60. "Forster Property Builders," 261st St. and Broadway. Take B'way Subway 242d St. and B'way Surface Car 261st St.

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Six outside rooms; every improvement.

Apartment to sublet from July 1st, seven rooms and bath, at Tuilleries, Broadway and 95th St. M. H. Well.

All transit facilities and Park; seven large rooms; private hall. 38 West 65th St.

six light rooms; private hall; open plumbing; steam; only $30. Apply 18 West 65th St.

93d St., 52 West.—7 rooms and bath; all improvements; quiet house.

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"Every Other Hour on the Even Hour."

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Direct Connections in New Union Station, Washington, with All Lines South.

Leave New York Daily.	23d St.	Lib'y St.
WASHINGTON, Sleepers,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	7:50 am	8:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	9:50 am	10:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
WASHINGTON, Parlor,	1:50 pm	2:00 pm
(Parlor Car New York to Richmond, Va.)		
"ROYAL," LTD." Diner, Parlor,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Diner, Parlor,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Buffet, Parlor,	6:50 pm	7:00 pm

Through daily trains to the West.

CHICAGO, PITTSBURG,	7:50 am	8:00 am
CHICAGO, COLUMBUS,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
PITTSBURG, CLEVELAND,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
"PITTSBURG LIMITED,"	6:50 pm	7:00 pm
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	9:50 am	10:00 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	3:50 pm	6:00 pm

Offices 245, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 Astor House, 225 5th Av., New York; 55 Av. B, 77 Ridge St., 343 Fulton St., Brooklyn; West 23d St. and Liberty St.

After 6 P. M. Sleeping Car reservation and full information regarding trains, &c., can be obtained at Bureau of Information, B. & O. 23d St. Terminal. 'Phone 6350 Chelsea.

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Venezia..June 23, Aug. 7 | Roma..July 10, Aug. 27

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For Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, & Kingston. From Pier 24 N. R. weekdays (except Saturday) 4 P. M.

Saturdays 1 P. M. West 129th St., 1:30 P. M.

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Saturdays 3 P. M. West 129th St., 3:30 P.M.

SUNDAYS 9 A. M., Pier 24 N. R. 9:30 A. M., West 129th St.

JOY LINE $2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.

Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40

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For Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie and intermediate points. From New York daily, 6 P. M., Pier 43, N. R., foot Christopher St.

In The Times next Sunday there will be a list of used cars for sale at all sorts of prices—many of them really great bargains; cars in every way serviceable, but still for sale at attractive prices.

If you are interested, order next Sunday's Times early of your newsdealer.—Adv.

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¶ On Broadway only 12 miles from Times Square. 200 feet above the Hudson.

¶ A new Colonial Terrace has been added with beautiful vine-clad pergola.

¶ Terrace Restaurant accommodates 400 guests.

¶ A delightful spot—especially popular with automobilists as a dining-out place.

¶ Distinctively American—yet only comparable to a few of the famous Old World restaurants.

¶ A gorgeous view across the Hudson—fascinating lighting effects—enchanting music.

¶ Ample parking space. Chauffeur's dining room.

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Columbia..June 12, 2 PM | Caledonia..June 26, 2 PM

FIRST CABIN, $67.50 TO $135.
SECOND CABIN, $42.50 TO $50.
THIRD CLASS, $27.50 AND $28.75.

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JAMAICA Special 12 day Summer Tour $65

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Atrato, June 19 Magdalena, June 26

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Foster Debevoise, P. A., Flatiron Bldg., N.Y.

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To Charleston, S. C., and Jacksonville, Fla.

From Pier 36 N. R. (Spring St.,) at 1 P. M.

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Arapahoe.....June 8 | Apache.....June 11

Pier 36 N. R. and 290 B'way, N. Y.

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171 BROADWAY—Fall River Line's new downtown office.

The place to plan your summer vacation.

Fall River Line Steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5:30 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like. Fare $3.65.

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UP THE HUDSON BY SEARCHLIGHT.

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Steamers C. W. Morse and Adirondack leave New York, Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M., West 129th St. at 6:30 P. M. daily, including Sunday.

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Magnificent new steamer Trojan leaves New York Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, and Greenport alternating, from Pier 46, N. R., foot of West 10th St., at 5 P. M. daily, (Saturdays excepted.) New steamer Rensselaer in service July 1st.

Direct connection at Albany with trains for Saratoga, Lake George, Adirondack resorts, Montreal, Berkshires, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls.

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Splendid service. Meals a la carte. Unexcelled cuisine. Horses and automobiles carried at reasonable rates. Tickets and staterooms secured at principal ticket offices in Greater New York.

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PALACE IRON DAY LINE STEAMERS. HENDRICK HUDSON—ROBERT FULTON—ALBANY.

Leave Brooklyn, Fulton St. (by Annex), 8:00 AM
" Desbrosses St. Pier.....8:40 AM
" West 42d St.....9:00 AM
" West 129th St.....9:20 AM

Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Daily except Sunday. Thru tickets and baggage checked by N. Y. Transfer Co. Easy connections North, East, and West. All thru rail tickets between N. Y. & Albany accepted. Most delightful one-day outings to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on down boat. Restaurant open at 7 A. M. Music.

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Leaving Desbrosses St. at 1:45 P. M., West 42d St., 2 P. M.; West 129th St., 2:20 P. M.; daily, except Sunday, for Highland Falls, West Point, (returning by boat or rail,) Cornwall, Newburgh, New Hamburgh, Milton, Poughkeepsie, Rondout, and Kingston. Orchestra.

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ONLY Passenger Service All-the-Way-By-Water direct from City to City. An unbroken night's rest on the fastest Merchant Vessels flying the American Flag. Through tickets to all points East. Luxurious Turbine Steel Steamships.

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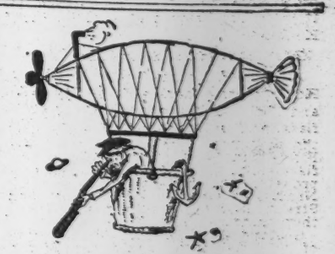
Week Days and Sundays. Leave New York, Pier 45, North River, near foot Christopher Street, 5 P. M. Leave India Wharf, Boston, same hour; due either City 8 o'clock next morning.

Tickets and Staterooms at Wharf; also Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. Offices throughout City.

Connecticut Line. Express Service for Passengers, Freight, Automobiles, & Horses.



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Mail orders promptly filled.

Bermuda, $20 and up. California and the West, limited party July 6, 32 days, $385. All included. Tours and tickets everywhere at the right prices.

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Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton

Philadelphia....June 5 | New York.....June 19
St. Paul.....June 12 | St. Louis.....June 26

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE

New York—London Direct—Pier 39 N. R.

Minnetonka..Jun. 5, 11 AM | Minnehaha.....June 19
Minnewaska (new) June 12, 1 PM | Minneapolis.....June 26

RED STAR LINE From Pier 14 N. R. at 11 A. M.

New York—Dover—Antwerp

Zeeland.....June 5 | Lapland (new)..June 19
Kroonland.....June 12 | Vaderland.....June 26

WHITE STAR LINE From Pier 48 N. R.

New York—Queenstown—Liverpool

Celtic...June 5, 11 AM | Baltic.....June 16
Cedric...June 12, 1 PM | Arabic.....June 26

Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton

Oceanic..June 9, 9:30 AM | Adriatic.....June 23
Teutonic..June 16, 9:30 AM | Majestic.....June 30

NEW YORK & BOSTON TO ITALY. Via Azores and Gibraltar

Finland..June 5, 12 noon (Cretic).....June 26
Canopic..June 12, 5 PM | Romanic.....July 3

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Caronia..June 5, 10 AM | Carmania..June 19, 10 AM
Lusitania..June 9, 10 AM | Campania..June 23, 10 AM
Mauretania..June 16, 10 AM | Lusitania..June 30, 10 AM

Mauretania, Lusitania, Caronia, Carmania — Largest, Finest & Fastest Steamships afloat—sail WEDNESDAYS

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HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE TO FIUME, VIA GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, TRIESTE.

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Slavonia.....July 22, noon; Sept. 16, Nov. 4

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North German Lloyd

Large, Fast and Luxurious Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Steamships, Equipped with Wireless and Submarine Signals.

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Express Sailings Tuesdays at 10 A. M.

KronprinzWm...June 8 | KaiserWm. d. Gr.June 22
Cecilie.....June 15 | Kaiser Wm. II..June 29

PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN

Twin-screw Sailings Thursdays at 10 A. M.

P. FriedrichWm..June 10 | Barbarossa.....June 17
Friedrich d. Gr..June 17 | Kurfuerst.....June 24

George Washington—Sails July 1—27,000 tons. Newest and Largest German Ship afloat. Every innovation known to the shipbuilder's art.

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Mediterranean Sailings Saturdays at 11 A. M.

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K. Albert.....June 19 | K. Luise.....July 10

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LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG.

Deutschland..June 5, 10 AM | †Amerika..June 19
*P. Lincoln..June 9, 3 PM | Waldersee..June 24
Cincinnati...June 12, 9 AM | *Cleveland..June 23
Bluecher.....June 16, 4 PM | *P. Grant..June 30

†Ritz-Carlton a la carte Restaurant. *New.

ITALY via Gibraltar. Naples, and Genoa.

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525 ft. long, 12,300 tons. Sailing June 10, 10 A. M.

Offices desirable accommodations.

S. S. MOLTKE, June 10, 10 A. M.; July 22
S. S. HAMBURG, July 1, 3 P. M.; Aug. 14.
S. S. BATAVIA, †Sept. 23, 11 A. M.

†Naples and Genoa only.

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Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.

Hamburg-American Line, 45 Broadway, N. Y.

To Italy in 10 Days.

MONDAY, JUNE 28TH, AT 11 A. M.,

will sail for Naples and Genoa the Splendid Twin-Screw Express Steamship

Tomaso di Savoia

14,000 tons dis., 10,000 horse power.

4 PROMENADE DECKS

FIRST-CLASS STATEROOMS $100 AND UP.

SECOND-CLASS STATEROOMS $63.

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12th Annual Orient Cruise, Feb. 5, '10, $400 up, by Lloyd S. S. "Grosser Kurfuerst," 70 days, including 24 days Egypt and Palestine.

FRANK C. CLARK, Times Building, New York.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO DAY

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY

STATE.
Decisions.

The Appellate Division, First Department, yesterday announced the following decisions:

In the matter of Frederick Grant.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

David Bodenstein and another, appellants, vs. Sarah Saul.—Appeal dismissed, without costs. Opinion by Ingraham, J. Order filed.

People ex rel. Thomas J. O'Neill, relator, vs. Theodore A. Bingham, as Commissioner, respondent.—Writ dismissed and proceeding affirmed, with costs. Opinions by Laughlin and Scott, JJ. (Scott, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Morning Telegraph Company, respondent, vs. City of New York, appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Ingraham, J. Order filed.

William G. Peckham, respondent, vs. Otto J. Korb et al., appellant.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and demurrer sustained, with costs, with leave to plaintiff to amend on payment of costs. Opinion by Ingraham, J. Order filed.

Milton Schnaier & Co., appellant, vs. Emilie B. Grigsby, respondent.—Determination affirmed and judgment ordered for defendant, with costs. Opinions by Scott, Ingraham, Laughlin, and Clarke, JJ. Order filed.

Rosanna Batchelor, appellant, vs. Eugene E. Hinkle and another, respondents.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abode event. Opinion by Ingraham, J. Order filed.

In the matter of Anna Dietz.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinions by Ingraham and Scott, JJ. (Scott and Laughlin, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.

In the matter of closing 151st Street.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

Joseph Skoiny and another, respondents, vs. Max Richter, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and order for examination modified as stated in opinion. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

New York University, respondent, vs. American Book Company, appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, with leave to defendant to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of costs. Opinions by Ingraham and Laughlin, JJ. Order filed.

The People, &c., respondent, vs. Albert Mayer, appellant.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered. Opinion by Ingraham, J. Order filed.

Herman Isaacs, respondent, vs. Terry & Tench Company, appellant.—Determination and judgment reversed and new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event, unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce judgment to $567.50, in which event, judgment as so reduced affirmed, without costs. Opinion by McLaughlin, J. (Laughlin, J., dissenting.) Settle order on notice.

Gasparo Lo Monaco, respondent, vs. Murphy Construction Company, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Edith B. Lake, plaintiff, vs. Herbert Ascher, defendant.—Judgment ordered for plaintiff, with costs. Opinion by Clarke, J. Settle order on notice.

Pennsylvania Steel Company, respondent, vs. Henry M. Sussweln, appellant.—Judgment modified as stated in opinion, and as modified affirmed, with costs to respondent. Opinion by McLaughlin, J. Settle order on notice.

City of New York, respondent, vs. John Zimmerman Company, appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, on City vs. American Insurance Company, 129 Appellate Division, 409. Order filed.

In the matter of Edwin Post, deceased.—Decree and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

The People, &c., respondent, vs. Francesco Yannicola, appellant.—Judgment affirmed. Opinion per curiam. Order filed.

Charles Dapping, Jr., respondent, vs. Post & McCord, appellants.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Melchior P. Topken and another, respondents, vs. John H. Starin and another, appellants.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Edwin H. Mairs, respondent, vs. Baltimore & Ohio Railway Company, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by McLaughlin, J. (Scott, J., dissenting as to second cause of action.) Order filed.

Joseph Gordon, respondent, vs. Frank J. Farrell and others, appellants.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, with leave to defendant to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Mary R. H. Glyn, appellant, vs. Title Guarantee and Trust Company, respondent.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Scott and Ingraham, JJ. Order filed.

Eva M. Barker, respondent, vs. Charles H. Barker, appellant; same vs. same.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Orders filed.

Banque D'Hochelaga, appellant, vs. National Park Bank of New York, respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

James Bradley, plaintiff, vs. Thomas I. Crane, defendant.—Judgment ordered for plaintiff on Mitchell vs. Einstein, 105 App. Div., 413. Settle order on notice.

Andrew P. Morison, appellant, vs. Ella L. Laing, as executrix, respondent.—Judgment reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Clarke, J. Order filed.

Joseph N. Carpenter et al., respondents, vs. Josephine Klein, appellant.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Leopold Geisler, as administrator, appellant, vs. David Stevenson Brewing Company, respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Florence L. Goffe, appellant, vs. Arthur S. H. Jones, respondent.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and demurrer sustained, with costs, with leave to defendant to amend on payment of costs. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

The People, etc., appellants, vs. Simpson-Crawford Company, respondent.—Determination affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

The People, etc., appellant, vs. Lazarus Fried, respondent, — Determination affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Traub-Dittmar Construction Company, respondent, vs. Herman Hartman et al, appellants.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed. Judgment.

Star Company, appellant, vs. William C. Moore et al., respondents.—Determination affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

John S. Jones, appellant, vs. George J. Gould et al., respondents.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, on 123 App. Div., 236. Order filed.

Bertha Kahn, respondent, vs. Edward A. Kahn, appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Edward F. Rath, appellant, vs. Ohio German Fire Insurance Company, respondent.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs, and judgment and attachment reinstated. Opinion by Clarke, J. Order filed.

Abraham Schneider, respondent, vs. Clifford L. Miller and another, appellants.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

John D. Crimmins, respondent, vs. Carlyle Realty Company, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs. Opinion by McLaughlin, J. Order filed.

George Streat, respondent, vs. Alfred Wolf, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

Clara Ross, respondent, vs. Leon Pizer et al., appellants.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs, with leave to plaintiff to amend on terms stated in opinion. Opinion by Clarke, J. Settle order on notice.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Dugro, J.—Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT AND CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—Will for probate. Frank Oberman.

CITY COURT—Special Term and Chambers—Lynch, J.—Ex parte business.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Dugro, J.—State Bank vs. Morris Haber—Albert Sanders.

SUPREME COURT—Guy, J.—People vs. Netherlands Coffee Company—Henry Brady.

CITY COURT—Schmuck, J.—Ludwig Kaufman vs. Samuel Ginsberg—Michael J. Driscoll.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Guy, J.—In re Ratean Sales Company—William B. Ellison. In re Kaiser—Edmund J. Tinsdale. In re Public Park (Middleton)—John F. O'Ryan. In re same (Maxwell)—Dominick O'Reilly. Harris vs. Kestenhuber—Myron Sulzberger.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

CHARLES MEYERHOFF.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Charles Meyerhoff, crockery, 3,305 Broadway, show liabilities of $2,696 and assets of $1,280, consisting of stock $1,100; fixtures, $160, and deposit for electric light, $20.

DR. CONRAD P. KORNREICH.—Dr. Conrad P. Kornreich of 312 East Eighty-seventh Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $3,159 and no assets. The debts are for rent, $350; money loaned, $2,380, and merchandise, $199.

ANDREWS & COUPE.—Judge Hand has appointed Walter Cook, Jr., receiver in bankruptcy for Andrews & Coupe, (Corporation,) advertising agents, 135 William Street. The assets are $2,150, consisting of accounts, $2,000, and office furniture, $150.

The Rutland Company, apartment hotel, at 66 Madison Avenue, has made an assignment to Ralph Wolf, a lawyer of 115 Broadway. The company was incorporated on Jan. 30, 1909, with a capital stock of $10,000, and Troy Alexander is President. The company was dispossessed a week ago for non-payment of rent. Mr. Wolf said he could give no figures as to the assets and liabilities.

CLIFFORD M. CROSSLEY.—Clifford M. Crossley, a clerk at Broadway and Ninth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,742 and no assets. He was for three years in the interior decoration business in Fifth Avenue, and was previously in business in Philadelphia. Among the creditors are the Third National Bank of Philadelphia, $407; Charles G. Schenker, Philadelphia, $900, and Johnson & Faulkner, $374.

NATIONAL MATERIALS COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the National Materials Company, photo supplies, 49 West Twenty-eighth Street, show liabilities of $5,826 and nominal assets of $4,876, consisting of stock, $1,500; accounts, $3,085; fixtures, $250; cash, $19, and a claim of $22. Among the creditors are the Lumiere North American Company, Burlington, Vt., $1,729; J. N. Jaros, $650, and Bank of the Metropolis, $500.

WILLIAM R. ROBINSON.—William R. Robinson, secretary and clerk, living at 328 West 101st Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,223 and assets of $20, stock of a manufacturing chemist at the foot of Essex Street, Jersey City, and 1,588 shares of stock of the R. W. Robinson & Son Company, wholesale drug specialties, formerly at 186 Greenwich Street, of no value, as the company was put into bankruptcy on Sept. 6, 1907. He was Treasurer of that company. Among the creditors are the estate of Charles H. Ross, $2,063, and Dr. Albert T. Swan, $400, for services. He has a uniform of the Seventh Regiment, for which he claims exemption.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Arnold, Frederic C.—S. Aldrich, $153.
Aston, Henry H.—United States Addressing and Printing Co., $158.
Baldorf, William—M. Sender et al, $132.
Biber, Sigmund—B. Moritz, $122.
Brody, Simon H.—Joseph Levy Co., $217.
Brown, James W.—J. Fleischhauer et al, $143.
Barry, Charles—People, &c., $3,000.
Brown, Joseph—same, $500.
Same—same, $500.
Brown, William J.—G. Y. Bauchle, $317.
Catrini, Ettore—T. C. Estee, $132.
Conway, Michael—V. Loewer's Gambrinus Brewery Co., $200.
Clark, Kate F.—A. C. Evans et al, $148.
Cohen, Sadie, et al—People, &c., $1,000.
Cohen, Sadie, et al—same, $1,000.
Chatterton, Bertha W., and Augustus L.—P. A. Geoghegan, costs, $107.
Collora, Antonio—Comptoir National D'Escompte de Paris, $1,925.
Dalton, Henry B.—Terwilliger Mfg. Co., $122.
Dunn, Margaret J.—W. C. Woodruff, $361.
Dick, Robert—Mechanics' Bank of Brooklyn, $1,972.
Same—same, $10,362.
De Walle, Peter J., et al—People, &c., $1,000.
Edelman, Meyer—B. Griffen, $558.
Fineman, Sophia—Greenwich Bank of the City of N. Y., $525.
Flint, Albert H.—O. U. Bean, $29,509.
Fitzer, Solomon—Moritz Greenspan, Inc., $108.
Greenspan, Augusta, et al.—State Bank, $112.
Goldberg, Harry—E. H. Sayre et al., $119.
Gideon, Leopold or Lee—H. Feig, $237.
Gillespie, Henry—C. Thorley, $290.
Haberman, Arthur—Jay C. Wemple Co., $228.
Heineman, Isaac—Isbell-Porter Co., $2,403.
Heusenbuttel, John H., et al.—R. Naegell, $149.
Harmling, John—Same, $149.
Hooke, Henry B.—J. C. Ziegler, $139.
Hock, Harris—McCall Co., $410.
Hilands, William J.—W. H. Van Tine, $118,167.
Kasner, Adolph W., et al.—Lafayette Trust Co., $642.
Lambert, Aubrey J., adm.—F. Daum et al., $158.
Lamar, Louis Y., et al.—People, &c., $1,000.
L'Asperches, Salvatore—J. De Carlo, costs, $109.
Logie, James—Central San Cristobal Co., $161.
Mitchell, Hubbard W.—C. F. Homer, $290.
Morton, Harry—M. Sender et al., $184.
Mayer, Abraham, et al.—G. Patrone, $4,853.
Meeks, Wm. F.—F. Connor, $242.
Miller, John, et al.—People, &c., $500.
Same—Same, $500.
Neumuth, Adolf—J. Bie, $340.
O'Connor, Daniel L.—H. Neustadt, $1,136.
O'Brien, Patrick—M. N. Clement, $1,819.
Pomeranz, Israel, et al.—G. Patrone, $4,858.
Praeger, Seaman and Louis E., (not summoned)—R. T. Martinsen, $115.
Richman, Samuel L., et al.—Lafayette Trust Co., $642.
Rozzano, Nunzio—E. F. Zeull, $10,029.
Romano, Salvator, et al.—R. Romano, $309.
Regan, Mary—C. E. Le Barbier et al., costs, $358.
Same—O. A. Parker, costs, $360.
Sandfert, Annie and Henry—W. F. Welk, $347.
Schlitz, John—H. Schieler, $177.
Schueler, Otto—M. Staub, $1,303.
Schueler, Fannie—Same, $1,482.
Taylor, Geo. H.—S. Henry, $467.
Weigh, Maud, et al.—People, &c., $300.
Wolcott, A. J., et al.—Same, $300.
Waxman, Samuel—Corn Exchange Bank, $1,038.
Weiss, Joseph—Moritz Greenspan, Inc., $177.
Zuccardi, Michael A., (not summoned,) et al.—R. Romano, $309.
Galan Co.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $155.
Carlin Shock Preventer Co.—W. B. Canis, $115.
Lenox Watch Case Co., (not summoned,) et al.—State Bank, $112.
Charles E. Blaney Amusement Co.—Electric Carriage Call and Specialty Co., $214.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Weill, Raphael & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; L. H. Naghel, silks and velvets; 100 Fifth Avenue, Herald Square Hotel.
Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; R. H. Craig, white goods, linens, and upholstery goods; 377 Broadway.
Demick & Rieckelman, Cincinnati, Ohio; A. Demick, woolens; Hotel Imperial.
Stern, E., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; J. L. Coath, carpets and furniture; Hotel Seville.
Cohen, S., & Co., Boston, Mass.; S. Cohen, notions and fancy goods; Hotel New Grand.
Strauss, E. E., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. Meyer, piece goods; Hotel Victoria.
Sweeney Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; G. H. Goehring, notions, jewelry, and leather goods; 458 Broadway; Hotel Broztell.
Burkhardt Brothers & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; A. C. Burkhardt, clothing and hats; Hoffman House.
Goldenberg Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; Miss K. Baker, muslin underwear; Hotel Albert.
Moritz Brothers & Winter, Milwaukee, Wis.; A. Moritz, clothing and furnishing goods; Hotel Latham.
Long's, J., Sons, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; B. Long, dry goods, millinery; 817 Broadway.
Kuhn, J. J., & Sons Company, New Orleans, La.; J. J. Kuhn, upholstery goods; Hotel Algonquin.
Bush & Smith, Syracuse, N. Y.; A. L. Bush, notions; New Grand Hotel.
Weil & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; S. Weil, dry goods; Hotel Broztell.
Rosenberg, J., Minneapolis, Minn., clothing and furnishing goods; Broadway Central Hotel.
Prince, Wolf & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; J. Prince, woolens; Hoffman House.
Rosenthal & Meyer, Baltimore, Md.; J. S. Rosenthal, piece goods; Hoffman House.
Klein & Wolf, Cincinnati, Ohio; S. B. Wolf, dry goods, notions, and furnishing goods; Hoffman House.
Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; T. H. Blundell, representing; 874 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Cohen Brothers, Jacksonville, Fla.; J. E. Cohen, dry goods, notions, and furnishing goods; 99 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Woodward.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. C. Rogers, furs; 115 Worth Street; The Breslin.
Weed & Willoughby Company, Gloversville, N. Y.; A. C. Willoughby, domestics, flannels, and linens; 396 Broadway.

GUIDE FOR BUYERS.

BUTTONS.
Atlas Button Works, 13 Crosby, near Grand.
CUSTOMS BROKERS AND FORWARDERS.
Chas. Friedenberg, 17-19 State St. Est. 1890.
EMBROIDERIES.
Stein, Doblin & Co., 553-5-7 Broadway.
GARMENT HANGERS.
B. Brager, 104 Walker St. Wooden and Wire.
JEWELRY.
Boxes for Jewelry, Silverware, Window Nov. Wolfsheim & Sachs, 35 Maiden Lane.
KNIT GOODS (Underwear.)
American Hosiery Co. 108-110 Franklin St.
LEATHER GOODS—Alligator.
Grossman Leather Co., Inc., 329 E. 34th St.
NOVELTIES.
Samstag & Hilder Bros., 537-39 Broadway.
OPTICAL GOODS.
The Julius King Optical Co., 12 Maiden Lane.

FRANKELS HAVE PAID IN FULL.

The Fifth Avenue Diamond Dealers Now Have a Clean Slate.

Stroock & Stroock, counsel for Joseph Frankel's Sons and the Joseph Frankel Sons Company, diamond dealers of 576 Fifth Avenue, which companies were placed in the hands of liquidating trustees in January, 1908, said yesterday that all the creditors have been paid in full with 6 per cent. interest, and the business has been turned back to the companies.

The affairs of E. M. Gattle & Co. and Gattle & Ettinger & Hammel, which concerns were involved with the Frankel companies, for over $1,000,000, were first liquidated, and the announcement was made a few weeks ago that the trustees had returned the business to those concerns. The Frankels owned the famous Hope diamond.

EXCURSIONS.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO. THE ONLY ALL-WATER ROUTE TO CONEY ISLAND
LANDING AT DREAMLAND.
Greatest Amusement Enterprise in the World.
TIME TABLE (SUBJECT TO CHANGE):
Leave foot 129th St., North River, 9:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11:15 A. M.; 12:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:50, 7:45 P. M.
Leave foot 22d St., North River, 9:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11:15 A. M.; 12:00 M.; 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:45, 4:30, 5:30, 6:15, 7:00, 7:45, 8:30, 9:10 P. M.
Leave Pier 11, N. R., half hour later than at 22d St. Returning—Leave Iron Pier, Coney Island, *10:40, *11:25 A. M.; 12:10, *12:55, *1:40, 2:55, 3:40, *4:25, 5:55, 6:10, 7:10, *7:55, *8:40, *9:25, *10:10, 10:45 P.M. Returning from Coney Island, trips marked with a * go to 129th St., North River.
Round Trip Tickets, 40 cents.
Round Trip Tickets 129th St., 50 cents.

STEAMER TAURUS makes trips EVERYDAY to FISHING BANKS. Leave 129th St., N. R., 7:00 A. M.; 22d St., N. R., 7:40 A. M. Pier (new) No. 1, N. R., 8:30 A. M. Bait and Tackle on board. Fare: Gentlemen, 75c.; Ladies, 50c.; Children, 25c.

SPECIAL EXCURSION
Sunday, June 6th,
TO WEST POINT AND NEWBURGH
Steamer "GRAND REPUBLIC"
Allowing the excursionists two and one-half hours at West Point, 45 minutes at Newburgh.
Leaving Pier 1, North River, 9:30 A. M.; West 22d St., 10:00 A. M.; West 129th St., 10:30 A. M.; Yonkers, 11:00 A. M.
Round Trip 75c
Yonkers 50c
Restaurant at City Prices.
The steamer will be limited to one-half the licensed capacity. NO FREE LIST.

Sunday Excursion
UP THE Hudson
To West Point & Newburgh
Str. Homer Ramsdell
Leaves foot FRANKLIN ST., 9:00 A. M.; WEST 129TH ST., 9:30 A. M.
Returning leaves NEWBURGH, 6:00 P. M.; WEST POINT, 7:00 P. M.
Round Trip, 90 Cents
DINNER SERVED ON BOARD, 50c.
TROLLEY CONNECTS with Steamer at Newburgh for ORANGE LAKE PARK, 35 minutes' ride from dock to this beautiful Summer resort and amusement park. Music, boating, and all modern attractions.
Excursion tickets from New York to Orange Lake Park, $1.15. Tickets sold on Steamer.

CHARMING EXCURSIONS
West Point, Newburg and Poughkeepsie.
Daily (except Sunday) by Palace Iron Day Line Steamers. Leave B'klyn, Fulton St., (by Annex,) 8; Desbrosses St., 8:40; W. 42d St., 9; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Returning on down boat, due 42d St., 5:30 P. M.
MORNING AND AFTERNOON CONCERTS.
DELIGHTFUL AFTERNOON EXCURSION TO
WEST POINT
STEAMER MARY POWELL.
Leaving Desbrosses St., 1:45, W. 42d St., 2:00, W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Arriving West Point 5 P. M. Choice when buying ticket of return by any West Shore or N. Y. Central train, or Cent. Hud. Str., $1.10. Ample time to see Parade, Public Buildings, &c. Orchestra on board. This Excursion Made Daily, except Sunday.

Every Saturday Afternoon and Sunday Morning
Up the Sound to Sea Cliff & Glenwood
Steamer "Nantasket" leaves New Pier 8, E. R., (near Hanover Sq. "L" Sta.,) Saturdays at 1:00; 31st St., E. R., 1:20 P. M. Ret. due N. Y. 9:25 P. M.
SUNDAYS.
Steamer "Nantasket" leaves New Pier 8, E. R., 9:30; 31st St., E. R., 9:50 A. M. Returning leaves Glenwood at 5:30 P. M.
Excursion 50c. Tickets.

SEEING NEW YORK YACHT
The Original Boat. $1.00 ROUND TRIP Tel. 4944—Gramercy.
Leaves Foot West 22d St., North River, 10 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. every day and Sunday. All points of interest explained by lecturer.
SEEING NEW YORK AUTOMOBILES start hourly from Flatiron Building, 5th Av. side. Seeing Chinatown and the Bowery every night and Sunday at 8:30 P. M. Ticket office and waiting room in building, ground floor, 5th Av. side.

EXCURSIONS EVERY SUNDAY
Lake Hopatcong, $1.00.
Leave W. 23d St. 8:50; Liberty St. 9:00 A. M.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

AUCTION SALES.

Mortgage Sale—Joshua Weinstock, auctioneer, sells this 5th day of June, 1909, at 9 o'clock A. M., at No. 99 Boerum Place, Borough of Brooklyn, saloon fixtures. By order of mortgagee.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

When you come to New York City stop at the
HOTEL ROLAND
Handy to everything. Street cars to everywhere.
MODERN HOTEL
NICE ROOMS WITH BATH FOR PER DAY $1.00 $1.50 $2.50
50th St., Madison and Park Avs. Block from Plaza entrance to Park.
ROLAND D. JONES, Prop.

BOSTON—HOTEL VENDOME
COMMONWEALTH AVENUE
Distinguished for its clientage, appointments and location. Equally attractive to permanent and transient guests. Perfect quiet. EXCELLENT GARAGE NEAR BY.
C. H. GREENLEAF & CO., Summer Hotel, White Mountains.
NEW PROFILE HOUSE & COTTAGES.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

POLICE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, No. 300 Mulberry Street, Borough of Manhattan.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Police Commissioner of the Police Department of the City of New York at the Bookkeeper's Office, Central Department, until 10 o'clock A. M., on
THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1909.
For furnishing all the labor and materials required in making and completing three pair rubber insulated armored telephone cable for submarine use and for installation of same for the Police Department of the City of New York.
For full particulars see City Record.
THEODORE A. BINGHAM, Commissioner.
Dated June 4, 1909.

DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY, GAS, and Electricity, Commissioner's Office, No. 13 to 21 Park Row, City of New York.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity at the above office until 2 o'clock P. M. on
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 16, 1909.
Borough of Queens.
For furnishing all the Labor and Materials required to construct and erect a Purification Plant at Oakland Lake, Third Ward, Borough of Queens.
For full particulars see City Record.
JOHN H. O'BRIEN, Commissioner.
The City of New York, June 1, 1909.

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTION, NO. 148 East Twentieth Street, Borough of Manhattan, the City of New York.
SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Commissioner of Correction at the above office until 11 o'clock A. M. on
THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1909.
No. 1—For furnishing and delivering Hardware, Paints, Iron, Steam Fittings, Lumber, and Miscellaneous Articles.
For full particulars see City Record.
JOHN J. BARRY, Commissioner.
Dated May 29, 1909.

SUMMER RESORTS.
NEW YORK—Adirondacks.

Lake Placid
HEART OF THE Adirondacks
The Heart of Nature-Beautiful, as well as of the Adirondacks, is in the midst of the Lake Placid Region—the concentration of Adirondack loveliness and witchery ever changing—ever charming. The air, the sunshine, the sports, the free outdoor life extend a welcome that is irresistible.
REAL Hunting, REAL Fishing, REAL Camping, REAL Living.
Accommodations to Suit All Purses.
FOR SPECIAL JUNE INDUCEMENTS ADDRESS
THE STEVENS HOUSE, Geo. A. Stevens, Lake Placid, N. Y.
THE GRAND VIEW, Thos. Parkes, Hotel Hargrave, 112 W. 72d St., N. Y.
Lakeside Inn, American House, The Homestead, The Pines, North Woods Inn, Forest View, The Belmont. Through Sleeping Cars daily during season direct to Lake Placid via Delaware & Hudson System and New York Central Lines.

NEW YORK—Lake George.
THE RENDEZVOUS OF AMERICA'S MOST EXCLUSIVE RESORT SEEKERS
HOTEL CHAMPLAIN
AND COTTAGES
On Lake Champlain, Clinton County, N. Y.
In center of Natural Park of 450 acres. Every known Summer diversion. Golf, Tennis, Boating, Fishing, Bathing, Motoring; complete auto garage. Attractive social life. Delaware & Hudson Co., Owners.
OPENS JUNE 26th.
Through Pullman service from New York via D. & H. R. R.
Send for Illustrated Booklet.
ROBERT MURRAY, Manager. 243 5th Ave., N. Y., until June 26. Two particularly fine cottages to rent.

Fort William Henry
HOTEL,
LAKE GEORGE, N. Y.
Entirely rehabilitated by Delaware & Hudson Co., owners. Finest and largest hotel on the lake. Every convenience; charming surroundings. All outdoor pastimes. One hour from Saratoga Springs.
OPENS JUNE 26th.
Send for illustrated Booklet.
J. F. WILSON, Manager. 243 5th Ave., N. Y., until June 26.

NEW YORK—Long Island.
EUREKA HOUSE
Cor. Cedar & Carlton Avs., FAR ROCKAWAY, L. I.
Select family hotel, with cottage adjoining; private baths. MRS. A. S. TALLEY.

PROSPECT HOUSE
SHELTER ISLAND HEIGHTS, L. I.
Opens June 24th. Golf, Bathing, Yachting. Garage. Bureau, 1122 B'way, cor. 26th St. Tel. 1872 Mad. Booklet. E. D. LANGWORTHY, Mgr.

THE HALL, Glencove, L. I.
within commuting distance. Fireproof wing added this year. Al' outdoor sports. Private beach. Send for booklet. Gillan & Edwards, 53 Irving Place, N. Y. Phone 2123 Stuyvesant.

NEW YORK—Saratoga Springs.
Saratoga
The Grand Union
Opens June 26th
WOOLLEY & GERRANS, Proprietors.
Full particulars can be obtained at the HOTEL MARIE ANTOINETTE, Broadway, 66th to 67th St., New York.

NEW YORK—Thousand Islands.
THE HOTEL FRONTENAC
1,000 ISLANDS ST. LAWRENCE RIVER
OPENS JUNE 19TH.
A magnificent Hotel, delightfully situated on an island in the St. Lawrence River, with an exclusive class of patronage. The favorite water for motor boats and boat racing. Fishing, rowing, and all aquatic sports. An extremely picturesque nine-hole golf course free to guests of the hotel; also tennis and other sports. Unequalled bass and fresh water fishing near hotel. For booklet and full information address
C. G. TRUSSELL, Manager, Town & Country, 389 5th Av., N. Y.
(Also Mgr. Bon Air, Augusta, Ga.)

NEW YORK—Ulster County.
MOUNT MEENAHGA.
Opens June 10th.
An estate of 600 acres in the Shawangunk Mountains. Modern house, with all conveniences and 5 attractive cottages. Golf, Tennis, Bowling, Billiards. Illustrated booklet.
U. E. TERWILLIGER & SON, Ellenville, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Dutchess County.
"BONNIEBRAE."
STISSING, DUTCHESS CO., NEW YORK.
A Restful Retreat in the Pine-clad Hills. Beautiful Grounds. Pure air and water. Family table, supplied with fresh vegetables, eggs, milk. Trout stream on place, lakes near by. Only a few select, permanent guests accommodated. Terms, 8 to 10 dollars.
M. S. TAYLOR, Propt.

NEW YORK—Putnam County.
DEAN HOUSE Lake Mahopac, Putnam Co., N. Y.
Pleasantly located on the southwest shore of the lake; shaded lawn; boating, fishing, golf and tennis. Booklet on application.
A. H. DEAN, Proprietor.

TIMES READERS
May leave order with newsdealer to have the daily and Sunday editions of The New York Times sent to their country address. Subscription rate for daily and Sunday editions is 17 cents per week or 75 cents per month.

SUMMER RESORTS.
NEW YORK—Adirondacks.
On the New England Coast
Hotel Wentworth.
New Castle
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Unsurpassed in beauty of surroundings and perfection of service.
Golf Course, Yachting, Fishing, Surf and Still Bathing, Garage
Accommodates 450.
OPENS JUNE 26TH.
Send for beautiful booklet.
WENTWORTH HOTEL CO.
H. W. PRIEST, Managing Director. Portsmouth, N. H.

WAUMBEK & COTTAGES
Jefferson, N. H., in the White Mountains.
SEASON JUNE UNTIL OCTOBER
Detached family cottages, completely furnished, with hotel service.
Particulars Upon Request.
CHARLES V. MURPHY, MANAGER.
Address Laurel House, Lakewood, N. J., until June 15th.

DEER PARK HOTEL,
North Woodstock, N. H. NOW OPEN.
Train service from N. Y. via Boston now in effect, arrives at hotel same day. Through Pullman sleeping car leaves New York daily, except Sunday, commencing June 28 at 8 P. M., arriving for breakfast the following morning. Automobiles can be engaged at the hotel for touring the mountains.
J. R. ELLIOTT, Prop.

NEW ENGLAND—Massachusetts.
HOTEL ASPINWALL
LENOX, MASS.
New York Office with Town and Country, Astor Trust Bldg., 389 Fifth Av.
O. D. SEAVEY, Manager.
Magnificent Scenery, Beautiful Drives, Invigorative Climate. Pure Water.
Finely Equipped Garage & Stables
Choice Villa Sites For Sale.
Finest Resort in the Famous
BERKSHIRE HILLS

STOCKBRIDGE, MASS.
IN THE BERKSHIRES.
Red Lion Inn now open.
Heaton Hall opens midl. June
Allen T. Treadway, Prop.
N. Y. Office, Hotel Flanders, West 47th st.

NEW ENGLAND—Vermont.
Up among Vermont's green hills and on Lake Champlain. Best Summer resort region. Terms $5 to $10 per week. Handsomely illustrated booklet containing 150 pages, full information, also details Tercentenary Celebration, Lake Champlain. Send 6c. to "Summer Homes," No. 81, St. Albans, Vt., or 835 Broadway, New York. Free on personal application.
Lake Bomoseen, Vermont, Prospect House; sanitary plumbing, electric lights; garage; milk, cream, vegetables from hotel farm; booklet. H. B. Ellis, Mgr.
THE GLENWOOD In-the-Pines, LAKE BOMOSEEN.
Rates, $8 to $14. Fishing. Hydeville, Vt.

NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.
TOWER HOUSE
SOUND BEACH, CONN.,
Now open. Thoroughly renovated; greatly improved. Within commuting distance of city.
Mrs. L. K. REILLY.

NEW JERSEY—Long Branch.
The West End Cottages and Casino Company
ANNOUNCE THAT THE
West End Cottages
and Hotel
at West End, N. J.,
are open for the season of 1909.
THE RESTAURANT WILL BE UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF THE HOUSE.
MEALS TABLE D'HOTE AND A LA CARTE.
Telephone, West End 420.

NEW JERSEY—Montclair.
The MONTCLAIR
"On the Mountain Top"
Special Grill Room Service
Now in Force.
Fresh Mushrooms daily from Hastings Farms—Chickens and Steaks.
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
For Information and Booklet apply to AMERICA'S HOTEL BUREAU, 1,122 Broadway, N. Y. City.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.
HADDON HALL
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Directly on the ocean front, with unobstructed view. Salt water in all baths. Hot and cold water in most bedrooms. Always open. Booklet. LEEDS & LIPPINCOTT.

HOTEL SAVOY,
In the most popular Chelsea district, one block from renowned Hotel Chelsea and near Million-Dollar Pier. Only hotel directly on the ocean front with hot and cold sea water baths and running water in all rooms, at moderate rates. Elevator to ground. Dancing. Special to early bookers, $12.50 weekly up. Opens June 25th.
HOTEL WILTSHIRE OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
Virginia Av., overlooking Ocean. Capacity 300. Elevator to street level. Steam heat; suites with bath, and every convenience. Best cuisine and service. Music. Special $2.50 up daily, $12.50 up weekly. Booklet.
SAMUEL A. ELLIS.
ALBEMARLE Virginia Av., near Beach, most modern and leading moderate rate hotel; 100 large, cool front rooms; private baths; elevators; 4,000 ft. porches; music; excellent table; own farms; white service. Special rates June and July, $8 to $12 weekly; $2 up daily. Booklet. J. P. Cope.
ISLESWORTH
ON THE BEACH, VIRGINIA AVE.
300 rooms with fresh and sea water in all baths. Special American plan, $2.50 up daily. European plan, $1.50 up daily. Special weekly terms.
F. M. PHOEBUS, Mgr. WM. HYMAN, Prop'r.
Marlborough-Blenheim
The leading resort house of America, is particularly attractive during Atlantic's famous Summer season.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.
HOTEL RUDOLF
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Open all year; special Early Season rates. No extra charge for salt and fresh water baths. A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr. JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.
HOTEL NEW ENGLAND
South Carolina Av. and the Beach; private baths, elevator to street; capacity 350. Superior table. Afternoon tea served. Spring rates. Open all year. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.
HOTEL BRUNSWICK
ASBURY PARK, N. J.,
The Leading House in All Respects.
For Reservations, Rates, Booklet, address MORGAN & PARSONS.
Select Family

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET,
BROOKLYN.

SHOE DEPARTMENT.—Require several saleswomen; splendid opportunity for those having had experience with first-class houses. Apply to Superintendent.

HOUSEWORK.—No washing; family of two; part care of child 3 years old; $22; seashore. Call after 4, Jones, 1,142 Madison Av.

MASSEUSE.—Russian, to go abroad; old couple; good pay. Box P 9 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Visiting companion to read and walk with a nervous woman from 10 to 6 daily; salary moderate. Write to L. J. Hutchinson, Linden Av., Englewood, N. J.

WANTED—Girl to do housework mornings; apartment. Quinn, 323 Edgecombe Av., corner West 148th St.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from THE TIMES.

HELP WANTED—MALES
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

SALESMEN.—Three high-class experienced salesmen, capable of earning $60 to $100 per week, to represent our school; splendid opportunity for the right men. Apply between 10 and 12 A. M., American Correspondence School of Law, 1,451 Broadway, New York.

SOLICITOR.—Registered patent solicitor wanted by large corporation as assistant in patent department; good salary. Address P. O. Box 1904, City.

WANTED.—A few well-dressed men to sell high-class property, experience not necessary; part or whole time; mornings, 9 to 10. Room 21, 60 Liberty St.

WANTED—First-class sample maker ladies' belts. Correspond 407 Market St., Philadelphia, Penn. Henry N. Greenfield.

WANTED—Machine men, first-class woodworkers, to work on all kinds of machines; union men. J. F. Blanchard & Co., Borden and Review Avs., Long Island City.

$100.00 REWARD will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any swindler who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The New York Times.

HELP WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BUREAUS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

A. A.—STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, and office assistants furnished at short notice without charge. 'Phone 5,712 Barclay. Lamb's Exchange, 229 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, secretaries, managers, male, female help furnished free of charge; carefully trained stenographers-beginners; salary $5 a week. 'Phone 4470-38th. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; competent take trial balance; typist; $10. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; must be stenographer; salary $8-$10. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th St.

Domestic Help.

A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 39th St.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties; governesses, lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated; telephone 5,582 38th.

At Mrs. PILLSBURY'S, 507 5th Av., (Hopkins Educational Agency,) governesses, nurses, maids, housekeepers, matrons, companions, trained nurses, secretaries. 6185—38th.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, $20; cook, $25; waitress, nurse. Flaherty's Bureau, 485 Columbus Av. Telephone 741 Riverside.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508 Orchard.

$100.00 REWARD will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any swindler who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The New York Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

77TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Airy, cool rooms, fine board; phone, cool location; homelike house.

117TH ST., 23 West.—Clean, bright rooms; running water, telephone; excellent table.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Single and double room; excellent board; homelike; reasonable.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 42 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; handsomely furnished; telephone; private bath; excellent attendance; breakfast or dinner if desired; highest references only.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Desirable room, with or without private bath; telephone; reasonable; reference.

71ST ST., 71 WEST.—Well furnished room, cool, light, next bath; table guests; Summer rates.

72D ST., 133 WEST.—Desirable large and hall rooms; baths; board; terms reasonable; references.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Room, with board; high grade; Summer rates.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Refined house; room, board; table guests received; parlor dining room; references.

84TH ST., 51 WEST.—Large room, private bath; excellent table; parlor dining; homelike environments; telephone.

85TH ST., 335 WEST.—Artistically furnished large and small rooms; excellent table; Southern family. Phone 9292 River.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms; telephone; near parks; "L," Subway; transients.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable room; southern exposure; also single room; good board; telephone; references.

93D ST., 163 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; excellent table and service; telephone; table guests.

93D ST., 257 WEST.—Select house, beautifully furnished rooms; every convenience; table guests; Summer rates.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; fine location. Telephone 7442—Riverside.

94TH ST., 20 WEST, (Central Park.)—Attractive large rooms; private bath; excellent table board.

95TH ST., 73 WEST.—Convenient Subway; elevator; large, airy floor; well furnished; all conveniences; singly or en suite; reasonable; homelike; attractive table; telephone.

These Men and Women Are Looking for Work

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALES
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BUSINESS WOMAN seeks position where ability counts; university graduate; stenographer, technical work, accountant, secretary; unusually broad training. B. Black, 541 West 142d St. 'Phone Audubon 1800.

CASHIER, &c. — As cashier or office work; seven years' experience in New York; highest reference or bonds furnished. F., 114 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY or COMPANION.—By young lady to go away with family for the Summer as secretary or companion; no objection to traveling or taking charge of children; speaks fluent French; good stenographer, typist; refined, well educated; excellent references. F. M. C., Box J 4 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER.—English and German; several years' experience; neat, rapid, accurate; good grammarian; knowledge bookkeeping; desires permanent employment; references; salary $15. Steno, 1,580 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Limited experience, but High School graduate; understands all office detail; is quick and correct at figures; furnish best references. Desirable, Box 118 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience; neat, rapid, accurate, intelligent; competent to fill difficult position; best references; $15. Exceptional, Box 134 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Superior education, thoroughly accurate, and can be depended upon. Hygrade, Box 127 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER with limited experience wants good position with reliable firm. Earnest, Box 107 Times Downtown.

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SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, supervised; weekly and monthly arrangements; $5 monthly upward. Accountant, Room 511, 320 Broadway. Telephone 3530—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; writes up, balances, systematizes anybody's books. Joseph Nemerov, 200 5th Av., Gramercy 2082.

A MAN with brains for hire; 7 to 12 P. M.; advertising preferred. P 74 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, double entry; 5 years' experience; permanent or temporary position; $15. Schwartz, 433 East 83d St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert accountant, writes up, examines books; regular intervals. Accountant, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER desires position with reputable house as bookkeeper and office manager. B. W., 1,364 Broadway.

BUTLER, 21 years old, experienced, wants position in private family; excellent reference. Address Box J 16 Times, Times Square.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family, city or country; willing, sober, reliable; very best family references; Packard factory graduate; knows Packard car from A to Z; careful driver. Wm. Lundell, 341 West 48th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—An Italian chauffeur seeks a position; can give references. Jos. Framosa, 194 Cortlandt St., North Tarrytown, N. Y.

CHEF, French, first-class, just come from Europe, with first-class family, reference, wants position, city or country. J., 11 Times, Times Square.

CLERK or SALESMAN.—Young man, 23, wants position as clerk or salesman; experienced; salary moderate. Address F 107 Times Downtown.

COACHMAN—English, desires situation; height 5 feet 5 inches; city driving; rides well; personal reference. Charles Dingley, care Wood, 943 6th Av.

DETECTIVE. — Confidential investigating, shadowing; licensed, bonded. Bean, 392 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 3436 Bedford.

ENGLISHMAN, (25,) educated, wishes to learn farming; strong and willing worker; small salary. Carter, Box 134, Bayshore, L. I.

GARDENER.—Married; one child; understands vegetables, fruits, flowers and lawns; experience in care of water system and all works on a gentleman's place; no objection to small farm in connection with farm; first-class reference. H 151 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY with executive ability, three years' experience of responsible work with man of affairs, desires similar position or one offering opportunities; highest credentials. Box I 2 Times, Times Square.

TUTOR, &c.—Wanted by a Princeton student employment for the Summer; can tutor in English branches; expert skipper, swimmer, and accustomed to fire arms; willing to go on a farm; salary not chief consideration; references. J., Box 1 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) educated, active, and conscientious, desires position with small but well established builder or contractor. P. Box 62 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, willing to do hard work in a shipping or packing room; salary $7 week. Alfred Fried, 324 East 121st St.

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BOARDERS WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

104TH ST., 61 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for desirable accommodations; single and double rooms, private baths; three parks and all transportations convenient; telephone; first-class house; table board very superior.

117TH ST., 415 WEST.—Attractive room, with dressing room; southern exposure; overlooking West End Tennis Courts; family table; reference.

142D ST., 516 WEST.—Private house; running water; refined, Christian family; home atmosphere; references expected.

145TH ST., 613 WEST.—Second-story front room, overlooking Hudson; good board; telephone; table guests.

FRONT ROOM and alcove, overlooking Park, with good board, private family, for couple; terms moderate; references. P., Box 70 Times, Times Square.

PRIVATE FAMILY can accommodate gentleman; Central Park West; light, sunny room; running water; good home living; terms moderate. P. Box 69 Times, Times Square.

5TH AV., 46.—Corner house; attractively furnished parlor suite; also other rooms; excellent cuisine.

MANHATTAN AV., 531.—Nicely furnished large rooms; good neighborhood; board optional; moderate prices.

ROCKHURST, Spuyten Duyvil, on Hudson; 30 minutes; fifth year; home cooking. Misses Lesley, 227th St. Tel. 104 L. Kingsbridge.

East Side.

9TH ST., 12 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Single rooms; excellent table; telephone; table guest.

MADISON AV., 673-694-696.—Single and large rooms, with excellent board, $8-$10.

MADISON AV., 17.—Single and double rooms; facing Park; table guests accommodated.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, Heights.—Large, cool rooms, overlooking Wall St. and river; Subway, three minutes Broadway; accessible seashore; neighborhood, house high class; table, choicest products N. Y. markets; Summer rates.

WILLOW ST., 30.—2 large rooms, suitable for four young men; good home cooking; reasonable.

Long Island.

Douglas Manor Inn, Douglaston.—Open all the year; beautiful, convenient, homelike; on Little Neck Bay; easy commuting distance.

BOARD WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Floor of two rooms and bath, board, for man and wife; private house, West Side; permanency; references exchanged. J., 5 Times, Times Square.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Say you saw it in The Times.

20c. a line 1 time; 30 times consecutively or three times a week $5.00 a line.

Wanted—Boarders from June on; on main touring road to Boston and in the Berkshires; excellent drives, walks, etc.; near Hoosac Tunnel views; rates reasonable. Peter J. Stone, Maine Hillside Cottage, North Adams, Mass.

Summer boarders wanted; beautiful country home; large, airy rooms; pure water; healthful, fresh garden vegetables; nice picnic grounds, driving, fishing; $7 weekly. D. Watson, Maple Hurst Farm, Rutland, Penn.

FAIRVIEW HOUSE,
Chatham, Morris County, N. J.—7 acres lawn and garden; less than 5 minutes' walk from depot; accommodate 150. Booklet.
J. E. BEERBOWER.

Wanted—Few guests in private family for Summer; large house, attractive grounds; modern conveniences; near Sound, station, and trolley; references. Address Box 673, "The Hawthorns," Milford, Conn.

Sheepshead Bay, L. I., 1902-1908 Voorhees Av.—Beautiful location; electricity, running water bathing; very best table; refined. Hurlburt. Telephone 1510 Coney.

THE LORRAINE, UPPER MONTCLAIR, surrounded by hills; very near golf and tennis clubs; rooms unusually well furnished; Southern cooking; terms moderate.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

13TH ST., 104, (west of 6th Av.)—Desirable square and hall rooms; adjoining bathrooms; gentlemen.

37TH ST., 64 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large front room; board optional; also single room.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished, clean rooms; quiet, refined surroundings; board optional; moderate; references.

45TH ST., 232 WEST.—Newly furnished bright rooms; large and small; near Hotel Astor.

50TH ST., 70 WEST, (5th Av.)—High-class furnished rooms for Summer; private baths; reasonable.

55TH, 326 WEST.—Exceptionally comfortable, clean, large and small rooms; well-kept private house.

61ST ST., 110 WEST.—Front parlor and bedroom, with bath adjoining. Fagan.

68TH ST, 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen, daintily furnished; electric lights, telephone; hot and cold water in every room; private baths; exceptional attendance; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; private baths; breakfast optional; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 241 WEST.—Wanted, paying guest; elegantly furnished rooms; excellent cuisine; Summer rates; references.

77TH ST., 209 WEST.—Electricity, day, night elevator; fine river view; modern conveniences; Summer rates.

77TH ST., 109 WEST.—Desirable furnished rooms; hot and cold water, bath, telephone; reasonable.

79TH ST., 106 WEST.—Desirable suites; also medium room; unexcelled table, optional. Tel. 8146—Riverside.

82D ST., 8 WEST.—Handsome rooms; modern conveniences; absolute cleanliness; reduced Summer prices.

82D ST., 37 WEST.—Attractive large room, suitable for two; also small room; every convenience; telephone; references.

82D ST., 115 WEST.—Desirable rooms; Southern exposure; refined surroundings; gentlemen; references.

82D ST, 148 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, small rooms; running water; "L," Subway; transients.

83D ST, 68 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large front room; back parlor; Summer rates; breakfast; telephone.

86TH ST., 308 WEST.—Desirable rooms; Summer rates; near Riverside Drive; gentlemen; references; Subway.

87TH ST., 113 WEST.—Nicely furnished front room, bath adjoining; private family; convenient to "L" and Subway; gentlemen.

93D ST., 165 WEST.—Attractive front and rear rooms; running water; convenient elevated, Subway express.

94TH ST., 180 WEST.—Exceptionally large, beautifully furnished room; three windows; one or two gentlemen; Subway, elevated; absolute independence; $7. Thompson.

112TH ST., 505 WEST.—Outside room, facing vacant lot; lavatory, bath; telephone; $2.50; references. Wilford.

122D ST., 514 WEST.—Large high-class outside rooms; electric lights, elevator; Summer rates. Kenyon.

132D ST., 56 WEST.—Furnished room, private house; running water, bath, telephone; $2.50 per week.

138TH ST., 523 WEST.—Newly furnished front and rear rooms; first floor; telephone; reasonable. Castner.

138TH, 307 WEST.—Elegant large room with alcove; running water, bath; private house; board optional.

138TH ST., 628 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, running water, bath, shower; private house; reasonable; Subway.

150TH ST., 527 WEST.—Private dwelling; comfortable, cool; double or single room; reduced Summer rate.

173D, 558 WEST.—Desirable furnished room; running water, bath adjoining; private house.

BROADWAY, 2,335, (86th St. Subway.)—Attractive, clean room, next bath; telephone; all conveniences; $3.50; gentlemen. Townsend.

MANHATTAN AV., 350.—Back parlor for physician; also furnished room; good practicing location; moderate.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, Corner 127th, Windermere Court.—Beautifully furnished, one, two rooms, bath, kitchen, elevator, telephone; $3 weekly up; also four, five, and six room apartments magnificently furnished, silver, linen, elevator day and night, telephone, gas, electricity; reduced; $12.50 weekly up.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Beautifully furnished one room, with private bath, $10 per week.

East Side.

17TH ST., 113 EAST.—Two parlors, together, separate; large hall rooms; board optional; telephone; references.

25TH ST., 54 EAST.—Accommodations equal swellest hotels; half the price; unrivaled location; Summer rates.

48TH ST., 138 EAST.—Furnished rooms; suit one or two gentlemen. McNeill.

57TH ST., 228 EAST.—Large, comfortable front hall room; all conveniences; $3; first bell.

55TH ST., 55 EAST.—Large, newly furnished rooms, with connecting bath; gentlemen; references.

62D ST., 100 EAST, Corner of Park.—One beautifully furnished room, running water, adjoining bath, telephone.

76TH ST., 122 EAST.—Newly furnished house; choice rooms; bath, running water, telephone.

88TH, 53 EAST.—Hall room; neat, modern apartment; fine neighborhood; kitchen, $2.25. Moerner.

116TH ST. 123 EAST.—Elegantly furnished large room; $5 weekly; two rooms, two beds; $7; all-night elevator; continuous hot water, electric light, &c.; convenient Subway, "L." The Leland.

IRVING PLACE, 53. (Nicholas Fish Mansion.)—Attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house; breakfast (served in room.)

LEXINGTON AV., 51.—A few newly furnished and decorated rooms, large and small, near Madison Square; Summer rates.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.
Say you saw it in The Times.

At some mountain retreat within about 100 miles from New York, three single rooms and board for three adults during July and August; also board for husband week ends; will pay $40; full description, photographs, and New York references. H. E. Stout, 329 Washington St., New York.

LOST.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

LOST.—Sunday, May 23, on 10:45 train, Croton local, Ardsley to Croton, light gray double-breasted overcoat, made by Sandford & Sandford; name Dr. Adams in inside pocket. Finder will receive $10 reward on return to Waldorf-Astoria.

LOST—A silver mesh purse, in the Subway, between Times Square and 72d St. station, at 9 o'clock, June 4, belonging to Mrs. H. G. Hollenberg. Finder will be rewarded if returned to Hotel Astor.

LOST—On Carnarsie elevated train, between East New York and Delancey St., $700 in bills and $100 check; liberal reward. H. H. Husmann, Bayside Music Hall, Canarsie. Telephone number 496R—East New York.

LOST—Lady's black coat, left in rack above seat, N. Y., N. H. & Hartford train to Stamford leaving New York 11 A. M. Sunday, May 30; reward. The Osborne, (office,) 205 West 57th St.

LOST.—A gold fob buckle with Odd Fellows' keystone charm, between Spring and 23d Sts., on Broadway; get reward. L. E. Cohn, Hotel Flanders, 47th St. and Broadway.

LOST—Decoration Day, brooch, (diamonds and pearls,) on Madison Av. car, between 34th St. and Brooklyn Bridge; reward. Mrs. Wiley, 350 West 51st St.

LOST—Saturday, May 29, Barclay St. ferry, 12:30 P. M., D., L. & W. train to Summit, scarab scarf pin; liberal reward. H. W. Harmon, 117 Chambers St.

LOST—32d degree Masonic charm, Red Cross, Sunday, May 30; probably near Central Park Zoo; reward. Ralph K. Green, 9,093, 1 Madison Av.

LOST OR STOLEN—Bankbook No. 518,401 of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; payment stopped. Please return book to bank, 51 Chambers St.

LOST—Diamond cluster ring, May 31, 8 P. M., Delaware & Lackawanna ladies' waiting room, 23d St.; reward. Miller, 100 West 141st St.

LOST—On Harlem Division train, April 30, flat black leather wallet containing letters; liberal reward. Sheldon School, 1,133 Broadway.

LOST.—Pass Book No. 451,494, Seaman's Bank for Savings, property of J. F. Hines, Trustee. Return to Seaman's Bank for Savings.

LOST—Lady's gold watch and clasp pin, in neighborhood of East 64th St., Tuesday evening; reward. Hospital, 210 East 64th St.

LOST—Package jewelry; liberal reward offered finder. Rosina Scodes, care Tulchinsky, 356 Grand St.

LOST—Watch charm; liberal reward. George M. Rowe, 347 5th Av.

LOST—Eyeglasses, Thursday evening, 8th to 12th St., 6th Av. Reward. 133 West 12th.

NOTICE.—Certificate of Associate Membership No. A 2680, issued by the New York Produce Exchange April 1, 1909, to Edwin A. Booth, having been lost or mislaid, application has been made to the Board of Managers for a new certificate. All persons interested are hereby notified to show cause within the next six weeks why such new certificate should not be issued. L. B. HOWE, Secretary.
New York, May 29, 1909.

WILL the lady who found necklace at the Broadway Theatre on Wednesday afternoon kindly communicate with Wm. Wood, Business Manager, as owner has been found?

$50.00 REWARD—Lost, on Saturday, May 29, on the grounds at the Historical Pageant or at the railroad station, Bronxville, N. Y., a lady's small brown silk handbag, with brass trimmings and chain. The person returning the bag with the contents to the office at Hotel Gramatan, Bronxville, N. Y., will be paid above reward.

$25 REWARD and no questions asked for return of coat, bag and contents taken from Grand Central Station on Monday afternoon. J. B. McCoy, 114 West 30th St.

LIBERAL REWARD, no questions asked, for return of diamond solitaire, taken from 107 West 79th St. Return to same address.

LOST AND FOUND—CATS, DOGS.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

LOST—Bulldog, light gray brindle, harnessed, on Broadway at 58th St., Monday forenoon; name "Billy"; handsome reward. Eckhardt, 442 West 57th St.

LOST.—Monday evening, black French poodle, fancifully clipped. Reward for return to 599 5th Av.

FOUND.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

FOUND—Purse containing money. Owner can have by identifying same; call. E. Reeve, 334 West 86th St.

FOUND, June 3—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Books, samples cloth, tobacco, package knives, pair gloves, keys, 2 bottles, towel, umbrella. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Cap, dress, comb, jumper, envelope, overalls, roll paper, hat, books, brush, purse, 2 pairs gloves, package cord, box, shoes, bag, bolt, 8 umbrellas. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Hat, keys, envelope, letter, beads, mouse trap, package feathers, package fruit, package brass, pocketbook, bottle, belt, books, package tape, ring, bag, shirt, 5 umbrellas. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Book, key, purse, pair pliers, 2 bottles, package collars, package wood, roll music, 2 umbrellas. IN SUBWAY—Pair rubbers, package hose, 3 pocketbooks, package tobacco, neckpiece, books, package washers, blue prints, 3 pairs gloves, card case, alarm clock, package satten, package music, package collars, bracelet, watch, 2 bags, overcoat, key, alcohol, 13 umbrellas.

FOUND.
Say you saw it in The Times.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

FOUND, June 3—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Inquire at the Detective Bureau, (Record Room,) 300 Mulberry Street:
Chestnut horse, 15 hands, short tail.
Lady's black leather handbag, German silver vanity box, walrus skin pocketbook trimmed with silver and plated gold.
Lady's rope breastpin with three amethysts.
Lady's breastpin, arrow and heart design.
Small black magnifying glass.
Two plated square belt buckles.
Two lady's neck chains and lockets.
Two tortoise shell combs.
One scarf pin, lyre design, with small diamond and amethyst.
One sorrel horse, 14½ hands, right hind leg white, both knees sprung, scar on left hip and thigh, long mane and tail.
Jewelry box, picture of woman painted and framed on cover, lined with red plush.
White bulldog, about 2 years old, leather collar, brass trimmings.

FOUND, June 4—L. I. R. R. Apply L. I. R. R. Lost Property Bureau: Package, umbrella.

FOUND, June 4—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: Rubbers, umbrella.

FOUND, June 4—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken: Bundle, cane, rubbers.

FOUND, June 4—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City: Cap, bag, book, fob, package, lady's hat, pair gloves, pajamas, dress suit case. JERSEY CITY STATION—Package.

FOUND, June 4—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, G. C. S.: Package, umbrella, bundle.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
Say you saw it in The Times.

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 23c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Hotel for sale—Nicely situated, near railroad depot, containing barroom, 1 sitting, 1 dining room, 1 kitchen, large hall, 1 parlor, 15 bedrooms, meeting rooms, large stables, ice house, shed, nice garden; owner retired from business; no agents. Henry Ulrich, Wantagh, L. I.

I sold $50,000 worth of stock in my company in 6 months; if you are seeking capital write for my free book, which explains my plan. Darbyshire, Box 1,810 H., Rochester, N. Y.

Wanted—Educated partner, $1,200-$1,500, for half interest profitable educational business; good place for right party. Wm. Anderson, 1,228 Fulton, Brooklyn.

$100.00 REWARD will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any swindler who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The New York Times.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of A. J. H. BROOKS COMPANY, bankrupt.—No. 12,-224.—Notice of sale at auction.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above bankrupt will be sold under the direction of Taylor More, the Receiver, pursuant to an order of this court dated May 19, 1909, at public auction by Charles Shongood, auctioneer, at No. 642 West 51st Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City, on the 11th day of June, 1909, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. of said day. A general description of said property is as follows: Nine truck horses, one driving horse, seven sand trucks, two buggies, seven sets of harness, shovels, tools, &c., and the following office furniture: One high desk, one safe, one rolltop desk, one Underwood typewriter and desk, four chairs, one desk stool, one revolving chair, and one sheet iron stove, and all other property of the bankrupt on said premises.

The property may be examined on the above premises on the 9th and 10th days of June, 1909, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M., and up to the time of sale on June 11, and the receiver reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least 75 per cent. of the appraised value.

Dated June 4th, 1909.
TAYLOR MORE, Receiver,
30 Broad St., city.

BENJAMIN & TAYLOR, Attorneys for Receiver, 160 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS GLASBERG, SAMUEL GLASBERG, and LARCY LEVIN, individually and as members of the firm of Glasberg & Levin, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, June 9, 1909, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of piece goods, &c.
AMSELM FRANKENTHALER, Trustee.
OPPENHEIMER & ARNOLD, Esqs., Attorneys for Trustee, 170 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 12,286.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES FRANKEL, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Charles Frankel of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1909, the said Charles Frankel was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1909, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
June 4, 1909. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—CHARLES BARMORE, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Barmore, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 5th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 14th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 4th, 1909.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—FRED E. SMITH, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Fred E. Smith, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 19th, 1909, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 14th, 1909, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, June 4th, 1909.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK. —ALEXANDER MURRAY, Plaintiff, against GEORGIANA BOOTH and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale made and entered in the above action, bearing date the 7th day of May, 1909, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public action at the Exchange Salesrooms, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 16th day of June, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the improvements thereon erected, situated in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southwesterly side of Twenty-ninth Street, distant three hundred feet and six inches northwesterly from the Seventh Avenue; thence running southwesterly along grounds now or late of Forbes, sixty-eight feet and one inch; thence northwesterly sixteen feet and seven inches, more or less; thence northeasterly and partly through the centre of a party wall sixty-eight feet and three inches, more or less, to Twenty-ninth Street, and thence southeasterly along Twenty-ninth Street sixteen feet and seven inches to the point or place of beginning.

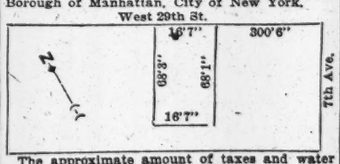
Dated New York, May 21st, 1909.
MICHAEL J. EGAN, Referee.

ARROWSMITH & DUNN, Plaintiff's Attorneys, 229 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, N. Y. City.

JAMES KEARNEY, Guardian ad litem, 220 Broadway, Manhattan Boro, N. Y. City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold, its number being 222 West 29th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

West 29th St.



The approximate amount of taxes and water rates to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee, is one hundred and seventy-five dollars and interest.
MICHAEL J. EGAN, Referee.

KEEP POSTED.

Have The New York Times sent to your country address. Keep posted on the news of the day by reading The Times while away. It costs, sent to your Summer address, 17 cents per week or 75 cents a month.—Adv.

Church Services To-morrow.

BAPTIST.—Amity Baptist Church, 303-313 West 54th St., Rev. Leighton Williams, D. D., Pastor.—11 A. M., "The Threefold Manifestation of God"; 8 P. M., "Realising the Divine Presence the Essence of Prayer and Worship."

Calvary, W. 57.—Dr. MacArthur, 11, "The King's Palace-Garden"; 8, "Jesus on Damascus Highway." Calvary Choir, E. M. Bowman.

Central Baptist Church, 42d St., West of Broadway, Frank M. Goodchild, D. D., Pastor.—11 A. M., "Hearts Aglow"; 8 P. M., Musical Service, Goldie Gross, 'cellist, and J. Herbert Dietz, violinist. Address on "The Old Songs."

Fifth Avenue Baptist Church,
8 West 46th Street.
DR. AKED will preach in the morning at eleven o'clock on "THE DIVINE DISCONTENT OF A CONTENTED SOUL."
In the evening at eight there will be a special music service, at which will be given a Cantata: "The Soul Triumphant." Text by Anne P. L. Field. Music by Dr. Harry Rowe Shelley.
This is the last evening service until the Fall. The Church will remain open for morning service only up to the end of June.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th Street,
Pastor, I. M. HALDEMAN.
11 A. M.—"Egypt's Dark Night and the Passover of Blood; or, Is There Any Salvation Without Shedding of Blood?"
8 P. M.—Five Wise and Five Foolish Virgins! Will a Part of the Church Go Through the Great Purgatory Coming on the Earth, Called by the Son of God the Great Tribulation, or will the Whole Church Be Taken at the Secret Coming of Christ?"
Baptism at Evening Service.

Madison Avenue Baptist Church,
MADISON AVENUE, COR. 31ST STREET.
Charles A. Eaton, D. D., Pastor,
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
MEN'S FORUM TUESDAYS AT 8 P. M.
Strangers Cordially Invited.

Memorial Baptist, Washington Square South, Edward Judson, 11, "Sustained Enthusiasm"; 8, "The Lost Coin."

Mount Morris Baptist Church,
Fifth Ave., Above 126th St.,
Rev. J. HERMAN RANDALL, D. D., Pastor.
Public Worship at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.
Morning: "Through the Glass Dimly."
Evening: "Love, the Life of God."

Washington Heights Baptist Church, 145th St. and Convent Av.—Rev. Rufus P. Johnston preaches 11 A. M. Special Services of Modern Woodmen of America. 8 P. M., "Children's Day."

CONGREGATIONAL.—Manhattan Congregational,
B'way and 76th St.—11 A. M., 8 P. M.
REV. HENRY A. STIMSON, D. D., Pastor.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th St.
REV. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D.D., P

MAYOR TO QUESTION DUFFY BOY MONDAY

Justice Gaynor Says He Will Advise the Boy and His Parents to be at the Hearing.

WARNS OF POLICE TRAPS

Justice Asks the Mayor to See That New Charges Are Not Trumped Up Against the Boy.

Mayor McClellan will continue the investigation into the charges brought against Police Commissioner Bingham and the department by Supreme Court Justice Gaynor on his return from Princeton on Monday. On that day he will take the evidence of George B. Duffy, the Brooklyn young man whom Justice Gaynor mentioned in his letter to the Mayor as being "hounded" by the police, his father and mother and such witnesses as they care to produce.

Before leaving for his country place last night the Mayor wrote to young Duffy and his father and to Justice Gaynor. In his letter he urged him to see that the boy and his parents comply with the request to appear before him. The letter reads:

The Hon. William J. Gaynor, Justice of the Supreme Court, Appellate Division, Second Department, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Sir: I am in receipt of your communication of June 3, 1909, in further reference to the case of George B. Duffy, now before me, and also referring to the decision of Mr. Justice Burr in People ex rel. Gow vs. Bingham, 57 Misc. 66.

The evidence of the police officers connected with the different arrests of George B. Duffy has been taken, and the same is now being transcribed.

I desire personally to see the Duffy boy and his father and mother, and such other character witnesses as he may wish to have speak for him. I would suggest, in this regard, his school teachers, persons who have employed him, and the pastor of the church that his people attend, if such witnesses are available.

I have written to the boy's father and mother requesting them to call on me at this office on Monday, June 7, 1909, at 10 A. M. As this matter has been officially brought to my attention by your communication of May 29, 1900, may I ask you to advise the boy's parents to comply with my request? If they desire to be accompanied by counsel, I will be glad to accept such aid in order that a proper determination of the questions involved may be reached. Respectfully,

GEORGE B. McCLELLAN, Mayor.

Justice Gaynor sent this letter in reply last night:

The Hon. George B. McClellan, Mayor of New York.

Sir: I shall advise the boy Duffy and his parents to call on your Honor on Monday, as you request me to do in your letter to me of this date. They are wholly uninformed of what evdence police officials or officers may have given of him in the private inquiry which you have had before you, but they feel confident that you will protect him from further inventions. He has been injured enough by false statements already. They take it for granted that your private inquiry has been only to verify the facts which I stated in their behalf in my letter, and which I carefully verified by the actual records.

If the Police Commissioner, either directly or by some one under his command wants to accuse him of some new offense let it be in court, and not by means of ex parte statements made in private. But I feel confident that you would not permit such an injustice, and therefore that I might have omitted any mention of it. The thing that I have submitted to you is that he was photographed and indexed as a criminal without having been convicted of a crime, which led to repeated false arrests afterward, and that this wrong should be stopped and redressed.

Respectfully,

W. J. GAYNOR.

To the boy's father the Mayor wrote:

George E. Duffy, Esq., 287 Wyckoff Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.:

Sir: I am personally examining the case presented by Mr. Justice Gaynor on behalf of your son, and desire to see him, yourself, and your wife at this office on Monday, June 7, 1909, at 10 A. M.

I would request that you aid your son in securing the attendance before me of such character witnesses as former school teachers, employers, the pastor of your church, and others in the neighborhood who may testify in the boy's favor. Respectfully,

GEORGE B. McCLELLAN, Mayor.

A similar letter was sent to the youth himself.

No further witnesses were examined by the Mayor yesterday. He said that he did not care to discuss the testimony already taken by him until he has finished the examination into the charges. When asked if he had heard from Gen. Bingham, he replied that he had, but on other matters.

There was much speculation about City Hall yesterday as to just what the outcome of the controversy is likely to be. It is known that the Mayor takes the matter very seriously and will go to the bottom of it. There are frequent suggestions of politics in the squabble, but no one seems able to place his finger on just where it lies.

Chief Inspector Schmittberger sent a letter to Nathan Steckel, the restaurant keeper, who alleges that he and his wife were assaulted by five policemen a week ago, asking him to come to Police Headquarters with his witnesses during the day. Steckel replied that he is too ill to leave the house and the investigation was put over until Monday.

Justice Gaynor announced last night that he was being deluged with letters complaining of instances of oppression by the police. He said that one of the communications was from a man in Philadelphia, who said that he was driven out of Brooklyn by the police two years ago.

SETTLING THE RATE DISPUTE.

Partial Agreement Reached by Roads Concerned—Another Meeting Soon.

A way to an adjustment of the differences which have existed between the Boston & Maine and other railroads over import freight rates, which were lowered by the Boston & Maine nearly six months ago and later further reduced to meet corresponding cuts made by other lines, is believed to be opened by a partial agreement, which has already been reached among the roads concerned in the dispute.

The Boston & Maine sought to do away with the differential allowed to Philadelphia and Baltimore compared with Boston on both class and commodity rates. It has been agreed, it was said yesterday, to restore the former level of rates so far as class rates are concerned, and some compromise is expected to be reached in the matter of commodity rates. Another meeting of the representatives of the line concerned in the dispute is expected to be held in the near future, when a full adjustment may be decided on.

JACKSON SUCCEEDS MATHER.

Elected General Counsel of the Rock Island—The Dividend.

R. H. Jackson, it was announced yesterday, has been elected general counsel of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway, to succeed Robert Mather, who recently became Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company. Mr. Mather will continue his connection with the Rock Island system in an advisory capacity.

The Rock Island Railway has declared a dividend of 1 per cent., payable July 1. This payment completes the amount required to pay the interest for the year on the collateral trust bonds issued against Rock Island Railway stock.

M'ADOO EXTENSION TO BE READY IN 1911

Head of Hudson & Manhattan Road Promises It After the Board of Estimate Approves.

BUSINESS MEN GRATIFIED

Mr. McAdoo Also Happy—He Will Begin at Once to Complete the Jersey-Grand Central Route.

The Board of Estimate approved yesterday the application of the Hudson & Manhattan Railway Company for permission to extend its tunnels to the Grand Central Station. The special committee appointed by the board to consider the matter reported favorably upon it, and the question was put to a vote by the Mayor. The approval was unanimous.

The extension has already been passed upon favorably by the Public Service Commission, and as soon as the Mayor has signed the franchise and the necessary consents of abutting property owners have been obtained the actual work on the new tunnel will be started. It is estimated that the through line from Grand Central Station and New Jersey will be completed and in operation within two years.

There have been several delays in the granting of this franchise to the McAdoo people since the request was first presented by them last Winter, and it looked for a time as if the objections might prove so serious as effectually to block the proposition. The Interborough strenuously opposed the plan. Much emphasis was laid by it on the idea that the present Subway is the "city's Subway." It was declared that the extension would effectually block the extension of the present system and that Mr. McAdoo had a secret motive in wishing to extend the addition to his tubes to the westerly line of Lexington Avenue.

President Shonts of the Interborough went before the Public Service Commission at the hearings held by it on the proposition and fought long and earnestly. In the course of his argument he sprung a sensation by declaring that the Interborough had formulated plans for spending $50,000,000 in transit facilities. The commission approved the plan, however, and it went to the Board of Estimate. A special committee, of which Controller Metz was Chairman, was appointed to consider the matter, and hearings were held.

Mr. McAdoo was supported by many large property owners, business men, and business houses, among them the Siegel Cooper Company, Rogers, Peet & Co., George F. Kunz of Tiffany's, and Louis Stern.

When the unanimous approval of the board on the extension was announced by the Mayor there was a slight demonstration. Mr. McAdoo was on hand with his counsel, former Controller Grout, and several engineers. After he left the board meeting he held an impromptu reception in the corridor, several prominent citizens offering congratulations. Among those who shook hands with Mr. McAdoo were Louis Stern and John D. Crimmins.

"We shall get right down to work," said Mr. McAdoo, "just as soon as the Mayor has signed the franchise and the property owners' consents have been obtained. This may take six months. The actual work of construction will take about eighteen months, and trains ought to be running to the Grand Central in the early part of 1911. If we can obtain a certain number of the consents we can go to the courts and obtain an order allowing us to go ahead while the rest are being obtained.

"The unanimous vote of the Board of Estimate and the unanimous vote of the Public Service Commission in favor of this extension is a most gratifying indorsement of our efforts and of the policies of this company. We are deeply appreciative of the support which the press and the public at large have given to our application."

Mr. McAdoo has continually insisted that he has no intention of bidding on the Lexington Avenue route, but when pressed on this point the other day he said: "As far as I know the company has no intention of doing this. You must remember, however, that I am not the entire concern."

The requisition of the Public Service Commission on the board for the appropriation of the $1,500,000 for the lengthening of the stations of the present Subway to accommodate ten-car express trains and six-car locals was referred to a committee, and a date for a hearing will probably be set in the near future.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
12:10—438	E. 70th St.; S. Casplair	$25
12:45—288	Delancey St.; L. Levine	$12,000
4:00—114	W. 47th St.; Mrs. Lyman	$15
8:55—288	Delancey St.; L. Levine	Trifling
9:50—216	W. 44th St.; Mrs. A. Hartman	Trifling
10:45—321 and 323	Madison St.; S. Hurowitz	Trifling
P. M.		
12:50—1,613	Lexington Av.; J. Bardor	$25
3:00—178	Chrystie St.; J. Marrowitch	$25
4:30—330	E. 120th St.; O. Lutz	Trifling
6:40—107 and 109	Bleecker St.; H. Ginsberg	$2,500

HEINZE TO GIVE UP THE MISSING BOOKS

District Attorney Wise Now Expects They Will Be Produced Voluntarily.

ROBINSON IS CLEARED

He Goes Before Federal Grand Jury and Makes a Statement—Subpoenas for the New Directors.

Developments yesterday in the F. A. Heinze tangle caused by the disappearance of books of the United Copper Company which United States Attorney Wise needs in his Grand Jury investigation of the doings of the Montana copper man in the Mercantile National Bank during 1907 made it pretty clear that the missing books will be produced soon.

Sanford Robinson, a lawyer, and the other old Directors of the United Copper Company appeared before Judge Lacombe yesterday, to make any further explanation that they might desire of their failure to produce the fifteen books of the United Copper Company which have been missing since May 19.

Under the previous decision of the court releasing George Baglin, the Vice President of the company, from the Tombs as soon as he had been superseded as a Director, Judge Lacombe was disposed to be lenient with Robinson, and as soon as the Heinze lawyer was called before him and Mr. Wise had asked what steps the court would direct to be taken the Judge said that Robinson, being no longer a Director, was purged of contempt on the general charge of having failed to deliver over the books personally or through F. A. Heinze as President of the company.

But Judge Lacombe held this did not remove the situation in which Robinson had been placed before the Grand Jury in refusing to answer questions concerning a conversation between himself and A. P. Heinze, in which the removal of the books is said to have been discussed.

Joseph Cotton, Jr., counsel for Robinson, stated yesterday that Robinson was willing to purge himself of contempt by answering before the Grand Jury all questions but those bearing on conversations between himself and F. A. Heinze.

Mr. Wise told the court that he considered it his duty, if it appeared that Robinson was a party to the removal of the books, to ask the court to compel Robinson to restore them, but Judge Lacombe said that the point had been already decided by the election of a new Board of Directors, and Mr. Wise gave up his fight on that line. He and Robinson went at once to the Grand Jury room and were there until nearly 4 o'clock. When they came out Mr. Robinson refused to talk at all and Mr. Wise said merely that he was satisfied with his day's work.

It was learned, however, that Mr. Wise believes confidently that he will soon have the books in his possession, and that he considers Robinson purged of contempt through the testimony that he gave yesterday. In such an event Robinson must have told the details of the conversation with A. P. Heinze, in which, according to the testimony of George Baglin, the removal of the books was discussed.

Mr. Wise sent Deputy United States Marshals down to the offices of the United Copper Company yesterday with Grand Jury subpoenas for the new Directors, who were scheduled to meet for the election of officers during the afternoon. The meeting was not held. The new board met elsewhere and adjourned until to-day, and another adjournment may be taken to-day until Monday if it appears that the row over the books will be straightened out by that time.

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The Standard of Excellence

In a Samoff hat shop you'll not be approached by salesmen who are offered inducements to *steer* you to the three and four dollar sections.

Samoff straws are *straight two dollars, not* two dollars and "*up.*"

Come in and see our straws—you'll understand why we feel justified in saying that ours is

"The Hat for Everyman."

Samoff Straws

$2.

271 Broadway at Chambers St.
1205 Broadway at Twenty-ninth St.
1367 Broadway at Thirty-seventh St.
1435 Broadway at Fortieth St.
110 Nassau St. at Ann St.
58 East 23d St. at Fourth Av.
483 Fulton Street, Brooklyn.

Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore.

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THIS weather suggests a thought for your *Underwear Comfort.*

Of course we have all *good* kinds, but as an example of the values that make possible our "buy back" policy, ask to see our *Sea Island Cotton,* at 50 cents the garment.

The price is no indication of the value.

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Broadway at 28th St. | Broadway at Liberty
Broadway at 8th St | Nassau at Spruce
Broadway at Franklin | 14 Wall Street
Nassau and Maiden Lane

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are $25 garments in every way except priceways. If it were not for the fact that we are both maker and retailer of these smart clothes, we'd have to ask $25, instead of $15. If you're of the "show me" disposition, we'd like to prove these facts.

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1439 Broadway, New York | 119-125 Walker St., New York
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No amount of "Will Power" can heal the inflamed stomach membranes, burned out by alcohol

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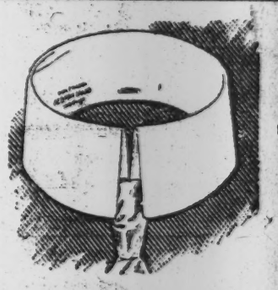

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BRIARWOOD

shaped like

THORNWOOD

only lower

2 for 25 cents

EARL & WILSON

EMPIRE Theatre, B'way, 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Last Matinee To-day 2:15. Last night prior to Joan of Arc at Harvard. MAUDE ADAMS in WHAT EVERY WOMAN KNOWS

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:20. Matinee To-day 2:15. WM. COLLIER in THE MAN FROM MEXICO.

Knickerbocker, B'way & 38th St. Mat. To-day. "THE BEST SHOW IN TOWN." THE CANDY SHOP Music, Fun, & Girls! Girls!

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:20. Last Mat. To-day 2:20. Last Mat. To-day. Last Time To-night. ELEANOR ROBSON THE DAWN OF A TO-MORROW.

HUDSON W. 44th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. THE THIRD DEGREE

EMPIRE THEATRE SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT NEXT MONDAY EVENING FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY CHARLES FROHMAN takes pleasure in announcing the appearance of Sir CHARLES WYNDHAM Mary Moore and their LONDON COMPANY in the comedy in three acts by HUBERT HENRY DAVIES, entitled THE MOLLUSC exactly as presented during its long run at Wyndham's Theatre, London. Seats Now on Sale at Regular Prices.

BROADWAY Thea., 41 & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. THE MIDNIGHT SONS with BLANCHE RING.

LEW FIELDS' Herald Square Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-day 2:15. Jefferson De Angelis in THE BEAUTY SPOT

Casino Tel. 3846—38. Ev. 8:15. Matinee To-day. Hello, People! People, Hello! James T. POWERS in HAVANA

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. George Fawcett as THE GREAT JOHN GANTON

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, bet. B'way & 5th Av. Tel. 4985 Bryant. Ev. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. THE BLUE MOUSE

DALY'S B'way & 30. Tel. 5073 Mad. Ev. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. Joe Weber Presents THE CLIMAX By Edw. Locke.

WEST END Last Week. Ev. 8:15. Mat. To-day 2:15. WARFIELD in THE MUSIC MASTER.

AERIAL GARDENS Over New Amsterdam Theatre, West 42 St. Nightly at 8:30. A SWINGY SINGY HIT. MARIE DRESSLER in Richard Carle's The Boy & The Girl.

LIBERTY THEATRE, 42d St., near B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:30. LAST 10 PERFORMANCES. Frederic Thompson Announces in "A Fool ROBERT HILLIARD There Was"

GAIETY Theatre, 46th St., B'way. Ev. 8:30. Matinee TO-DAY 2:30. J. E. DODSON in "THE HOUSE NEXT DOOR." A Sparkling Comedy by J. Hartley Manners.

Academy of Music, 14th St. & Irving Pl. For Three Weeks Only SOTHERN and MARLOWE. This Week.....ROMEO AND JULIET. Next W'k—Hamlet & The Merchant of Venice. 3d W'k—Twelfth Night & Taming of the Shrew. Prices 25 to 1.50. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2.

BIJOU Broadway at 30th. Nights, 8:30. $1.50 Mat. Wed. Reg. Mat. To-day. A GENTLEMAN FROM MISSISSIPPI.

Wallack's Last Mat. 2:15. Last Night 8:20. The Game of Love

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THE GENTLEMAN'S JOVRNAL

JUNE NUMBER, NOW ON SALE AT ALL NEWS-STANDS,

contains much matter of interest to men, including many "style points." A few are outlined below:

The proper riding costume, as seen during a visit at a gentleman's country home.

Very yellow tones in tan shoes to be avoided. The method of obtaining and applying the proper blend of dressing explained.

Turned-up trousers not to be made with what is vulgarly known as a "cuff." They should be made the proper length and then turned up. Hosiery worn with them should be "in tone."

THE FAIRCHILD PUBLISHING COMPANY, 112 WORTH ST., NEW YORK.

The Sunday Times TO-MORROW

A News Magazine with Subjects of Timely Interest.

How the United States let slip the opportunity to control exclusively the Wright aeroplane will be told in an article of unusual interest in The Sunday Times. Letting good things go to Europe is a habit wth this Nation. The Hotchckiss gun, the Holland submarine, the Gatling gun, are other examples of great inventions of value that might have been kept at home. This story of how the Wright aeroplane had to go abroard for appreciation should be read by every one. Some astonishing discoveries have just been made within the palace of Abdul Hamid by the Young Turks. Francis McCullagh will tell of these in The Sunday Times. His narration is an astonishing tale. Many well-known men will contribute their views on what college means to men. Some of them are Dr. Butler, John Claflin, Dean Kirchwey, David Graham Phillips, Richard Watson Gilder, and Dr. Alexander Humphreys. The results of a series of experiments in spiritualism recently held at Washington will be the subject of another feature—and they were tests of uncommon interest. Winston Churchill will tell an entertaining story of his journey down the White Nile—a trip which faces Mr. Roosevelt. Dr. E. C. Spitzka, the well-known alienist, will throw much light on the "understandings" existing among the Anarchists of the world, with specific illustrations. There will be a feature on the plans for fortifying the Panama Canal, illuminating letters from school children telling what they would do with a million dollars, a satire by Thomas L. Masson on "Custom-Made Intellects," an amusing "Letter of a Japanese Schoolboy," and many other good features in as wide variety as may be imagined.

Nearly every known kind of a picture will be included in the Picture Section to-morrow. There will be half a hundred photographs, all splendidly reproduced. A set of unusual pictures will tell the story of how the Mauretania begins one of her dashes across the Atlantic, pictures full of interest and action. There will be a fine series on the recent military fete on Governor's Island; two half-page reproductions of notable paintings; a capital grouping of photographs of the out-door dances and games of the girls of the Washington Irving High School; a page of pictures of the race meeting of the amateurs at Morristown, N. J.; a page in which all women will be interested, carrying many designs for Summer costumes just received, with adequate description, from leading modistes of Paris; pictures of society women, of plays and players, and many other photographs of interest.

Place your order with your newsdealer to-day for The Sunday Times to-morrow.

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Fifth Ave. at 42d Street
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a special lot of 40 pieces of plain, fancy and herringbone serges. Suits to measure, $20; Coats and Trousers, $17. They are exceptional values, very neat and striking effects.

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Truly Warner

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1909.

The New York Times.

SATURDAY REVIEW OF BOOKS.

LITERARY SECTION OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1909. 12 PAGES.

THE ROAD TO YESTERDAY.

By MAZIE V. CARUTHERS.

THE world is fair, blue skies o'erhead,
My primrose path shows gay;
And yet, betimes, I look behind
And long with all my heart to find
The Road to Yesterday.

Grass-grown and faint the path may be;
No signs to point the way
Except a kiss, a memory,
A sigh, a sprig of rosemary—
These lead to Yesterday!

What mean To-morrow's unborn hopes,
The fragrance of To-day,
When once my heart's desire and need
Is for the dim, sweet paths that lead
Me into Yesterday?

—From Lippincott's Magazine.

TOPICS OF THE WEEK.

SOME SUSSEX NAMES.

Redeemed, Renewed, Replenished, and Elected are among the baptismal names found in Sussex by E. V. Lucas, but are they to be compared, these single participles, with the Massachusetts name of the early nineteenth century, Emma Jemima Grace-Peace Mercy? Occasionally they called her Emma, but the smallest dereliction from the strict virtue required of the early nineteenth century babe called forth the whole five names, followed by the two family names which also belonged to her.

CHICAGO'S HUMBLE BEGINNING.

Among almost forgotten conditions and things of the past which former Vice President Stevenson mentions in his forthcoming book of reminiscences is an early description of Chicago. He quotes from Beck's "Directory" of 1823 an extract from a brief account of the place. Chicago, one reads, was "a village of Pike County situated on Lake Michigan at the mouth of Chicago Creek. It contains ten or twelve houses and about sixty or seventy inhabitants." There is mention of the case of Mrs. Gaines versus the City of New Orleans, the suit being for "thirty millions," and reference is made to Peggy O'Neal, who caused the disruption of Jackson's Cabinet. Mr. Stevenson was born in Kentucky, but adopted Illinois as his State. Since 1858 he has been a lawyer, and he was prominent in politics from 1874 to 1897.

PITY THE CRIMINAL.

The most skillful and hopeful criminal must have his despondent moments since Signor Marconi banished tranquillity from the ocean steamers, and an honest man accused of repeated theft and fairly hounded across the Atlantic by wireless is as pitiable a hero of comedy as has been created lately. Such is Mr. Preston, the chief figure in Mr. Edwin Balmer's "Waylaid by Wireless," a detective story in a guise of complicated absurdity. Mr. Preston also suffers through the first two-thirds of the book from the lack of a baptismal name, and the villain goes to the end in similar destitution, from which one may infer an atmosphere of good breeding not common in American novels, in which titles of courtesy are almost as rare as they are in newspaper headlines. The inference is justified, for, except the villain's acts in the way of his vocation, the behavior of all the characters is as courteous as if they were determined to live up to the standard of the eighteenth century Théâtre Français.

MEREDITH'S WEARY WAITING.

With scarcely an exception the English reviews, in their biographical sketches and appreciations of the work of George Meredith, comment upon the long interval of time that elapsed before the superiority of his writings obtained general recognition. Yet, if the reading public was unappreciative, Meredith, as The London Athenaeum points out, received the applause of good judges quite early in his literary career, and as an evidence it quotes George Eliot writing of "The Shaving of Shagpot" as "a work of genius," as early as 1856. The literary supplement of The London Globe publishes an extract from a letter written by Meredith in 1887 in which he comments upon the attitude of his countrymen toward his poetical work as follows: "In England I am encouraged but by a few enthusiasts. I read in a critical review of some verse of mine the other day that I was 'a harlequin and performer of antics.' I am accustomed to that kind of writing as our hustings orator is to the dead cat and brickbat flung in his face—at which he smiles politely, and I, too; but, after many years of it, my mind looks elsewhere."

ADLAI E. STEVENSON.

Adlai E. Stevenson, the well-known lawyer and former Vice President, has written some reminiscences of interest. The volume, "Something of Men I Have Known," has been acquired by A. C. McClurg & Co., who will publish it in the Autumn. Some idea of the scope of the book is indicated in Mr. Stevenson's preface, an extract from which reads as follows: "The period extending from my first election to Congress in 1874 to my retirement from the Vice Presidency in 1897 were years of marvelous material development to the country. The population of the country had almost doubled; the ratio of representation in the lower house of Congress largely augmented; the entire electoral vote increased from 369 to 444. Eight new States had been admitted into the Union—thus increasing the number of Senators from seventy-four to ninety." The book is principally made up of anecdotes of the bench, the bar, and the Legislature in Illinois and at Washington. It has historical, political, and personal interest; while Mr. Stevenson's intimate sketches of the many interesting personalities he knew a half century ago bring those times very close to hand.

THE AFFRIGHTED BRITON.

At the present time the affrighted inhabitants of the British Isles, as we are all quite well aware, are seeing things. It is gravely asserted that arsenals, fairly bursting with an enemy's accoutrements of war, are maintained in London, while dirigible balloons, sausage-shaped in each instance—a sure proof of their German origin—manoeuvre in the darkened air of night over remote spots along the coast, disappearing mysteriously with the dawn. One is able to gain some idea of the hysteria prevailing in England over the impending German invasion from the remarkable preface to William Le Queux's latest romance, "The Spies of the Kaiser." The book is advertised in London literary papers as "an amazing revelation of our present peril," and the quaking Briton is further harrowed by black-faced type reading, "Plotting the Downfall of England." An extract from the preface reads: "No sane person can deny that England is in grave danger of invasion by Germany at a date not far distant. * * * That German spies are actively at work in Great Britain is well known to the authorities. The number of agents of the German Secret Police at this moment working in our midst on behalf of the Intelligence Department in Berlin is believed to be over 5,000. As I write I have before me a file of amazing documents which plainly show the feverish activity with which this advance guard of our enemy is working to secure for their employers the most detailed information." This assuredly is playing with dynamite.

IRVING'S AMUSING HISTORY.

Mrs. Schuyler Van Rensselaer, in her new "History of the City of New York in the Seventeenth Century," recently issued by the Macmillan Company, comments interestingly in her preface upon Washington Irving's "History of New York, by Diedrich Knickerbocker." Mrs. Van Rensselaer disclaims publishing a bibliography of the history of the city in her work, which, however, contains a very long list of such publications, from which the "Knickerbocker History" is excluded, because, as the author says, it "tends seriously to mislead or to confuse the reader's mind," and is, in fact, "the chief example of a book thus fundamentally faulty; or, more exactly, it is a book which, written as a jest, was accepted as a history (if as a humorous history) of a period with which no historian has yet familiarized the public. * * * Few people read it, fewer enjoy it, but its reputation is still great, and the substance of what it says, and, above all, the tone in which it is written, having tinctured the thought and writings of three generations, still affect the point of view of many an American, not merely distorting his ideas about this fact or that, this personage or another, but perverting his general mental and emotional attitude toward the place, the time, and the people in question." Instances are cited of professed historians having taken Irving's burlesque seriously, and one writer, James Grahame, a Scotchman—humorous people, the Scots—is quoted at some length from a history of the American colonies which he wrote, in which he expresses a personal grievance against Irving for having "parodied my narrative." It also appears that a New York State Senate committee in 1848 officially deprecated Irving's amusing and entertaining burlesque.

A TRAGEDY OF THE TEMPLE

The Pitiful Story of Louis XVII., Child King of France, with an Inquiry Into His Fate and Some Account of Claimants to His Titles.

NAUNDORFF, THE GREAT PRETENDER

All Known Facts and Legends Concerning the Unfortunate Dauphin Presented in a New Volume.

HISTORICAL mysteries have for most minds a strong fascination. Their necessary admixture of truth and invention, of a romance whose last pages have never been written with facts that are known to the whole world and inscribed in formal documents, gives them a span of appeal whose breadth reaches from one bourne of human sympathy to the other. The gravest historian cannot fail to be interested, while the lover of wild sensation or bewildering detective tale finds a thrill in the torn page of an actual life whose pieces no one can quite successfully put together that neither Anna Katharine Green nor the latest murder scandal can supply.

The story of Louis XVII. is one of these mysteries, and probably the most touching of any. A lovely child living in an atmosphere of gayety and love, running to his mother every morning with a handful of flowers gathered by himself, knowing nothing of the world which might not just as well have been true of heaven, so full was it for him of love, consideration, and gentle guidance, this child of seven is suddenly thrown into a long, horrible nightmare of suffering and terror from which he never escapes, vanishing finally into a gloom where, according to one version, he meets death through a painful and lingering disease after months of solitary confinement in a noisome dungeon, crushed body and spirit by brutal neglect and ill-treatment; or, as some say, was poisoned, stabbed, or strangled and buried almost before the breath had left his body in a bed of quicklime; or else, as many held, was somehow smuggled out of his prison to incarnate himself in a vast variety of personages—amounting in all to some 200 claimants—and to batter himself in vain against the obstacles that kept him from his throne.

In the present volume* we have all these views clearly and dramatically presented. Eckard's Memoirs are concerned with the first of the solutions. Himself a Royalist, Eckard writes of the sufferings of the unfortunate Capets with a sort of agonized amazement. He never for a moment understood why it all happened nor what brought it about. To his eyes the world suddenly went mad, frightful maniacs multiplied crime on useless crime, beginning for no imaginable reason and ending in their own blood, with nothing accomplished but horror.

But in his researches as to the actual things that befell the little Prince he loved it is easy to see that he has been thorough and painstaking, seeking for the truth itself amid all the wild stories that were afloat. His book is not new, but it is by no means as well known to English readers as it deserves to be; and it is made more valuable and more complete in this edition by reason of the work done by De Beauchesne, Chantelauze, and La Sicotière, which has been used to enlarge and verify Eckard's own memoir.

The second part of the book is given up to the autobiography of Naundorff, the most famous of the many pretenders who claimed to be the lost Dauphin. It is an astonishing tale, one, indeed, "told by a madman, signifying nothing." Sketches of the careers of several other of these pretenders are also included in an appendix to this portion. The third part is an interesting theory by Joseph Turquand of the child's murder and burial in the Temple moat. This is based upon the discovery of a boy's skeleton there in the year 1801 by Gen. Comte d'Andigné, at the time a political prisoner in the Temple.

These fragments have been arranged and annotated by the compilers in a thoroughly scholarly and unprejudiced manner, and the translation is particularly good, although the author's name is withheld. There are a number of fine reproductions of old prints and portraits and an index.

Eckard begins his story with a picture of the little

*THE KING WHO NEVER REIGNED: Memoirs Upon Louis XVII. By Eckard and Naundorff. Together with Joseph Turquand's "New Light Upon the Fate of Louis XVII." Preface by Jules le Maître. Notes by Maurice Vitrac and Armand Valeton. New York: The John McBride Company. $3.50.

THE PITIFUL STORY OF THE DAUPHIN OF FRANCE.

Louis Charles as Dauphin, when at the age of four, he succeeded, by the death of his older brother, to the title of Dauphin:

> His shape was perfect, his face noble and smiling, his head adorned with beautiful curls that hung down over his shoulders, his features bore the same kindly expression seen in the countenance of Louis XVI, and traces of the Queen's dignity were already visible.

The tales told by fond parents of their children are emulated by Eckard in speaking of the royal baby. "Few children have possessed such a precocious mind," he writes, and cites many a pretty anecdote of the little boy's quickness in repartee and devotion to his studies. Once, on being withheld from rushing excitedly through a hedge of rose bushes and told that he might hurt himself, he is said to have answered, "looking at M. Hue with a noble, determined air, 'Thorny paths lead to glory.'"

His later path was sufficiently thorny, however chary in glory, and another picture of the child given toward the end of his life may well be placed by the side of the above—for in the two lies all his short history:

> The young Prince, when standing upright, looked not only as if he was deformed, but as if he was suffering from rickets; his legs, thighs, and arms were very long and thin; his bust was short; he was chicken-breasted, and his shoulders were high and narrow; his head was very handsome in every way, the complexion clear though colorless, the hair light brown, long, fine, and well kept. * * * I passed my right hand along his arm to the armpit. I felt one tumor on the wrist and another on the elbow, and similar excrescences both above and below the kneecap.

The knees were also greatly swollen, and the little lad could scarcely be made to move about at all, preferring to remain seated in a small chair or crouched in a cradle. He had been in prison for years and many months in solitary confinement, without exercise, fresh air, or sufficient light, with no recreation and only the coarsest food. Gradually he had sunk to a persistent silence, and to the questions put to him by M. Harmand, from whose account this is taken, he made no reply:

> He sat quite still, staring at me and apparently listening with the greatest attention, but not a word did he utter.

Harmand's explanation of this silence was that, having been made, some thirteen months earlier, to bring against his mother a series of absurd and impossible accusations, he had vowed eternal silence. But it was not until his solitary confinement had endured a while that the child became silent. And certainly, considering what he had passed through during what must have seemed to his child mind an eternity, it is hardly to be wondered at that he did not reply to such questions as, "Would you like a horse or a dog, some birds or playthings, or companions of your own age? Would you like to go into a garden, would you like cakes or sweets?" There stood in the corner of the room a pot half full of a thin, dark liquid in which floated a few lentils—was not that his food? How should he know there were children in the world? Years had passed since he had seen one. Who were these people who came and stood about him, prodding his sick body with their fingers and his soul with their senseless questions?

> He remained seated in his chair with his elbows upon the table; his expression did not alter for a single moment; there was not the slightest trace of any emotion, not the slightest sign of astonishment in his eyes; it was just as if we were not there, as if I had not spoken. * * * not a word, only the same strange stare.

It was several months after the above visit that the comité sent the famous surgeon Desault to see the child. He told them they had been too late and that a cure was impossible. With proper treatment, country air, and happiness "the august child might, perhaps, recover his health, if not permanently, at least for a few years." Desault was a royalist and loved the little Prince. He used to speak to his intimate friends of him, relating some of his sayings and requests with eyes full of tears. When the keepers came to take the doctor away the boy would try to detain him by clinging silently to his coat flap. But Desault died within a month of his first visit, and a week later Louis Charles succumbed to his illness and there was no longer a suffering child in the Temple.

This child, who died on the 8th of June, was believed by many to be a substitute, a sick and dumb child sure to die, the real Dauphin in the meantime remaining hidden to another room of the Temple, from which he was conveyed after the death. There were various accounts of how this escape was managed, but when one reads of all the precautions taken, one is as impossible as another. Naundorff claims the carriage containing the coffin had a false bottom. But the coffin was placed on a bier and was in plain view every moment until it was consigned to the common grave in the cemetery of St. Marguerite. Naundorff's entire story is an amazing tissue of strange illnesses, marvelous captures by a mysterious enemy, escapes quite as miraculous—often by the direct aid of the Great God—hints that are never explained, frantic appeals that are received in silence; a life which, as one reads it, seems one long whine, more pitiful even than the tragedy of the Temple, for there at least the royal child was wrapped in a dignity which even Hébert's shameful "examination" failed to dissipate. The hords that rose like a miasma from the mystery that shrouded his and seems to have been a sorry lot, incapable even of inventing a good lie.

The remaining theory that the child who died of disease in the Temple was not Louis XVII., but that the little King had been murdered several months earlier by order of the comité and secretly buried in the moat, while the false Dauphin was kept in reserve until a favorable moment for announcing the death should arrive, is put forward with considerable force by M. Turquand. This theory is based on the alleged discovery of a boy's skeleton in this moat by the General, Comte d'Andigné, who was a man of honor and could have had no reason for fabricating such a tale. Moreover, there were witnesses to the discovery, and the General asserts that the concierge of the Temple, M. Fauconnier, replied to his remark, "This must be the body of Monsieur the Dauphin." "Yes, Sir," although he seemed embarrassed by the question.

M. Turquand brings a number of details to prove his notion, and says that the Princess, sister to Louis Charles, "was undoubtedly aware of her brother's murder, which accounts for what would otherwise be unaccountable in her attitude to the numerous pretenders who sought her aid."

On the whole, however, the bulk of probability seems to lie with those who follow the young Prince through the simple though so grim years of his imprisonment to his slow death from disease and neglect and his burial before many witnesses. His body was seen and recognised by many, who signed a statement to that effect. And it is unlikely that Dr. Desault would not have recognized a fraud, and still more, that he would not have found some means to publish it.

The reader is left free to make up his own mind, after all the material has been studied. It would not be a mystery if each version did not have some measure of likelihood. The truth will probably never be absolutely determined, and little Capet will remain the hero of many fantastic or romantic explanations.

Eckard ends his memoir with an apostrophe to the terror and the madness of those times which he had witnessed without comprehending them. The long agony of the people that led to the short and bloody agony of the aristocracy he never understood. "May," he cries, "may this terrible lesson preserve our descendants from the love of innovations, from impious Governments, and from revolutionary frenzy! * * * Let us bring the tribute of our gratitude, of our veneration, of our love to the King, whose great virtue, love, and paternal solicitude will finally win peace and happiness to our side." The King so hailed was Louis XVIII., and perhaps terms less vividly laudatory would better have suited him. To Eckard a King was a diviner being than a man of ordinary birth, and the murder of a King the worst of crimes. But King or no King, one cannot read of the bitter fate of this once radiant and golden child without a stricture of the heart. The forward march of mankind seems sometimes to proceed by steps too horrible to be suffered, and a child's agony is a fearful price to pay for anything, however necessary and desirable.

NEW LIGHT ON PEPYS.

The Famous Diarist Considered as Administrator, Observer, and Gossip in a New Work by Mr. Moorhouse.

THOSE to whom Samuel Pepys is an old friend, or even a valued gossipy acquaintance, will turn with avidity to the new life of him by E. Hallam Moorhouse. "Administrator—Observer—Gossip," Mr. Moorhouse characterizes Pepys, and to his own generation he was pre-eminently the successful and faithful public servant. To ours he is first of all the incomparable observer, whose talent for gossip gilds the pill of his extreme intelligence. The generations of readers who since the first edition of the Diary was published in 1825 have reveled in the society of this prince of gossips, have found much to enjoy and not a little to deprecate in this candid man. Perhaps those who first make his acquaintance through the present volume will realize more clearly than those earlier readers the exceeding value of this revelation of the complexity possible to the human mind.

No life of Pepys can be worth the writing that does not depend largely upon the Diary, and as the author truly says: "No retelling of Pepys's Diary is to be tolerated, and that is the justification for ample quotation." But Mr. Moorhouse has not by any means depended upon the Diary alone, he has sought diligently for confirmatory accounts among the writings of Pepys's contemporaries and has made excellent use of the very considerable Pepysiana which has been gathered and carefully preserved. Of the wonderful Diary and its author he says:

> Little thought Pepys himself of the importance of his voluntary task, and in his complete unconsciousness that any human being would read what he had written lies the unique value of the Diary. In it he has achieved the apparently impossible—he has drawn with the unsparing hand of truth a full-length portrait of himself without self-consciousness, without any of that morbid self-analysis which afflicts would-be candid diarists, without a superfluous touch, and yet complete, etched upon its historic background with a perfection of detail a sharpness of outline, that can never be surpassed. His is no heroic figure, though it may well be doubted whether he is so much under the average stature as is commonly assumed. He is the curious compound of cowardice and courage, generosity and stingy calculation, time-serving and devotion to duty which makes up ordinary human nature. Pepys may stand as the type of the average man—for though there are few who would not indignantly disclaim the meaner qualities ever which Pepys himself is so singularly trabashed, there are also few who might not be glad to feel sure of possessing the genuine courage he displayed at the time of the plague, or his honesty and freedom from official corruption in a most corrupt age.

To this summary of his character may be added Coleridge's saying that "he was a Pollard man, without the top, * * * but on this account more broadly and luxuriantly branching out from the upper trunk."

The faults of Samuel Pepys, so engaging as to make us forgive him many of his sins, are not those of this day, and a modern Pepys—if such a being were conceivable—would doubtless find his intimate confessions of shortcomings quite other than those of the man who is pre-eminently and undisputedly the Diarist.

But though no life of Pepys can for a moment be supposed to take the place of his own record, it is to be remembered that that record covers not quite ten years of the seventy-one that he lived, and that the references scattered through the many volumes of the Diary are here brought together in orderly fashion. The man as he appeared to others, his work in the Navy Board and as Secretary of the Admiralty, his success as member of Parliament, his position as a man of affairs and of letters—all these are set forth, and, far from satisfying, send the reader inevitably to make or resume acquaintance with the Diary. It is a feast that invites to further indulgence rather than one that completely satisfies.

*SAMUEL PEPYS: Administrator, Observer, Gossip. By E. Hallam Moorhouse. With twenty-four portraits and other illustrations. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $3.

ABLE "OLD HICKORY."

Prof. Thorpe Publishes a Highly Interesting Collection of the Writings and Addresses of Andrew Jackson.

FRANCIS NEWTON THORPE has put into a volume entitled "The Statesmanship of Andrew Jackson" (the Tandy-Thomas Company, $2.50) a collection of the writings and addresses of that much-loved and much-hated Democrat. The book does not contain everything that Jackson wrote or had written for him, but we are assured by the editor that it includes the "full texts of practically all of his letters and documents which add anything to the knowledge of those principles of statecraft, which made him one of the greatest Presidents." Prof. Thorpe further says that in selecting matter for his book he has exercised the utmost care to avoid unnecessary duplication on the one hand, and on the other hand to show in detail how Jackson stood with respect to the great questions of the day, especially those relating to Nullification, the Public Domain, and the United States Bank.

Particular attention is directed by the professor to seven letters on Nullification which are included in his collection; he feels sure these letters are printed now for the first time. They appear precisely in the form in which Jackson sent them out, no changes whatever having been made in spelling or punctuation. They constitute, of course, the item of greatest interest in the Thorpe collection, and their publication will be very gratifying to students of American history and biography. They are absolutely Jacksonian; they come to us straight from Old Hickory without having undergone revision by an intermediary. All of Jackson's famous state papers were written for him. His Secretary of State and his Attorney General wrote his Anti-Nullification proclamation and his declaration against the Bank of the United States, and all of his messages to Congress and his inaugural addresses were composed for him by members of his official family.

But these letters on Nullification he wrote himself; they are his and nobody else's. That being the case, they help materially to show us what the plain unpolished and Cavaroished Jackson was like, and candid readers will unhesitatingly acknowledge that the portrayal that is made is of a wise, able, and patriotic President.

There are, of course, some slightly illiterate passages in the letters, but there is none that needs interpretation, none that lacks intelligibility or straightforwardness. Some of the passages are grandly phrased, and in a letter dated Dec. 2, 1832, occur some sentences which Prof. Thorpe thinks deserve comparison with that paragraph in Lincoln's second inaugural, which begins: "With malice to none, with charity to all, with firmness in the right as God gives us to see the right, let us strive on to finish the work we are in." What Jackson wrote was this:

> The Union must be preserved and its laws duly executed by proper means. With calmness and firmness such as becomes those who are conscious of being right and are assured of the support of public opinion, we must perform our duties without expecting that there are those around us desiring to tempt us into the wrong. We must act as the instruments of the law, and if force is opposed to use in that capacity then we shall repel it with the certainty, even should we fall as individuals, that the friends of liberty and union will be strong enough to prostrate their enemies.

Writing a week later, Jackson tells his correspondent he may assure those patriotic South Carolinians who cling to their country and the Union that in forty days he can put 50,000 soldiers into their State prepared to fight against the rebels, and that in forty days more he can add another 50,000 to his army.

"The weakness, madness, and folly of the leaders and the delusion of their followers in the attempt to destroy themselves and the Union has not its parallel in the history of the world," writes Jackson as he approaches the end of his letter, and then he significantly adds: "The safety of the Republic [is] the supreme law, which will be promptly obeyed by me."

A few weeks later he writes: "I repeat to the Union men again, fear not the Union will be preserved and treason and rebellion promptly put down when and where it may shew its monster head. You may rest assured that the Nullies of Carolina will receive no aid from any quarter."

All through the letters Jackson shows that he knows his duty with respect to the South Carolinians, and that he is absolutely confident that no harm will come to the Union through the machinations of the Nullificationists.

ROMAN HISTORY IN CAESAR'S ERA

Prof. Ferrero's Lowell Lectures On Characters and Events in Rome's Story Appear in Volume Form.

WHATEVER may be the final judgment of posterity as to the authority and rank of Guglielmo Ferrero in comparison with the really great historians, there is no present doubt that he leads the writers of his class for interest, originality of view and interpretation, skill in the handling of old and new material, and confidence in his own opinions, however widely they may differ from those of his predecessors. And invariably his work is "good reading," for he has the precious art of avoiding heaviness without becoming light or flippant, and while he is not always convincing, he never fails to be plausible, suggestive, and not only himself keenly intelligent but provocative of thought in others. Much can be pardoned to such a man, and with little difficulty—though it is obviously an attempt, somewhat beneath the dignity of a grave historian aspiring to the highest honors and engaged in a task as great as that of retelling the chronicles of an ancient State, to exploit his popularity among his discriminating admirers—the publication as a separate book* of lectures that are in part a review of "The Greatness and Decline of Rome," and in part a forecast of its promised continuation.

The proper place for these essays was in the main work, where they would be integral. Standing alone, they are practically undemonstrated conclusions from unformulated premises and have to be accepted more or less on faith—a process which many, nowadays, find irksome. However, Ferrero is a man big enough to do about as he pleases, and his books must be read, whatever the form in which he chooses to issue them. The reading of this one is very far from a waste of time, especially for those who have not the leisure for perusal of the five large volumes which carried him only to the death of Augustus, or of the others, at least as large and numerous, which he will need for the completion of his undertaking.

Of the eight essays here collected the most important, perhaps, is the first, dealing with what it has been customary to call the "corruption" of the later Romans. Ferrero thinks, not without justification, that the political, social, and economic changes which marked the transition of Rome from republican simplicity to imperial complexity were not to any measurable degree due to the assorted wickednesses of a few eminent citizens—wickedness probably much exaggerated by partisan malice and mendacity—but were the natural transition of a small and barbarous State into a large and highly civilized one. Much that was denounced by the conservative Romans as dangerous laxity of conduct was a mere substitution of new for old customs and theories of life, and many of them the moralists as well as the economists of to-day would acclaim as "progress." For one thing, there was a steady evolution from the patriarchal system under which the father had the power of life and death over wife and children to a condition where general laws regulated society from top to bottom. With it went an increase of individual liberty, the State no longer asserting the right to exercise a paternalism now almost unimaginably minute. The much lamented "luxury" of the empire was largely a broadening of life through the turning from war to industry of the Italian population, and the consequent creation of new needs and new uses for money. The modern world owes little or nothing to republican Rome, but much to the Rome of the so-called decline, which was the real model from which our free Governments were copied.

Ferrero's now familiar explanation of the relations between Antony and Cleopatra is rehearsed and expanded in a second essay. He at least makes it hard to believe that a "grand passion"

*CHARACTERS AND EVENTS OF ROMAN HISTORY. From Caesar to Nero. The Lowell lectures of 1909. By Guglielmo Ferrero, Litt. D. Translated by Frances Lamb Ferrero. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $2.50.

had much to do with the case, and easy to admit that the romantic legend so long accepted was a political invention designed to impress the Romans with a fear of feminine and Asiatic influences in affairs of State. The loss is of a pretty story, the gain in comprehension of what happened.

To the development of Gaul as an important factor in the building of Europe Ferrero devotes forty well-reasoned pages, showing how the ultimate supremacy of the West over the East was an undesigned and unforeseen effect of temporary political exigencies. Caesar's stature diminishes as one reads, though the audacious historian makes perfunctory admission of the man's genius. Turning to Nero, there comes something approaching a rehabilitation. The picture is of a half-crazed boy, more a victim of circumstance than a monster of depravity. The essay on Tiberius and Julia boldly assaults all the legends, demanding for the husband full recognition as one of the best and most patriotic of Romans, and for the wife sympathy as a great lady cruelly maligned. "Wine in Roman History" will not please the prohibitionists, but it applies modern methods of interpretation to history and emphasises the importance of economic factors in the destinies of nations. Why Roman history should be written and periodically rewritten is the question answered in the eighth essay. Rome had the unity which Greece lacked. Hence its greater effect on the progress of events, and hence the greater profit in study of its vicissitudes.

In concluding his book Ferrero addresses a few intimate words to us Americans. They begin severely with the plain statement that we are not superior to Europe in as many things as we think, but the hurt of that is quickly healed when we read:

> But a superiority I do recognize—great, and, for me at least, indisputable—in the political institutions with which you govern yourselves. The Republic, which you have made to live again here in this new land, is the true political form worthy of a civilized people, because the only one that is rational and plastic; while the monarchy, the form of government yet ruling in so many parts of Europe, is a mixture of mysticism and barbarity which European interests seek in vain to justify with sophistries unworthy of the high grade of culture to which the Continent has attained. To search out the reasons why the old Oriental monarchy holds on so tenaciously in Europe, still threatening the future, would be useless here; certain it is that, when you meet any European other than a Frenchman or a Swiss, you can feel yourselves as superior to him in political institutions as the Roman civis in the times of the republic felt himself above the Asiatic slave of absolute monarchy.

A MONK IN PURGATORY.

CHARACTERISTICALLY the mediaeval monkish mind delighted in the imagination of tortures for the damned—and even for those who lingered in Purgatory for their sins. The cruelty of the age and the monastic doctrine of the mortification of the flesh combined to spur to invention, to sharpen appreciation of the refinements of burning, drowning, rending, mangling, piercing, scourging, freezing. The tortures were all crudely physical—such, in fact, as the civil and ecclesiastical courts of the time themselves practiced within more human limits.

"The revelation to the Monk of Evesham Abbey," supposed to concern the visit of a certain nameless religious to Purgatory and Paradise about the year 1300, naturally, therefore, deals much more at length with Purgatory than with Paradise. The present volume with that title (John McBride Co.) purports to be a rendering into modern but not up-to-date English of the original manuscript in the British Museum which was accessible otherwise before only in one of Prof. Arber's reprints.

The style of the rendering, the work of Valerian Paget, is very suitable to the matter, and the matter is interesting for the sake of the reflection of the contemporary ecclesiastical mind if for nothing else. Thus the monk, in describing the second section of Purgatory, says:

> This is the common routine of torment for those souls: First they are drowned in the stinking pool; thence, having been taken up and cast into the fire, they are swept up high into the air by the force of the fiercely raging flames, as sparks from a burning furnace, and so are let down on the other side into piercing cold of snow and hail and driving storms.

And not once only—they travel the cycle over and over. Thus God—the God of the Middle Ages—deals with sinners. The monk is human. "I take God to witness," says he, "if there were any one who had done me or my friends all the harm and injury that it were possible for man to suffer in this life, short of death—if such an enemy were put to the pains I saw there to endure long torment—I would, if it were possible, suffer temporal death a thousand times for his deliverance."

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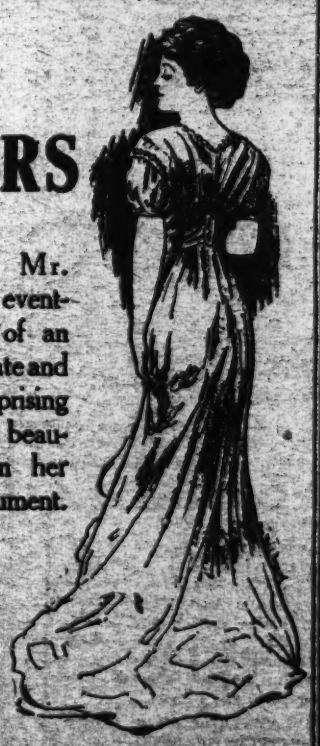

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The Hand-Made Gentlemen

By Irving Bacheller

It is a story of success and humor. So far all reviewers agree that the book is filled with a certain charm that takes hold of the reader's interest at the first page and retains it to the end of the story. Moreover, it rewards the interest of the reader with scenes and characters that he will delight to know and remember. It is a tale as noble and uplifting as "Eben Holden." Says the Boston Transcript: "The story not only is interesting as a romance, but is informing as an exposition of the development of the century." In "The Hand-Made Gentlemen" is that blend of humor and pathos that makes for distinction.

Katrine

By Elinor Macartney Lane

"A book to be cherished as something wonderful," says the New York Independent. "One lays it aside with the feeling of having listened to great music and of having walked at evening in an old-fashioned garden." More reviewers, like the critic of The New York Times, have emphasized the spontaneous emphasis on the joy and gladness of life and love. And they all love Katrine.

HARPERS MAGAZINE HARPERS BAZAR HARPERS WEEKLY

PICTURES ALASKA AS PROMISED LAND

Major General Greely in His New "Handbook" Tells of Attractions and Prospects of the Territory.

CANADA was not pleased to be described by Kipling as "our lady of snows." However pretty the sentiment she felt that it gave an undeserved black eye to her climate, and was unfair to her commercial prospects. So now our own Alaska, tired of being pictured in the popular imagination as a composite of picturesque lawlessness, frozen tundra, sudden millionaires, snow plains, Indians, esquimaux dogs, and glaciers, proposes to show that she is instead, a region of law and order, wealth, civilization, and wonderful commercial possibilities. The big Alaska-Yukon Exposition, to be held soon at Seattle, is expected to set her right in the eyes of her elder sisters and bring to her that consideration which she feels she deserves. And in the meantime, those who know Alaska and think she has long enough been the Nation's Cinderella are doing what they can to correct popular misconceptions and spread a knowledge of what the conditions really are in the Territory.

Of these there is none who can speak with greater authority than Major Gen. A. W. Greely, whose "Handbook of Alaska, Its Resources, Products and Attractions," (Charles Scribner's Sons, $2.00,) tells in simple, straightforward style, untainted by the exaggerations of the enthusiast or the writer for effect, the story of what has been done in Alaska, what conditions prevail there now, and what are the territory's commercial prospects. For nearly ten years Gen. Greely has been in close touch with Alaskan affairs; he has twice held there supreme military command, and it was under his control and supervision that the Alaskan military telegraph system was built, over four thousand miles of land lines, submarine cables, and wireless. His duties have carried him several times the whole length of the Yukon Valley, and to the cities and towns upon or near the coast, as well as to all the inland regions of importance. Therefore, when he now assembles in this work the results of his own extended experiences and observations, combining with them reports of investigators upon the many varied phases of interest to be found there, he makes a book in which either the ordinary man who merely wants to know more about his country, the one who plans commercial ventures, or the tourist, can find the things he wants to know.

Gen. Greely endeavors to give his readers some idea of the immense extent of the territory and the diversities of climate and surface conditions which it covers. Its extremes of latitude find their parallel in Europe between Normay and Sicily, and of longitude between western France and Central Russia. The coldest month in Sitka shows an average temperature nearly exactly that of the same month in St. Louis, while its warmest month is about the same as in San Francisco. Near Dawson the ground has been found to be frozen for a depth of two hundred feet. But considering the high latitudes, the temperatures are surprisingly high. The influence of the Pacific Ocean, of course, makes for equability and mildness. It is only well inland that the extreme cold is found.

Somewhat surprising are the agricultural possibilities. The industry has not developed sufficiently yet to supply the local markets, but it has made its influence felt in lessened imports. Potatoes and other vegetables do well, hay is raised in considerable quantities, in some localities stock raising and dairy farming are profitable. In the lower Tanana Valley 50,000 acres have been homesteaded and are being cultivated successfully. At Rampart, just south of the Arctic Circle, the United States Department of Agriculture conducts an experiment station where four kinds of Winter grain live and mature, although the Winter temperatures touch 70 below, and nearly all the ordinary garden vegetables thrive. At a mining town within the Arctic Circle, bearing the suggestive and doubtless truthfully suppositive name of Coldfoot, are grown "potatoes, cabbages, turnips, rhubarb, &c., of large size and good flavor."

Trade between the rest of the country and Alaska has reached important figures, the exports thither from the United States amounting last year to more than $16,000,000, of which the three leading classes were iron and steel manufactures, meat and dairy products, breadstuffs, and vegetables. The Road Commission, composed of three army officers, is building good roads, and "has already wrought an economic revolution in land transportation." All of the chief cities from Sitka to far-away Nome, have electric light, telegraph, newspapers churches, libraries, theatres, schools, banks, clubs, and all the usual concomitants of civilization.

Gen. Greely never allows himself to become enthusiastic, but there are two subjects upon which he has evidently had some difficulty in keeping a tight rein on himself—the scenery and the possibilities of industrial development. Of the former he says that it "equals or surpasses the combined charms of the Norwegian fiords and the Swiss Alps." Of the latter he tells of the immense and still prolific yield of the gold mines, of the copper deposits, the immense deposits of coal of varied grade, of the tin mines, the fisheries, of agriculture, and of forestry. Still other chapters take up the subjects of the mountains, the glaciers, the rich results awaiting scientific research, tourist trips, game, the inhabitants, and others consider in detail the characteristics, conditions, and prospects of each one of the half dozen or more most important sections of the territory. The book is copiously illustrated from photographs and has also a goodly number of maps and charts and statistical tables.

AN AIRSHIP NOVEL.

MR. RONALD LEGGE'S story "The Hawk" (the John McBride Company) is a novel of the airship variety, and nobody should undertake to read it who is not able to put himself in a frame of mind like that the Shandy family disclosed when they came to listen to one of Corporal Trim's stories. "'Tis thy own story, Trim; so ornament it after thy own fashion," one of the listeners remarked.

In this spirit we must read Mr. Legge's story, fully admitting his right as an aerial novelist to model his ship after his own design, to send it wherever it is needed to meet the exactions of his wild and exciting situations, and to accomplish by means of it whatever is requisite and necessary in the building up of his tale. We must bear in mind that the novelist of the airship persuasion is the least trammeled of all the writers of fiction.

Mr. Legge uses his airship for war purposes. France and Germany, having formed an alliance for the undoing of England, have invaded the island. A great battle is under way at Ascot, in which the armies of France and England are opposing one another, and on all sides the English are retreating, leaving thousands of dead and wounded behind them.

Suddenly a hundred bomb-laden, flying-ships make their appearance, and in half an hour there is nothing worth mentioning left of the invaders' army. The French unconditionally surrender, for there is nothing else for them to do. The Germans, who are still operating in the north, quickly hear what has happened to their allies, and immediately become homesick. They all hustle back to Holyhead, get aboard their transports and sail for the fatherland; a good many of them came back to England captured by British men-of-war.

The war over, all England sings the praises of the man to whose inventive genius it owes its escape from conquest. Curiously the inventor is a Frenchman, who hates his own country because its Minister of War robbed him of the fruit of an earlier invention. Had the French Minister of War done the right thing by the inventor, the French, and not the English, would have had the airships at Ascot, and undoubtedly they would have accomplished the overthrow of the British Empire. Rather a close squeak for poor old England!

A FRIENDLY VIEW OF THE JAPANESE

H. B. Montgomery, in "The Empire of the East," Warmly Praises the Land of the Mikado.

IT is a distinctly reassuring estimate of the Japanese that is presented by H. B. Montgomery in his work entitled "The Empire of the East," (A. C. McClurg & Co.) Whoever accepts it will be comforted with the belief that the greater and more powerful Japan becomes the better it will be for the world.

St. Francis Xavier, speaking of Japan while he was laboring in that country as a missionary in the sixteenth century, said: "This nation is the delight of my soul"; in Mr. Montgomery the empire of to-day has a friend quite as sincere and enthusiastic. He writes:

> I am not only an ardent admirer of but a believer in Japan and the Japanese. I regard the Japanese as a serious people and the nation as having a serious future. Japan now stands out prominently among the nations; her political future seems to be secure, and it is none the less secure because of the difficulties she has encountered and overcome in attaining her present position. I look upon Japan as a great civilizing factor in the future of the human race, because strong, though she is, and stronger though she will become I am positive that her strength will never be put forward for any selfish aims or from any improper motives.

This pleasing expectation is based on the study of Japan's wonderful past, her great achievements in modern years, her present position in the world and the character of her people and their aspirations. It comes from one who has spent much of his life in Japan and has mingled with all classes of her people in all parts of her domain; it is the view of one who writes with abundant knowledge of his subject, and it should not be overdiscounted on account of the ardent affection of the writer for the Japanese people. He says his liking for the Japanese and his respect for them are things of long and steady growth.

Speaking of them as he sees them to-day he remarks:

> In my opinion they have in many aspects arrived, probably as the result of the accumulated experience of many ages, at a right perception and conception of the philosophy of life. Judged from the highest, and as I think, only true standpoint, that is the standpoint of happiness not in a merely material, but in a spiritual form, they have reached a condition that but few nations have yet attained. They may provoke the pity of the man who believes in full diet and who fails to comprehend how a people living on a meager fare of fish and rice can be contented, much less happy, but the Japanese in his philosophy has realized the fact that happiness is something other than material and that a man or woman can be largely independent of the accidentals of life, and can attain a realization of true happiness by keeping under the, too often, supremacy of matter over mind in the average human being.

In Mr. Montgomery's opinion the Japanese are a people of noble character, lofty purpose, indomitable will, marvelous adaptability, and wonderful cleverness, who have given splendid accounts of themselves in every field in which their activities have been engaged. He believes they will retain their characteristics and, no matter how much they may mingle with Western peoples, will be true to their past, always essentially Japanese. In a commercial way he admits they will feel strongly the influence of the West; but he does not think contact with Westerners will alter their important views of life, their philosophy, or their morality. What they need they will take from the West; what they do not care for they will leave alone.

An example of their attitude toward foreign things is found in their feeble response to the effort the West is making to convert them to Christianity. Mr. Montgomery says that although the Christian missionaries have had a fair field for years, and although many of them have been men of great piety, zeal, and learning, they have made comparatively little headway and have exerted extremely little influence on the mass of the Japanese people. The educated Japanese, he says, are generally Agnostics, who view Shintoism, Buddhism, and Christianity alike, "except in so far as they regard the first two as more or less national and the last as an exotic."

With respect to commerce Mr. Montgomery believes Japan will astonish the world. He predicts she will capture pretty much all of the Chinese trade, and that there will be an enormous development in her dealings with America and Canada. But he does not look for international unpleasantness as a result of Japan's expanded foreign business. He is confident Japan "will set forth prominently the fact that, while aspiring to be great, she possesses none of those attributes we have previously associated with great nations—the attitudes of greed, covetousness, aggressiveness, and overbearing."

NAUTICAL CHARTS.

NAUTICAL CHARTS. By G. R. Putnam, M. S. Member of American Society of Civil Engineers, Director of Coast Surveys, Philippine Islands, 1900 to 1906. First Edition. List of books or papers bearing on nautical charts and related subjects. Charts and maps. Publications supplementing nautical charts. Index. One volume. Pp. 159. New York: John Wiley & Sons. London: Chapman & Hall, Limited.

SYSTEMATIC charting and surveying date back little more than a century, and most of the information shown of modern charts has been gathered in that time. The main purpose of these is to furnish graphical guides to aid in taking a vessel safely from one port to another. They are, in fact, maps of hitherto unknown regions hidden beneath the waves, which have proved sources of danger. The author gives an interesting account of the methods used in "dragging for dangers," by means of which numbers of shoals and rocks have been discovered which were not found in the original surveys.

As an instance of the importance of these investigations, reference is made on Page 55 to the recent discovery of a rock in Blue Hill Bay, on the coast of Maine. This rock has but seven feet of water over it and is only six feet in diameter at the top. It is surrounded by depths of seventy-eight feet, from which it rises nearly perpendicularly. The original survey gave no indication of danger here, and its existence was not suspected until it was discovered with the wire drag.

The book treats in a popular vein of the origin, construction, and use of nautical charts, and the writer acknowledges his indebtedness to the Coast and Geodetic Survey for various illustrative material from its archives, and to a number of authors for facts and suggestions.

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To say that social harmony and completeness, not likeness, but co-operation of unlike selves, is the aim and trend of progress that the whole of humanity is one self, coming to self-consciousness to find here the human part of a vaster unity—this may not be original, but it is so vital, so vast, and so little understood that it is good to say and resay it by the light of to-day's experience to prove our progress toward human awakening by the facts of the marketplace, and to test the brotherhood of man in the fire of selfish rivalry. All the currents of modern thought are behind Dr. Cooley, but he gathers them together as in a river. He is original as a mosaic is original. And he acknowledges his debt in copious and well-chosen quotations from the books of social endeavor, reform, and inspiration.

The inseparableness of the personal and social self is the foundation of his philosophy.

> Mind is an organic whole made up of co-operating individualities, in somewhat the same way that the music of an orchestra is made up of divergent but related sounds. No one would think it necessary or reasonable to divide the music into two kinds, that made by the whole and that of particular instruments, and no more are there two kinds of mind, the social mind and the individual mind.

One cannot safely say, "I think, therefore I am," but "we think, therefore I am." This larger introspection, this larger self-consciousness is the root of greatness and morality. And it is natural to man from the first, in the simplest groups; racially, the family, the clan; individually, the playground and home. Here human nature begins and completes in a limited sphere what in our separated, institutionalized multitudes democracy is struggling to fulfill. "The creation of a moral order on an ever-growing scale is the great historical task of mankind, and the magnitude of it explains all shortcomings."

Understanding, social knowledge, sympathy, and the testing of all actions by this large standard of social good in the place of petty moral codes will destroy self-righteousness and vindictive judgment, and make all resentment and praise social and symbolic instead of personal. Sympathy and self-expression are the roots of morality that develop the primary virtues, loyalty, freedom, and lawfulness. And as communication is the basis of this sympathy, of expression, of art, and life, so the growth of communication is the physical means, the path of all ideal progress. Inventions—the new swiftness of communication—have made democracy possible. And democracy, with all its shortcomings, is the hope of the world. Democracy, the new motion of the world toward self-consciousness, where each man shall have the knowledge necessary to "the larger self-knowledge of mankind," is founded first of all on the physical possibility of swift and wide communication. Never before could the world have realized democracy. And therefore it leads to new paths unblasted by the experience of any histories.

Never was change so swift and so widespread. And what are often called the faults of Democracy, our materialism, haste, and crudeness, Dr. Cooley considers rather the price of rapid disorganization and progress. Men have not realized the vast new responsibilities and social consciousness that must come with the new knowledge and freedom. Most of our wealth, even much of our education, is vulgar because it is ostentatious, selfish, and functionless. Ours is a "loud" time, superficial, hurried, unstable, a time of change. We have no great art because we have not the calm and long-ripened ideals from which it grows.

> The newspapers, the advertising, the general insistence of suggestion, have an effect of din, so that one feels that he must raise his voice to be heard, and the whispers of the gods are hard to catch. Men whose voices are naturally low and fine easily lose this trait in the world and begin to shout like the rest. This is to say, they exaggerate and repeat and advertise and caricature, saying too much in the hope that a little may be heard.

From social service, from the self-realization of society, will come new and freer institutions, a stable democracy, and with it in time the calm ripening of individual and social genius.

Dr. Cooley reconciles opposites, his sweet reasonableness gives each his due, his sound psychology opens unexpected possibilities. Riches and poverty, capital and labor, individual and institution, are tested and explained with expert knowledge and made to show the Janus face of life, that looks both ways. No man of set dogma will agree with him. His is a free spirit that sees the force for unity even of opponents. And touching us home in the midst of our social passion and struggle, which is the progress of life itself, he makes us feel the tremendousness of our own times and work.

*SOCIAL ORGANIZATION. A Study of the Larger Mind. By Charles Horton Cooley, Professor of Sociology in the University of Michigan. Pp. 410. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons. $1.50.

A VALUABLE YEAR BOOK.

WHEN "The New International Year Book" appeared for the first time in the new series last year it was warmly welcomed by students and writers. For since the discontinuance of the old series in 1902 and the termination in the same year of Appleton's Annual there had been published in this country no yearly compendium of the world's progress.

The second volume in the new series has just been published, and gives such a complete narrative of the world's history for last year as will make it invaluable for all whose work demands the possibility of such reference. Its scope and plan are materially different from those of other annual summaries. For it is a record not only of facts and statistics, but of current discussion. All such subjects as met with important debate in this or any other country are fully treated, and arguments pro and con are summarized. All that was said or done of consequence in any department of human endeavor in any part of the world can here be found briefly and comprehensively set forth.

The volume contains many illustrations of people and events that were much in the public eye during 1908, and a half dozen or more maps corrected to date. The editor of the volume, which contains 776 finely printed, double-columned pages, is Frank Moore Colby, the associate editor Allen Leon Churchill, and these have been assisted by some forty or more contributors, nearly all of them specialists in their subjects. It is printed by Dodd, Mead & Co., and the price varies through half a dozen kinds of binding, from $5 cloth to $12.50 full morocco.

MEASURE OF OUR YOUTH.

A TOO colorful story, replete with "near" climaxes, and peopled with familiarly bizarre characters, is told by Alice Herbert in "The Measure of Our Youth," (John Lane Company, $1.50.) England is the setting for all that transpires after the explanatory chapter, in which there is a short history of the liaison that was responsible for the introduction of East Indian blood into the Bewley family. Francis and Adela Bewley, brother and sister, are the principal characters, but from their babyhood to marriage, which is approximately the time covered by the story, they are accompanied by a host of people just as clearly delineated. Adela "had the creamy skin that often belongs to the girl with a half-Eastern father and a mother who is an English blonde"; she looked like a "cross between the Sistine Madonna and a white tea rose." Francis, a year and a half younger than his sister, had "eyes of ordinary English gray, brown hair, and a good smile." The boy's behavior was not in keeping with his smile; he was erratic—erotic, too—without self-control, silly, and hopelessly commonplace. And the book, which for the most part is concerned with the career of Francis, is very like its hero.

A Striking Illustration.

The services of A. B. Wenzell have been acquired by the Appletons for illustrating Robert W. Chambers's new book, the title of which is being kept a secret. Mr. Wenzell's realistic work for "The Fighting Chance" will be remembered, when his portrait of the villain in the story was easily recognised as the likeness of a notable New Yorker.

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SATURDAY REVIEW
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LITERARY SECTION
OF
The New York Times

NEW YORK, JUNE 5, 1909.

CONTENTS.

	Page.
The Road to Yesterday..... By Mazie V. Caruthers.	349
Topics of the Week.....	349
A Tragedy of the Temple.....	349
New Light on Pepys.....	350
Able "Old Hickory".....	350
Roman History in Cæsar's Era.	351
Pictures Alaska as Promised Land.....	352
A Friendly View of the Japanese	352
Idealism Upheld in Human Nature.....	353
Editorial.....	354
Drift of London Literary Gossip.	354
Sages and Anti-Slavery Men....	355
Boston Gossip of Latest Books..	356
Grieg as Man and as Composer.	356
With Mr. Yoxall on His Rambles	357
Latest Publications.....	357
Books in Demand.....	357
Queries and Answers.....	358
New York Book Announcements	380
Literary News of Philadelphia..	380

FICTION AND PHILOLOGY.

PROF LOUNSBURY facetiously describes himself as a "wretched pedagogue" in his essay happily entitled "Wardour Street English," which is one of the attractions of the June Harper's. Few would seriously apply so opprobrious a term to him. He combines the pedagogue's knowledge with the broad-minded outlook of the constructive critic. A philologist, first of all, he is the most helpful, liberal, and enlightened of his class. His series of articles in this magazine should have an excellent effect in correcting the pedantry of the partly educated. This month, quite by the way, he seems to say the last essential word in favor of "is being done." Thackeray was, of course, inaccurate in his employment of that form in "Henry Esmond," for, though Prof. Lounsbury has discovered it in a play of 1663, it was not common usage, or even on probation, in the days of Queen Anne. Some of us still laboriously avoid it, as a matter of habit, probably, for the stigma has been lifted. "Is being done" is now good English, and it will soon seem pedantic, if not possibly priggish, to use the alternative inflection and write "is doing." Alas, for the memory of Richard Grant White, who used to be our favorite guide in the paths of speech!

In pointing out clearly the errors of Spenser, and in turn those of his imitators, in the attempted reproduction of early English, in likening even Scott himself, (though no one ever better comprehended his own limitations,) and especially Thackeray, Stevenson, Bulwer, and Charles Reade, when they try to make their fictitious personages talk in the manner of a past age, to the vendors of imitation antique furniture on London's famous Wardour Street, Prof. Lounsbury is careful not to shake our admiration for the romances of these masters. "Esmond" and "The Cloister and the Hearth" will surely outlive the severest criticism that can be brought against them. But the inaccuracies are plentiful in them, and if Bulwer is the worst offender, as he is also the least respected literary artist in the lot, the others would have enough to answer for, if their failure to reproduce accurately the language of a past age were to be taken seriously.

Prof. Lounsbury holds that it is not to be taken seriously. He insists that the best to be done by an author who lays his imaginary scene in a past age and wants to reproduce the speech of that age is "to cast about the work in the minds of the ignorant and unwary a false glamour of antiquity." He questions if this is worth doing, and argues that if absolute success could be obtained it would be at the expense of spontaneity. This is a conclusion open to doubt. Probably Thackeray worked as diligently to secure the glamour of antiquity in "Esmond" (and the the glamour is certainly there for all but expert students of the history of words and phrases) as if he had the means of knowing exactly the speech he endeavored to reproduce. Bulwer's use of "you" in the nominative, "its," "starvation" and "banter" in "The Last of the Barons" did not offend his readers. But the readers are getting education and the writers must keep pace with them. Prof. Lounsbury intimates that a full and precise knowledge of our speech has not yet been secured. But we are in the way of securing it, through his efforts, and those of other learned philologists. It will not do, surely, to encourage future historical novelists to shirk the "unnecessary burden" of trying to reproduce the past as accurately as possible. The historical novel cannot be suppressed. A new and harder task is therefore set for the novelist of the future. This is as it should be.

When we think of the little historical and romantic revival in fiction of ten years or so ago we may fairly shudder at the thought of the inaccuracies of the prosperous band of writers of that era. If Scott, Thackeray, and Reade were inaccurate in their phraseology, what might not Prof. Lounsbury find amiss in the historical tales of Weyman, Crockett, Conan Doyle, George Barr McCutcheon, and the author of "When Knighthood Was in Flower"? Says Prof. Lounsbury:

> It is the business of the creative imagination to portray the truth of life in order to delight, to inspire, to uplift. It is not its business to satisfy the cravings of the antiquary by its fidelity to precise fact.

The truth of life, when the subject of the story is historical, requires a historical setting to produce its due effect of delighting, inspiring, and uplifting. We are all getting so well educated through the diffusion of knowledge that we shall require in the future absolute historical accuracy of our historical novelists, in speech as well as in pictorial description. This will set a new task for the vast army of novelists. They must study as well as write. Fluent writing has become common. We are sorry for the novelists, but they can see for themselves that the situation is none of our making. If they do not set themselves to study before they write, they are bound to encounter a great deal of much harsher criticism than their predecessors received. The critics, of course, will study. They always do. So that when, in a future historical romance, somebody exclaims, "by 'r halidome," the author must be sure that the phrase belongs precisely to the age he is depicting, that halidomes were then in use, and it was customary to swear by them. Else he will be in danger of denunciation by a critic who will point out that halidomes did not come in till twenty or thirty years after the suppositious oath was recorded. One great advantage of the new practice of accuracy which will thus be established will be the chance of some clearer approach to verisimilitude in the depiction of contemporary life in fiction.

DRIFT OF LONDON LITERARY GOSSIP

George Meredith's Biography Anticipated—Memoirs of Alexander Dumas in English—Recollections of Byron.

LONDON, May 24.—It is expected that Edward Clodd, the close friend and associate of George Meredith, will write his biography if anybody having access to the deceased novelist's private papers does so. Meredith left an informal prohibition of the publication of his correspondence, which was almost the sole literary labor of the last years of his life, but the same ethics that in many other cases has been deemed to absolve the living from the wishes of the dead based upon the principle of the greatest good (or even the greatest pleasure) of the greatest number—may very naturally be found to prevail here. Notes of Meredith's sayings had long been kept by Mr. Clodd, and he may quite probably prove to be a highly efficient literary Boswell.

The completion of an English version of the memoirs of Alexander Dumas père (published by Methuens) is welcomed as somewhat of a literary event here. They were first published in the original in 1852-5 and it is rather remarkable that in England, where the great French romancer is even more regarded than in America, so little is known of him.

A book by Lord Broughton, (John Cam Hobhouse,) "Recollections of a Long Life," soon to be published by Murray, is said to contain much hitherto unprinted material about Byron, whose companion both at Cambridge and during some of his journeyings, notably while he was writing "Childe Harold," the author was. Lord Broughton advised the poet in his marital affairs and is believed to have left a very full and accurate account of the latter's difficulties with his wife and of their separation. It was upon Lord Broughton's advice that Byron's memoirs were destroyed after his death, although they were already in the hands of a publisher. But an even broader interest attaches to "Recollections of a Long Life." Lord Broughton was in Paris during the Hundred Days following Napoleon's return from Elba, and his memoirs contain much concerning the impressions and incidents of that time. He encountered there and elsewhere many persons whose names live in history. His daughter, Lady Dorchester, has prepared the book for the press.

Robert Hichens's forthcoming novel, "The Knock on the Door," largely perhaps because of its title, has provoked much anticipatory interest. English fiction writers are often very happy in the matter of invented nomenclature, more so in too many instances than in the fulfillment of the promise thus held out. But Mr. Hichens offers the additional inducement to readers of having gone to great trouble "to find a suitable environment" for the writing of his book. He wielded his pen not only among the picturesque ruins of the old Greek theatre near Taormina, Sicily, but also in Egypt, in order to obtain the real atmosphere of the scenes he describes. The novel will first be published in "The World's Work" as a serial.

Announcement is made that Fisher Unwin will publish in June a volume of lectures delivered in India, Ceylon, and Japan by Dr. Charles Cuthbert Hall, late President of the Union Theological Seminary, New York, with the title "Christ and the Eastern Soul: The Witness of the Oriental Consciousness to Jesus Christ."

Now look for a flood of books on Meredith. One on his influence upon English fiction by R. J. Bailey has been announced, and J. A. Hammerton is the author of "George Meredith in Anecdote and Criticism," which Grant Richards will publish early in June. The latter work was begun more than seven years ago, and was originally intended as a memorial of Meredith's eightieth birthday. It will be largely illustrated.

There is a movement for a permanent memorial of Moncure D. Conway in the form of an endowment of "periodical lectures by distinguished men to further the cause of social, political, and religious freedom," which lectures are to be printed and widely circulated. Dr. Conway's old chapel in Finsbury is the headquarters of the movement.

R. B. D.

SOUTH AFRICAN LIFE.

Since the days when a young lady in doublet and hose roamed the forest of Arden and a youth, shipwrecked on the coast of Bohemia, announced himself as "all the daughters of my father's house," (and doubtless before those days,) heroines in boyish masquerade have been highly popular with writers. "Chip," a novel by F. E. Mills Young, (John Lane, $1.50,) is an interesting story of South African life, with local color spread rather thinly over a generous slice of romance. The hero is a misanthropic gentleman, who dates from the "Jane Eyre" period, and Chip, the heroine incognito, performs the difficult feat of falling in love with him, despite his unpleasant qualities.

The pictures of South African life are interesting, and especially well done is the narrative of an uprising among the black farm laborers. It is always a strain on the imagination of the more sophisticated reader to accept the basic situation of such stories, but, that accepted, the complications of this tale are humorous and diverting. The author (one surmises that F. E. Mills Young is a woman) exhibits some technical skill in dressing up old ideas, and has produced a novel which serves very well the purpose for which it was doubtless intended—that of entertaining the reader without unduly exercising his mental faculties.

AMONG THE AUTHORS.

ALEXANDER IRVINE, at present lay minister of the Church of the Ascension, New York City, and member of the General Committee of the Socialist Party, has written the story of his life, which The World's Work will publish serially under the title, "From the Bottom Up." Mr. Irvine was born in an Irish village of poor, uneducated parents. He was 19 before he was able to read. He knew nothing of cleanliness until he became flunkey to an Irish gentleman and saw how comfortable the horses were in the clean stables. He was a sailor, a coal miner, and passed certain periods of his life in other walks of life, all of which he will tell about.

Since the appearance of "Cords of Vanity" James Branch Cabell has been at work answering his critics. He has been receiving so many inquiries on the title of the book, he says, "that I am beginning to believe nobody has ever read the fifth chapter of Isaiah—whom in my innocence I had supposed to be a tolerably well-known author. If you begin at the eighteenth verse, however, and read on through the twenty-fifth, you will find the germ of both the book and its deplorable hero."

The late Gerald Massey's daughter, Christabel, is preparing his literary lectures for publication, and Archie F. Glendenning, who recently visited her at her former home, Redcot, South Norwood Hill, Surrey, reports that her present need is congenial persons to occupy rooms in a house too large for her and her sister to occupy alone, and that she is loath to leave on account of its associations with her father and his work.

C. N. and A. M. Williamson, whose new story, "Set in Silver," has just made its appearance, are now at their old Elizabethan house in Surrey, where they will stay until probably early Autumn, when they will go to the Riviera and open their villa near Monte Carlo, which used to be a shooting lodge of the former Prince of Monaco.

Prof. W. M. Davis, who has a volume of geographical essays with Ginn & Co. for early issue, received the Cullom gold medal of the American Geographical Society of New York when he lectured recently before the society on "Lessons of the Colorado Canyon."

Robert Loveman, the Georgian lyric poet, author of "A Book of Verses," "The Gates of Silence," "Songs from a Georgia Garden," &c., has just finished arranging another volume, which the Lippincotts will bring out as "The Blushful South and Hippocrene."

Miss Alice MacGowan, her sister, Grace MacGowan Cooke, and the latter's two daughters are making preparations for camping near the Yosemite Park this Summer. They are to take with them the Japanese cook and major domo of the MacGowan-Cooke household.

Enos A. Mills, author of "Wild Life on the Rockies," has had a moraine named for him. It is situated in the Longs Peak group of mountains in Colorado, near his home.

Nathan Haskell Dole is the translator of the volume of "Memoirs" by the Baroness Bertha von Suttner, the well-known German anti-war worker, which Ginn & Co. will publish both in America and England. The Baroness is the author of "Ground Arms."

Aaron Vanderwerker, who wrote "The Authors of the Hudson" several years ago, and who is still suffering from a stroke of paralysis, received about three years ago, has removed from his Brooklyn residence to a farm at Uriton, ten miles back of Coxsackie, in the Catskill Mountains.

Edward M. Rice, author of "Old Jim Case of South Hollow," has just left New York with supplies for his season's trout fishing. He has a trout stream on his farm at Derwin Springs, near South Hollow.

SAGES AND ANTI-SLAVERY MEN.

Frank B. Sanborn, Last of the Concord Transcendentalists, in His "Recollections of Seventy Years," Paints a Vivid Picture of Ante-Bellum Days—John Brown and the Abolitionists—Emerson, Hawthorne, and Others.

MR. FRANK B. SANBORN'S long life has brought him into an active participation in some of the most stirring of the ante-bellum conflicts over slavery, and into personal relations with some of the best known of the elder literary personages of Boston, and especially with the Transcendentalists of Concord. Of these two subjects he has treated almost entirely in his two volumes of Recollections*. The first is devoted to his political experiences before the war, principally to his connection with the Free Soil fight in Kansas and the raid of John Brown. The second treats at length and in detail of his friendship with Emerson, Thoreau, Alcott, Margaret Fuller, Hawthorne, Theodore Parker, and others of that circle, elder and younger. The book is a record of personal experiences and personal recollections, and it has the flavor of the peculiar value that belong to first-hand contributions to a knowledge of people and events worth knowing about, from a man who was among them and of them.

The political experiences that Mr. Sanborn imparts in this book all came to him before the civil war, when he was one of the most aggressive of the Abolition Party. In 1856 he became an agent of the Massachusetts State Kansas Committee, in which capacity he made a tour through Iowa and Nebraska with the purpose of keeping open the emigrant route for men, arms, and ammunition for the Free Soil fight; his duties did not take him to the immediate scene of action in Kansas itself. They brought him, however, into intimate personal relations with John Brown, of whom he says that "while other men might have been spared, he was indispensable."

> We did not all see this at the time; some persons dispute it now; but the fact remains, and will only become more evident as time passes and gradually sets the deeds of all men who are not entirely forgotten in their proper perspective.

The time is coming, and, indeed, Mr. Sanborn says, has already arrived in some regions, when Brown will be regarded as a mythical personage incarnating some truth or some desire dear to the human race, but not as a flesh and blood man at all. He is like a legendary hero in the elements of romance and improbability that entered into much of his career.

He came to Sanborn to get help in raising funds for a hundred men to fight in Kansas—to "levy war," as the only sure way to keep the curse of slavery out of the State. Mr. Sanborn's account of this "war" is detailed, and his own memory of the events is fortified by many letters and documents. Immediately out of the conflict grew Brown's plan for a campaign in slave territory east of the Alleghanies. In February, 1858, he unfolded to Sanborn and his classmate, Morton, in Gerrit Smith's house in Peterborough, N. Y., his "amazing proposition—desperate in character, wholly inadequate in its provision of means and of most uncertain result." He had made all his plans and arrangements and had no doubt the enterprise "would pay," as he said. "Seldom in history," is Mr. Sanborn's conclusion, "have such great effects so rapidly followed magnanimous deeds"—three years and thirty days after Brown struck his blow Lincoln issued the Emancipation Proclamation. But for Brown's career it might have been sixty years before the result was reached.

Sanborn, being in the thick of the plot, was arrested after Brown's capture, under color of an order of the Senate, and an attempt made to kidnap him from his home in Concord—an attempt frustrated by a rally of his fellow-citizens and a decision of the Massachusetts Supreme Court. The letters and documents that he quotes in full to elucidate the story of this remarkable episode are valuable as first-hand historical sources. As Mr. Sanborn tells the story, it is interesting rather from the intrinsic dramatic and human quality of the events than from any vividness or color of style; for Mr. Sanborn's narrative is sober. Many of the details are new, though of course the main outlines are familiar.

Nor can it be said that Mr. Sanborn throws much new light on the quality of John Brown himself. He gives some interesting side lights, as when he shows Brown sitting by his fireside in Concord telling the story of his capture of a bowie knife from a Virginian in one of his Kansas "battles"; and, asked what became of the knife, gravely pulling up the right leg of his kerseymere trousers, above the top of his high boot, and drawing from that crypt the sheathed knife. As Brown sat with Thoreau in the Concord house, Emerson came in, and invited him to his own house, and in long talks there came the intimate knowledge of the man which qualified Thoreau and Emerson in 1859 to make those addresses on his behalf which were the first response among American scholars to the heroism of the man who, in Emerson's phrase, "made the gallows glorious like the cross." Emerson's son preserved one curious recollection of this evening at his father's house, when Brown told of his experience as a sheep farmer and his power over animals:

> He said he knew at once a strange sheep in his flock of many hundred, and that he could make a dog or cat so uncomfortable as to wish to leave the room—simply by fixing his eyes on it.

Mr. Sanborn gives many close and intimate views of the Concord circle of literary men and philosophers. He quotes some interesting remarks of Emerson about his contemporaries. Of Alcott and his celebrated but uncertain "conversations" he said: "Mr. Alcott is always Don Quixote and his audience Sancho Panza." As early as 1854 he remarked that he thought that, while literature by itself had not previously been considered to "pay," as we say in New England, it now seemed as if "this omnivorous passion for lectures, review articles, and other things within the capacity of scholars has now made it easy for a man in America or England to lead the life of a scholar, doing nothing else—as Thomas Carlyle has long done." He tells an amusing anecdote of Thoreau on a walk with Alcott and finding in the wood the remains of a dead hog:

> "You see," said Thoreau to his vegetarian friend, "here is something that succeeded besides spirituality and thought—here is the tough child of nature"—and they fell into high converse respecting the bristly darling of the Great Mother. Returning to Concord Thoreau wrote to Watson, "Is the mystery of the hog's bristles cleared up? and with it that of our life? It is the one question to the exclusion of all other interests. Is Nature as full of vigor to your eyes as ever, or do you detect some falling off, at last?"

Of Thoreau's stoicism Mr. Sanborn thinks his biographers have spoken a little too much. "He had not the stolidity of the Indian nor the insensibility which was often ascribed to him by those who did not know him, or would not take the trouble to know one of the most original men of his time." Close as he was to Emerson, there was something incompatible between them that sometimes roused misunderstandings. And there was indeed a remote, inscrutable side to Emerson's character. Ellery Channing said of him to Wentworth Higginson:

> Emerson is a terrible man to deal with—one has to be armed at all points. He thrashes you out very soon; is admirably skillful, able to go anywhere or do anything. Those nearest him feel him hard and cold; no one knows ever what he is doing or studying. The highest things in him are inaccessible; nobody knows what his real philosophy is; his books do not tell it. I have known him for years intimately, and I have not found it out.

There is an interesting chapter on Margaret Fuller, in which a number of letters are printed, some of them giving an account of her shipwreck and death. Another chapter deals with Hawthorne and his family, of whom Mr. Sanborn says it was "easier to fathom his character through others than by associating with our shy, elusive fellow-citizen who hardly recognized the social duties and lived mainly with his imaginary creations and with his admiring family." Theodore Parker, his relations with Emerson, and the development of the aggressive preacher's work are described. There are chapters on the Concord School of Philosophy, the idea of which was originally Emerson's, as Mr. Sanborn says, though the fact is not generally known; and on "The Concord Lyceum." In all these the various persons peculiarly identified with Concord and its philosophical and philanthropic movements continually appear and reappear; and the result is a highly detailed picture of that remarkable and interesting group and of the times in which its greatest influence was exerted.

The book is illustrated with many portraits, new and old, and with a number of wood cuts representing buildings and places associated with those who people the pages of the book—woodcuts that have a curiously archaic appearance in a publication of to-day.

*RECOLLECTIONS OF SEVENTY YEARS. By F. B. Sanborn of Concord. Two vols. 8vo. Pp. xiii.-332, 604. Boston: Richard G. Badger.

GALATEA'S GAMBOLS.

"GAMBOLLING with Galatea" (Houghton Mifflin Company, $1.15 net) is a most pleasing title, suggesting greensward and nymphs and springtime. The Galatea who gambols through Mr. Curtis Dunham's little fantasy is not especially nymph-like, though she is a very satisfactory young lady, with a sense of humor which does not appear in Mr. Oliver Herford's pictures of her.

Galatea and her brother, who is a poet, have rented the country home of an erratic professor. Upon their arrival the poet is butted by William, the goat, and Galatea is treed by Gustavus, the bull-calf. They are rescued and warned that the animals are educated—not to perform tricks, but to become members of the family. Galatea and the poet receive them in that spirit—Reginald, the pig; Clarence, the colt, and his mother, Cleopatra; Mrs. Cowslip, and Napoleon, the dog. There is also an artist, in love with Galatea.

Mr. Dunham pokes a good deal of sly fun at certain schools of contemporary natural history (to quote the publishers' announcement) and has written a most amusing little comedy. At times his fancy seems to gambol a trifle heavily, but the humor of the book is enlivening and its quaint conceit sufficiently diverting. Mr. Herford's illustrations in tint of the four-footed characters are very successful in catching the spirit of the book.

A REVOLUTIONARY PRINCE.

A POST-OBIT sort of romance, a draft on the dim and distant future, and yet full of a spirit that is unmistakably of the present, is Anthony Partridge's novel, "The Kingdom of Earth," (Little, Brown & Co., $1.50.) It belongs to the royalist school of fiction in that its hero is a Crown Prince and most of its scenes are laid in the monarchy that is some day to be his, and its theme is the affairs of his State and his heart. But it is more virile than the Zenda books of the other Anthony and their imitators, and, although it is not without love interest, it has more in it of the Zeitgeist than of Cupid.

Bergeland, the theatre of its scenes, is patterned after Belgium and Leopold has furnished the model for the rather vague figure of its King. His nephew, the Crown Prince, who travels a good deal incognito as John Peters, is incessantly written up in the papers of all Christendom as the unspeakable scion of a degenerate race, who has left no vice untried, while the people's property has been stolen to support his own and his royal uncle's dissipations. In reality he is a Puritanlike young man of most exemplary life, who, unknown to any but his most trusted intimates, has educated the people into the desire for self-government and has organized a revolution which shall free them from the misrule of the reigning house. The revolution comes off before he is quite ready for it and the mob refuses to believe that he is the man who has made it possible. Whether or not they compel him to pay the price of his reputation it is not well for the reader to know until he reaches the very end of the book.

The story is complicated by the machinations of a cosmopolito body of public-spirited people, who have set out to improve the morals of European royalty by a process of gradual extermination. The Crown Prince of Bergeland is their most desired victim. And one of the members of their outer circle is a charming young woman, half American, between whom and John Peters there is a love affair. Mr. Partridge's central idea is a novel one and he has worked it out skillfully, leading the reader on from chapter to chapter with new complications and mysteries and perils and adventures growing more and more exciting.

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BOSTON GOSSIP OF LATEST BOOKS

An Important Study of the American People by A. Maurice Low — Legends of Whaling Days.

BOSTON, June 4.—"Would it be making undignified a serious subject to suggest that, in his day of frequent international conferences and congresses, it should be regarded as a violation of international comity for a person to write a book on a foreign country, its people, or its customs, who has not given proof of the proper qualifications for the task?" This is the question put by Mr. A. Maurice Low in the preface of "The American People: a Study in National Psychology," to be published by Messrs. Houghton Mifflin Company in the Autumn. It would be very agreeable to the countrymen of many a foolish author if the offence were so defined, and they were thus set at liberty to say the things from which they must now refrain under penalty of being accused of oversensitiveness in behalf of foreign nations, but the people described are often more inclined to smile than to wince when told anything but the truth. Mr. Low has spent nine years upon his book, and says that he mentions it as a protest against the "literary journalist" who considers himself qualified to instruct his own people on a subject of which he is totally ignorant, merely because he has spent a week in New York or Boston, two days in Washington, and a day in Chicago. Mr. Low will certainly be above suspicion as far as care and good feeling is concerned.

By the way, Miss Lilian Whiting receives The London Spectator's rarely bestowed praise for her "Paris the Beautiful," which is declared to be the outcome of very thorough knowledge and quite remarkable in the section devoted to scientific achievements.

Miss Whiting's publishers, Messrs. Little, Brown & Co., are bringing out Mr. Phillips Oppenheim's "The Governors," a tale of a stolen document, with the most expensive detectives and assassins on call, and uncounted millions playing the part of turbines in the action. It is a piece of frank romance, as surprising as can be desired, chiefly because it seems to be the way of the English flat dweller to leave his home at the mercy of all his fellow-tenants, not even using the common spring lock. Detectives, murderers, enemies, or sweethearts, they turn the knob and enter, single spies or in groups, as they please, and the American who reads of their antics decides to put a pair of screw-eyes and four feet of brass rod in his hold-all when next he goes to London, lest he awake and find a convention of the natives in his bedroom.

The companion of Mr. Oppenheim's pleasant trifle is "In Whaling Days," by the late Howard Tripp, a young New Bedford author, whose modest ambition was to preserve the legends of the old port in the days when it was the centre of a great trade carried on by brave men, and of no inconsiderable commerce. The city has little, if any, record in fiction, and these stories are but slight amplifications of actual occurrences written in marvelously pure English. The author belonged to one of the old Quaker families of the town, and many stories of "Friends" are to be found in the book, and also such a legend of Daniel Webster as yet lingers in many a New England family, a legend of astonishing courtesy and golden phrases, and a subsequent and consequent loan collected with difficulty. Mr. Tripp wrote a novel, but never published it, and these stories and some simple verse are all the record of a genius which might have ripened to distinction.

On the cover of Mr. R. L. Goldberg's "Foolish Questions," which Messrs. Small, Maynard & Co. are publishing with "Wayland by Wireless," is a fatuously grinning face with "What's this—a book?" proceeding from its mouth, but that is not the question which the customer will put when he finds the volume on the bookseller's counter, "Did you know that this was an imperfect copy?" he will ask, pointing to the page numbers, which skip like the cedars of Lebanon flitting from "7" to "12" and "22" to "28," and at last taking a leap of half a million as calmly as any "best seller" in an advertisement written by its author. "H'm! You o-mitted some of them, did you not?" the correct Boston person will ask, looking at the size of the book, which is about half an inch thick, and unwittingly adding an instance to those furnished by the book.

Mr. Winthrop Packard dedicates his "Wild Pastures" to "My Wife and the Wee Boy who have made and shared the pasture sunshine," but moonshine and night are reflected in many of the papers, and in Mr. Copeland's pictures for the pasture folk are often night prowlers, and have so short time to stay in daylight that the sittings for their portraits must take place at night. The subjects of the papers composing the volume are Waylaying the Dawn, Stalking the Wild Grape, The Frog Rendezvous, A Butterfly Chase, Down Stream, Brook Magic, In the Ponkapoag Bogs, Some Butterfly Friends, The Resting Time of the Birds, The Pond at Low Tide, and How the Rain Came.

The Yale Graduate Club, in what spirit is uncertain, has invited Mr. W. S. Booth to address it next Tuesday on the subject of Bacon's acrostic signatures. The newspaper articles on the subject would make a goodly volume, and the number of letters received both by the author and by his publishers is amazing. Some frightened creatures seem to fancy that the presence of an acrostic signature removes all the poetry from any work in which it may be found, and mourn their lost Hamlet and Othello like so many Lesbias sorrowing the dead sparrow.

Mr. Philip S. Marden, author of "Greece and the Aegean Islands," has returned from Spain, where he has been making a final visit before completing his coming book on the country.

Mr. Richard Badger announces "Under the Mulberry Trees," a novel by Mr. Theron Brown, and "The Spirit of the South," by Mr. Will Wallace Harney. Miss Alice S. Ranlette's "The Shepherd Who Did Not Go to Bethlehem," originally intended for an Easter book, is to be published at Christmas, when its title will seem more seasonable. It contains many short stories besides the one from which it takes its name, and is to be illustrated in holiday fashion.

STEPHENSON BROWNE.

A BOOK OF BOXES.

It is a novelty in books that Louise Brigham has written in "Box Furniture," (the Century Company.) It may also be taken as one of the few indications of the birth in this country of a tendency toward less wastefulness of raw material. While living in a camp on the Island of Spitzbergen, 700 miles north of the arctic circle, Miss Brigham evolved the idea of making real furniture out of empty boxes, the only material obtainable. Since then she has developed the idea, and wholly or partly furnished in this way flats and studios and model and vacation homes in several cities in England and America. Her book gives full directions for the making of all sorts of things—bedsteads, washstands, desks, music racks, flower stands, footstools, pipe racks—200 or more in all, with diagrams and pictures showing the steps in the process of manufacture and the completed articles. "Besides the educational and artistic values found in such work," she says in her interesting preface, "there is also a wide economic significance in the use of the box. * * * To all who care for simplicity and thrift, utility and beauty, I send my message."

By Far Too Happy.

"Are you pleased with Bracebridge Hall?" wrote Thomas Carlyle to Jane Welch in their days of courtship. "He is a witty, amiable sort of person, Mr. Irving; but, oh! he wants fire, and he is far too happy for me."

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GRIEG AS MAN AND AS COMPOSER

The Norwegian Musician and His Life Work Considered in a New Volume by Mr. Finck.

THREE years ago Mr. Finck published the volume on Grieg in the series called "Living Masters of Music." Grieg being now no longer among living masters of music, the work has been reissued under the new title, much amplified, and, of course, bringing the story of the composer's life* down to its close two years ago. Most of the biographical chapters are unchanged except for the necessary additions regarding Grieg's last years and his death. The chapters descriptive of his work are enlarged by fuller treatment and by the inclusion of works published since the former volume was written. There are also important additions about Grieg's characteristics as a man and as a musician. Mr. Finck had the advantage of a long personal friendship with him, which has given him command of material contributing notably to the picturesqueness and accuracy of his account, and giving information about the genesis of some of his works.

In the new chapter on Grieg's last years there is an amusing story of his meeting with the German Emperor on one of that potentate's visits to Norway in his yacht. He had brought along an orchestra of about forty men, and had them play Grieg's music, the two sitting in front of them, in what the Emperor gayly styled "first parquet." Grieg was permitted to express his opinions openly, "though in a discreet manner, while the music was being played." Writes Grieg in a letter telling of the incident:

> He continually aided me in correcting the tempi and the expression, although as a matter of course I had not wanted to do such a thing. He was very insistent, however, that I should make my intentions clear. Then he illustrated the impression made by the music by movements of his head and body. It was wonderful to watch his serpentine movements, à la Orientalin, while they played "Anitra's Dance," which quite electrified him.

Mr. Finck's enthusiasm for Grieg has not abated, but has rather increased since he first proclaimed to the world the supreme greatness of the Norwegian composer. He quotes in his book a remark of somebody or other about posterity fixing Grieg's place in the world of music, but he himself has no idea of letting posterity do any such thing. Here and now it is decided that "from every point of view that interests the music lover Grieg is one of the most original geniuses in the musical world of the present or past. His songs are a mine of melody, surpassed in wealth only by Schubert's, and that only because there are more of Schubert's. In originality of harmony and modulation he has only"—exactly—"six equals: Bach, Schubert, Chopin, Schumann, Wagner, and Liszt. In rhythmic invention and combination he is inexhaustible, and as orchestrator he ranks among the most fascinating."

Posterity has sometimes taken some strange exceptions to contemporary judgments, but if Mr. Finck has his way, there is very little left for it to do here. He does not intend to write a critical estimate of his idol; the idea of "criticism" in forming a complete and rounded estimate of a man and his work he considers a strange and insidious disease of modern times—applicable only to musicians whose art he doesn't like. At any rate, he has not applied it to Grieg.

The World Improving.

The whole world is improving said George Meredith to a reporter some two years ago. One proof of it may be found in Anthony Hope's remark that Meredith himself always loyally recognised his position as acknowledged head of the profession of letters in England "by his generous interest in the efforts and in the well-being of all his brother-authors." That is an ideal far beyond that of the elder day, when the head of the profession was supposed to exist chiefly to be adored and complimented. Meredith was the servant of his brethern when they needed service.

*GRIEG AND HIS MUSIC. By Harry T. Finck. 8vo. Pp. xxxv.-317. New York: The John Lane Company. $2.50.

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WITH MR. YOXALL ON HIS RAMBLES

Some Delightful Excursions of a Member of Parliament, Entertainingly Described in "The Wander Years."

ALMOST spontaneous, ingenious, and delightful book is the collection of essays, "The Wander Years," (E. P. Dutton & Co., $2 net,) by J. H. Yoxall, M. P. It has the flavor of Thackeray's stories of travel or of the "Sentimental Journey"; and sometimes one finds in it the spirit, if not the letter, of the "Travels with a Donkey." But, after all, one concedes to the book a whimsical originality which is as fresh as it is enjoyable.

"The Wander Years" is a leisurely book, written adagio non troppo lento, and one can well imagine some persons tossing it aside, after the first few pages are skimmed, with the Hedda Gabler protest, "People don't write such books nowadays." One chapter, or essay, is headed, "From Dijon to the Dneiper, and Then by Wales to Carcassone"—an itinerary possessing all the fascination of the impossible. Or consider, "From Artois to Liverpool, and by Russia, Battersea, and Fiesole to Rowey"; this paper being concerned with the finding of a platter at Montreuil, a wonderful platter, on which two sturdy eighteenth century English squires fish in an English brook. Pure Staffordshire, guesses the author, until the mark on the back shows that his piece of old blue had been potted at Choisy-le-Roi. Off he starts, to show how these two fine old Tory sportsmen came to be stolidly and perpetually fishing English water in old France; and before that is explained he has written of Josiah Wedgwood, of the origin of Queensware, and the pathetic history of John Sadler. In "From St. Quentin to Savoy and the Rue Platrière" Mr. Yoxall breaks a chivalrous lance in the defense of Mme. de Warens—as many who have read the "Confessions" of Jean-Jacques have longed to do.

"Of Certain Bygones in France" takes one through the château land of Touraine—Chambord, Blois, Chinon, Chaumont, the old town of Bar, where the author pauses to retell the story of Yolande de Flandre and confesses himself amorous of the name; Assay and Le Puy—the list recalls the "Contes Drolatiques." It is a charming essay, as far as possible away from guidebook platitudes.

"From Luxembourg to Redditch, the Garden of Eden and Soleure" was, Mr. Yoxall intimates in his preface, written before Mr. Benson published his article on the hundred worst books. He tells us that FitzGerald planned a book to be called "Half Hours with the Worst Authors," but discovered that all the shelving at Mudie's could not contain the volumes he would need to compile. The particular book which is here held up to genial reprobation is "The Death of Abel" by one Salamon Gessner; wholly forgotten now, it was a distinctly "best seller" in Mr. Yoxall's boyhood.

"What is it," Mr. Yoxall asks, "that sometimes gives a wretched book and a duffing author their tremendous vogue? What earned the fame of Martin Tupper? Why did the Gentleman's Magazine turn aside from recording the doings of Danton and Marat to inform the British public that 'it is trifling praise for Mrs. Charlotte Smith's sonnets to pronounce them superior to Shakespeare's and Milton's?' . . . There are still more than half the population of these islands who do not write for the press, and therefore regard as exceptional those who do." (The proportion is apparently reversed in this country.) "If you write, no matter how badly you write, you shall get reputation from folk to whom writing is still a kind of hieroglyphics, and the more your writing is sympathetic to them, the 'nicer' they think it is, of course; as Lamb said, 'All poems are good poems to George.'"

In this paper is a story of Lewis Carroll. A don of Christ Church was holding forth in the common room on Dickens.

"He used to construct the mental image of a wheel," said the don, "with the heads of his speech to form the spokes, and the illustrations for each to form the tire. As he went on speaking you could see him knock each used portion of his mental wheel away with a raised finger, and when he had knocked away all the spokes—"

"He had spoken," said Lewis Carroll; the only words he uttered all the evening.

There are essays on cathedrals, on politics, on rare china, on the wanderlust, and on Mr. and Mrs. John Bull, all written in a whimsically discursive fashion, with such an enthusiasm for bygone days that the proper accompaniments for their reading would be a Toby jug and a church warden. The volume will appeal to those who still find leisure to linger over a book for which the author selects this motto: "Signior, walk aside with me; I have studied eight or nine wise words to speak to you."

LATEST PUBLICATIONS.

The following books were received by The Saturday Review of Books during the week ended June 8:

History and Biography.

SEA KINGS OF BRITAIN: Albemarle to Hawke. By G. A. R. Callender. 12mo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co.

HISTORY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK IN THE SEVENTEENTH CENTURY. By Mrs. Schuyler Van Rensselaer. 8vo. New York: The Macmillan Company. Two volumes, $5.

WILLIAM BLAKE.—By Basil de Selincourt. 12mo. Imported by Charles Scribner's Sons.

Religion and Poetry.

THE NEW ETHICS. By J. Howard Moore. 12mo. Chicago: Samuel A. Bloch, The Bookman. $1.

PROVIDENCE AND CALAMITY. By Charles W. Heisley. 12mo. Boston: Sherman, French & Co. $1.10.

MIND OVER BODY. Letters to a Friend, a Christian Scientist. 12mo. Boston: The James H. West Company.

DOWN THE ROAD WITH A TRAMP WRITER. By Livingston Wright. 12mo. Boston: The Black Lion Publishers.

THE SPIRIT OF THE WOODS. By Edward Gruel. 12mo. New York: The Broadway Publishing Company. $1.

Travel and Description.

THE SCHOOL OF MADRID. By A. de Beruete y Moret. 8vo. New York: Imported by Charles Scribner's Sons.

Fiction.

WAYLAID BY WIRELESS. By Edwin Balmer. 12mo. Boston: Small, Maynard & Co. $1.50.

THE INTERRUPTED KISS. By Richard Marsh. 12mo. New York: Cassell & Co. $1.50.

HOMESPUN. By Lottie Blair Parker. 12mo. New York: Henry Holt & Co.

LESS THAN KIN. By Alice Duer Miller. 12mo. New York: Henry Holt & Co.

THE LONG GALLERY. By Eva Lathburn. 12mo. New York: Henry Holt & Co. $1.50.

THE RUNAWAY PLACE. By Walter P. Eaton and Elise M. Underhill. 12mo. New York: Henry Holt & Co. $1.25.

THE RURAL SCHOOL TEACHER. By Buchanan White. 12mo. New York: The Broadway Publishing Company. $1.

AN AMATEUR PERFORMANCE. By Elmer Evinson. 12mo. New York: The Broadway Publishing Company. $1.

JOAN OF THE HILLS. By T. B. Clegg. 12mo. New York: John Lane Company.

Miscellaneous.

Including Educational and New Editions.

ARE THE DEAD ALIVE? By Fremont Rider. 8vo. New York: B. W. Dodge & Co. $1.75.

THE WRETCHES OF POVERTYVILLE. A dociological study of the Bowery. By I. L. Nascher. 12mo. Chicago: Joseph J. Lanzit.

THE HANDBOOK OF JAMAICA FOR 1909. By Joseph C. Ford and Frank Cundall. 8vo. Jamaica: Government Printing Office.

LEGISLATIVE AND JUDICIAL HISTORY OF THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT. By John Marby Mathews. 8vo. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins Press. (Studies in Historical and Political Science.) $1.

READINGS ON AMERICAN FEDERAL GOVERNMENT. Edited by Paul S. Reinsch. 8vo. New York: Ginn & Co. $2.50.

HYDROTHERAPY. By William H. Dieffenbach. 8vo. New York: The Rebman Company. $3.

THE MANUAL OF STATISTICS. Stock Exchange handbook 1909. 8vo. New York: The Manual Statistics Company.

THE DIARY OF A DISTRICT MESSENGER. Anonymous. New York: The Life Publishing Company. Paper.

NORTHERN FRANCE. By Karl Baedeker. 12mo. New York: Imported by Charles Scribner's Sons.

CHAMPION SPELLING BOOK. By Warren E. Hicks. 12mo. New York: The American Book Company.

SELECTIONS FROM EARLY AMERICAN WRITERS, 1607-1800. Edited by William B. Cairns. 12mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $1.25.

SPANISH TALES FOR BEGINNERS. Edited by Elijah Clarence Hillis. 12mo. New York: Henry Holt & Co.

OLD TESTAMENT NARRATIVES. Edited by George Henry Nettleton. 12mo. New York: Henry Holt & Co.

Books in Demand.

The circulating department of the New York Public Library gives the following as the most popular books of the week ended June 1: Adult Fiction—Lane's "Katrine," Fox's "Trail of the Lonesome Pine," Locke's "Septimus." Juvenile Fiction—Tomlinson's "Boy Soldiers of 1812," Drysdale's "Fast Mail," Lang's "Fairy Books." Non-Fiction—Worcester's "Religion and Medicine," Münsterberg's "Psychotherapy," Raikes's "Sewage Disposal."

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QUERIES AND ANSWERS.

Was the "Baconian View of Shakespeare" Originated by a Woman?—Who Was Anacharsis Cloots?—The Works of Ezekiel Hopkins, Lord Bishop of London-Derry—Downing's "Country Houses"—Answers from and Appeals to Readers.

COMMUNICATIONS intended for this column should be written on one side of the paper only. They must contain the name and address of the writer, though, if preferred by the inquirer, initials only will be printed. While the endeavor will be made to answer all queries of interest in the order in which they are received, this cannot always be accomplished.

S. L. D.—I have been told that the "Bacona view" of Shakespeare was started by a woman in New Haven, named Bacon. Can you tell me if this is so?

Sir Tobie Matthew, born 1577, died 1655, courtier, diplomatist, and author, wrote to Lord Bacon in 1621: "The most prodigious wit that ever I knew of my nation and of this side of the seas is of your Lordship's name, though he be known by another." Joseph C. Hart, United States Consul at Santa Cruz, published in 1848 a book entitled "Romance of Yachting," in which was first raised doubts of Shakespeare's authorship. On Aug. 7, 1852, there appeared in Chambers's Journal an article entitled "Who Wrote Shakespeare?" In Putnam's Monthly Magazine for January, 1856, was published a similar article by Miss Delia Slater Bacon. On Miss Bacon's article was based "The Philosophy of the Plays of Shakespeare Unfolded by Delia Bacon," with a neutral preface by Nathaniel Hawthorne, London and Boston, 1857. Miss Bacon was born at Tallmadge, Ohio, in 1811. After the death of her father, the Rev. David Bacon, in 1817, she made her home in New England, taught school, and wrote books. A disappointment in 1846-1847 seems to have unsettled her mind. Her ideas as to Shakespeare's plays were suggested by reading Joseph C. Hart's work. In 1853 she visited England and planned to open Shakespeare's tomb, but was not permitted to do so. Her nephew, Theodore Bacon, wrote a book about her in 1888, entitled "Delia Bacon: A Biographical Sketch." She died insane at Hartford in 1859. According to Sidney Lee, Mr. William Henry Smith seems first to have suggested the Baconian hypothesis in "Was Lord Bacon the Author of Shakespeare's Plays?" a letter to Lord Ellesmere, 1856, which was republished as "Bacon and Shakespeare" in 1857. The most learned exponent of this strange theory was Nathaniel Holmes, an American lawyer, who published at New York, in 1866, "The Authorship of the Plays Attributed to Shakespeare, a monument of misapplied ingenuity."

M. F. WILSON.—On Page 290 of Volume I. of "The History of Our Own Times," by Justin McCarthy, is the following sentence: "If there were such politicians, and we have never heard of any such since the execution of Anacharsis Cloots, we could not wonder that their countrymen should dislike them and draw back from putting any trust in them at a critical moment." Who was Anacharsis Cloots?

Baron Jean Baptiste Cloots was a French Revolutionary enthusiast. He was born at Val-de-Grace, near Cleves, Prussia, June 24, 1755, and was guillotined in Paris, March 24, 1794. He was a member of the convention of 1792. He assumed the name of "Anacharsis," and the title of "Orator of the Human Race." Anacharsis was a Scythian Prince, brother of Saulius, King of Thrace, a contemporary of Solon. He visited Athens, where he obtained a great reputation for wisdom. On returning to Thrace he was slain by his brother. By some he was reckoned among the seven sages.

F. N. A.—Will you kindly inform me if any value is attached to a volume the title page of which reads as follows: "The Works of the Right Reverend and Learned Ezekiel Hopkins, Late Lord Bishop of London-Derry in Ireland. Collected into One Volume, Containing: I. The Vanity of the World. II. A Practical Exposition of the Ten Commandments. III. An Exposition on the Lord's Prayer with a Catechistical Explication thereof by way of Question and Answers. IV. Several Sermons and Discourses on divers important subjects, with an Alphabetical Table to the whole. The Third Edition. London. Printed for Jonathan Robinson Anusham and John Churchill, John Taylor, John Wyat, and Daniel Midwinter, in St. Paul's Churchyard and Pater-Noster Row. MDCCX." Also full-page portrait and coat of arms, and underneath name "Ezekiel Hopkins, Episcopus Dercusis."

The third edition was published twenty years after the death of Bishop Hopkins, and a copy of it seems to have little special value. The best edition of his works is said to be the one published by Josiah Pratt in four volumes, London, 1809. Dr. Hopkins was an Englishman. When Lord Robartes, afterward Earl of Radnor, was appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, in 1669, he made Hopkins his Chaplain. Hopkins was consecrated Bishop of Raphoe in 1671, and in 1681 became Bishop of Derry. At the outbreak of the rebellion in support of James II. he returned to England, and in 1689 was elected preacher of the parish Church of St. Mary Aldermanbury in London. He died in 1690. A volume of his sermons was published in 1692, and an edition of his works appeared in 1701, with an engraved portrait by Stuart.

M. F. K.—Kindly let me know if Downing's "Country Houses," published by D. Appleton & Co., 1853, the author of which is A. J. Downing, has any value as a rare book.

Andrew Jackson Downing, who perished at the burning of the steamboat Henry Clay near Yonkers, N. Y., in 1852, was a popular author. His "Fruits and Fruit Trees of America" was published in 1845. The 1847 edition of this work, which has colored plates, fetches about $4.50 at auction. The 1853 edition of "Country Houses" seems to have no special value.

Mrs. M. C. COGGESHALL.—As I am a constant reader of THE TIMES I would like to know the value of the following books: "Coplas De Don Jorge Manrique." Translated from the Spanish, with an introductory essay on "The Moral and Devotional Poetry of Spain," by Henry W. Longfellow. Published in Boston by Allen & Ticknor, 1833. "Indiana." A memorial of Washington Irving, 1860, by Charles B. Richardson. "Good Thoughts in Bad Times" and "Good Thoughts in Worst Times," by Thomas Fuller, D. D. London. Printed by R. G. for John Williams at the Crown and Glove in St. Paul's Churchyard, 1662. Good condition. "Pictorial Illustrations of the Holy Bible and Views in the Holy Land," by Robert Sears. Published by Sears & Walker, 1845. Contains 150 engravings. "Waverly; or, 'Tis Sixty Years Since," 1815.

(1) A copy fetched $3 at the Chamberlain sale in this city in February last.

(2) In the Chamberlain sale there were three copies of this work. One fetched $1.25. Another copy, in the original paper wrappers, brought $2.50. The third copy, large paper, sold for $16. It was one of 150 copies published by the Riverside Press.

(3) Thomas Fuller died in 1661. He wrote "Good Thoughts in Bad Times," at Exeter in 1644, while staying there as a member of Princess Henrietta's household. It was published at Exeter in 1645. A copy of this first edition realised £1 17s at auction in London. "Good Thoughts in Worse (not worst) Times" was published in 1647, and, with "Good Thoughts in Bad Times," in 1649, 1652, 1657, 1659, 1663, 1669, and 1689. We do not find a sale of the 1659 edition.

(4) It does not seem to be of special value.

(5) Waverly appeared in July, 1814. The first edition of 1,000 copies was sold in five weeks. It is a valuable work. A sixth edition had appeared before the end of that year. The 1815 edition is of small value.

E. W. NOBLE.—Kindly let me know the value of two large volumes of Shakespeare, Imperial Edition, edited by Charles Knight and published by Virtue & Yorston, 12 Dey Street, New York. It must have been published in 1873 or 1874.

The Imperial Edition of Shakespeare's Works, edited by Charles Knight and published by Virtue in London and New York, no date, two volumes, folio or royal quarto, brings from $4 to $10 at auction.

Mrs. ANNA ENRICHT.—Being a constant reader of your paper, I would like to know from you the value of the following book: "Egypt," by Luigi Mayer, London, 1801, containing forty-eight full-page, (18x20 inches,) hand-painted steel engravings.

"Luigi Mayer's "Views in Egypt," colored, plates, folio, London, 1801, sold for £7 14s. at auction in London, and $11.50 at auction in this country.

R. W.—Will you kindly give me through your "Queries and Answers" Department the value of "The Records of New Amsterdam from 1653 to 1674," edited by B. Fernow, seven volumes, royal 8vo. Published by authority of the City of New York, 1897. I understand only 250 copies were printed, twenty of which went to Europe.

The set is worth from $5 to $8.

JOHN P. O'BRIEN.—Can you give me the value of four volumes of Dacier's "Horace, being the works of Horace in Latin and French with comments, criticisms, and histories. Fifth Edition, 1733. A Hambourg de l'Imprimerie d'A. Vandenhoeck, Libraire a Londres."

We do not find a sale of this work recorded, so we cannot give its market value. As a rule a fifth edition of a work has no special value.

J. R. SMITH.—I have a good copy of Stephens's "Travels in Central America," with the five Catherwood drawings. Kindly inform me if it has a special value.

This is a first edition of Stephens's work. It has been sold at auction from $2 to $6.

Answers from Readers.

M. A. B.—In reply to the request of Mrs. William A. Powell in your issue of March 8, 1909, I send you the verses, entitled "The Paper Kite." They are copied from Saunders's "School Reader," Third Book. I do not know who wrote the lines, as there is no name to them:

Once on a time a paper kite
Had mounted to a wondrous height,
Where, giddy with its elevation,
It thus expressed self-admiration:

"See how yon crowds of gazing people
Admire my flight above the steeple!
How would they wonder if they knew
All that a kite like me could do!
Were I but free I'd take a flight
And pierce the clouds beyond their sight;
But ah! a prisoner, lo! I'm bound
By this vile cord so near the ground;
But let me go without a string,
And I'll outstrip the eagle's wing."

It tugged and pulled, while thus it spoke,
To break the string—at last it broke;
Deprived at once of all its stay,
In vain it tried to soar away;
Unable now its weight to bear,
It fluttered downward through the air;
Unable its own course to guide,
The winds soon plunged it in the tide;
O foolish kite! thou hadst no wing,
How couldst thou fly without a string?

My heard replied: "O Lord! I see
How much the kite resembles me;
Forgetful that by Thee I stand,
Impatient of Thy ruling hand,
How oft I've wished to break the lines
Thy wisdom for my lot assigns!
How oft indulged a vain desire
For something more or something higher!
And but for grace and love divine
A fall thus dreadful had been mine."

CAROLINE BENSEL.—Robert Richardson is the author of the lines commencing

"Warm Summer sun
Shine kindly here,"

and they can be found in his "Book of poems," "Willow and Wattles," published in Edinburgh, 1893.

H. M. H.—In the columns of THE REVIEW I have noticed at intervals inquiries by readers respecting my father, the late Rev. Ralph Hoyt, author, preacher, philanthropist, well known during the last generation. To the admirers of this author details of his career, its close, under circumstances similar in some respects to those for whom he loved to labor, would doubtless be as attractive as his writings. As a matter fact, two surviving sons are the only living members of the family, the widow of whom (the writer herself) is now in his seventy-fourth year.

R. L. C. WHITE.—The poem wanted by J. W. Clausen (Appeals to Readers, May 15,) is "The Birth of the Opal," by Ella Wheeler Wilcox. I append a copy:

THE BIRTH OF THE OPAL.

The Sunbeam loved the Moonbeam,
And followed her low and high,
But the Moonbeam fled and hid her head;
She was so shy, so shy.

The Sunbeam wooed with passion—
Ah, he was a lover bold—
And his heart was afire with a mad desire
For the Moonbeam pale and cold.

She fled like a dream before him,
Her hair was a shining sheen,
And O that fate would annihilate
The space that lay between!

Just as the day lay panting
In the arms of the twilight dim,
The Sunbeam caught the one he sought
And drew her close to him.

But out of his warm arms, startled
And stirred by love's first shock,
She sprang afraid, like a trembling maid,
And hid in the niche of a rock.

And the Sunbeam followed and found her,
And led her to love's own feast,
And they were wed on that rocky bed,
And the dying Day was their priest.

And lo! the beautiful Opal—
That rare and wondrous gem—
Where the moon and sun blend into one,
Is the child that was born to them.

Copies of this poem have been received from Emily R. Kern, New York; John H. Baker, Peekskill, N. Y.; "K. E.," M. E. Gillespie, and "M. O. R.," New York; W. C. Meyers, Philadelphia; L. M. Hodgens, New York; Edith Belden, Palmer, N. Y.; "Mrs. C. D. W.," Augusta, Ga., and "G. G. H.," New York.

JAMES HENDERSON.—The old song for which J. W. D. asks in your issue of May 15 is as follows:

IN THE LOUISIANA LOW-LANDS.

"Way down in Louisiana, not many years ago,
There liv'd a color'd gemblum, his name was Pompy Spow;
He play'd upon de banjo and on de tamberine,
And for rattling of de bones he was the greatest seen
In the Louisiana low-lands low. In the Louisiana low-lands low.

"One night old Pompy started off to play for Conner Clem,
But 'fore he went he fortified with a good stout glass of rum;
When on the road he thought he saw a darkey tall and grim.
So Pompy laid the banjo down to break the darkey's skin
In the Louisiana low-lands low. In the Louisiana low-lands low.

"Says he, old chap just move along or else I'll smell your face.
But dis darkey didn't seem to move from out his hiding place;
So drawing back he crooked his hand and down at him cachunk,
But Pompy made a sad mistake, for 'twas nothing but a stump
In the Louisiana low-lands low. In the Louisiana low lands low.

"The stump it proved a little hard, too hard for Pompy's wool,
For when he struck the darkey knot went through the darkey's skull;
They found his banjo by his side and Pompy lying dead.
(Spoken)—And, ladies and gentlemen, this is the first time upon record that it was ever known of a darkey's ever coming to his death
By de breaking of his head.
And dey buried him in the low-lands low.
In the Louisiana low-lands low. In the Louisiana low-lands low."

Another copy of the old song, varying slightly from the above version, has been received from W. S. Bucklin, Phalanx, N. J.; and information about the song has come from W. H. Walsh, Long Branch, N. J., and "Willie Wildwave," New York.

D. H.—In a recent issue of the REVIEW some one inquired the authorship of "Why, Phebe, Have You Come So Soon?" Jane Taylor of England was the author, and it was published many years ago in a volume under the title of "Original Poems" with many other poems of a similar character intended for children.

In a small private school which the writer of this attended over seventy years ago (1838) it was used as a reading book in the lower classes.

G. G.—The following poem is possibly the one inquired after by your correspondent, M. S. R., in your issue of April 17. I have it as a clipping from a newspaper, and it is attributed to "Bishop of Exeter."

GIVE US MEN!

Give us men!
Men—from every rank,
Frank and free and frank;
Men of thought and reading,
Men of light and leading,
Men of loyal breeding,
The Nation's welfare speeding;
Men of faith and not of fiction,
Men of hoftv aim in action;
Give us men—I say again,
Give us men!

Give us men!
Strong and stalwart ones;
Men whom highest hope inspires,
Men whom purest honor fires,
Men who trample self beneath them,
Men who make their country wreathe them
As her noble sons,
Worthy of their sires;
Men who never shame their mothers,
Men who never fail their brothers,
True, however false are others:
Give us men—I say again,
Give us men!

Give us men!
Men who, when the tempest gathers,
Grasp the standard of their fathers,
In the thickest fight;
Men who strike for home and altar,
(Let the coward cringe and falter,)
God defend the right!
True as truth, though lorn and lonely,
Tender as the brave are only;
Men who tread where saints have trod,
Men for Country—Home—and God:
Give us Men! I say again—again—
Give us such Men!

CONVERSE CLEAVES.—Answering the appeal of Mrs. M. H. Deane in your issue of May 8, requesting the origin, authorship, &c., of the poem beginning

"It's the bad that's in the best of us,"

I beg to say that the verses submitted (evidently copied from a distorted reproduction of the poem in question) differ radically in lines second, third, fifth, sixth, and eighth from the original. The verses to which Mrs. Deane's query refers were written by Arthur Stringer, a Canadian poet and novelist, native of London, Ontario, and were contributed to Munsey's Magazine, June, 1904, issue. That your corre-

QUERIES, ANSWERS, AND APPEALS FROM READERS.

pondent may have the correct text a literal transcript of the poem follows:

HUMANITY.

It's the bad that's in the best of us
Makes the saint so like the rest of us!
It's the good in the darkest—curst of us
Redeems and saves the worst of us!

It's the muddle of good and badness,
It's the tangle of tears and gladness,
It's the lunacy linked with sanity
That make and mark humanity!

FRANK H. FOLEY.—The lines quoted by P., Toronto, in your issue of April 10 appear in "The Confessions of Harry Lorrequer," by Charles Lever, Chapter XII.

The lines complete are as follows:

Oh! Dublin, sure there is no doubtin',
Beats every city upon the say;
'Tis there you'll see O'Connell spouting,
And Lady Morgan making tay.
And 'tis the capital of the greatest nation,
With finest peasantry on a fruitful sod,
Fighting like devils for conciliation,
And hating each other for the love of God.

H. E. MILLER, White Plains, N. Y.—E. W. Tiemann can find three poems suggested by the Statue of Liberty in "Poems of American History," edited by Burton E. Stevenson, Houghton Mifflin Company, 1908: "The Bartholdi Statue," by John Greenleaf Whittier; "Liberty Enlightening the World," by Edmund Clarence Stedman, and "Fairest of Freedom's Daughters," by Jeremiah Eames Rankin, read at the dedication of the statue, New York Harbor, Oct. 28, 1886. A humorous poem, "Foreign Views of the Statue," by Frederick Emerson Brooks, can be found in the "Tuxedo Reciter," Excelsior Publishing Company, New York, 1893.

R. L. C. WHITE.—The authorship of "The Answer of Belzoni's Mummy" is not known. James D. Perkins, who inquires concerning the poem ("Appeals," April 24,) will find it in the Penn Publishing Company's "Choice Selections," No. 6.

LEWIS D. BURDICK.—I inclose copies of poems on the Statue of Liberty asked for by E. W. Tiemann. The one by Kimball was dated March 19, 1884, and published, I think, in the Boston Transcript.

LIBERTY ILLUMINATING THE WORLD.

Translated from the French of Emile Guiard by Otis Kimball.

"My name is Liberty! A hundred years
My triumph has resounded o'er the land.
The world has molded me with blood and tears,
In form of bronze and soul of fire to stand.
Here, if a vessel or a people stray,
I tower vigilant against aggression,
To warn and guide with my protecting ray
The one from storm, the other from oppression.
I shed afar, amid the murky night,
My beacon fires by devotion lighted,
To storm-tossed mariners a promise bright,
And hope to nations by oppression blighted.

"Through Washington I triumphed! Lafayette!
These were my saviors—saints adored are they.
The mighty names to whom the world's great debt
Of honor at the silent tomb we pay.
They have departed, leaving to my flame
The immortal part in them that could not die,
My light is from their soul, and in my name
They fought, they conquered, and in glory lie.
I shed afar, amid the sombre night,
My beacon fires by devotion lighted,
To storm-tossed mariners a promise bright
And hope to nations by oppression blighted.

"I've struggled with a wild, persistent rage
Against the crimes and shames of things that were,
A hundred years; and I am past the age
At which 'tis the time to die—and conqueror!
My steadfast forehead carries many a scar;
But all mankind have seen oppression cease;
And I have cast away the torch of War,
To hold aloft the guiding lamp of Peace.
I shed afar, amid the solemn night,
My beacon fires by devotion lighted,
To storm-tossed mariners a promise bright,
And hope to nations by oppression blighted."

THE BARTHOLDI STATUE.

By Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

"Not like those temples of the olden times,
Built by the bleeding hands of toiling slaves,
The corner-stones laid over new-made graves,
In bold commemoration of dark crimes;
Not like the mystic Sphinx, whose dull, cold face
Left to the world no lesson and no grace,
Is this majestic emblem of the free!
No history of wrongs her wearing mars—
But, rival and companion of the stars,
She lifts her glorious torch, that all may see
This symbol of a nation's motherhood,
Fair Liberty, the beautiful, the good!

"Stupendous triumph of ambitious art,
Helped by a million eager, earnest hands
Up to the lofty height whereon she stands,
She knits two great republics heart to heart
And, smiling from our country's open door,
Welcomes the homeless wanderer to our shore."

MINNIE S. JONES.—The poem asked for by Margaret Gildea is "The First Settler's Story," by Will Carleton, but she has quoted the lines incorrectly. They should be:

"Yes, she had come—and gone again. She lay
With all her young life crushed and wrecked away
Lay—the heart-ruins of our home among—
Not far from where I killed her with my tongue."

The poem can be found in the book of Carleton's verses entitled "Farm Festivals."

Appeals to Readers.

F. B. G.—Can your readers tell me by whom the following lines were written and where they may be found? I am not quite sure that they are quoted correctly:

"The oars of Ithaca dip so silently into the sea
He wakes not the god Calypso and the hero wanders free.
He breasts the angry furrow
At war with a world of fate,
And the ocean's low surgsums
Comes up through the Golden Gate."

R. C. B.—Perhaps some of your readers can give me the words of a poem called "My Queen," the first lines of which are:

"When and where shall I earliest meet her?
What are the words she first will say?
By what name shall I learn to greet her?
I know not now but 'twill come some day."

Mrs. M. K. ULLMAN.—About ten years ago I read a little poem entitled or treating of Friendship, of which I only can repeat the one line,

"And found them ropes of sand."

Perhaps some of your readers can help me to the whole poem.

S. F.—Can any of your readers tell me the author of the poem, "What is Life?" of which the following lines are a part:

"What is life? The question asked
Of the present and the past.
"Are we kind in word or deed,
Help the lonely when in need;
Sooth their pain with gentle hand,
Prompted by God's command."

If any of your readers can supply the missing lines I shall esteem it a great favor to receive them.

AGNES ISSERTELL SCHRIEFER.—Can you please aid me in finding the author of the inclosed lines and title:

"I think the gentle soul of her goes softly in
some quiet place,
With the old smile time may not dim upon her face!
She who was lover of the Spring, with love
that never quite forgets,
Surely sees roses blossoming—and violets!

"She who so loved companionship I may not
think walks quite alone,
Failing some friendly hand to slip within her
own;
Those whom she loved aforetime still, I doubt
not bear her company,
I think that laughter yet may thrill where
she may be!

"A thought, a fancy—who may tell? Yet I,
who ever pray it so,
Feel through my tears that all is well—and
this I know,
That God is gentle to his guest, and therefore
may I gladly say:
'Surely the things she loved the best are hers
to-day!'" ANON.

W. M.—Can any of your readers tell me anything of the authorship and origin of the following Indian ballad? I can only recall a part of it, as it has been years since I heard it sung.

They made her a grave too cold and damp
For one so young and true,
So she's gone to the lake of the Dismal Swamp,
Where all night long by her firefly lamp
She paddles her white canoe.

Away to the Dismal Swamp he speeds;
His path is ragged and sore,
Through tangled juniper, beds of weeds
And many a spot where the serpent breeds
And man never tread before.

"Her firefly lamp I soon shall see,
And her paddle I soon shall hear;
And long and happy our lives shall be,
And I'll hide the maid in a cypress tree
When the shadow of death draws near."

And oft in the Indian hunter's camp
This lover and maid so true
Are seen by the light of their firefly lamp
To cross the lake of the Dismal Swamp
And paddle their white canoe.

I first heard it sung by an old woman who worked for us, and in my childhood supposed that it was merely a local "folk song," but as snatches of it come back to me I begin to doubt this supposition. It possesses a certain charm and a poetic value that place it on a higher plane.

GEORGE STERLING.—I would be greatly pleased to learn the author's name and text of a poem entitled "At the Turn of the Road." The first lines begin:

"Where the rough road turns and the valley sweep
Smiles bright with balm and bloom."

A. B. M.—Can any of your readers give me the poem by George Arnold entitled "The Jolly Pedagogue." The book of poems containing the verses, I understand, is out of print.

A. A. W.—Can you please let me know the author of the short poem, of which the first verse is as follows:

"It is not raining rain to me,
It's raining daffodils;
In every dimpled drop I see
Wild flowers on the hills."

F. J. H. C.—I notice the following verse ascribed to Goethe in a recent calendar, but I think it is a mistake. Can any of your readers tell me where it is from, and who the true author is?

"Rest is not quitting this busy career;
Rest is the fitting of self to one's sphere.
'Tis the brook's motion—clear, without strife,
Fleeting to ocean after its life.
'Tis living and serving the brightest and best;
'Tis onward, unswerving, and this is true rest."

M. G. H.—Can one of your readers tell me the author of the poem of which I give the first few lines? It is entitled "Life."

"I heard a song, in numbers low and faint,
Its minor tones of tenderness began.
Then mournfully, as exiles' weary plaint,
Through all the chords of discord ran;
E'en so is life, its anthem wild and strange."

M. C. L.—On behalf of a friend for whom the little poem has precious associations and who is anxious to recover it, I appeal to the well-informed readers of "Queries" for a copy of some verses beginning with or at least containing these lines:

"Taking the year together, my dear,
There's never more rain than shine."

If also the author is known we shall be glad to learn this, but the verse itself is the chief desire.

Answers to Correspondents.

W. JOSEPH.—"Kelly, Burke, and Shea," by J. J. C. Clarke, is printed in Stedman's American Anthology under the title of "The Fighting Race."

Mrs. H. T. WILSON.—The poem "Which Shall It Be" was written by Mrs. Ethel Lynn Beers, and "Rock Me to Sleep," which commences "Backward, Turn Backward," is by Mrs. Elizabeth Akers Allen.

L. G. H.—If our correspondent using these initials will send her address to this office a copy of the poem "Kate" will be mailed her.

M. E. M.—The poem "Evolution" by Langdon Smith, was reprinted in The Scrap Book for June.

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NEW YORK BOOK ANNOUNCEMENTS

A New Novel by James Lane Allen —Old French Architectural Drawings—Various New Works.

IN the very near future, a new novel by James Lane Allen, author of "The Kentucky Cardinal," "A Summer in Arcady," "The Reign of Law," "The Choir Invisible," and many other stories, will be brought out by the Macmillan Company. The title of the new book will be "The Bride of the Mistletoe." It is the first work to come from Mr. Allen in six years.

Under the title, "French Chateaux and Gardens of the Sixteenth Century," Charles Scribner's Sons are bringing out in this country a volume made up for the most part of reproductions of contemporary architectural drawings which escaped destruction during the French revolutions. It is the work of Jacques du Cerceau, and has been edited by W. H. Ward, M. A., A. R. I. The reproductions are from the originals in the British Museum, which came there with the library of George III. They throw new light upon the history of the buildings illustrated. The drawings comprise some of the finest specimens of architecture in sixteenth century France. There is the style of Louis XII., represented by Amboise and Gaillon, with its combinations of Gothic and Renaissance elements; the style of Francis I., as seen in Blios and Chambron; Henri II.'s Renaissance, with its more pronounced classic treatment, the characteristic features of which are evident in the Louvre and Ancy-le-France, and the tasteless designs of the period of Henri III., combined with promises of spacious planning, as is to be seen in the Tuileries, Verneuil, and Charleval. Not only is the work of du Cerceau represented, but also that of Philibert de l'Orme, Pierre Lescot, Jean Goujon, Jean Bullant, and others less familiar.

A New Life of Grieg.

A new volume on Grieg, from the pen of H. T. Finck, is brought out this week by the John Lane Company. In "Grieg and His Music" will be found much that is new concerning Grieg's life, as well as the "Peer Gynt" music. There is also some new correspondence of Grieg with Mr. Finck, Beyer, and Rontgen. And among the pictures are several new scenes in Norway, frequented by the composer and others presenting incidents in his life.

Another Lane book of the week is T. B. Clegg's new novel, "Joan of the Hills." The principal male character, Robert Shearston, after coming home from an official dinner in London with his friend, finds a little boy, dirty and in rags, on his doorstep. Despite his friend's protests, Shearston takes the child in and washes him, throwing his dirty rags away. He tells his friend that the boy is his son. Shearston and Jack then sail for Australia and settle in a remote spot. Here lives Joan, with her father, Peter Honey. Jack's one fault is an evil that he has inherited from one of his parents, and which he tries to overcome. It is through this inheritance that the boy brings happiness to his father. The author's vivid and intimate pictures of life in the Australian bush are already familiar to those who have read "The Bishop's Scapegoat," "The Wilderness," "The Love Child," and other novels, and the present book is not a disappointment.

C. A. Conant in French.

From G. P. Putnam's Sons comes the announcement that Charles A. Conant's new edition of his "History of Modern Banks of Issue," in which is an account of the crisis of 1907, is being translated into French by Raphaël Georges-Lévy, who also made the French version of Mr. Conant's "Principles of Money and Banking." The volume is probably the only one of its kind which covers the history of banking down to the present time. Besides containing the story of the recent crisis, it shows the great progress that has been made in monetary and banking policy within the past twelve years or so. In these years Russia, Japan, and this country, among others, have adopted the gold standard; a central bank system has been adopted in Sweden and Switzerland, while the new system of the gold exchange standard, which Mr. Conant himself was instrumental in introducing to India, the Philippines, Mexico, and Panama, has been tested by these countries. Mr. Conant, by the way, has been elected to the Société d'Economie Politique de France. The translator of his banking volumes is a well-known banker and economist of Paris.

Samuel McComb, M. A., D. D., one of the founders and director of the Emmanuel movement in Boston, and author, with Elwood Worcester and Isador Coriat, of "Religion and Medicine," "The Power of Self-Suggestion," &c., tells about "The Making of the English Bible," which Moffat, Yard & Co. are publishing this month. The volume gives the history of the influences that have gone to the making of the Bible in the English language. Dr. McComb especially emphasizes the work of reformers, linguists, and theologians through whom we have the Bible in its present form. The author has written authoritatively, but in everyday language, and has endeavored to make his book as entertaining to the lay reader as to the preacher and student and instructor.

The Mosby Rangers Again.

The Sturgis & Walton Company is bringing out a revised edition of J. J. Williamson's story of Mosby's Rangers, of the command of which he was a member. The book is based on a diary kept by Mr. Williamson, and the tale of the exploits of this cavalry troop has been authenticated by extracts from official reports. The same firm is also issuing Waterton's "Wanderings in South America," which was originally published in 1825. The new edition has been illustrated for the first time, there being now sixteen pictures in color by Charles Livingston Bull.

A new series is about to begin publication with the imprint of the Sturgis & Walton Company. This is the Swan Dramatists, a handy edition of the older English dramas, the first volumes being Christopher Marlowe's "Tragical History of Doctor Faustus" and Webster's "The Duchess of Malfi."

Among the week's publications are three from Henry Holt & Co.—Prof. R. M. Johnston's "The French Revolution: A Short History," Ramsay Benson's "Melchisedec," and Georg Witkowski's "German Drama of the Nineteenth Century." Prof. Johnston takes up the principal features of the French Revolution in such chapters as "The Perspective of the French Revolution," "Thermidor," "Art and Literature," "The Fall of the Gironde," "Economic Crisis," "France Comes to Versailles," "The Flight to Varennes," "War Breaks Out," and "The Massacre." A new edition of his monograph on "Napoleon" is also issued by the Holts.

Although there is a certain religious flavor in Mr. Benson's novel, the human interest is predominant. The modern Melchisedec, like the mysterious wanderer spoken of in Paul to the Jews, is also a stranger, who thinks he has a mission. He is an American with a large infusion of Indian blood, and is much of a mystic. Mr. Benson is the author of "Lord of the Lands," and is a well-known contributor to Life.

The volume on the German drama of the last century which the Holt's are bringing out opens with a discussion of the productions of the end of the eighteenth century. Among the dramatists whose work is considered by Witkowski are Wildenbruch, Hauptmann, Kleist, Sudermann, Hebbel, Ludwig, and Grillparzer.

LITERARY NEWS OF PHILADELPHIA

An Encyclopedia in Eight Volumes Forthcoming — New Stories by Louis Becke— Books of Travel.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—An encyclopedia in eight volumes, at a cost of only $8, is in preparation by the John C. Winston Company, and will be ready for distribution in the early Fall. This ambitious work has been under way for some time, under the editorial direction of Charles Morris, who has had the assistance of Francis T. Furey, the late A. R. Spofford, Dr. Charles Annandale, and other specialists. The encyclopedia is to bear the name of Winston, and the eight volumes will be of octavo size, each averaging more than 500 pages, or 4,176 in all. More than 1,600 half-tone engravings, plans, and maps will illustrate the volumes, which will be bound in green xellum, with red leather labels. The range of the work, according to the publisher's announcement, is to cover every phase of invention, discovery, and science, as well as the usual details of history, biography, natural science—including plants and animals—religions, archaeology, government, labor problems, military and naval affairs, &c. It will treat about 40,000 subjects "accurately and clearly" and without technicalities.

The timeliness of the subject matter of E. F. Knight's new book about the "Awakening of Turkey" has been sufficient justification for the efforts put forth by the J. B. Lippincott Company to advance the date originally set for its issue, and many students of contemporary European history will welcome its appearance this week. In it Mr. Knight has told the story of the Turkish revolution, his work having been actually in press when the counter-revolution broke out in April last. He was able to add a final chapter, bring the events up to the march of the Young Turkish forces upon Constantinople, and the deposition of Abdul Hamid and the proclamation of his successor. Mr. Knight has had the advantage of personal intercourse with the men who were most influential in the Committee of Union and Progress, and his accounts will be valuable sources of history, as well as an illuminating narrative for contemporary readers.

A work of a different order which appears this week with the Lippincott imprint is Louis Becke's new volume of stories, "'Neath Austral Skies." Mr. Becke, whose writings have associated his name especially with the South Sea Islands, comes from that part of the world, having been born in New South Wales in 1848. His life as trader and supercargo gave him ample opportunities for collecting material and "local color," and he has used these in a variety of notable short stories and novels. His own many years of travel gave him a store of first-hand information, while his adventures suggested the outlines for many of the plots of his tales.

Another of the Lippincott issues is an amusing collection of golf cartoons, "The Seven Stages of Golf," verse by Harold Simpson and pictures by G. E. Shepheard. There are twenty-one highly colored drawings, the fun and wit of which will appeal to golfers. Two scientific works complete the tale of Lippincott publications this week—Part III., "Light," of "An Elementary Textbook of Physics," by R. W. Stewart, and "The Manufacture of Rubber Goods," by A. Heil and Dr. W. Esch.

The work of two Philadelphia authors will be represented in a couple of books which the George W. Jacobs Company has in preparation for early publication. One of them is a story of travel for girls, and is called "The Four Corners Abroad." Miss Amy E. Blanchard is the author, and as the title indicates her book is one of a series which tell of the life and experiences of the four Corner girls. Miss Blanchard wrote this last number of the series in Europe, the greater part of the work having been done in Munich, which is charmingly described. Miss Blanchard is now on her way home to America, and will spend the Summer at Bailey Island, Me.

The other work is a new edition of Charles M. Taylor, Jr.'s, "Books of Travel," four volumes of which have been issued, namely "Vacation Days in Hawaii and Japan," "The British Isles Through an Opera Glass," "Odd Bits of Travel with Brush and Camera," and "Touring Alaska and the Yellowstone." The books are profusely illustrated and the new edition is in a less expensive form than the first.

AUTHORS AND CRIME.

IT is perhaps the most fortunate thing in the world that authors who have amazing fertility and ingenuity in the creation of diabolical crimes do not themselves have the criminal instinct. Just imagine what sort of a place this world would be for ordinary, law-abiding people if they worked out their imaginings in actions instead of words. The Vidocqs and the Sherlock Holmeses and the Chiefs of Police and the District Attorneys would have to be multiplied many times over, and even then there wouldn't really be any safety anywhere except in tall timber, and that is not always at hand, and is getting scarce anyway. But it is well known to all novel readers that the sort of stories an author writes is rarely an indication of his character. Especially is this true of Edgar Saltus, who after long silence has reappeared with a novel entitled "Daughters of the Rich," (Mitchell Kennerley, $1.25.) It is now twenty years or more since Mr. Saltus put his name into the mouths of people in general with his first novel, "Mr. Incoul's Misadventure," whose cynical audacity and cold-blooded lionizing of monstrous criminality made his readers gasp. In this quarter of the world we have moved at a pretty rapid pace since then, and doubtless we would not mind Mr. Incoul and his subtle revenge nearly so much now. But Mr. Saltus has been keeping pace with the reading public. No matter how much more difficult it may be to make that public gasp he still feels equal to the conditions. As for the book itself, after reading it one would welcome a case of mal de mer as a relaxation and a means of returning to the normal and wholesome by easy stages.

Sameness Among Novels.

The Westminster Gazette speaks of the "horrible sameness of the modern novel" and with some justice. There are many species, it is true, but each one is large and a unique personage, plot, or incident is so rare that one might fancy that the authors were compelled to take their material from the same sources.

Meredith's Urbanity.

The late Mr. Meredith noted in all modern reviewing "an almost excessive urbanity of treatment." This is almost a proof of greatness; the small men are always complaining of severity, and asking their publishers to reprove the reviewers.

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Picture Section, Part 1

The New York Times

Sunday, June 6, 1909

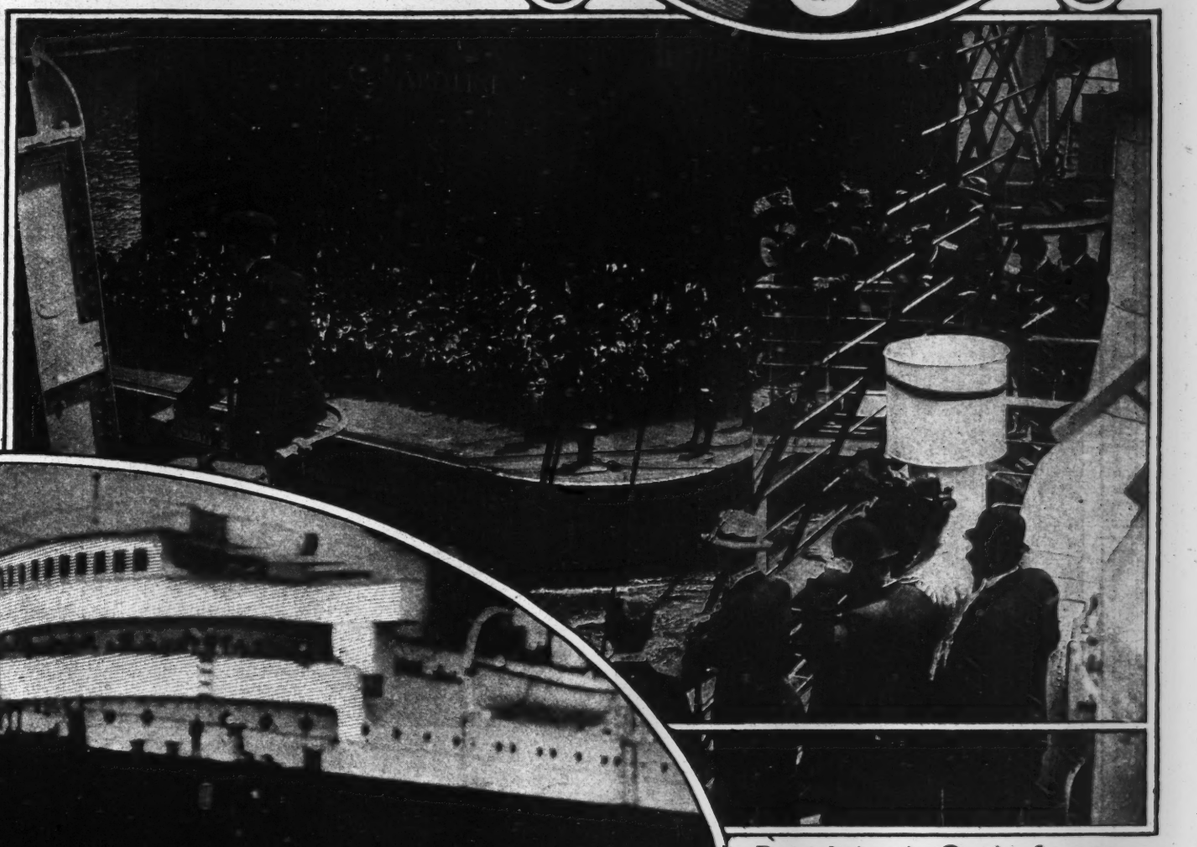
Three Schoolgirls Off for Their First Trip Abroad.

Capt. John Pritchard.

THE SAILING OF THE MAURETANIA

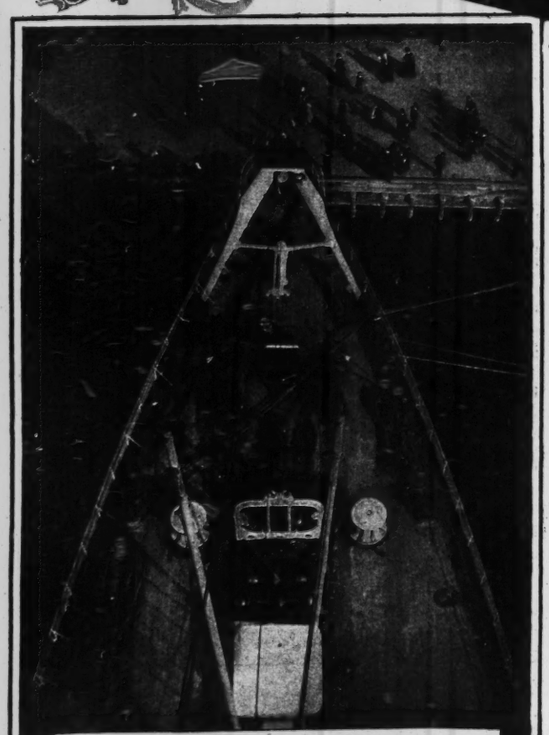
These Photographs Were Taken on the Occasion of the Giant Liner's Last Departure for Europe by Two Photographers, One Ashore and One Aboard, the Latter Leaving the Ship Down the Bay.

Last Looks.



Backing Out from the Dock.

Farewells from the Pier.

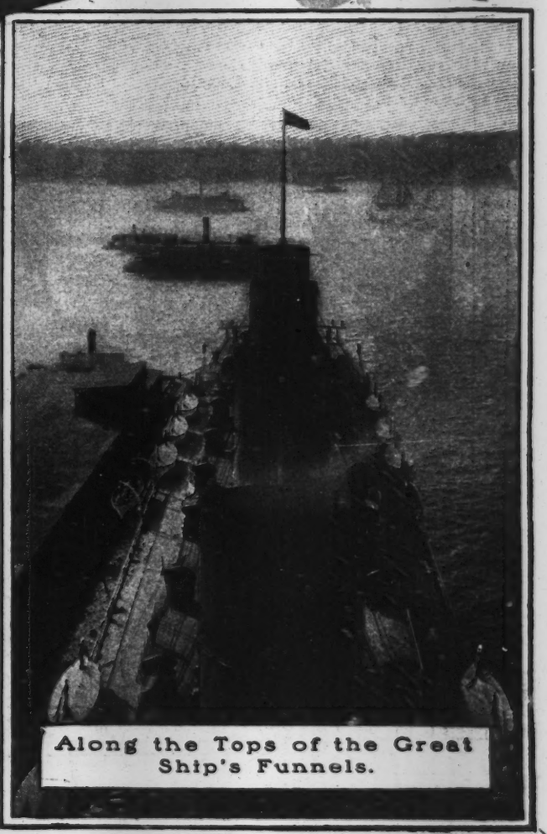


The Mauretania's Bow—From Aloft. (Note the Size of Persons Below.)

Farewells from the Ship.

Looking Up the Bay.

"Seeing New York."



Along the Tops of the Great Ship's Funnels.

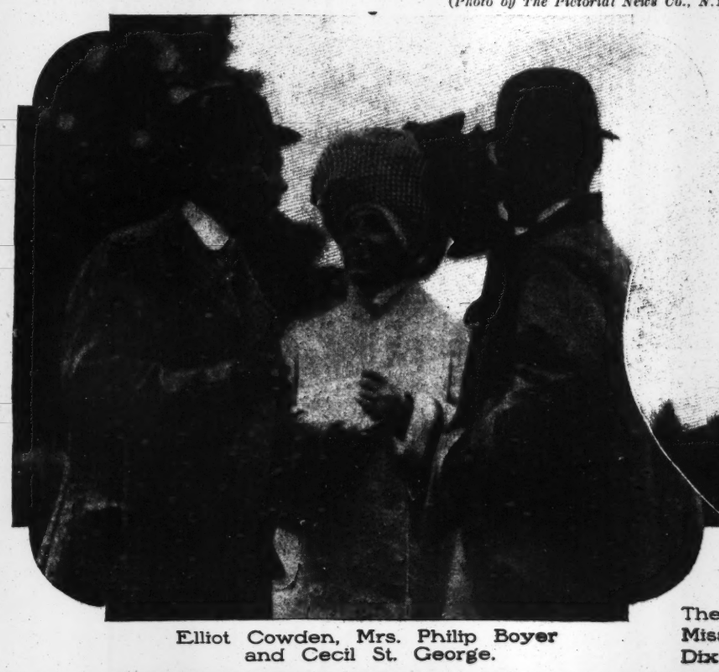
(Photos by Brown Bros., N. Y.)

THE ANNUAL AMATEUR RACE MEETING AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.

The Contests of the Whippany River Club Were Witnessed By a Large Gathering of Society People from Morristown and the Surrounding Country and New York City—One of the Features Was a Mild Indulgence in Oral Bookmaking.

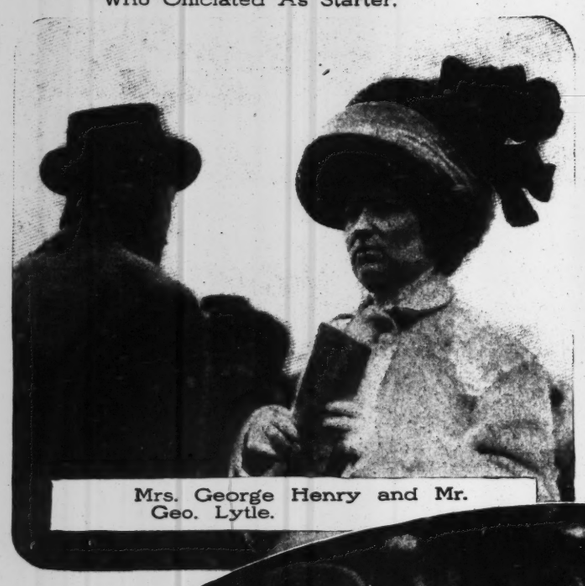
HALF-BRED HUNTERS TAKING THE FIRST JUMP, Won by Mr. Harper on Ringlets.
(Photo by The Pictorial News Co., N.Y.)

JACK WILMERDING
Who Officiated As Starter.



Elliot Cowden, Mrs. Philip Boyer and Cecil St. George.

Theo. P. Dixon, Miss Hardenberg, Mrs. Dixon and Bernon Prentice.



Mrs. George Henry and Mr. Geo. Lytle.

Herman Kinnicutt, Miss Kane, Mrs. Lewis Morris, Benj. Nicoll, J. Searle Barclay, Frederick Jones and Louis Waring.

MR. A. A. FOWLER, Whose Horse Won the Whippany Cup Race for Hunters.

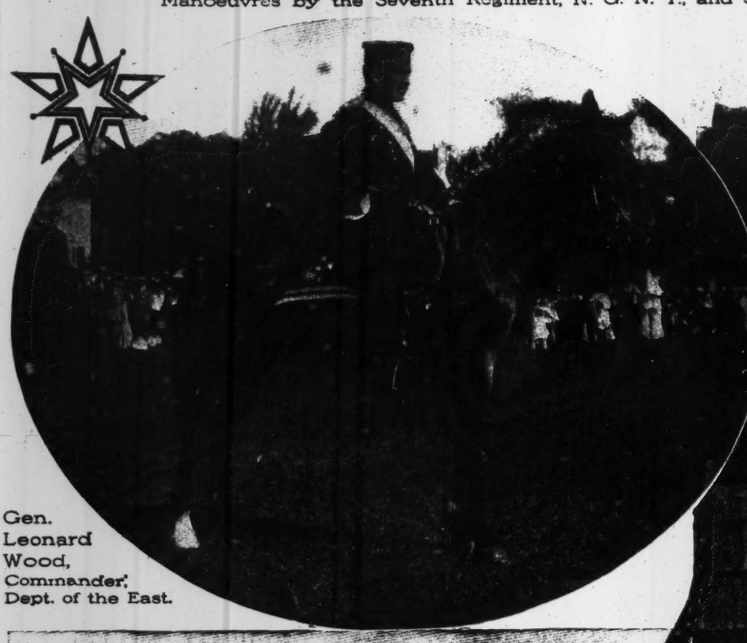
Ogden Hammond, Mrs. Lewis Stevens, Mrs. Hammond and Lewis Stevens.

R. H. Williams, Mrs. George Schieffelin, and Mr. R. D. Humphreys.

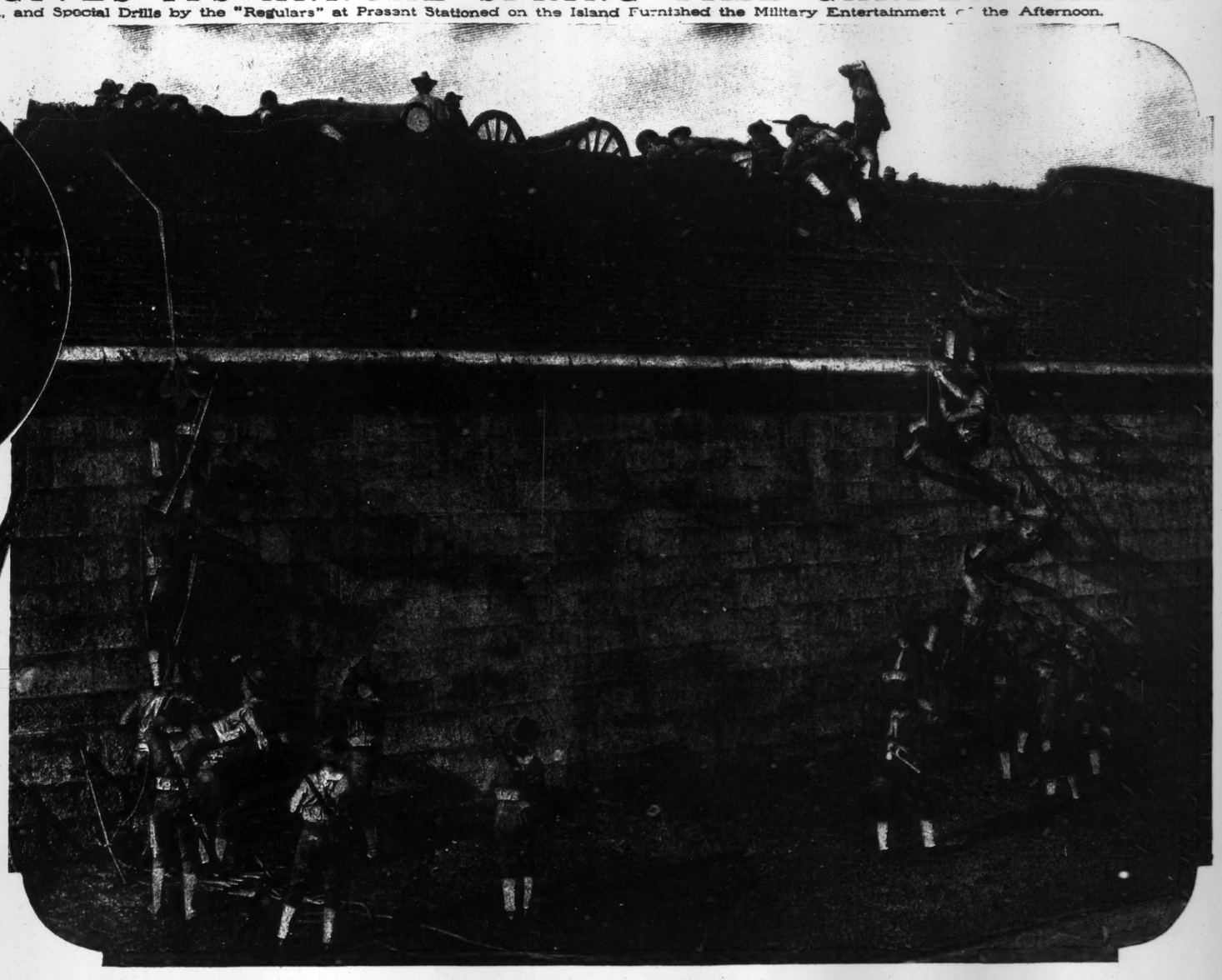
HORSES ROUNDING FIRST TURN IN THE MILE RACE FOR HACKS AND HUNTERS, Won by Dr. Leslie Ward's Israfel.

GOVERNOR'S ISLAND GIVES ITS ANNUAL SPRING TIME GARDEN PARTY

Manoeuvres by the Seventh Regiment, N. G. N. Y., and Special Drills by the "Regulars" at Present Stationed on the Island Furnished the Military Entertainment of the Afternoon.



Gen. Leonard Wood, Commander, Dept. of the East.



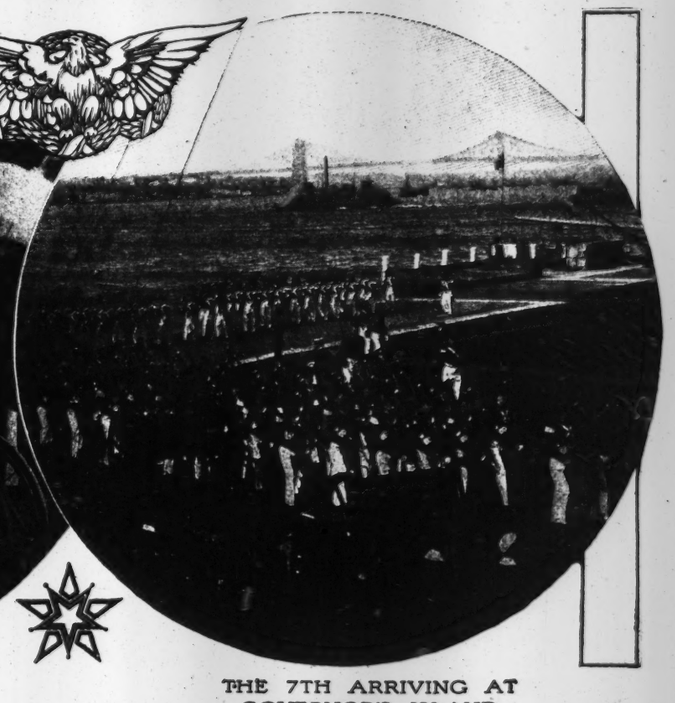
REGULARS SCALING THE RAMPARTS.

Regulars in Full Marching Uniform Going to the Attack.

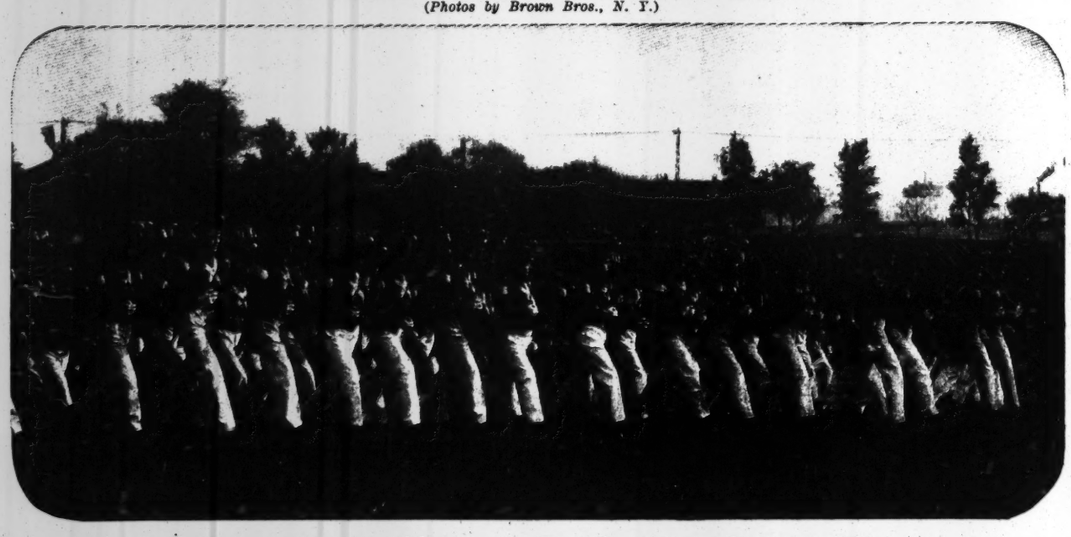
INTERESTED SPECTATORS.

(Photos by Brown Bros., N. Y.)

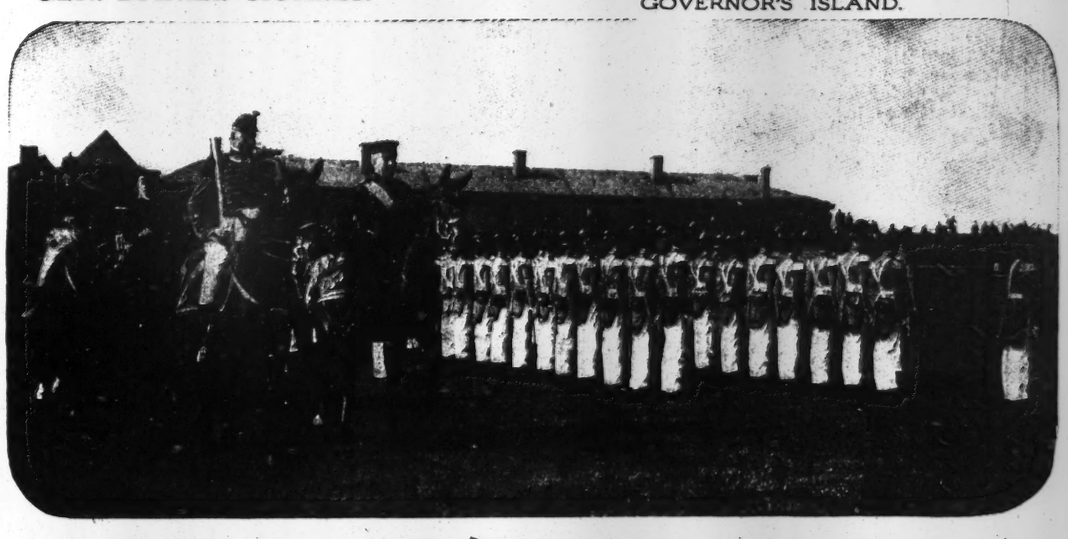
GEN. DANIEL SICKLES.



THE 7TH ARRIVING AT GOVERNOR'S ISLAND.



Some Quick Manoeuvring by the Gallant 7th.



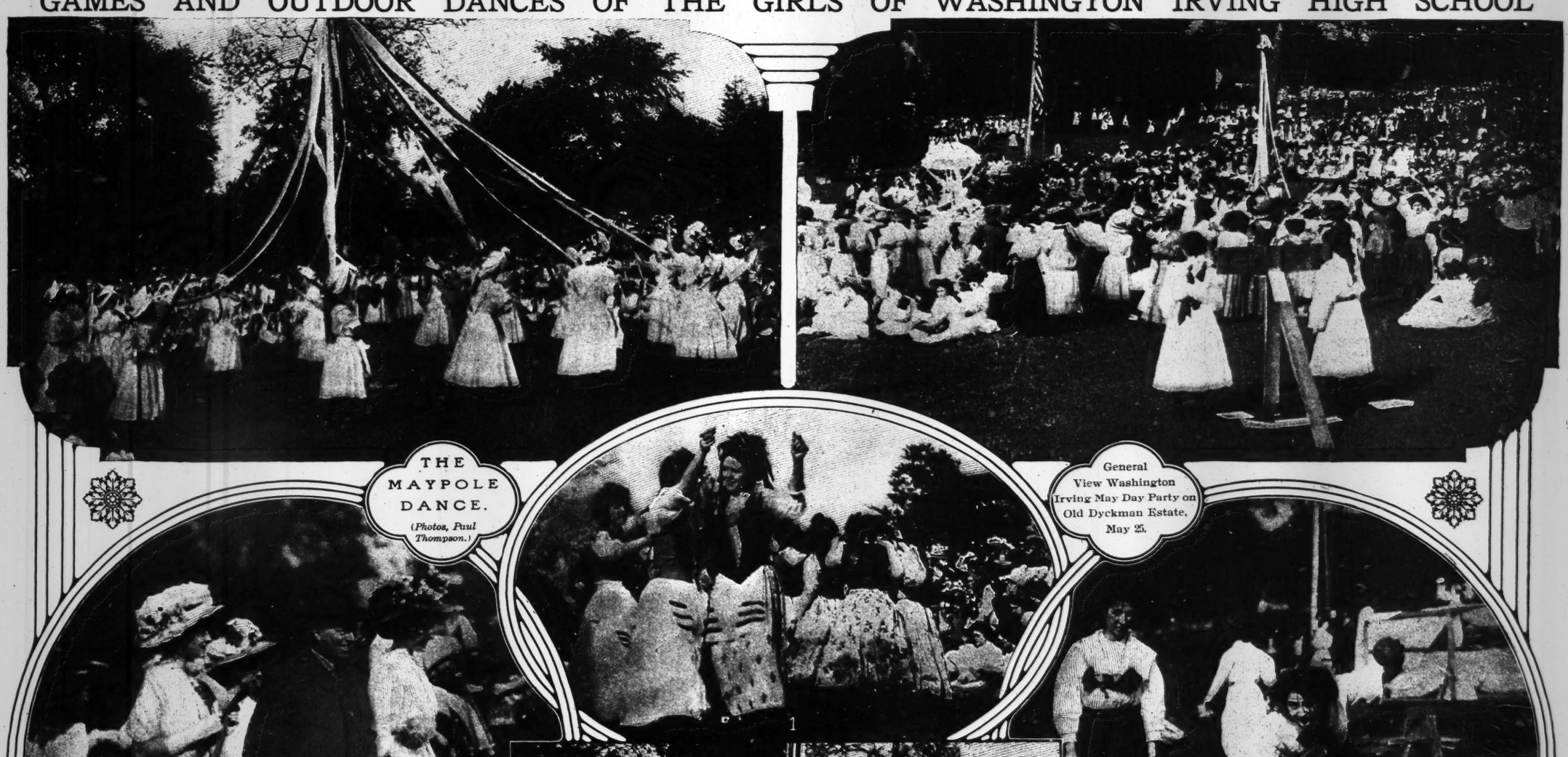
Gen. Wood and Col. Appleton Reviewing the 7th.

REGULARS MAKING A DASH FOR THE FORT.

"THE REPRIMAND"—By J. G. VIBERT

This canvas by the well-known French genre painter was painted to order in 1874—It was bequeathed to the Metropolitan Museum of Art in 1887 by Miss Catherine Lorillard Wolfe—An anxious mother has taken her gayly-dressed daughter to the vicarage, where she reproves her in her appeal to the priest—The priest, partaking of a repast, receives the mother's appeal with well-feigned surprise.

GAMES AND OUTDOOR DANCES OF THE GIRLS OF WASHINGTON IRVING HIGH SCHOOL



THE MAYPOLE DANCE. (Photos, Paul Thompson.)

1

2

General View Washington Irving May Day Party on Old Dyckman Estate, May 25.

The Mayor Being Escorted to the Speaker's Stand by Miss Prince and Miss Solomon.

(1)—HUNGARIAN DANCE.
(2)—Highland Fling.

SLIDING TO FIRST.
(Photo Underwood & Underwood, N. Y.)

"THE CIVIL MARRIAGE"—By BENJAMIN VAUTIER

This painting hangs in the gallery of Louis Stern at his residence, No. 993 Fifth Avenue, New York City—Mr. Stern acquired the painting about fifteen years ago—It is in Vautier's best vein—Vautier was born at Morges, Lake Geneva, in 1829, and studied at Dusseldorf under Hebert and Jordan—The picture shows a prospective bride and bridegroom of the peasantry appearing for the ceremony before a registrar—A lively touch of humor is given to the picture by the very evident enjoyment of the bride's uncertainty regarding the place for her signature by her friends shown in the right of the canvas.

WELL KNOWN IN SOCIETY CIRCLES IN NEW YORK CITY

Miss Gladys Hoadley.
(Photo by Rochlitz.)

Mrs. Charles Phillips Hatch.
(Baroness Van Haeften.)
Married May 28.

Mrs. Reginald Brooks.
(Miss Phyllis Langhorne.)
(Photo by Rochlitz.)

THE WORLD OF PLAYS AND PLAYERS

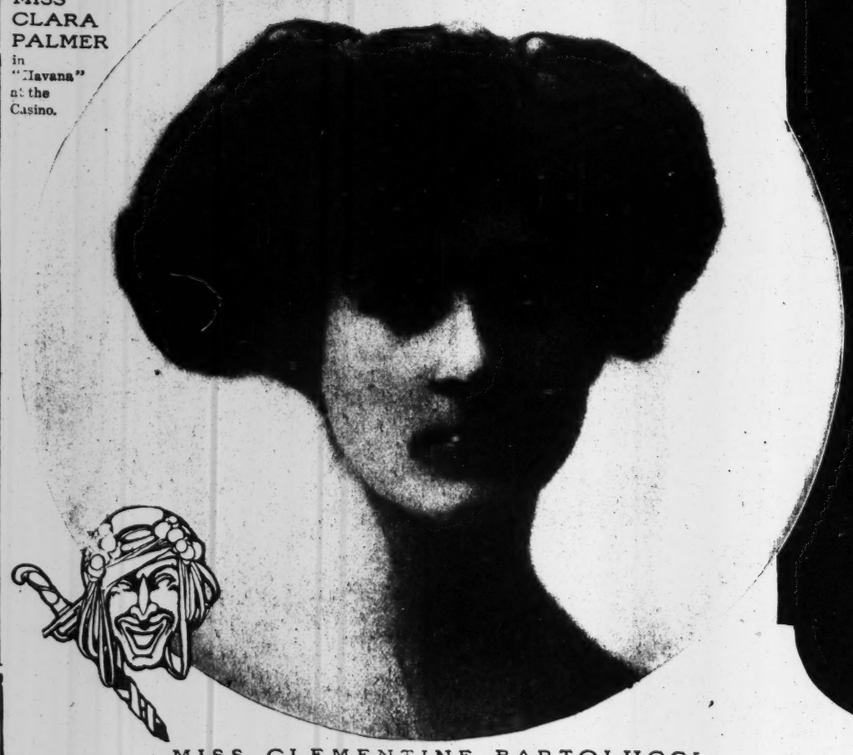
MISS JULIA MARLOWE and E. H. SOTHERN
in "Romeo and Juliet."
(Photo by Hall.)

MISS LOTTA FAUST
in
"The Midnight Sons"
at
the Broadway.
(Photo by Bangs, N. Y.)

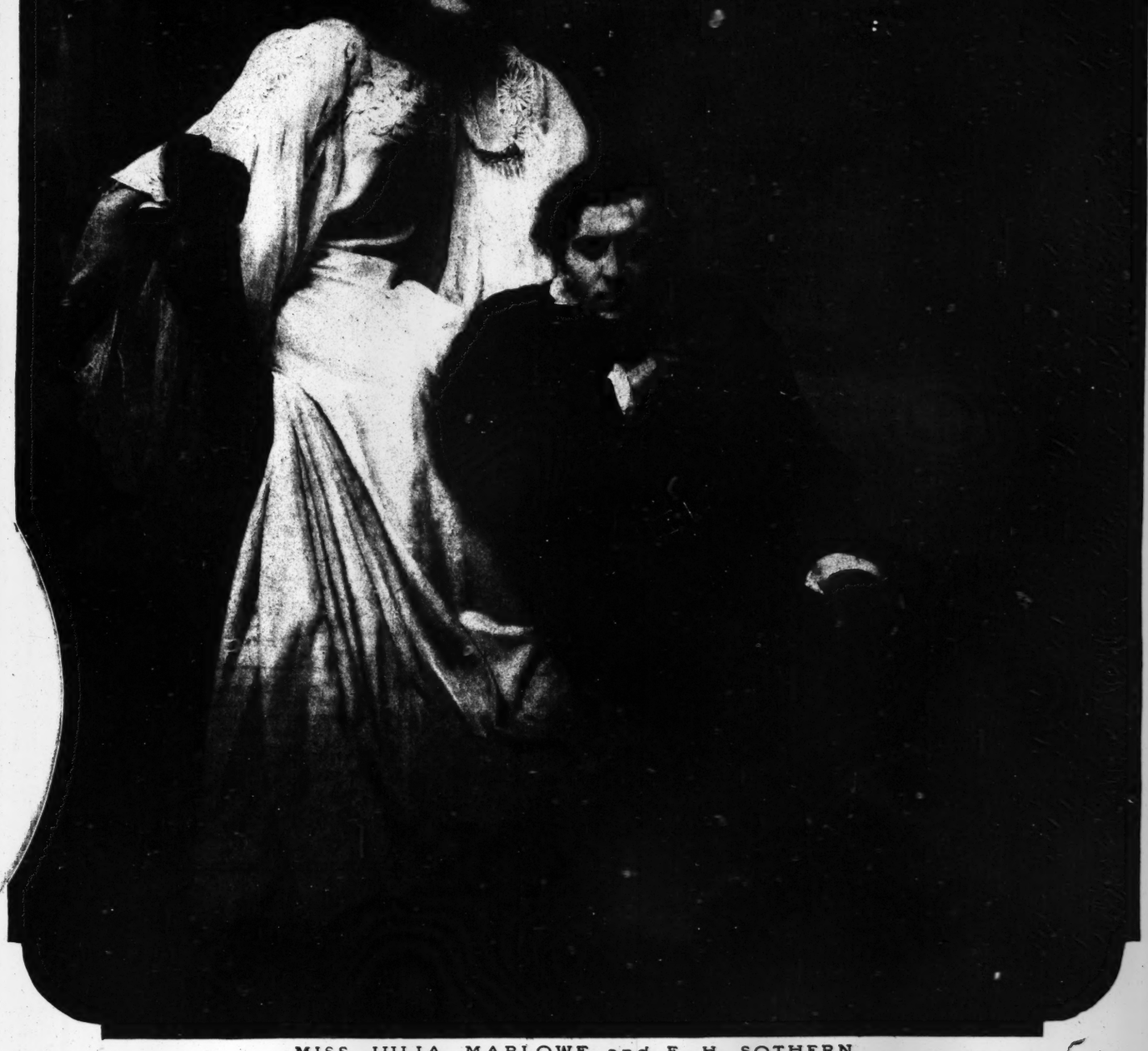
MISS VIOLA GILLETTE
in "The Beauty Spot"
at the Herald Square.

MISS GRACE GEORGE
in "A Woman's Way."
(Photo by Strony.)

MISS CLARA PALMER
in
"Havana"
at the
Casino.



MISS CLEMENTINE BARTOLUCCI
in "The Candy Shop."
(Photo by E. F. Foley.



MISS JULIA MARLOWE and E. H. SOTHERN
in "Hamlet" at the Academy of Music.
(Photo by Hall.)

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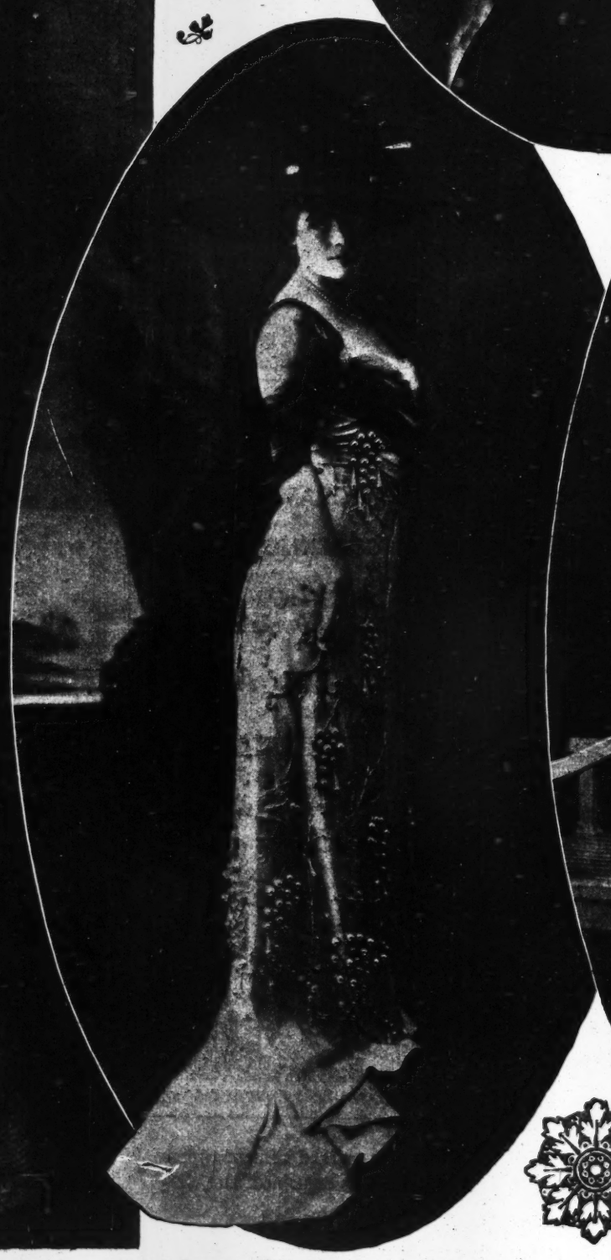
(Miss Phyllis Langhorne.)
(Photo by Rochlitz.)

FASHIONS FOR THE SUMMER SEASON BY LEADING DESIGNERS OF PARIS

Gown of Foulard Silk Embroidered in Special Design. One of the Newest from Doucet. It Is Directoire and Decollete, with Short Sleeves of Filet. The Entire Waist Is a Bolero in Effect of Filet.

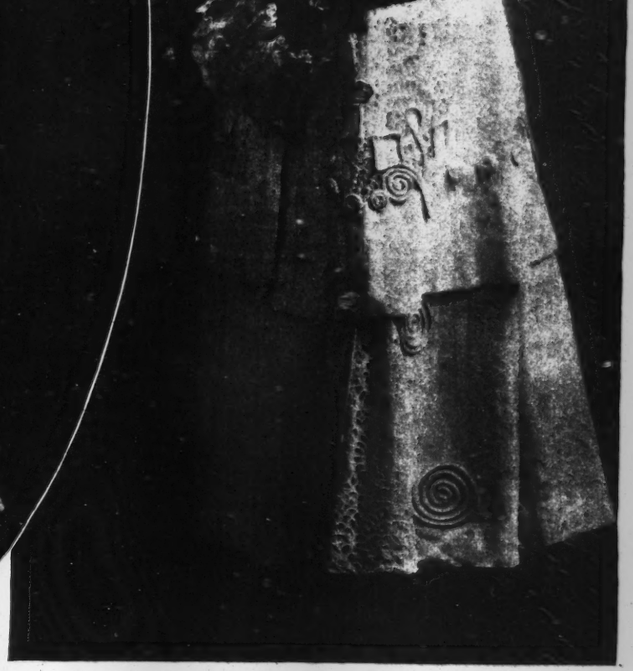
This Elaborate Gown (Ney Socurs) of Eyelet Work and Heavy Hand-embroidery Is One of the Striking Princesse Effects of the Season. With Long Sleeves, High Collar, and Yoke of Drawn Work.

A Foulard Silk of Fine Check, With Scarfs from the Waist Crossing in Front and Giving the Effect of a Double Skirt to the Hips. Sleeves are Most Original With a Puff of Mousseline de Soie to the Cuff. Finished With Jet Buttons and a Round Collar With Piping. (Bechoff-David.)



Another Doucet in White Satin. The Overskirt is of Heavily Embroidered Tulle, Empire Style, Waist Trimmed With a Single Piece of Black Mousselie de Soie forming the Covering for the Arms and Sash, Held in Place by Two Jewelled Buckles Beneath Each Arm.

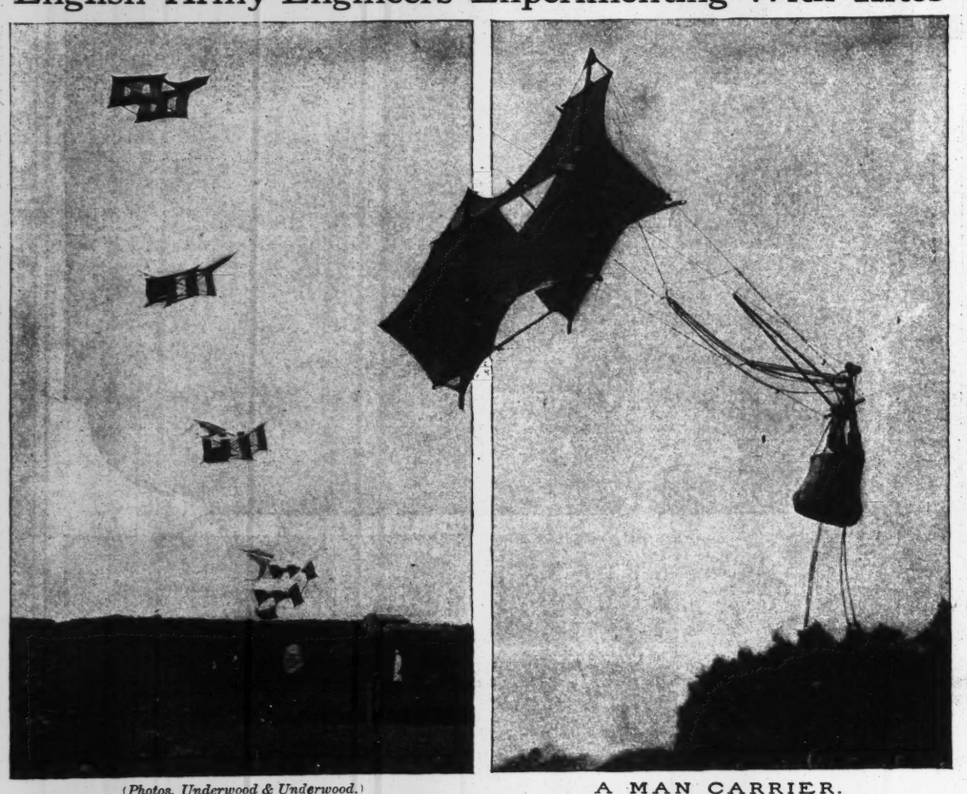
This Creation of Drecoll is a High Empire Lingerie With a Black Velvet Sash, Coming from Beneath the Arms and Looped Gracefully Down the Back.



The Lingerie Tailor-made (Bechoff-David.) Heavily Trimmed With Soutash, the Sleeve of the Three-quarter Coat is Finished Off With Ruffled Cuffs of Lingerie, Corded and Pleated. The Coat is Semi-fitting, Shawl-collar, Three Quarter Length Sleeves. Skirt is Gored, Its Embroidery and Soutash Corresponding With Coat.

JOLLY GOOD COASTING IN SPRINGTIME.
A Family of Italian Peasants Sliding Down a Steep Hillside on a Ladder.
(Photo, Paul Thompson.)

English Army Engineers Experimenting With Kites



(Photos, Underwood & Underwood.) A MAN CARRIER.

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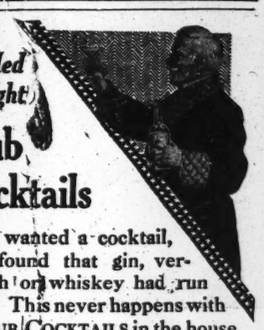

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PECK & PECK
have imported a large variety of styles in White, Black, Tan, and shades to match Street Gowns at special values. One large lot to sell more for advertisement than profit, in Black, Tan and White, at 39c a pair, or 37½c a pair by the ½ dozen. Handsome goods at from 50c a pair to the finest French and English Lisle thread and Silk Stockings.

PECK & PECK
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at	at	at
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Daggett & Ramsdell's Perfect Cold Cream

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FOR
RUGS FURS GARMENTS

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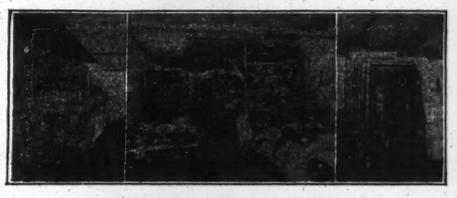

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A DAINTY trousseau is important, and Crapo Italian Lace Medallions are an investment that will last a lifetime.

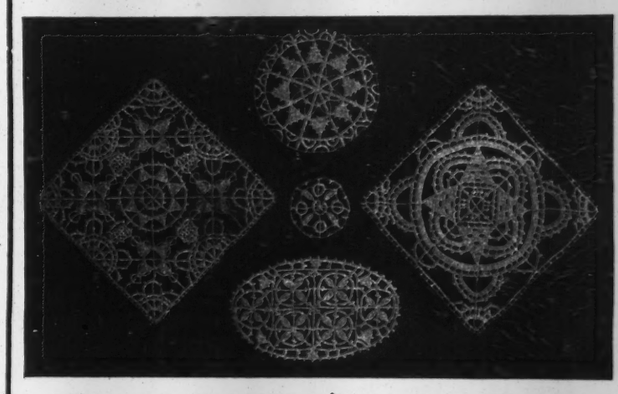

Table Linens, Napkins, Centrepieces, Bed Linens, Doilies, Pillow Covers, all the enchanting house accessories that make the new home beautiful and inviting are to be found in great variety.

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